

## **South Somerset District Council**

# Monday 28th February 2022

6.30 pm

# Westlands Entertainment Venue Westbourne Close Yeovil BA20 2DD

All members of Council are requested to attend this meeting

If you would like any further information on the items to be discussed, please contact the Democratic Services Specialist on 01935 462148 or <a href="mailto:democracy@southsomerset.gov.uk">democracy@southsomerset.gov.uk</a>

Any members of the public wishing to address the meeting at Public Question Time are asked to email democracy@southsomerset.gov.uk by 9.00am on Friday 25 February 2022 so we can ensure safe social distancing at the meeting.

If you would like to view the meeting on-line without participating, please see: https://www.youtube.com/channel/UCSDst3IHGj9WoGnwJGF\_soA

This Agenda was issued on Friday 18 February 2022.

Jane Portman, Chief Executive Officer



#### **South Somerset District Council Membership**

Chairman: Paul Maxwell Vice-chairman: Wes Read

Oliver Patrick Jason Baker Mike Hewitson Henry Hobhouse Clare Paul Robin Bastable Mike Best Ben Hodgson Crispin Raikes Charlie Hull David Recardo Neil Bloomfield Dave Bulmer Kaysar Hussain Paul Rowsell **Hayward Burt** Val Keitch Dean Ruddle Tony Capozzoli Andy Kendall Gina Seaton Martin Carnell Jenny Kenton Peter Seib Tim Kerley Malcolm Cavill Garry Shortland Mike Lewis Alan Smith John Clark Mike Lock Jeny Snell Nicola Clark Andy Soughton Louise Clarke Pauline Lock Mike Stanton Nick Colbert Tony Lock Rob Stickland Kevin Messenger Adam Dance Graham Oakes Lucy Trimnell Sarah Dvke Karl Gill Tricia O'Brien **Gerard Tucker** David Gubbins Sue Osborne Martin Wale Tiffany Osborne William Wallace Peter Gubbins Colin Winder Brian Hamilton Robin Pailthorpe

#### **Information for the Public**

The meetings of the full Council, comprising all 60 members of South Somerset District Council, are held at least 6 times a year. The full Council approves the Council's budget and the major policies which comprise the Council's policy framework. Other decisions which the full Council has to take include appointing the Leader of the Council, members of the District Executive, other Council Committees and approving the Council's Constitution (which details how the Council works including the scheme allocating decisions and Council functions to committees and officers).

Meetings of the Council are scheduled to be held monthly at 6.30 p.m. on the third Thursday of the month although some dates are only reserve dates and may not be needed.

The agenda, minutes and the timetable for council meetings are published on the Council's website – <a href="https://www.southsomerset.gov.uk/councillors-and-democracy/meetings-and-decisions">www.southsomerset.gov.uk/councillors-and-democracy/meetings-and-decisions</a>

Agendas and minutes can also be viewed via the modern.gov app (free) available for iPads and Android devices. Search for 'modern.gov' in the app store for your device and select 'South Somerset' from the list of publishers and then select the committees of interest. A wi-fi signal will be required for a very short time to download an agenda but once downloaded, documents will be viewable offline.

# Public participation at meetings (held in person and via Zoom) and Public question time

We recognise that these are challenging times but we still value the public's contribution to our meetings. If you would like to participate and contribute in the meeting, we would encourage you to please join on-line through Zoom at: <a href="https://zoom.us/join">https://zoom.us/join</a> You will need an internet connection to do this.

Please email democracy@southsomerset.gov.uk for the details to join the meeting.

If you would like to view the meeting on-line without participating, please see: https://www.youtube.com/channel/UCSDst3IHGj9WoGnwJGF\_soA

The period allowed for participation in Public Question Time shall not exceed 15 minutes except with the consent of the Chairman and members of the Committee. Each individual speaker shall be restricted to a total of three minutes.

If you would like to attend the meeting in person and speak at Public Question Time, please email democracy@southsomerset.gov.uk by 9.00am on Friday 25 February 2022. We need to know how many public are attending to ensure safe social distancing at the meeting. When you have registered, the Chairman will invite you to speak at the appropriate time during the meeting.

Ordnance Survey mapping/map data included within this publication is provided by South Somerset District Council under licence from the Ordnance Survey in order to fulfil its public function to undertake its statutory functions on behalf of the district. Persons viewing this mapping should contact Ordnance Survey copyright for advice where they wish to licence Ordnance Survey mapping/map data for their own use. South Somerset District Council - LA100019471 - 2022.

# **South Somerset District Council Monday 28 February 2022**

#### **Agenda**

#### 1. Apologies for Absence

#### 2. Minutes

To approve and sign the minutes of the previous meeting held on Thursday, 20<sup>th</sup> January 2022.

#### 3. Declarations of Interest

In accordance with the Council's current Code of Conduct (as amended 26 February 2015), which includes all the provisions relating to Disclosable Pecuniary Interests (DPI), personal and prejudicial interests, Members are asked to declare any DPI and also any personal interests (and whether or not such personal interests are also "prejudicial") in relation to any matter on the Agenda for this meeting.

Members are reminded that they need to declare the fact that they are also a member of a County, Town or Parish Council as a Personal Interest. Where you are also a member of Somerset County Council and/or a Town or Parish Council within South Somerset you must declare a prejudicial interest in any business on the agenda where there is a financial benefit or gain or advantage to Somerset County Council and/or a Town or Parish Council which would be at the cost or to the financial disadvantage of South Somerset District Council.

- 4. Public Question Time
- 5. Chairman's Announcements

Items for Discussion

- **6. Chairman's Engagements** (Page 6)
- 7. Annual Action Plan 2022/23 (Pages 7 25)
- 8. Adoption of Future Chard Strategy (Pages 26 128)
- 9. Decarbonisation programme phase 2 proposals (Pages 129 132)
- **10. Options to refurbish Yeovil Crematorium** (Pages 133 138)
- 11. Octagon Theatre Finance Report (Pages 139 177)
- **12. Financing the Yeovil Refresh** (Pages 178 186)
- **13. Wincanton Regeneration Finance Report** (Pages 187 193)
- **14.** Ensuring sufficient staffing capacity during **2022/23** (Pages 194 207)

- **15. 2022/23 Budget Report** (Pages 208 293)
- **16. Council Tax Setting 2022 2023** (Pages 294 331)
- 17. Statutory Pay Policy Statement for Chief Officers 2022/23 (Pages 332 337)
- 18. Final recommendation of the Community Governance Review of Yeovilton Parish Council and Limington Parish Meeting (Pages 338 343)
- **19. Report of Executive Decisions** (Pages 344 347)
- 20. Audit Committee (Page 348)
- **21. Scrutiny Committee** (Page 349)
- **22. Motions** (Page 350)
- 23. Questions Under Procedure Rule 10

There were no questions submitted under Procedure Rule 10.

**24.** Date of Next Meeting (Page 351)

# Agenda Item 6



#### **Chairman's Engagements**

On Sunday 6<sup>th</sup> February the Chairman attended a Choral Evensong at Wells Cathedral celebrating the 70th Anniversary of the Accession of The Queen.

On Wednesday 9<sup>th</sup> February the Chairman attended an event at Chard Leisure Centre to commemorate Jebb Farrah (Project Manager) with a new plaque inside the Centre.

## Agenda Item 7



#### **Annual Action Plan 2022/23**

Executive Portfolio Holder: Val Keitch, Leader of the Council

Strategic Director: Nicola Hix, Director – Strategy and Support Services

Service Manager: James Divall, Assistant Director – Strategy & Support Services

Lead Officer: Jessica Power, Lead Specialist, Strategic Planning
Contact Details: jessica.power@southsomerset.gov.uk or 01935 462300

#### **Purpose of the Report**

1. To invite Members to agree the adoption of the Annual Action Plan 2022-2023.

#### **Public Interest**

2. The Annual Action Plan is a strategic document, which sits within the overall Council Corporate Plan 2020-2024 and sets out the strategic ambitions of South Somerset District Council. It is a key document and tool used to communicate and share the objectives for the Council. The Annual Action Plan is designed to articulate the commitments we make and milestones we set; as well as provide the basis on which to hold us accountable.

#### Recommendations

3. That Full Council agree to adopt the Annual Action Plan for 2022-2023 comprising of the revised Areas of Focus and Priority Projects.

#### **Background**

4. The Annual Action Plan is required to focus resources on priority projects that are realistic in the final year of South Somerset District Council before the new Unitary Authority commences on 1st April 2023.

#### The Annual Action Plan (2022 – 2023)

- 5. The purpose of the Annual Action Plan (pg. 5 14 of Appendix A) is to help us deliver the Corporate Council Plan 2020-24 and the vision, values and aims it includes. This is achieved by translating the vision and aims into key Areas of Focus and Priority Projects. These are categorised into five themes (Environment, Healthy and Self-Reliant Communities, Places where we live, Economy and Covid-19 Recovery and Local Government Reorganisation).
- 6. The 2022-2023 Annual Action Plan is the third Annual Action Plan within the 2020-2024 Corporate Council Plan period. Due to the new Unitary proposal this will be the Council's last annual action plan.
- 7. Appendix A combines the administration's vision for South Somerset including values, and aims for the District with the 2022-2023 Annual Action Plan.



8. A Scrutiny Consultation Group took place on the 18<sup>th</sup> January 2022 and Senior Leadership Team (SLT) responded to the points raised.

#### **Areas of Focus**

9. The Areas of Focus within each of the five themes help us streamline our resources and efforts to deliver for our residents, communities and businesses. The Areas of Focus are aligned to key strategies including our Economic Development, Environment and Housing and 'Improving Lives' (Somerset's Health and Wellbeing) Strategy.

#### **Priority Projects**

- 10. The reviewed list of priority projects reflects the need to complete priority projects in our final year of South Somerset District Council.
- 11. The proposed five Priority Projects for 2022-2023 are as follows:
  - Priority 1: (Environment) To accelerate action to adapt to and mitigate the effects of climate change which includes reducing the Carbon footprint of the authority and enhancing the natural environment.
  - Priority 2: (Healthy and Self-Reliant Communities)
    To enable healthy communities which are cohesive, sustainable and enjoy a high quality of life.
  - Priority 3: (Economy and Covid-19 Recovery)
    To assist businesses to recover from the Covid-19 pandemic whilst supporting growth within the South Somerset economy in partnership with other organisations.
  - Priority 4: (Places where we live) To enable housing and communities to meet the existing and future needs of residents and employers.
  - Priority 5: (Local Government Reorganisation)
    To effect a safe and legal transition to the new Somerset Council on 1st April 2023.
- 12. For each of the priority projects, key milestones and desired outcomes will be provided in collaboration with the Council's Performance Team.

#### **Financial Implications**

13. Our revenue budgets support the priority projects and areas of focus in the 2022- 2023 Corporate Action Plan including Covid 19 recovery, grants to voluntary organisations and delivery of the key projects and strategies using staff resources. The capital programme will fund a number of key projects across the District including the Regeneration programmes and the Octagon Theatre.

# South Somerset District Council

14. For a full breakdown of associated costs please see the 2022/2023 Budget Report.

#### Legal implications (if any) and details of Statutory Powers

15. None directly from this report.

#### **Council Plan Implications**

16. This report details the Council's strategic objectives for the 2022-2023 period.

#### **Carbon Emissions and Climate Change Implications**

17. None directly from this report. However, the Council Corporate Plan 2020-2024 and Annual Action Plan 2022-2023 emphasises our commitment to protecting the environment. An environment assessment has been made and is included as Appendix B.

#### **Equality and Diversity Implications**

An Equality Impact Relevance Check Form has been completed in respect of the Proposal?	Yes / <del>No</del>
The Impact Relevance Check indicated that a full EIA was required?	<del>Yes</del> / No

#### **Additional Comments**

An Equality Impact Relevance Check Form has been completed and is attached to this report (Appendix C). In producing the plan itself there are no direct impacts. However, it is likely that individual equality impact assessments will need to be carried out for the individual areas of focus and priority projects.

#### **Privacy Impact Assessment**

18. None directly from this report.

#### **Background Papers**

- 19. DX report: SSDC Council Plan 2020-2024, Item 6 in the reports pack available here: <a href="https://modgov.southsomerset.gov.uk/documents/g2573/Public%20reports%20pack%2">https://modgov.southsomerset.gov.uk/documents/g2573/Public%20reports%20pack%2</a> <a href="https://modgov.southsomerset.gov.uk/documents/g2573/Public%20pack%2">https://modgov.gov.uk/documents/g2573/Public%20pack%2</a> <a href="https://modgov.gov.uk/documents/g2573/Public%20pack%2">https://modgov.uk/documents/g2573/Public%20pack%2</a> <a href="https://modgov.uk/documents/g2573/Public%20pack%2">https://modgov.uk/documents/g2573/Public%20pack%2</a> <a href="https://modgov.uk/documents/g2573/Public%20pack%2">https://modgov.uk/documents/g2573/Public%20pack%2</a> <a href="https://modgov.uk/documents/g2573/Public%20pack%2">https://modgov.uk/documents/g2573/Public%20pack%2</a> <a href="https://modgov.uk/documents/g2573/Public%20pack%2">https://modgov.uk/documents/g2573/Public%20pack%2</a> <a href="https://modgov.uk/documents/g2573/Public%20pack%2"
- 20. Full Council Report: SSDC Council Plan 2020-2024, Item 7 in the reports pack available here: <a href="https://modgov.southsomerset.gov.uk/documents/g2576/Public%20reports%20pack%2019th-Feb-2020%2019.30%20South%20Somerset%20District%20Council.pdf?T=10">https://modgov.southsomerset.gov.uk/documents/g2576/Public%20reports%20pack%2019th-Feb-2020%2019.30%20South%20Somerset%20District%20Council.pdf?T=10</a>
- 21. Scrutiny Consultation Group Discussion Notes from 18<sup>th</sup> January 2022.

# **Corporate Plan: Annual Action Plan**



# Our Vision for South Somerset

A naturally beautiful and sustainable environment, which also allows business to flourish and good homes to be delivered. A place where our communities are safe, where and healthy and have access to exceptional cultural and leisure activities.



2022 - 23



## **Our Values**





Community at heart - Enabling residents to support our communities and the environment we live in



Open and transparent - Actively communicating, engaging and listening to feedback



Innovative - Embracing innovation and technology to improve customer service and facilitate access to council services for all who need it



**Getting things done -** Empowering dedicated and flexible employees and elected members focussed on delivery



Working collaboratively - Working with partners to enhance outcomes for our communities

# Introduction

South Somerset District Council One Team, Ambitious for South Somerset.

#### Great to work for

\*Agile and empowered staff \*Inspiring people





## Leading the way

- \*Modern and resilient \*Adaptable to change \*Technology enabled
- Excellent to work with
- \*Business-like organisation \*Efficient and effective





# Delivering for our communities

- \*Resilient services
- \*Customer focused
- \*Data driven
- \*Proactive













# What have we achieved? (2021-2022)



#### No mow project

Successful completion of SSDC's No Mow Conservation Verge trials in Milborne Port, Cucklington, Castle Cary/ Ansford, Illminster and Yeovil. Demonstrating good practice in wilding green spaces, and engaging with communities to do the same.

Page 12

1,953

#### **Volunteering days**

in 2020 - 2021 at our countryside sites at Yeovil, Chard and Ham Hill



# **NEW Chard Leisure Centre**

with swimming pool, gym and soft play centre.



#### New Yeovil Recreation Centre Cafe and Community space

Opened July 2021



# **Investigated 166 abandoned vehicles**

and removed 11 to help keep streets and neighbourhoods clean and attractive.

# Yeovil won Silver for South West in Bloom

We have also supported over 10 "It's Your Neighbourhood" community groups annually as part of the In Bloom initiative.

1,650

trees planted across the SSDC estate and within our communities

Exceeding our 1,000 per annum target



£36,000

secured from Cultural Recovery Fund for Heritage for environmental protection and restoration of the monument at Ham Hill



#### Green Flag Awards retained

at Ham Hill and Yeovil Country Parks and Chard Reservoir Local Nature Reserve. Ham Hill also secured a Green Heritage Award.



# Community Environment Champions

Engaging with a network of 70 Environment Champions covering 50 different parishes through events to share knowledge.



Awarded a South West in Bloom, **five star Best Park Award** for Yeovil Country Park



of all recycling in 2020/2021 from Somerset stayed in the UK (99.4% of all plastics)





# New Environment and Destination websites launched

www.visitsouthsomerset.com

# What have we achieved? (2021-2022)

#### **Successful application**

for Local Authority Delivery Scheme round 1grant retrofit funding and the completion of energy improvements for 28 Park Homes across Somerset.

**750** 



subscribers to our community environment newsletter, Get SuSSed. 12 issues to date.

Prodided environmental support for business and communities by sigriposting to Government/Local Partnership schemes & producing The SSDC Green Business Directory



Provided employment support for businesses and individuals including setting up the South Somerset Opportunities Hubs.

Continued to measure and track the decrease in SSDC's annual carbon footprint; progressing priority projects that best deliver for the carbon neutrality target of 2030



#### Worked with Somerset Waste Partnership to roll out Recycle More

over the Summer despite the challenges of Covid and the national driver shortage. It is already seeing over 100 tonnes

Provided training and continued to support community environment projects including launch of a spring wildlife pack

£150k

Welcome Back fund administered and paid out



Provided economic support for businesses by signposting to economic development initiatives including M-Hub and the Growth Hub.



Business Support Grants paid out to local businesses which will increase with Omicron support.



Completed a cycling and walking infrastructure plan for Yeovil



# Made improvements to Cartgate Visitor Information Centre

creating a Gold in Somerset and Silver in SW England award winning hub for visitors and residents (South West England Tourism Excellence Awards)



#### Rebranded Community Heritage Access Centre to South Somerset Heritage Collection,

relaunched with new website and digital archive. Promoted the collection and resources with Community Engagement.



Fully energised the 25MW Battery Energy Storage System (BESS) facility

Assisted 7 projects to achieve through provision of \$106 monies

£89,255

awarded to 11 Community Grants covering Arts, Community Transport, Sports and Recreation, Group Development, Community activities and Community buildings







# **Environment**

## **Priority 1:**

To accelerate action to adapt to and mitigate the effects of climate change which includes reducing the Carbon footprint of the authority and enhancing the natural environment.

# To keep South Somerset clean, green and attractive and respond to the climate and ecological emergency we will work in partnership to:

- Continue the delivery of the Environment Strategy action plan, reducing our carbon emissions by 10% every year, to reach carbon neutrality by 2030
- Deliver schemes to enhance the quality of our local environment and its resilience to adapt to climate change
- Protect South Somerset's landscape and to seek to increase tree cover within our communities
- Deliver the County wide Climate Emergency Strategy
- Deliver low carbon transport options including walking, cycling and electric mobility across South Somerset
- Support the development of environmental and ecological aspects within local, parish and neighbourhood plans, promoting Nature Recovery Networks across the district

# What we plan to do - Environment





Yeovil: Working to partnership with our **Towns and Parishes** to deliver Yeovil in Bloom and support Crewkerne, Milborne Port, Henstridge, Haslbury in bloom

Yeovil, Martock **&Chard:** Delivery PEcological and environment improvements





Yeovil: Support Community in delivering a pocket park in Westfield



Chard: Support the volunteer group at Chard Reservoir to deliver a self-quided children's trail at the Local Nature Reserve

**Area East:** Support the community in Area East to improve energy efficiency Martock and decarbonise homes and buildings with Thermal Imaging camera trial and signpost to retrofit projects and funding opportunities

**Ilminster** 

Submission and roll-out of National Lottery Heritage Fund grant to protect Scheduled Monument at Ham Hill and improve biodiversity

Chard

#### **District-wide:**



Relaunch and celebrate the River Parrett Trail

Continue to manage the authorities carbon pathway towards our 2030 goal

Programme to decarbonise SSDC buildings

Installation of a minimum of 50 Electric Vehicle chargers across SSDC Car parks Castle Cary

Champions across

**Embed the National** 

Scheme for assessing

the district



Use SSDC-owned land

to contribute to nature

resilient and connected

landscape across South

recovery networks;

creating a more

Somerset

Supporting river restoration groups on Dodham Brook, Yeovil, and the River Cale, Wincanton, as well as wider environmental groups



Deliver the Wildflower Seed Giveaway, which will offer product and training to communities. Contributing towards the districts

Continue to progress actions



Work with Somerset Waste Partnership to pilot an electric refuse vehicle in South Somerset to understand which routes could be suitable for more electric vehicles

Crewkerne

West



South Petherton

Offer expansion of the No Mow Conservation initiative to appropriate parishes across the district



Themes, Output and nature recovery Measures (TOMs) into SSDC's procurement Somerset's Joint strategy, which attaches social value and Climate Emergency carbon reduction to Strategy and its purchasing decisions



# Healthy, self-reliant communitites

## **Priority 2:**

To enable healthy communities which are cohesive, sustainable and enjoy a high quality of life

- Work with partners to keep our residents safe and feel safe in their homes and communities
- Collaborate with local partners to reduce the impact of social isolation and create a feeling of community
- Work with local partners to support people in improving their physical and mental health and wellbeing and reduce inequalities
- Enable quality and inclusive cultural, leisure and sport activities
- Proactively support residents facing hardship and tackle the causes of economic & social exclusion, poverty and low social mobility

# What we plan to do – Healthy & Self-Reliant Communities

Somerton





#### **Crewkerne and Chard:**

Enable a strong and sustainable community offer including a local Citizen Advice offer across SSDC





#### Ham Hill Country Park:

At Ham Hill, progress **National Lottery** Heritage Fund project to-deliver improved **vis**itor facilities **a**d engagement opportunities

Deliver three new youth facilities to replace existing skate parks in Yeovil



**Chard:** Provide sports pitch improvements



Chard, Yeovil: Deliver improvements to natural play trails at Yeovil Country Park and Chard Reservoir



Yeovil & Chard: Work with Yeovil & Chard Connect to tackle health inequalities

256

Langport

Wincanton, Chard, Yeovil: Support the implementation of the **Active Communities** Plan to increase access to improved leisure centres



**District-wide:** 

Invest in the growth of Careline and test new initiatives to reduce social isolation

**Ilchester** 



Deliver a programme of play days across **South Somerset** 

Castle Cary

of low social mobility Invest in key local volunteer sector organisations (Spark

and Citizens Advice South Somerset) to support local people

Work with community

youth activities in areas

partners to develop

and groups

Bruton

Milborne Port



Support the **Balsam Centre** and collaborate in Martock the development of new wellbeing initiatives



Yeovil South

Area

East

Supporting the development of a county wide poverty strategy



Crewkerne: Work with partners to support the development of community transport



infrastructure through S106 and area community grants across SSDC

Using items from the South Somerset Heritage collection to deliver outreach opportunities and activities across the district

Invest in the South Somerset Families Programme to operate across the district



Ilminster

West Coker and Wyndham Park, Yeovil: Support the delivery of new or improvements to community halls

Area

West

Area

North

Yeovil, Chard & Wincanton: Maintain local volunteer-led health walks and expand where there are identified gaps to reduce social isolation

Crewkerne



Resilience including our existing Food Banks and new provision such as **Community Pantries** and Fridges



# **Economy and Covid-19 Recovery**

## **Priority 3:**

To assist businesses to recover from the Covid-19 pandemic whilst supporting growth within the South Somerset economy in partnership with other organisations.

- Support individuals and businesses through the pandemic, including response, recovery and growth initiatives (including any new grant schemes in the new financial year)
- Continue to deliver and prepare for Local Government Reorganisation transition, with other key stakeholders, the '8 point Enterprise, Innovation and Skills Action Plan'
- Work with commercial providers and public sector programmes to increase digital connectivity and associated skills throughout the district
- Enable and encourage businesses to become more environmentally sustainable (aligned to 2030 Climate Emergency commitments)
- Support the 'Bus Service Improvement Plan' particularly to promote Digital Demand Responsive Transport

# What we plan to do - Economy & Covid recovery plan



**District-wide:** 







Chard, Yeovil and Wincanton: Three employment and skills hubs to support residents back into work/ training



Martock, Langport, Crewkerne, Somerton. Wincanton, Castle Cary, Bruton, Milborne Port, Ilminster, Chard, **South Pertherton: Towns Investment** 



Yeovil: Continuation of Yeovil cycling and walking package



Yeovil & Wincanton: **Delivery of Public** Realm works



**Completion of Chard** regeneration Castle Cary scheme

and town teams

Continue support

chamber of trade

for local businesses,

**Support Town** Centre events and initiatives





Implementation of COVID economic recovery programmes that support local businesses

Somerton Ilchester Langport Bruton Area Support the Market tock East Wincanton Group to add with Area capital investment in our market towns North Milborne Port Yeovil Ilminster Area West South Petherton Chard Crewkerne

**Yeovil:** Support manufacturing hub (M-Hub) in partnership with Chamber of Trade.

Wincanton: Joint bid with Mendip DC under the Levelling Up Fund to develop and deliver a coworking space and market square

Chard: Continuation of **Chard High Street** Heritage Action Zone scheme



# **Places Where We Live**

### **Priority 4:**

To enable housing and communities to meet the existing and future needs of residents and employers

- Enable the delivery of good quality housing in appropriate places across all tenures, to meet community needs
- · Maximise the provision of affordable housing
- Support rural communities and economies through delivery of affordable housing
- Prevent people losing their home and supporting people who are homeless to have a place they can call home
- Support communities to identify any housing need in their parish and support them to meet this demand, including supporting Community Land Trusts
- Proactively identify adaptable housing and community solutions responding to the consequences of the Covid-19 pandemic
- Promote and encourage environmentally sustainable housing, including to protect the Somerset Levels and Moors when determining planning submissions following advice from Natural England

# What we plan to do - Places where we live





#### **Chard & Wincanton:** Aiming to produce a local cycling and walking infrastructure



Yeovil, Chard & Wincanton: Regeneration **Programmes** 



Chard: Plan development of Eastern relief road



Yeovil: Develop the Octagon Theatre into a flagship Theatre and Cultural Hub





Yeovil: Yeovil Crematorium expansion



South Petherton

**District-wide:** 



Chard

**Yeovil:** Improvement to homeless/ rough sleeper accommodation



Crewkerne

**South Petherton:** Delivery of Passivhaus Scheme with partners



To Pilot a programme for additional planning guidance for Members

To support the communities to enable appropriate development in rural areas and support community land trust proposals

Castle Cary



Support Neighbourhood planning as a tool to deliver suitable and appropriate local housing.



Cycling and walking routes across South Somerset

Continue to address phosphate mitigation measures relating to Somerset Levels and Moors RAMSAR (wetlands of international importance) site / **Specific Protection** Sites (SPA)

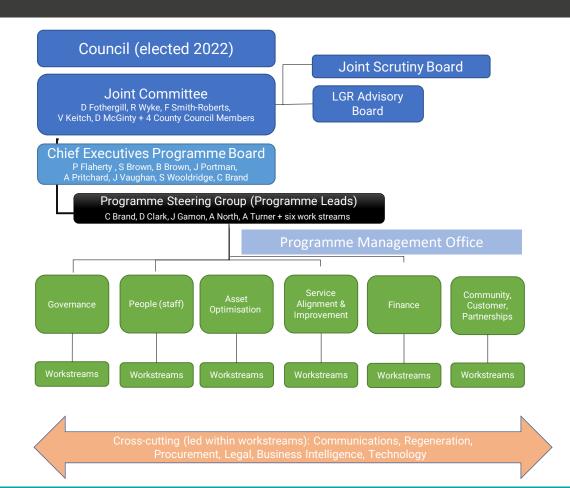
# **Local Government Reorganisation**

### **Priority 5:**

To effect a safe and legal transition to the new Somerset Council on 1st April 2023

To work in partnership across
Somerset to secure a transition
to a new Unitary Council for
Somerset by 1st April 2023 whilst
protecting essential services for
South Somerset residents during
the transition.

Officers are already involved at all levels of the programme and this will grow further before vesting day.



# Local Government Reorganisation

**Priority 5:** 

To effect a safe and legal transition to the new Somerset Council on 1st April 2023

#### Over the next 12 months, we will ensure and commit to:

- Empower officers to work with their peers to understand what activities are needed to bring five authorities together and, together, to do the preparatory work involved
- Contribute to the transition, whilst also safeguarding delivery of SSDC services to residents
- Work in partnership with the county and other district councils in Somerset to ensure that the residents of South Somerset are represented during the transition phase
- Identify those deliverables which are essential for the new Somerset Council to operate safely from 1st April 2023
- Influence and shape more ambitious/transformational activities for post-vesting day
- Support candidates who wish to stand in the elections with data and information for the electoral divisions they represent
- · South Somerset District Council's preparation and delivery of a county wide election
- Preparing our staff for the transition ensuring that they are informed and supported during this period

# Monitoring performance - corporate & public reporting











Project on a page: **Progress** Highlight report against reports to Quarterly **Priority** milestones, relevant reports to DX / budget, resource. **Projects** project Scrutiny Taking into boards account risk values.

Areas of Focus

Monitoring and evaluation by relevant Portfolio Holders and boards for key strategies and

business plans

Quarterly

Scrutiny

reports to DX /

**Key Performance indicators** 

Q3 report to Scrutiny /DX Completion of outstanding projects or action plan for handover to Unitary Council

End of year report to Full Council

# **Equality Impact Relevance Check**Form



The Public Sector Equality Duty requires us to eliminate discrimination, advance equality of opportunity and foster good relations with protected groups. This tool will identify the equalities relevance of a proposal, and establish whether a full Equality Impact Assessment will be required.

What is the proposal?	
Name of the proposal	Corporate Plan, annual action plan 2022-23
Type of proposal (new or changed Strategy, policy, project, service or budget):	Updated strategy and projects.
Brief description of the proposal:	A plan that sets out SSDCs priority projects and underpinning objectives
Name of lead officer:	Jessica Power

You should consider whether the proposal has the potential to negatively impact on citizens or staff in the following ways:

- Access to or participation in a service,
- · Levels of representation in our workforce, or
- Reducing quality of life (i.e. health, education, standard of living)

A negative impact is any change that could be considered detrimental. If a negative impact is imposed on any citizens or staff with protected characteristics, the Council has a legal duty to undertake a full Equality Impact Assessment.

Could your proposal negatively impact citizens with protected characteristics? (This	NO
includes service users and the wider community)	
Could your proposal negatively impact staff with protected characteristics? (i.e.	NO
reduction in posts, changes to working hours or locations, changes in pay)	

Is a full Equality Impact Assessment required?	NO	
<b>If Yes,</b> Please provide a brief description of where there may be negative impacts, and for whom. Then complete a full Equality Impact assessment Form		

#### **If No**, Please set out your justification for why not.

The corporate plan is a vision for the development of South Somerset. The 2022/23 Action Plan has a particular focus on initiatives that will tackle disadvantage and deliver positive outcomes for residents sharing protected characteristics - including our locally adopted protected characteristics of Rurality and Low income - i.e. supporting economic independence and helping people out of poverty, promoting health and wellbeing (including mental health), tackling poor social mobility and ensuring access to housing/affordable housing. Whilst a full EIA is not required for the overall Plan, the individual areas of focus and priority projects will require their own EIA to ensure compliance with the Public Sector Equality Duty.

Service Director / Manager sign-off and date	Nicola Hix 01.02.2022
Equalities Officer sign-off and date	Dave Crisfield 1st February 2022

## Agenda Item 8



#### **Future Chard Strategy**

Executive Portfolio Holder: Cllr Jason Baker, Area West Portfolio Holder
Strategic Director: Peter Paddon, Acting Director of Place & Recovery
Lead Officer: Anna Matthews, Chard HSHAZ Project Manager

Contact Details: anna.matthews@southsomerset.gov.uk or 01935 462958

#### **Purpose of the Report**

1. The purpose of the report is to provide an update on the Future Chard Strategy public consultation and to seek its adoption by Full Council.

#### **Public Interest**

2. The Future Chard Strategy considers Chard's needs from the perspective of both people and place. It looks at the town's strengths and weaknesses, and the future opportunities and threats. The draft strategy proposes a long-term vision, priorities and action plan that aim to make Chard a prosperous place for all in the future.

#### Recommendations

- 3. That Full Council:
  - a. notes the feedback provided through the public consultation
  - b. agrees to adopt Future Chard Strategy.

#### **Background**

- 4. PER Consulting was appointed by South Somerset District Council to develop a new place-based strategy for Chard 2021-2035, to drive the town's long-term prosperity.
- 5. There are a number of significant challenges for residents of Chard. This includes urban deprivation, with several areas falling within the 20% most deprived nationally for education and skills, as well as concerns around income deprivation for example. There is poor social mobility, linked to low skills and income opportunity.
- 6. There is also a lower number of working people than is typical for Somerset and, where someone is employed, this is more likely to be in a low wage job. The economy could be particularly vulnerable to closures. A recent example was the closure of Oscar Mayer, where more than 800 jobs were lost to the town, representing 15% of jobs in the town at the time.
- 7. The strategy seeks to address these issues by setting out a long-term vision for Chard and the steps needed to reach it. The place-based approach tests a new way of working for SSDC, piloted in Chard due to its particular set of challenges. It was intended that, if successful, it could be rolled out to other towns.



8. Although Local Government Reorganisation (which was decided during the development of this strategy) means that SSDC will not be the main delivery agency, it will remain highly relevant to the new Somerset Council, who will have the opportunity to take the lead in delivery for Chard as well as developing similar strategies for other towns.

#### **Future Chard Strategy**

- The PER Consulting team was commissioned to draft a long-term strategy that responds to the interplay of economic factors, the physical and natural environment, infrastructure delivery, deprivation and the wider determinants of health – considering both people and place.
- 10. PER Consulting was supported by the SSDC Place & Recovery officer team to draw together an evidence base of data, engage in one-to-one and group conversations with key stakeholders in Chard, conduct a community survey and visit the town to meet with local people and get a sense of its physical geography.



- 11. This research provided an understanding of Chard's needs, from its current strengths and weaknesses to its future opportunities and threats. The insight drawn from this led to the proposed long-term vision, priorities and action plan for the short, medium and long term set out in the Future Chard Strategy.
- 12. In September 2021, District Executive reviewed the draft Future Chard Strategy and approved it for public consultation.

#### **Public Consultation**

- 13. Public consultation was conducted at 3 in-person events at Chard Guildhall:
  - 10am to 2pm Saturday 23 October
  - 9am to 4pm Monday 25 October
  - 12pm to 8pm Tuesday 26 October.
- 14. A range of times of day were chosen to encourage the greatest participation. It was advertised through the press, on social media and via posters displayed around the community. Over 100 people attended over the course of the three days.
- 15. Display boards presented a summary of the Future Chard Strategy and attendees were asked to respond to a number of questions in order to seek their feedback. They were also able to pick up a copy of the draft Strategy, Action Plan and Social & Economic Baseline Report.

#### **South Somerset**

- **District Council**
- 16. A review of the key themes arising from the consultation are set out below. In response to these themes, the Strategy has been updated where necessary. These are noted below.
- 17. The revised Future Chard Strategy and Action Plan are included as Appendix A and B. The Social & Baseline Report remains unchanged and is included as Appendix C.

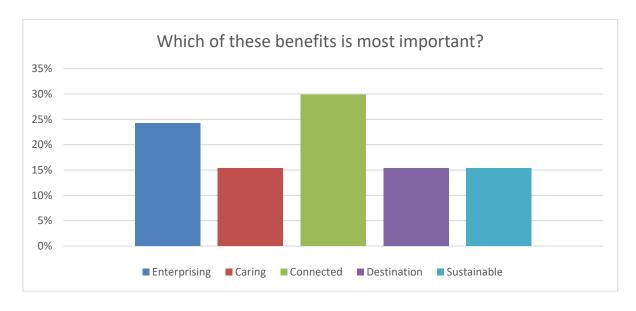
#### **Themes Arising and Response**

#### **Summary**

- 18. Overall, the comments received during the public consultation supported the content and direction of the Strategy. In particular, there was a strong message in favour of the Strategy's recommendations around:
  - re-engaging with the community over growth plans to address concerns about housing development and associated infrastructure
  - resolving traffic connectivity issues
  - improvements to the town centre (many of which are already being addressed by the High Street Heritage Action Zone).
- 19. As mentioned above, some amendments to the Strategy have been made to draw out the nuances expressed. A review of the key themes of the consultation data against each section of the Strategy is set out below.

#### **Vision & Desired Outcomes**

20. There is broad support for the vision and all 5 outcomes set out in the Strategy. The 'connected' and 'enterprising' outcomes resonated particularly strongly.



#### **SWOT** analysis

#### **South Somerset**

#### **District Council**

- 21. Consultation respondents agreed with the SWOT (strengths/weaknesses/opportunities/threats) analysis, and gave particular weight to:
  - Chard's industrial heritage (strength)
  - public transport (weakness)
  - active older population with skills and time to contribute (opportunity)
  - leisure centre as springboard for new opportunities (opportunity)
  - groups are starting to work together (opportunity)
  - worries over new housing developments and this not keeping step with local infrastructure and facilities development, plus impact on green spaces (threat)
  - lack of adult learning provision (threat).
- 22. These further points were raised and the Strategy document has been amended to reflect them:
  - opportunity to do more to support local artisan trades (opportunity)
  - negative impact of redundant mill sites (threat)
  - lack of community-owned spaces (weakness) this was already picked up within the detail of the Strategy and Action Plan but not mentioned in the SWOT.

#### **Ambition for Chard – Cross-Cutting and Priority Themes**

23. The cross-cutting themes and priority themes were numbered in the draft Strategy but, following the consultation, it is felt that this wrongly implied an order of importance. Numbering has been removed in the revised version, to demonstrate the equal weighting of each theme.

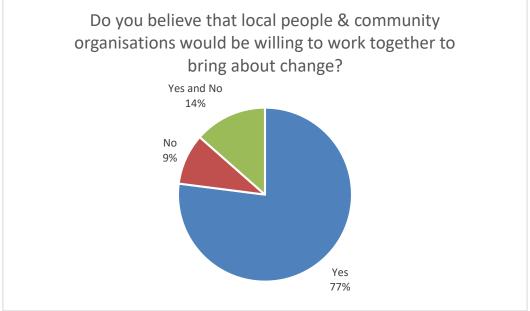
#### **Cross-Cutting Theme: 'Make It In Chard' New Identity**

- 24. Consultation participants recognised the need to clarify Chard's identity and were keen to project a positive reputation externally.
- 25. "Make It In Chard" as a concept was accepted, with support for marketing the town as a place where people can thrive, as well as promoting the physical characteristics of its town centre.
- 26. The consultation also showed support for the recommendation to deliver community events which align with the "Make It In Chard" message, in order to embed it across the town.

#### **Cross-Cutting Theme: Working Together**

27. More than three-quarters of respondents stated that they believe people will work together to support the future of Chard.





- 28. Several organisations that attended the public consultation events stated that they would like to get involved. This is in addition to those who participated in the focus groups and one-to-one conversations that informed the development of the draft Strategy.
- 29. There was support for a medium-to-long-term plan and improved communication between those working to create change in Chard. Suggestions were made for a community hub building to facilitate this, which backs up the recommended action under the Town Centre Destination theme.

#### **Priority Theme: Economy**

- 30. Comments relating to the economy centred on support and incentivisation for businesses and new businesses, training and employment support, and encouragement of a start-up culture all of which is included in the Strategy.
- 31. There were also comments in support of local artisans and the Strategy's economy section has been tweaked to ensure that this is explicitly covered.
- 32. There was particular support for the Strategy's actions around establishing a business network for the town; establishing the employment hub and extending it into central training and advice provision; and nurturing an enterprise culture under the "Make It In Chard" banner.
- 33. In terms of incentivisation, SSDC is currently providing grants to local property owners/businesses to improve their shop fronts and high street premises through the High Street Heritage Action Zone (HSHAZ). HSHAZ is referenced under the Town Centre Destination theme.

**Priority Theme: Community, Health & Wellbeing** 

#### **South Somerset**

#### **District Council**

- 34. The consultation asked people to state which of the Community, Health & Wellbeing actions were most important to them. All the actions drew support, but those which drew greatest support were the five actions which address:
  - the expansion and quality of local health/wellbeing services
  - healthy eating
  - youth achievement awards
  - improved adult education provision
  - · more sports and recreation facilities.
- 35. Individuals made additional suggestions for facilities for particular social groups: mothers and babies; children and adolescents; older people with support for 'ageing well'. This should be considered in the development of a community hub see Town Centre Destination theme.
- 36. There were also a number of comments received regarding anti-social behaviour in the town, which is acknowledged in the text of the Community, Health & Wellbeing section of the Strategy. The Community, Health & Wellbeing outputs have been updated to ensure continued focus on this issue tackled by social engage.
- 37. Collectively, the suite of inputs/actions proposed by the Strategy seek to address disenfranchisement, social engagement and other complex circumstances which result in such issues.

#### **Priority Theme: Town Centre Destination**

- 38. Feedback and comments received during the consultation relating to the town centre were very much in line with the Strategy and Action Plan, in particular:
  - the desire to address the number of empty premise
  - provide a more diverse town centre offer
  - support local businesses
  - improve wayfinding signage and connectivity for parking, cycling and walking.
- 39. There were a number of references made to the need for a community hub in the town centre a free or affordable venue where local people could develop networks of support for others which is part of the Action Plan but had not been clearly referenced in the key actions within the Strategy. The revised version adds in reference to this.
- 40. Responses also included suggestions for a number of town centre regeneration activities, which will be delivered over the next 2 years through the existing High Street Heritage Action Zone, such as:
  - investing in maintaining the historic properties on the high street
  - sprucing up the buildings
  - making more of the town centre's heritage when promoting the town
  - introducing lower kerbs for disabled access
  - providing larger spaces for gatherings/events.
- 41. Consultation responses also drew reference to the redundant mill sites and the need to renovate/repurpose/regenerate. At its September 2021 meeting, Full Council confirmed



#### **South Somerset**

#### **District Council**

SSDC is keen to pursue 'Phase 2' of Chard Regeneration which would address the mill sites, but recognised that it is not feasible to enter into a Phase 2 programme of work at the current time, until significant external funding opportunities become available. As a key issue for Chard's town centre, it would be remiss of the Future Chard Strategy not to acknowledge. An action has therefore been added to reflect the current situation ("Address the redundant mill sites when external funding becomes available").

#### **Priority Theme: Housing & Connectivity**

- 42. Many consultation responses were received relating to the development of new housing and the need for associated infrastructure to follow in-step, which provides evidence towards the Strategy's recommendation to re-engage with the community over planned development, as part of the Local Plan review. The Strategy's outputs for Housing & Connectivity have been clarified to include the development of infrastructure alongside housing delivery, and explicit reference to the Local Plan.
- 43. Many also pointed out the issues of traffic congestion and dominance in the town (with particular mention of Convent Junction). There was support expressed for better transport planning and infrastructure (for business as well as residents), the relief road, and better public transport.
- 44. A few respondents suggested a need for more/free parking. A thorough review of Chard town centre car parking both public off-street car parks and free on-street spaces was carried in the 2019 Transport & Movement Appraisal. This indicated that whilst on-street car parking was 77% utilised, the public car parks were only 35% utilised. It is therefore not considered necessary to update the Future Chard Strategy in relation to this suggestion.
- 45. Concerns over flooding were also raised at the consultation. The draft Strategy didn't mention flooding as it was mostly developed before the impactful events that Chard experienced in 2021. A new action has been added to the Strategy and Action Plan for partners to work together to address the flooding issues.
- 46. All of the existing recommended actions under the Housing & Connectivity priority theme drew support. There was a notably high proportion of respondents in favour of prioritising cycling and walking, in line with the recommendation to develop and deliver the Local Cycling and Walking Infrastructure Plan (LCWIP).

#### Conclusion

- 47. Overall, the comments received during the public consultation are in support of the draft Strategy. Updates have been made to pick up the particular points set out above, and the new version of the Strategy and Action Plan are attached as Appendix A and B respectively.
- 48. It is recognised that Local Government Reorganisation means that SSDC will not be the main delivery agency. Some of the actions are already part of existing SSDC work plans or projects (e.g. HSHAZ), however, and the Strategy was designed to be delivered through partnership. It will remain highly relevant to the new Somerset Council, who will have the opportunity to take the lead in delivery.



#### **Financial Implications**

- 49. Once the final Strategy is adopted, should SSDC wish to begin delivery prior to Local Government Reorganisation, consideration will need to be given to funding its delivery, through the Council's financial planning processes. (Note that some actions are part of existing work plans or projects where funding is already identified.)
- 50. The Strategy will put SSDC and/or the new Somerset Council in a strong position to apply for future strategic funds, along the lines of Town Deals or Levelling Up, thereby attracting new resources.

#### Legal implications (if any) and details of Statutory Powers

51. None arising from this report.

#### **Council Plan Implications**

52. This strategy supports our ambitions for regeneration and improved economic prosperity within South Somerset, consistent with our stated areas of focus and priority projects.

#### **Carbon Emissions and Climate Change Implications**

53. None arising from this report, although we would expect future activities to be consistent with our stated ambitions around net zero by 2030.

#### **Equality and Diversity Implications**

#### **South Somerset**

An Equality Impact Relevance Check Form has been completed in respect of the Proposal?	Yes
The Impact Relevance Check indicated that a full EIA was required?	No

If an EIA was **not** required please attach the Impact Relevance Check Form as an Appendix to this report and provide a brief summary of its findings in the comments box below.

If an EIA was required please attach the completed EIA form as an Appendix to this report and provide a brief summary of the result of your Equality Impact Assessment in the comment box below.

#### Additional Comments

The strategy has been developed in close consultation with organisations in Chard, to ensure that different voices in the community have been represented. It has also been subject to formal public consultation, plus informal online and in-person to those who may not have been able to come to us (e.g. older people's luncheon club). However, as the Strategy's action plan with its associated projects and service are delivered these will need to be subject to their own Equality Impact Assessments.

#### **Privacy Impact Assessment**

54. Consultation responses were made anonymously and have been aggregated for analysis, therefore there are no issues arising.

#### **Background Papers**

- Appendix A Future Chard Strategy
- Appendix B Future Chard Strategy Action Plan
- Appendix C Social & Economic Baseline Report
- Appendix D Equality Impact Relevance Check Form



### **Contents**

Action Plan and Delivery

Introduction	2	Figures	
Purpose of Strategy	6	Figure 1: Chard; a history of achievements	45
Vision for Chard	7	Figure 2: Chard Strategic Location	46
Understanding Chard	10	Figure 3: Vision Diagram and Strategic Outcomes	47
Reflecting on Chard's Potential	15	Figure 4: Chard: Indices of Deprivation 2019	48
Ambition for Chard	19	Figure 5: Chard: Key Features & Assets	49
Cross Cutting Theme - Make it in Chard - New Identity	20	Figure 6: Priority Themes for intervention	50
Cross Cutting Theme - Ways of Working	24		
Prority Theme - Economy	27		
இiority Theme - Community, Health and Wellbeing	30		
Repority Theme - Town Centre Destination	34		
Priority Theme - Housing and Connectivity	37		

40



#### Introduction

Chard is an historic industrial and market town, situated within the beautiful hills and rolling countryside of South Somerset. It is one of four primary market towns serving the South Somerset area together with Crewkerne, Ilminster and Wincanton as well as the principal settlement of Yeovil; just 17 miles to the east. Chard is the second largest settlement in the district comprising around 8% of both the total population and district wide employment base, as shown below.

Deble 1: South Somerset Settlement Hierarchy

Location	Population (2011)	%	Employment (2019)	%
Yeovil	45,800	28.4	30,500	46.9
Chard	13,100	8.1	5,300	8.2
Crewkerne	7,800	4.8	3,100	4.8
llminster	5,800	3.6	2,500	3.9
Wincanton	5,400	3.3	2,600	4.0
South Somerset	161,200	100	65,000	100

Source: ONS Population Census (2011), Business Register Employment Survey (2019)

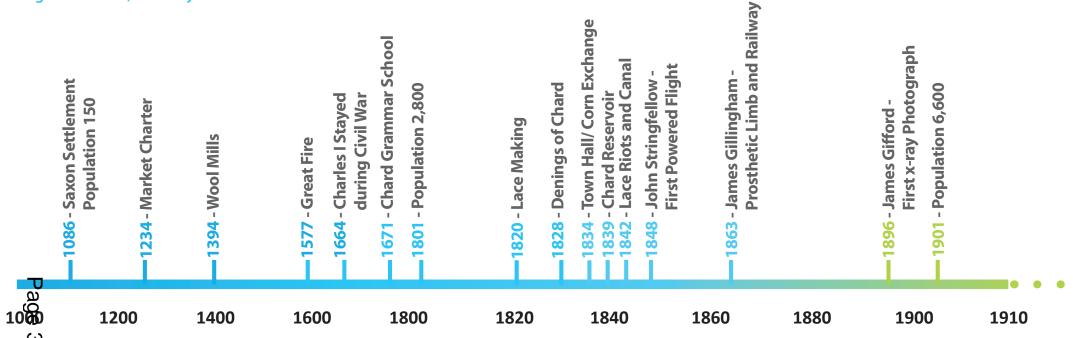


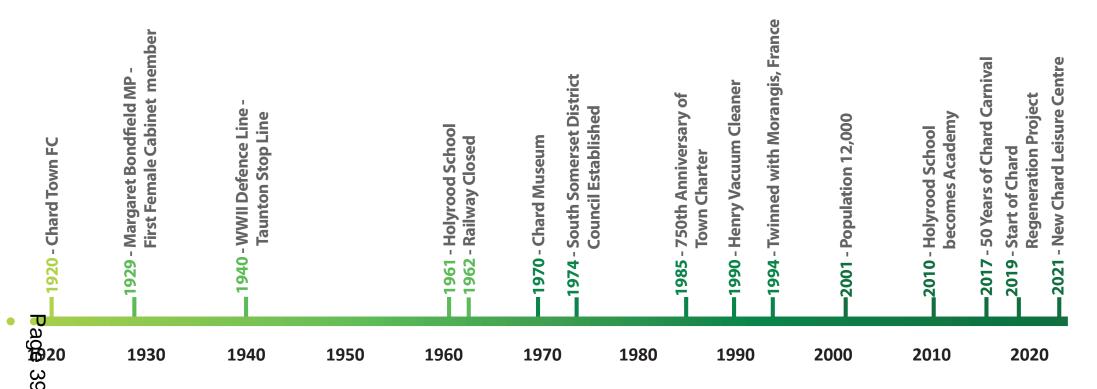
The town is well connected to the regional road network with the A30 and A358 both running through it, connecting on to the A303 and the M5 at J25 near Taunton within 25-minute drive. Chard is just 7 miles from the main line rail stations at either Crewkerne or Axminster over the Devon border.

Chard is designated a Strategic Growth Area in the adopted South Somerset Local Plan (March 2015), providing around 12% of the total district housing needs to 2028 and provision for around 10% of forecast employment. This compares with Yeovil's expected growth accommodating around 46% of the total housing allocation and nearly 50% of future employment.

The plan proposals are designed to sustain Chard's role as a balanced place to both live and work and reflect the town's long history as an important centre of manufacturing and industrial innovation. From its market charter in 1683, Chard was known for its Wool Mills and then lace making and later iron foundry and engineering. Since 1990, Chard has been home to world renowned Henry vacuum cleaner manufacturer, Numatic International.

Figure 1: Chard; a history of achievements





The physical regeneration and growth of Chard has been guided over the past decade by the Chard Regeneration Plan (LDA Design September 2010). This has framed the critical priorities for the town centre improvements, delivery of new housing growth and sports and leisure provision. Work continues to see improvement to local transport movement and economic growth.

Whilst Chard has benefitted from strong levels of employment within the town, reducing the need to travel, most employment is relatively low skilled and of low pay. There are significant challenges of whan deprivation with several areas within Chard ling within the 20% most deprived nationally for education and skills, as well as concerns around income deprivation both due to age dependency on state pensions and low-income families. These are the challenges this Strategy seeks to tackle.

**Figure 2: Chard Strategic Location** 



Source: based on Ordnance Survey data under SSDC Licence agreement

#### **Purpose of Strategy**

Whilst there is considerable investment underway in the physical infrastructure and growth of Chard there is also a need to take a step back and take a wider, holistic, view of the future e for Chard – the place and the community. That is the purpose of this document, the Future Chard Strategy takes a long-term view from 2021 to 2035 and sets out a clear pathway for social, economic and community well-being, consistent with the overarching Council Plan and Vision for South Somerset.

The desired changes for Chard identified in this strategy are not necessarily easy nor in the control of any one organisation or community group. Success will demand concerted effort and collaboration, as well as continued community engagement. A range actions are identified to tackle the challenges facing the people, the economy and the environment of Chard which are designed to build local capacity and drive change. Further actions will continue to be developed, gathering momentum as the Strategy evolves to meet the long-term ambition and vision for the Future of Chard.



#### **Council Plan 2020 - 2024**

**Our Vision for South Somerset:** 

A naturally beautiful and sustainable environment, which also allows business to flourish and good homes to be delivered. A place where our communities are safe, vibrant and healthy and have access to exceptional cultural and leisure activities.

- South Somerset District Council







#### **Vision for Chard**

Our ambition is for Chard to realise its true potential as a strong community and economic service centre.

The Vision for Chard is:



A better connected and dynamic place, focused on the town centre as a destination hub for community life and with a clear identity for being able to "Make it in Chard", a feature of both the diverse local economy and an aspiration for personal achievement









# Strategic Outcomes

#### ENTERPRISING (3)

Chard will be a place recognised for enterprise and innovation with a flexible workforce and diverse employment opportunities, including a new culture of business start-up success.

#### CARING

Chard will be a place celebrated for its community spirit where people are encouraged to fulfil their potential and deliver solutions for themselves stimulating inter-generational support, renewed self-purpose and community wellbeing for young and old alike.

#### CONNECTED

Chard will be a place that is well connected – across communities and supporting organisations, all working together with one voice and with easy access to support and advice. Chard will also be easy to get to, easy to move around and to access the green spaces and open countryside.

#### **DESTINATION**

Chard town centre will be a place that draws people to its culture, creativity and local amenities, an inspiration and enabler of community life

#### SUSTAINABLE

Chard will take responsibility for a greener future, respecting the richness of its environmental assets and features, protecting these for future generations and embracing biodiversity and climate challenge across all aspects of community life and enterprise.

This vision is based on the challenges identified in Chard from research and community engagement and an understanding of the underlying potential and future opportunities for change.

The outcomes which will support the vision are set out overleaf and in the diagram below.

The issues for Chard today and what can be done to tackle them are developed further in the rest of this document.









## chard Desired Outcomes - 2035

this Strategy are set out below:

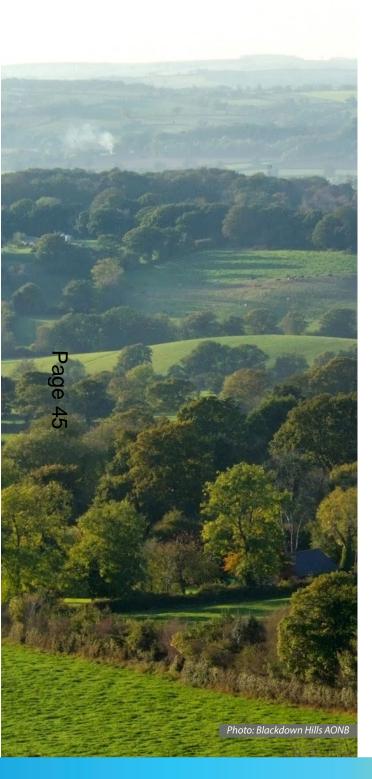
**ENTERPRISING:** Chard will be a place recognised for enterprise and innovation with a flexible workforce and diverse employment opportunities, including a new culture of business start-up success.

**CARING:** Chard will be a place celebrated for its community spirit where people are encouraged to fulfil their potential and deliver solutions for themselves stimulating inter-generational support, renewed self-purpose and community wellbeing for all ages.

**CONNECTED:** Chard will be a place that is well connected – across communities and supporting organisations, all working together with one voice and with easy access to support and advice. Chard will also be easy to get to, easy to move around and to access the green spaces and open countryside.

**DESTINATION:** Chard town centre will be a place that draws people to its culture, creativity and local amenities, an inspiration and enabler of community life.

**SUSTAINABLE:** Chard will take responsibility for a greener future, respecting the richness of its environmental assets and features, protecting these for future generations and embracing biodiversity and climate challenge across all aspects of community life and enterprise.



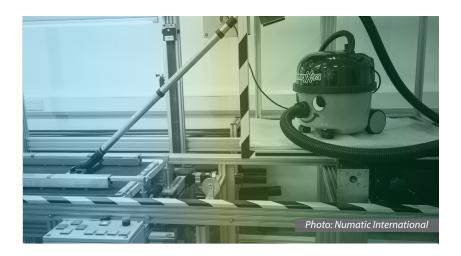
#### **Understanding Chard**

Chard demonstrates all the hallmarks of an industrial town albeit set within the stunning Somerset countryside. Whilst its origins draw from the land as an historic market town it quickly evolved as a manufacturing centre, first in the woollen mills and then in lace production (before Nottinghamshire excelled) and latterly in engineering and food processing. Manufacturing success has encouraged population growth and migration to Chard, now with strong local Polish and Portuguese communities alongside the wider Somerset heritage and traditions. Although some residents keep to themselves, there is no sense of alienation but rather a strong cohesive local community spirit characterises the people of Chard.

The dominance of the strong manufacturing presence in the town has provided generations of near full employment with Chard remaining largely self-contained as an employment centre with very little need for people to look outside the area for work. This can, however, in turn limit expectations for better employment prospects, with a presumption of readily available but low paid work perpetuating low educational attainment limiting local aspiration for change and constraining social mobility.

Recently, unemployment in Chard has been rising, exacerbated by the Covid-19 global pandemic and further compromised with the announcement of closure of Oscar Mayer food processing plant.

The combined effect of recent events put a different perspective on the previously self-contained identity of Chard and the distribution of services covering an increasingly wider region. Indeed, the close spatial connectivity between different centres across Somerset would ordinarily support a strong hierarchy of service provision with Chard expected to easily connect with larger centres.



This works for those with access to private cars but disconnects with those in greatest need and reliant on public transport which has eroded over the years throughout rural communities as public subsidies are curtailed.

Further details of the socio-economic context of Chard and the findings from the community survey and local conversations are set out in the accompanying technical appendix. The key findings from the research are summarised below:

#### High proportion of residents over retirement age

There were around 13,900 residents living in Chard in 2019, a +3% increase (+300 residents) in the last five years.





Chard also has higher rates of all age groups above 50 years compared to England signaling continued ageing of the population.

## High proportion of residents over retirement age

Although data is only available at the local authority level, there is a higher proportion of residents across South Somerset (8%) with no qualifications compared with 6% nationally and a much lower proportion with level 4 qualifications (degree level and above), 26% in South Somerset compared with 25% across Somerset and 43% for England overall. This reflects other evidence available at the Chard level, such as a high proportion of employment in sectors that not require level 4 qualifications (such as manufacturing, hospitality and retail) and areas of Chard falling in the top 20% most deprived for education and skills.

#### Low levels of income

Average household incomes in Chard are around £26,200, lower than the average for South Somerset (£30,300), South West Region (£27,500) and England (£31,600). Furthermore, low income is a particular issue in the west of Jocelyn ward near the town centre, north of Hollyrood ward near the town centre, and in the ward of Combe. Low incomes reflect the sector mix in Chard, with a high proportion of lower paid jobs such as manufacturing, retail and hospitality. It also demonstrates a lack of opportunity for residents to access higher paid jobs, for social mobility and improving prosperity.

## High dependence on manufacturing sector

Manufacturing is the largest sector in Chard, with an estimated 2,150 jobs in 2019 (the latest period available) and there is a concentration in just a small number of employers. This accounts for 43% of all local jobs, nearly 6 times higher than the proportion of jobs in England.

#### **Employment was declining pre-covid**

Employment in Chard was declining in the years before the COVID pandemic and prior to the announced closure of the Oscar Mayer plant. In 2019 (the latest available date), there was a total of around 5,025 people employed in Chard, a decline of -825 jobs (-14%) compared to 2014. This is despite +3% growth in employment in South Somerset overall and across the Heart of the South West LEP area, and +5% in England over the same period.

## Age-related and income deprivation concentrated around central Chard

The prosperity and life opportunities of residents living in Chard is unequal, with large differences in deprivation scores found across the town. The maps alongside show the different domains of deprivation by small geographical areas (Lower Super Output Areas), as provided by the ONS.

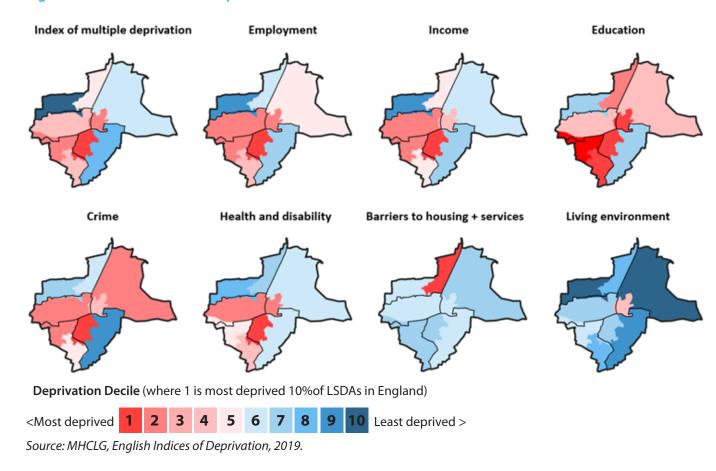
The indices of multiple deprivation cannot be aggregated to the local ward levels, but the maps below have been presented with ward boundaries for easy comparison.

The key issues arising from the deprivation indices are:

- The town centre area, west of the Jocelyn Ward, falls within the top 20% most deprived across all domains, excluding barriers to housing and services and the living environment.
- The west area of the Holyrood Ward falls within the top 10% most deprived for education, skills and training deprivation, whilst the east area falls within the top 20% most deprived, reflecting low skills attainment and lack of opportunities.

- The northeast area of the Crimchard Ward falls within the top 10% most deprived for barriers to housing and services, reflecting issues relating to affordability and homelessness.
- Employment, education/skills and crime challenges are the greatest issues across the whole town area when compared to other deprivation indicators.

Figure 4: Chard: Indices of Deprivation 2019



## Chard Town Centre... community service focus

The core town centre is relatively compact and focused around Fore Street and Holyrood Street. The town centre vacancy rate has increased closer to the national average at the start of 2021 (12.4%) although new investment is taking place with the recent arrival of Home Bargains. The town currently retains three banks or buildings societies which are often at risk following national trends.

Comparison shopping still dominates the town centre offer at around 30% of all units, although lower than the national average of 39% and with fewer national operators and a more limited range than larger, destination, town centres.

hard provides a much higher level of retail services (hairdressers, bticians etc) occupying nearly 21% of all town centre units mpared to 12% on average across the UK, reflecting the strong community-oriented role of Chard town centre.

Town centre food shopping is slightly lower than the national average provision and includes a Sainsbury's supermarket off Bath Street as well as a number of specialist (Polish) food outlets, local butchers and bakeries. Further food shopping is available outside the town centre with a large Tesco store and Lidl serving the wider Chard area.

The food and drink and social scene – including nightlife - lacks depth and sometimes quality with an opportunity for an enterprising culture to fill gaps in the market and potential to re-enforce its rural setting and connection with food and farming.



For reference purposes. Not to scale.

**Table 2: Chard Town Centre Ground Floor uses** 

	Chard		UK
Use	Number	%	%
Convenience (Food)	10	7.3	8.0
Comparison Shopping	41	29.9	39.0
Retail Service	27	19.7	12.0
Retail Leisure	23	16.8	18.0
Business	19	13.9	10.0
Vacant	17	12.4	13.0
Total	137	100	100

Source: SSDC Retail Monitoring (January/February 2021)

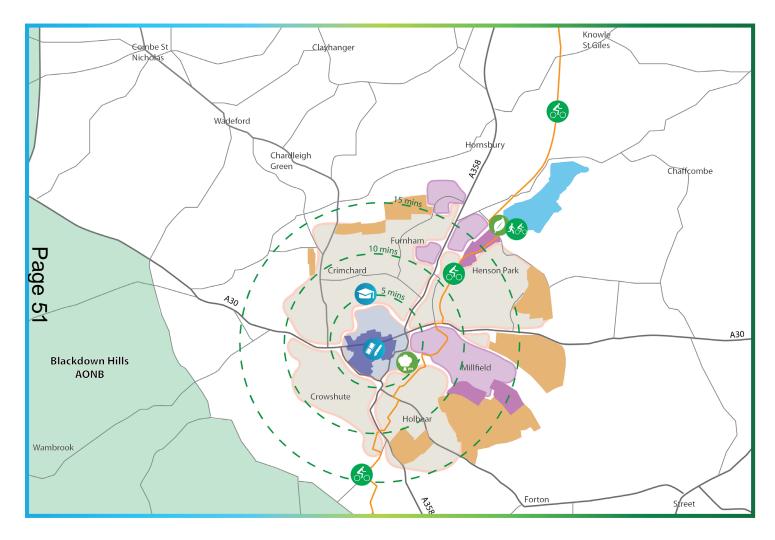
#### **Reflecting on Chard's Potential**

The table further on highlight the strengths, weaknesses, opportunities, and threats that will shape the future potential of Chard over the next fifteen years and more.

It is vital for Chard to address the issues of low income and low skills which is constraining social mobility, expectations, and aspirations for the future across much of the community but especially younger people.



Figure 5: Chard: Key Features & Assets



Chard must use its key strengths in terms of its strategic location, exceptional community spirit and fabulous green spaces to capture economic investment and growth whilst capitalising on the potential of the town centre arising from the regeneration and public realm improvements, including development of the new Chard Leisure Centre.

The compact nature of Chard means most of the town is technically within a 20-minute walk catchment, although the practicality of some routes and improved safety measures may still be required.

Source: based on Ordnance Survey data under SSDC Licence agreement



**People** 

<sup>3</sup>age 52



#### **Strengths**

- Many diverse and active community groups committed to Chard.
- Blend of people born in Chard and those that have chosen to live here.
- Known for invention and industry, such as powered flight, artificial limbs development and the home of Henry vacuum cleaners.
- Sense of pride and satisfaction from local people and strong community cohesion.

- The town is compact and mostly walkable.
- Town centre's Fore Street has some notable civic buildings set within a strong Conservation Area.
- There is a variety of green areas such as parks, amenity areas, sports, recreation and nature reserves and paths/trails which are all well-loved.
- Housing is affordable and a draw to new residents.
- Clear signs of local investment will boost confidence with the completion of the new leisure centre and active and ambitious museum.

#### Weaknesses

- Higher proportion of older age residents constrains the labour market capacity.
- Lower than average earnings with employment concentrated in manufacturing, retail, and hospitality sectors.
- Unemployment has doubled since the start of the Covid-19 pandemic.
- Employment, education & skills, and problems with crime are the greatest deprivation issues across Chard Work.
- Communication and integration between local organisations and community groups, as well as lack of community-owned space, could be constraining local potential.
- · Lack of adult learning provision in the town.
- Lack of cohesive arts or cultural scene.
- Further Education/Higher Education provision is not locally accessible.
- Poor public transport provision tends to isolate people when expected to access public services further afield such as Taunton or Yeovil.
- Concerns over traffic congestion in the town centre.
- Night-time economy is very limited.
- No local business representation to stimulate networking and sharing ideas or nurturing a dynamic business spirit.



**People** 

#### **Opportunities**

- An active older population can also stimulate strong social capital through local volunteering and community support.
- SSDC can provide stronger place-based community leadership working with Chard Connect Forum and supporting a stronger community role for the Town Council.
- Opportunity to explore integrated service delivery through place-based community solutions.
- Economic growth potential with further expansion of Numatic International to help counter short-term impact of Oscar Mayer closure.
- Opportunity to create a culture of local ambition and "cando" mentality through visible role models, celebrating local achievements and making business start-ups a realistic and accessible prospect, including local artisan trades.
- Potential to build on Chard's environmental and location assets situated between the Blackdown Hills AONB and the Coast.
- Town positioning need to develop brand and story that respects its history and develops a positive future to stimulate a stronger destination and diversity of local offer.
- The new Chard Leisure Centre has the potential to generate a significant stimulus and excitement for the town centre with more linked activity and interaction.
- The High Street Heritage Action Zone (HSHAZ) with more than £2m investment in town centre buildings and public streets/space will reinforce the town centre linkages and enhance the sense of place.
- Potential to maximise the visitor appeal of the Stop Line and promote Chard as a service destination along this long-distance coast-to-coast walking and cycling route.

#### **Threats**

- Loss of major employer Oscar Mayer with over half of the town's manufacturing base disappearing. Proactive engagement underway to support those losing their jobs and encourage positive development solutions for the town centre site.
- Continued risk of low ambition and aspiration may constrain future potential.
- Apparent history of over-consultation and concerns about actions not being delivered. Need continuous communication as strategies and solutions evolve whilst managing local expectations and funding constraints.
- Worries over new housing not matching local infrastructure and facilities development. Need to re-engage on Chard's growth story demonstrating confidence in delivery and cohesive community development.
- Concerns emerging around the lack of local focus on Chard following establishment of unitary authority. Formal adoption of this strategy to support the long-term future of Chard will provide the platform for successor bodies and maintain the local community voice.
- Narrow employment base with a high dependence on manufacturing sector.
- Perception of green space and rural setting being eroded by housing development.
- Risk of future traffic growth not being managed effectively.
- Negative impact of redundant mill sites.

#### **Ambition for Chard**

This Strategy sets out an ambitious future for Chard and lays the foundations for future prosperity and wellbeing.

Realisation of the Vision and Strategic Outcomes for Chard will be driven by local actions for change. There are four priority themes for intervention, wrapped around the central priority of forging a stronger community identity for Chard, all of which also embrace new ways of collaborative working as illustrated in the diagram opposite and described overleaf. Each priority theme also reflects the overarching challenge of climate change, providing an integrated response to realise a long-term sustainable outcome for Chard.

Sosscutting Theme: Make it in Chard – New Identity

**G**osscutting Theme: New Way of Working

Exiority Theme: Economy

**Priority Theme: Community, Health & Wellbeing** 

**Priority Theme: Town Centre Destination** 

**Priority Theme: Housing & Connectivity** 

The priority themes respond to Chard's key challenges and opportunities identified from the data research and endorsed by the local community and stakeholder consultation.

The key actions, which local partners can deliver, are highlighted alongside each intervention theme below. The links between the intervention themes and the Vision outcomes are also illustrated at the end of each theme.



**Figure 6: Priority Themes for Intervention** 

# Cross Cutting Theme: Make it in Chard – a new identity

There is a lack of a coherent identity that Chard can focus on, organise around, and use to promote its Unique Selling Points whether this be to future residents, visitors, and investors (big and small). Its local attractions and assets are fragmented and don't contribute to one cohesive Chard experience, with no co-ordinated approach to online visitor information or physical signage/information/interpretation or use of digital media.

The principle of the 'Make it in Chard' campaign was first promoted in the 2010 Regeneration Vision as an idea capsulating making your life in the town, and as an chortation to businesses to invest and develop. This still rungs true for Chard today.

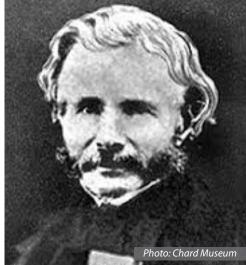
A place brand campaign, however, needs to be more deeply owned by the town and reach across all aspects of the local identity. The Chard story needs to be part of a conversation that is the talk of the town, instils pride and promotes community confidence. Some of this will be digital, in a print medium and manifest through a physical presence in the town as well as through the people of Chard, local products, interpretation, events, festivals and more.

#### Make it in Chard

A community led place brand needs to be created that is owned from within Chard rather than imposed. This strategy has highlighted how the story of Chard and its future identity is truly holistic in nature, and needs to be embedded and celebrated across all the priority themes, converging on a single proposition – "Make it in Chard".

There is need for a clear storyboard and messages that provide direction on how the place identity is nurtured whilst also encouraging local businesses and community groups to express themselves within the overall Chard story. A supportive communications and marketing plan needs to guide such a process and should form part of any future way of working in the town.







#### **Physical Markers**

Chard needs to be known and announced to first time visitors and create a sense of pride and belonging for its residents. Strategic and local gateways need to be considered that make people aware of Chard and its identity with tourism signage, sculptures and other devices that are physical markers aligned to the wider town identity.

#### **Events and Festivals**

Events and festivals are a good way for the community to come together and showcase something unique about the town. For example, Hay on Wye is known for its annual literary festival, Henley for its regatta, Ludlow for its food festival amongst other known festivals. They tend to support a town's identity, its story, sense of place and develop skills from within a community and confidence in where people live.



## Ambition for Chard's Identity – The Outcome

Establish a strong, positive identity for Chard as a place that stimulates and celebrates success. People can "make it" in Chard regardless of their background and previous life chances and local business have a strong reputation for quality produce and products reflecting the Chard brand and identity.

There will be a sense of pride, community cohesion and confidence among Chard residents and business. Chard town centre will be known as a destination of choice with a reputation as a welcoming place, having a strong local feel, a common purpose, clear identity and personality.

Page

Key Measures of Chard's Identity

- The Output



A clear, community owned place brand identity for Chard established and articulated through local signage and events.



Positive feedback on changing perceptions of Chard from local residents, businesses and further afield.



Improved community confidence demonstrated through further engagement and active involvement in community life.

## Key Actions & Activities – The Inputs for Change

- Develop a community driven place brand for Chard that is based on the idea of "Make it in Chard" and encapsulates digital and in-community activities and wraps around physical assets and thematic projects as identified within this strategy. This will also be integral to the future way of working across Chard (Cross Cutting Theme 2.
- Develop a physical signage strategy and brand markers that project the town's identity at a strategy and local level through all routes, corridors and gateways to the town.
- Build on and further develop a yearround programme of events and festivals that underpin the "Make it in Chard" story.

#### **Contribution to the Chard Vision:**

#### Cross Cutting Theme: Make it in Chard – New Identity



#### **Enterprising**

Stimulating a strong thentity for Chard will promote Chard as an attractive and accessible business location fostering and supporting an enterprise culture.



#### **Caring**

Stimulating a strong identity for Chard will create a place where people belong, feel cared for and are part of the community. Happiness, satisfaction levels and worthiness are valued with people looking out for one another.



#### **Connected**

The "Make it in Chard" story and identity links across all aspects of community life through physical place making campaigns and local conversations.



#### **Destination**

Make it in Chard underpins the story of the town centre presenting an experience that is local, productive, animated with a sense of heritage and a community owned place.



#### Sustainable

The identity for Chard is based on sustainable values of local, accessible and green which maximises the potential of the local community through social capital involvement and a commitment to low carbon; supporting future generations.

# **Cross Cutting Theme: New Way** of Working

There are many community organisations that want the best for Chard but would be much stronger and effective if there was a common ground for sharing, promoting local issues and co-developing and delivering local solutions.

#### **Build on the Community Response to Covid**

During 2020, residents came together to respond to Covid. Over 200 volunteers supported over 1,000 residents directly with daily chores, shopping and building supportive social networks. In 2021, whilst the immediate sessure has reduced, local relationships are still being maintained with conversations ongoing through forums such as Chard Connect.

There is a wealth of transferable knowledge and skills that can further support ongoing community led action with the opportunity to align some of this human capital and energy to tackle many of the challenges facing Chard now and in the future.

#### **Place Leadership**

Building on the Covid-19 response and also the need for a more integrated approach to delivery in Chard, a number of stakeholders have identified whether a unified programme of place-based leadership would help understand everyone's respective skills, resources, assets, capacity and funding and how this can be pooled. Whilst respecting individual organisations' roles and responsibilities, a Place Forum for Chard would help not just deal with management and governance but both technical and cross-sectoral place based solutions.



#### **Ambition for Ways of Working - The Outcome**

The local community and partner organisations are empowered to drive change through effective communication, networking and strong collaborative working.



## **Key Measures for Ways of Working**- The Outputs



An effective partnership forum established providing a strong, and coherent community voice for Chard.



A place based resource management and delivery approach is developed.

Page 60

#### **Key Actions & Activities - The Inputs**

- Develop a Place Forum with partners as conduit for discussion, ideas and co-delivery of initiatives and projects arising from this strategy.
- Develop a place-based leadership programme for local partners to enable a common approach to local delivery. This can draw on previous good practice such as the LGA's <u>Leading Places</u> programme and also track MHCLG's current pilot programme <u>"Partnerships for People & Place"</u>.
- Establish a parallel youth based forum to contribute to future leadership and strategic priorities from a young person's perspective.



#### **Contribution to the Chard Vision:**

#### **Cross Cutting Theme: New Way of Working**



#### **Enterprising**

Developing new ways
of working will create
an environment for
collaboration and
partnership that
bridges business
with community
helping to promote
the Chard brand
and engendering
opportunities for
social enterprise and
innovation.



#### **Caring**

Developing new ways of working will establish a forum and network that has wellbeing of local people at its heart with activities centred on support and community development.



#### Connected

Developing new ways of working will provide a common ground that brings together individual groups and organisations with similar agenda ideas and solutions connecting the whole of Chard.



#### **Destination**

Developing new ways of working will make for a stronger community sense of belonging and commitment, stimulating renewed vibrancy and sense of place focused on the town centre as a stronger destination.



#### Sustainable

New ways of working will embrace sustainable development principles through more efficient use of resources, localised management of facilities and more local access to services.



#### **Priority Theme: Economy**

Chard needs to diversify the local economy and deliver economic opportunities for a constrained labour market, and fulfil its role as a place for enterprise, learning and prosperity.

Chard is largely dependent on a handful of large employers and needs to broaden the employment base and stimulate a greater variety of economic opportunity in the town. Whilst there is a proud manufacturing history, there is a need for greater diversity of jobs that the existing workforce can transfer to as well as appeal to those young people who are working towards vocational qualifications.

Ways of stimulating new sectors and clusters include partnerships with existing employers into growth areas such as innovation, research and development, establishing community and social enterprise models and development of short supply chains within Chard's rural hinterland.

#### **Enterprising - The Outcome**

Chard will be a place recognised for enterprise and innovation with a flexible workforce and diverse employment prospects, including a new culture of business start-up success.

#### Key Measures of Chard's Identity – The Output



New businesses established and growing in Chard which support a broader employment base.



Strong local business network established in Chard, supporting each other, and encouraging new business enterprise opportunities.



Greater variety of school leaver outcomes including new enterprise starts by young people and locally based vocational and adult learning opportunities.



New business space delivered providing range of accommodation from pop-up, test venue, flexible work space, start-up and established business space.



#### **Key Actions & Activities – The Inputs**

- Establish Chard local employment hub delivering locally based employment services and advice.
- Explore potential to extend the hub facility as central training and advice provision and further extend into Flexible Work Hub in central location.
- Deliver Chard Enterprise Centre with Somerset County Council at Beeching Close Industrial Estate for new and fledgling businesses.
- Encourage local business network to establish

   across Chard and with a sub-group focused
   on the town centre which could, in time,
   evolve into a formal Business Improvement
   District operation.
- Nurture new enterprise and artisan culture under "Make it in Chard" branding working with schools and colleges and other community partners to highlight business start up as realistic option alongside employment for new entrants to labour market and those seeking work opportunities.

#### **Contribution to the Chard Vision:**

**Priority Theme: Economy** 



#### **Enterprising**

Interventions in the Conomy will develop more enterprising Community culture, Stimulate new business opportunities and open up new pathways for employment all helping to broaden the local economy.



#### **Caring**

Interventions in the economy will create local job opportunities leading to improved economic and social wellbeing and broader social outlook for residents supporting a more inclusive and caring community.



#### **Connected**

Interventions in the economy will support development of new, flexible business space which are connected to communities and benefit from enhanced digital infrastructure and stronger local supply chains.



#### **Destination**

Interventions in the economy will stimulate economic potential and business culture with the town centre, especially, being recognised as a place to live and work with wide range of stimulating activities fostering an enterprise culture.

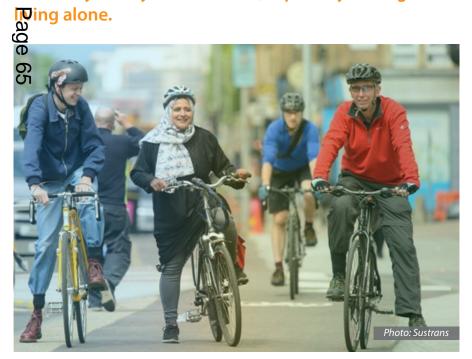


#### Sustainable

Interventions in the economy will support opportunities for new employment in the green economy, create more flexible working spaces which make use of renewable energy and are better connected by means of sustainable travel options, including walking and cycling.

# Priority Theme: Community, Health & Wellbeing

Chard needs to enhance its community potential, health, wellbeing, and local life chances. There are long standing challenges of low social mobility, low income, and poor health indicators within several areas of Chard according to the national index of multiple deprivation. Localised disenfranchisement, especially among young people, expose communities to increased risks of crime and antisocial behaviour. General health and wellbeing are also affected in areas of poverty with additional risks of obesity locally and isolation; especially among those long alone.



There are clear disparities within Chard and more generally in the long-term life outcomes for residents compared with the wider South Somerset and South West area. Parts of Chard are identified as being in the 20% most deprived locations across the whole of England with particular issues related to employment, education & skills, income, health & disability and crime challenges. Indeed, parts of the Holyrood Ward of Chard are highlighted as being in the 10% most deprived areas in England for education, skills and training.

National research demonstrates child poverty often leads to premature mortality and poor health outcomes as adults in later life. Actions which reduce the number of children experiencing poverty are shown to help improve the longer-term adult health outcomes in time.

Similarly, there are significant gaps around education achievement, progress and aspiration within the most deprived communities and the least engaged individuals in an area.

It is clear that while education and good quality jobs are crucial in 'getting ahead', many individuals are held back by a complex set of often inter-related factors such as low household income, housing issues, poor physical and mental health or disability along with poor transport and digital communications – all of which feature strongly in Chard.



#### **Caring – The Outcome**

Chard will be a place celebrated for its community spirit where people are encouraged to fulfil their potential and deliver solutions stimulating local connection, inter-generational support, and a renewed shared purpose and community wellbeing for all ages.

#### **Key Measures – The Outputs**



Increased economic activity rates across the whole community.



Improved social mobility, personal development and confidence, as well as a sense of achievement whether in terms of employment, earnings or community involvement.



Increased social engagement in community life leading to reduced social isolation, reduced anti-social behaviour and improved mental health.



More people adopting more active lifestyle choices, improving physical and mental health.

#### **Key Actions & Activities – The Inputs**

- Increase local access to adult learning and wider FE provision through digital learning and a hub-style facility.
- Explore emerging insights and good practice locally with Abri to extend similar provision and access to community support throughout Chard.
- Draw on wider social mobility initiatives with strategic partners to develop a Chard focused pilot programme with local residents.
- Introduce Chard Youth Achievement Awards to stimulate local role models and raise local aspiration and potential.
- Co-ordinate and promote access to sports and recreation provision across the town to meet current and future population growth.
- Enhance and promote active travel routes and corridors through delivery of Local Cycling & Walking Investment Plan (LWCIP) – see also Priority Theme 6.
- Encourage healthy eating through links to local agriculture and opportunities for community growing.
- Work in partnership with others to facilitate expansion of local GP and community health services and wellbeing in the town centre and work with partners to retain and enhance the quality and range of locally delivered community and urgent health services in Chard.

## Case Study: Abri Community Investment Plan 2021

Abri is the main social housing provider in Chard, with over 1,100 properties. They are committed to investing in people and supporting local communities integral to their housing role. Targeted community support is provided across three strategic community priorities of:

Employment – helping to make their tenants 'work-ready' and raising ambition through training.

Alcohol dependency.

Community Empowerment – working with community ambassadors to help engage with tenants, respond to their issues when raised and encourage community activity and integration.

Collaboration with Abri will encourage further community integration and access to support from their tenants whilst there are also strong lessons to be learned from the Abri approach that can benefit the wider Chard communities toward greater social cohesion.





#### **Contribution to the Chard Vision:**

#### Priority Theme: Community, Health & Wellbeing



#### **Enterprising**

Tackling community
disadvantages will
strengthen the
local labour market,
chcreasing business
capacity, skills and
enterprise culture.



#### **Caring**

Improvements in community, health and wellbeing will engender a broader social outlook, ambition and aspiration for residents supporting a more inclusive and caring community.



#### **Connected**

Interventions will support a more inclusive and supported community throughout Chard. All neighbourhoods will contribute to future success and be part of a better connected Chard physically and emotionally and with a stronger community voice.



#### **Destination**

A healthier and engaged community will stimulate local ownership, commitment and pride in the sense of place that is Chard which in turns captures wider interest and inspires others to invest.



#### Sustainable

Greater social inclusion and personal wellbeing is integral to the long term social sustainability of Chard.

## Priority Theme: Town Centre Destination

Chard's town centre needs to continue to repurpose itself adding value to the physical regeneration investment and reinforcing the town centre as the hub for community life.

The town's identity has been a constant area of focus with a need to be more expressive and positive about the heritage of the town and project its sense of place and confidence going forward. Identity isn't about a logo do a strapline but about how the town's story is presented within its physical fabric do talked about on the streets of Chard.

The town centre can help support this narrative through good design principles that use local materials, colour palette, signage typeface and opportunities for local interpretation and use of artwork.

Initiatives such as the HSHAZ can begin to stimulate opportunities for others to animate empty or underused buildings by channelling local products, activities and enterprise that celebrates the best of Chard and its rural hinterland. This will help develop Chard town centre as a living and working neighbourhood that meets

a diversity of community needs. Through for example repurposing upper floors to provide more town centre activity and provision of co-working space for micro and SME business all of which lead to a town centre that has a strong sense of community and activity.

Markets and events such as the carnival are also important in terms of animating streets and spaces, contributing to the atmosphere and spirit of the place and user experience.

Delivery of the new Chard Leisure Centre is about placing key generators of activity

within the core town centre that have a mutual benefit for residents and local businesses and lead to a cycle of related growth and activity.

As part of ensuring the town centre has a community focus and residents can easily access local services and advice, the need for a central hub building has been identified through consultation. This needs to provide a flexible series of spaces that are adaptable, practical and accessible to all and can evolve with different functions through the day and on into early evening activities.





#### **Destination - The Outcome**

Chard town centre will be a place that draws people to its culture, creativity, and local amenities. An inspiration and enabler of community life.

#### **Key Measures - The Outputs**



More diverse uses and activities in the town centre – vacancy rate below the national average.



Increased footfall with visitors returning more often, spending more and staying longer.



Chard town centre will have a distinctive and diverse nighttime economy that celebrates local food and drink, arts and culture and has spaces for events and activities appealing to a wider range of community interests and ages.



Investment and activity in the town centre will create a visitor experience that is safe and leads to an engaging atmosphere.

#### **Key Actions & Activities – The Inputs**

- Maximise the benefit of a town centre located leisure centre with with strong linked or complementary activity, integrated business opportunities, clear physical linkages and joint marketing of town centre activities
- Test the potential for a community hub building including facilities for younger and older members of the community.
- Develop town centre business network as part of wider engagement with longer term potential to form a Chard Business Improvement District.
- Develop plans to animate and activate key places and spaces created from the Town Centre public realm improvements.
- Support interim, meanwhile uses for unoccupied properties.
- Provide retail mentoring scheme to support existing town centre businesses develop and refresh skills in merchandising etc, encouraging more proactive and responsive business environment.
- Develop markets and events programme which complements the "Make it in Chard" place branding.
- Develop broader nighttime economy through encouraging flexible and diverse uses of places and spaces for evening entertainment, wider cultural events and activity to stimulate evening footfall and attraction.
- Effectively manage and curate the visitor arrival and destination experience through reduced traffic congestion, gateway signage, clarity of parking locations and options and improved walking and cycling pathways and links to local amenities and spaces as part of the wider Chard experience.
- Address the redundant mill sites when external funding becomes available.

#### **Contribution to the Chard Vision:**

#### **Priority Theme: Town Centre Destination**



#### **Enterprising**

Interventions will

Preate a stronger town
entre environment
which promotes
hew enterprise
opportunities,
encourages new
business starts in
the town centre and
provides a conduit
for rural goods and
produce.



#### Caring

Interventions in the town centre will create a vibrant place that is inclusive and welcoming to all, providing community services that support the wellbeing of individuals and groups.



#### **Connected**

Interventions will create a town centre that is strongly connected to its neighbourhoods, is easily accessible to all both physically and digitally stimulating a strong sense of local belonging and identity.



#### **Destination**

Interventions in the town centre will create a stronger identity for the town, providing a breadth of activity appealing to all users and visitors.



#### Sustainable

Interventions in the town centre will create a place that has sustainability embedded into its core offer, experience and identity, promoting low carbon accessibility and embracing local services and supply chains.



#### **Priority Theme: Housing & Connectivity**

Chard needs to carefully manage its planned growth in an inclusive and sustainable manner, ensuring all areas are connected (physically and emotionally) creating a great place to live which respects its community and environmental assets.

#### **New Homes Need to Belong to Chard**

Further work is underway to review the issues and options for delivering the planned Eastern Relief Road, the outcome of which will need to be clearly communicated with residents. Furthermore, the Local Plan review provides the opportunity to refresh the overall housing delivery cogramme and re-engage the community. The wider implications for local traffic will also need to be addressed in a comprehensive manner through a joined-up review of local connectivity, walking and cycling routes and response to the issues highlighted within a sustainable transport and management plan for the whole of Chard which will also help tie the urban extensions into the wider social and community fabric of the area by reinforcing important connecting corridors and desire lines/routes.

As new housing is delivered every opportunity should be taken to raise awareness among new residents of the local community capacity and facilities across Chard. Delivery of new schools and enhanced provision of playing fields will have a vital role to play to integrate the urban extensions as belonging to Chard as a whole.

## **Chard Needs to Become a Series of Connected Neighbourhoods**

The location of Chard in South Somerset presents strategic benefits as it looks to the rural countryside and out to the south Dorset coast. This also brings challenges, however, as traffic and transport are perceived by the local community to be key issues as the A30 and A358 traverse directly through to the town.

These trunk roads contribute to severance within places like Chard as neighbourhoods are contained and lack permeability, leading to an imbalance in the hierarchy between vehicles and people.

This severance does not lead to Chard being a cohesive place resulting in residents having no option but to use their car for mostly short trips to destinations such as the local schools, health centres and other local services. This in turn results in a traffic-dominated town centre.

There is, therefore, a need to adopt a "hub and spoke" approach to Chard that ensures accessibility within its neighbourhoods but also provides accessible and legible routes into the town centre that are as direct as possible, work with the local character to retain and improve local biodiversity and also promote walking and cycling for all ages through development of a Local Cycling & Walking Investment Plan (LCWIP).

#### **Connected – The Outcome**

Chard will fulfil its growth objectives, creating a sustainable, connected and joined up community benefitting the whole of Chard. Chard will also be easy to get to, easy to move around and to access the green community spaces and open countryside.

# **Key Measures - The Outputs**



Delivery of planned new housing and infrastructure across Chard by the development industry, in line with the Local Plan, to include flood mitigation.



Provision of active travel routes and corridors and other local safety improvements.



Reduced town centre traffic and delivery of a range of alternative sustainable transport options for local travel.

## **Key Actions & Activities – The Inputs**

- Re-engage the local community with the plans for housing growth and clarify delivery proposals, building community confidence through the Local Plan Review and preparation of the Infrastructure Delivery Plan.
- Continue to work proactively with the development industry to deliver the planned new housing growth and explore options for delivering the Chard Eastern Relief Road.
- Bring partners together to understand and address flooding issues.
- Develop an active travel network (LCWIP) with priority links and routes responsive to community demand and needs.
- Prioritise safer walking and cycling within the highway network into and through the town centre.
- Promote and enhance the Stop Line (Sustrans Route 33) as a key resident and visitor corridor with improved legibility through the town centre and opportunities for local business.
- Explore funding opportunities with partners to support development of green transport options for Chard. Eg, community based, "on-demand" bus service and promotion of low emission / cycle friendly regional bus services to attract visitors.
- Promote provision of electric vehicle charging points at strategic locations in the town.
- Explore potential for innovative solutions to retain local spending and connectivity through, for example electric-cargo bikes as part of a local shopping service, local e-commerce and carbon-neutral last-mile delivery service.

# **Contribution to the Chard Vision:**

# **Priority Theme: Housing Connectivity**



## **Enterprising**

New housing growth is the prosperity attracting prosperity attracting the local labour market capacity. Connecting housing with sustainable transport options ensures all neighbourhoods are easily linked to local employment sites and the town centre.



## **Caring**

Connecting local housing will create strong neigbourhoods as places to live that feel a part of Chard with infrastructure designed to support mobility and access to health and other community facilities.



## **Connected**

Local housing will feel connected and part of Chard with strong linkages providing choice of active travel, green routes and spaces that connect and engage with community life opening up creative opportunities for all.



### **Destination**

Connecting local housing and neighbourhoods will enhance the overall sense of place and identity that is Chard as place to live, work and celebrate success. Residents will look to Chard town centre as first choice destination for shopping, local services, arts, culture, work and evening entertainment.



## Sustainable

Integrating green and low-carbon travel choices and options as part of the town's infrastructure will ensure Chard continues to develop in a sustainable manner contributing to local biodiversity, productive landscapes and the long-term health and wellbeing of both people and place.





# **Action Plan & Delivery**

The detailed actions and initiatives for realising the strategic ambitions for Chard are presented in the accompanying Technical Appendix and summarised in the tables overleaf.

The planned actions are intended to build on existing projects and commitments which will contribute to the future success of Chard.

Some of the proposed actions are already included in operational programmes and are budgeted for. Others will need to be developed further and delivered in partnership with other stakeholders.

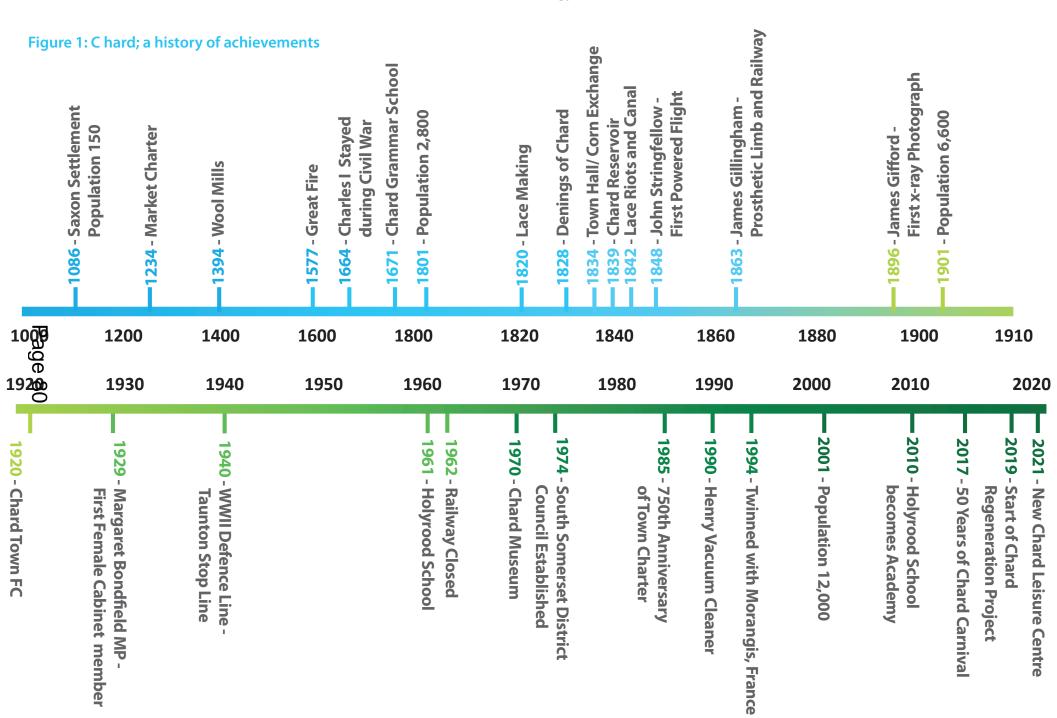
Yet more will be subject to further collaborative work and feasibility testing and will inform future funding bids to government and other partners. Other project ideas will also emerge over time with decisions taken on how best to proceed based on the contribution to the overarching vision and strategic ambition for Chard's Future.

	Chard Future Strategy 2021-2035 - Action Plan Framework	Programme			Vision & Outcomes				
		2021 - 23	2023 - 28	2028 - 35	Enterprising	Caring	Connected	Destination	Sustainable
	Cross Cutting Theme: Identity								
l1	Develop community driven place brand "Make it in Chard" community driven place brand "Make it in Chard"								
l2	Develop signage strategy and brand markers to promote the Chard identity								
I3	Develop year-round events and festivals programme celerbating the Chard identity								
	Cross Cutting Theme: New Way of Working								
WoW1	Develop virtual "Place Forum" connecting Chard partners and community organisations								
WoW2	Develop place-based leadership programme			Ö					
WoW3	Establish a Chard Youth Council or Young Citizen Forum								
WoW4	Establish Chard community organisation data-base and knowledge bank								
<b>Q</b> WoW5	Explore opportunities for joint service delivery								
0	Priority Theme: Economy								
E1	Maintain the Oscar Mayer task-force support for people back into employment								
E2a	Pilot the local "employment hub" as a central location for information and advice		Ö						
E2b	Develop broader range of local services as Employment & Training Hub - linked to TC2	Ō		Ö					
E3	Develop a Chard Business Network - linked to TC2		Ō						
E4	Develop "Make it in Chard" programme with schools and business - pathways to business		Ö						
E5	Consider intense enterprise facilitation programme throughout Chard	Ŏ							
E6	Develop rural business cluster with relationship to Chard - showcase "Make it in Chard'								
E7	Deliver Chard Enterprise Centre as part of the Somerset Enterprise Network	Ŏ	Ö	Ö					
E8	Deliver Flexible Work-Hub in town centre - multi-use facility (linked to E2b)	Ō							
E9	Explore the Young Somerset Project - stimulate youth enterprise activity		Ŏ						

	Chard Future Strategy 2021-2035 - Action Plan Framework		Programme		Vision & Outcomes				
		2021 - 23	2023 - 28	2028 - 35	Enterprising	Caring	Connected	Destination	Sustainable
•	Priority Theme: Community, Health & Wellbeing		•						İ
CHW1	Provide adult learning opportunities in Chard - central digital hub provision linked to CHW5, E2a/b and TC2								
CHW2	Build on Abri's emerging good practice community engagement and employment support								
CHW3	Develop regional social mobility programme and pilot local initiative								
CHW4	Introduce Chard Youth Achievement Awards								
CHW5	Develop digital training hub - linked with CHW1, E2a and TC2								
CHW6	Deliver sports and recreation facilities in line with housing growth								
QEHW7	Promote active travel routes and develop Local Walking & Cycling Investment Plan								
CHW8	Encourage healthy eating through links to local agriculture and opportunities for community growing								
ZHW9	Develop social prescribing programme, encourage healthy eating linked with community growing								
CHW10	Enable GP surgery expansion in the town centre								
CHW11	Retain and enhance local delivery of primary, community and urgent health services								
	Priority Theme: Town Centre Destination								
TC1	Maximise benefits of the Leisure Centre in the town centre - signage/marketing/public realm and leisure/wellbeing cluster			0					
TC2	Test the potential for a community hub building including facilities for younger and older memberes of the community - linked to E2a/b, E3, CHW1, CHW5			0					
TC3a	Encourage a town centre business network linked with E3 on the previous page			$\bigcirc$					$\bigcirc$
TC3b	Promote potential for a Business Improvement District		0			0			$\bigcirc$
TC4	Animate the places and spaces created through the public realm programme		0						$\bigcirc$
TC5	Develop meanwhile use programme for empty properties		0						

	Chard Future Strategy 2021-2035 - Action Plan Framework	Programme			Vision & Outcomes				
		2021 - 23	2023 - 28	2028 - 35	Enterprising	Caring	Connected	Destination	Sustainable
	Priority Theme: Town Centre Destination								
TC6	Provide a retail mentoring scheme to support local traders								0
TC7	Develop markets and events programme on Made in Chard theme			0		0			
TC8	Promote night-time economy - initially through pop-up events to build market confidence						0		
TC9	Develop arrival management plan and circuit encouraging dwell time			0					$\bigcirc$
TC10	Implement town parking proposals from the Transport & Movement Appraisal			0		0			
<b>D</b> <b>D</b> TC11 <b>D</b>	Develop stronger town centre walking circuit - connecting key assets and destinations		0						
<b>Φ</b> <b>√</b> C12 <b>∞</b>	Address the redundant mill sites when external funding becomes available								
	Priority Theme: Housing & Connectivity								
HC1	Produce Chard LCWIP and develop active travel network including initiatives to manage demand				0	0			
HC2	Enhance walking and cycling safety along the A358		0						
HC3	Develop cross-town linkages and key routes								
HC4	Further develop Stop Line as primary route and destination facility								
HC5	Develop green transport infrastructure including community bus and EV charging facilities	0		0					
HC6	Promote e-cargo bike service for local delivery/last mile connections								
HC7	Re-engage community with housing growth plans and delivery programme		0		0				
HC8	Bring partners together to understand and address flooding issues.				0			0	





**Figure 2: Chard Strategic Location** 

Source: based on Ordnance Survey data under SSDC Licence agreement



Strategic Outcomes

Figure 3: Chard Vision and Strategic Outcomes

### VISION: "CONNECTING CHARD"

A better connected and dynamic place, focused on the town centre as a destination hub for community life and with a clear identity for being able to "Make it in Chard", a feature of both the diverse local economy and an aspiration for personal achievement.

## **ENTERPRISING**

Chard will be a place recognised for enterprise and innovation with a flexible workforce and diverse employment opportunities, including a new culture of business start-up success.

## CARING

Chard will be a place celebrated for its community spirit where people are encouraged to fulfil their potential and deliver solutions for themselves stimulating inter-generational support, renewed self-purpose and community wellbeing for young and old alike.

## CONNECTED

Chard will be a place that is well connected – across communities and supporting organisations, all working together with one voice and with easy access to support and advice. Chard will also be easy to get to, easy to move around and to access the green spaces and open countryside.

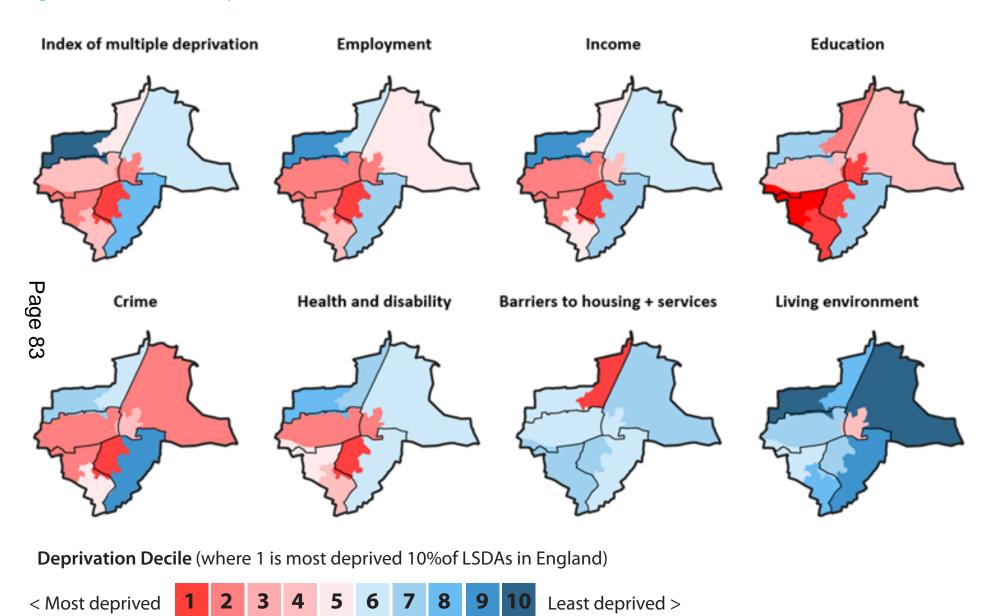
## **DESTINATION**

Chard town centre will be a place that draws people to its culture, creativity and local amenities, an inspiration and enabler of community life

## SUSTAINABLE

Chard will take responsibility for a greener future, respecting the richness of its environmental assets and features, protecting these for future generations and embracing biodiversity and climate challenge across all aspects of community life and enterprise.

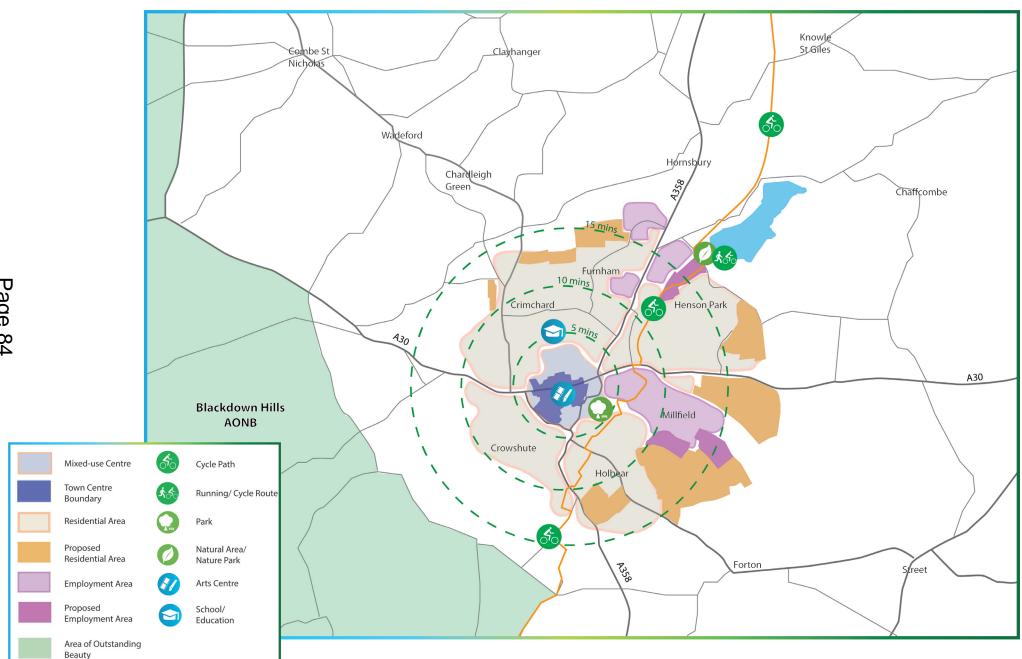
Figure 4: Chard: Indices of Deprivation 2019



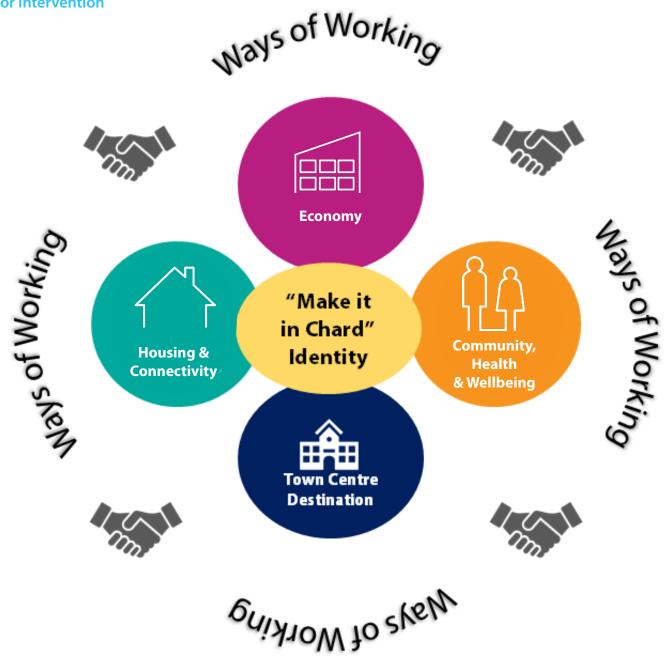
Source: MHCLG, English Indices of Deprivation, 2019.

Figure 5: Chard: Key Features & Assets

Source: based on Ordnance Survey data under SSDC Licence agreement



**Figure 6: Priority Themes for Intervention** 





# Future Chard Strategy

Actions & Initiatives Framework 2021 - 2035



# **Cross Cutting Theme: Make it in Chard – New Identity**

**Ambition for Chard - Outcome:** Establish a strong, positive identity for Chard as a place that stimulates and celebrates success. People can "make it" in Chard and local businesses have a strong reputation for quality produce and products, reflecting the Chard brand and identity.

**Key measures - Outputs:** A clear, community owned place brand identity for Chard. Positive feedback on changing local and external negative perceptions. Improved community confidence demonstrated through engagement and active involvement in community life.

Project	Policy Alignment	Organisations	Outcomes	Short	<b>Timeline</b> Medium	Long
I1 - Develop and roll out a community driven place brand for Chard that is based on the idea of "Make it in Chard". This isn't just a logo, but a narrative and story that celebrates Chard as a place, its history, its assets, its people and brings together the parts into a cohesive identity. Consider both digital and in-community activities and how the brand wraps around physical assets and thematic projects. This includes:  Development of a Chard Business Network Rural business cluster promotion Potential hub building Youth achievement awards Meanwhile and pop-up projects Markets and event programme Evening time economy activity	<ul> <li>Chard Regeneration         Plan 2010</li> <li>Chard Future Strategy         2021</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>South Somerset DC</li> <li>Proposed Business Network</li> <li>Chard Town Council</li> <li>Chard Connect</li> </ul>	Make it in Chard becomes a known brand and story that local residents' feel proud of, rally around and support. Visitors are drawn to the personality of the town.			
<b>I2 -</b> Develop a physical signage and brand markers initiative that project the town's identity at a strategic and local level through a number of transport corridors, outer and inner gateways and public spaces.	Chard Town Centre Public Realm Strategy	<ul> <li>South Somerset DC</li> <li>Proposed Business         Network</li> <li>Chard Town Council</li> <li>Chard Connect</li> </ul>	Chard presents strong first impressions to visitors through an identity that is coherent and distinctive.		0	0
<b>I3 -</b> Build on, develop, and deliver a year round events and festivals programme that underpins the Chard story. To support existing groups such as Chard Carnival and other town organisations with existing events and find ways of sharing resources, equipment, and skills so that there are mutual benefits for all.	Culturally Chard     High Street Heritage     Action Zone (HSHAZ)     Cultural Programme	<ul> <li>South Somerset DC</li> <li>Proposed Business         Network</li> <li>Chard Town Council</li> <li>Chard Connect</li> </ul>	Chard events have a reputation of being community grown, rooted in its place and the warmest of welcomes.			

# Photo: Microsoft



# **Cross Cutting Theme: New Way of Working**

**Ambition for Chard - Outcome:** The local community and partner organisations are empowered to drive change through effective communication, networking and strong collaborative working.

**Key measures - Outputs:** An effective partnership forum established providing a strong and coherent community voice for Chard. A place based resource management and delivery approach developed

Project	Policy Alignment	Organisations	Outcomes	Short	Timeline Medium	
<ul> <li>WoW1 - Develop a "Place Forum" with partners as a conduit for discussion, ideas and co-delivery of initiatives and projects. The forum will link into other groups in Chard such as:         <ul> <li>Proposed business network</li> <li>Chard Churches Together</li> <li>Youth Council</li> </ul> </li> <li>The forum could follow the themes of this Future Chard Strategy with thematic leads/champions supporting task-finish groups, all beding back to the main Forum.</li> </ul>	Future Chard     Strategy 2021	<ul> <li>South Somerset DC</li> <li>Chard Town Council</li> <li>Chard Connect and respective organisations</li> </ul>	Chard has visible and cross community leadership amongst organisations through an accessible, transparent and action-based Forum.			0
<b>Proof of the Control /b>	Future Chard     Strategy 2021	<ul> <li>South Somerset DC</li> <li>Chard Town Council</li> <li>Chard Connect and respective organisations</li> </ul>	Town organisations are skilled, confident, and empowered to work in an integrated way.	0		0
<b>WoW3</b> - Establish a Chard Youth Council or Young Citizen Forum to contribute to future leadership and strategic priorities from a young person perspective. The Forum could shadow the Town and District Council responsibilities and could be given small budget for specific youth projects.	Future Chard     Strategy 2021	<ul> <li>Chard Town Council</li> <li>Chard Youth Centre</li> <li>Local schools</li> <li>Chard Connect and respective organisations</li> </ul>	Young people are seen as positive role models within Chard community, inspiring peers and forming positive partnerships with other groups and members of the community.	0	0	0
<b>WoW4 -</b> Establish a single, interactive, community organisation listing database and knowledge bank that is managed digitally across the community.	Future Chard     Strategy 2021	<ul><li>Chard Connect</li><li>Chard Town Council</li></ul>	Open access to information makes Chard an informed and coordinated place for community action and services.		$\bigcirc$	0
<b>WoW5</b> - Explore opportunities for joint service delivery that maximise budgets, smarter procurement and value for money.	Future Chard     Strategy 2021	<ul><li>South Somerset DC</li><li>Chard Town Council</li><li>Other strategic and local agencies</li></ul>	Local services are delivered in Chard through smart procurement and service delivery ensuring public money is spent effectively.	0	$\bigcirc$	0



# **Priority Theme: Economy**

**Ambition for Chard - Outcome:** Chard will be a place recognised for enterprise and innovation with a flexible workforce and diverse employment prospects, including a new culture of business start-up success.

**Key measures - Outputs:** New businesses established and growing in Chard supporting a broader employment base. Strong local business network established in Chard supporting each other and encouraging new businesses enterprise opportunities. Greater variety of school leaver outcomes including new enterprise starts and locally based vocational and adult learning opportunities.

New business space delivered providing range of accommodation from pop-up, test venues, flexible work space, start-ups and established business space.

Project	Policy Alignment	Organisations	Outcomes	Short	<b>Timeline</b> Medium	Long
E1 - Maintain the task-force approach in response to Oscar Mayer closure to support employees at risk to source alternative opportunities and prepare themselves for interview. This will include English language skills and help where digital access is limited.  D	<ul> <li>South Somerset         District Council         Economic         Strategy 2019         Somerset Growth &amp;         Recovery Plan 2021     </li> </ul>	<ul> <li>South Somerset DC</li> <li>Somerset CC</li> <li>DWP</li> <li>Job Centre +</li> <li>CAS</li> </ul>	Minimise impact and disruption to local labour market and individual families' income and prosperity. Reduce social and economic cost of unemployment and benefit dependency.		$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$
<b>E2 - A)</b> Pilot the proposed "employment hub" through co-locating ecal employment services and advice, initially in response to Oscar Mayer closure but also make available to all residents in Chard. <b>B)</b> Evaluate the success and explore how to strengthen local services in the longer term and potential broaden into an employment/training and community/work hub and develop a youth leadership initiative.	South Somerset     District Council     Economic     Strategy 2019     Somerset Growth &     Recovery Plan 2021     Community     Renewal Fund	<ul> <li>South Somerset DC</li> <li>Somerset CC</li> <li>DWP</li> <li>Job Centre +</li> <li>CAS</li> </ul>	Closer engagement with people seeking employment and/or training and those looking to improve prospects and earnings. Links with business through job-match opportunities and tackling recruitment barriers.	A	В	0
<b>E3</b> - As an integral part of the cross-cutting priority "Ways of Working", there is need for Chard businesses to come together as part of a local business network or organisation that enables dialogue, a conduit for ideas and initiatives and for collective working with other town organisations and groups.	Chard Regeneration Plan 2010	<ul><li>South Somerset DC</li><li>Local businesses</li></ul>	A stronger voice for local businesses focussed on business needs.		$\bigcirc$	0
<b>E4</b> - As part of the cross cutting priority towards a fresh identity and the "Make it in Chard" place-brand, develop a role model programme between employers, entrepreneurs, local schools and further education colleges to demonstrate how individuals can also "make it" in Chard. For example, see the former Careers Wales Dynamo programme.	Chard Future     Strategy 2021	<ul><li>South Somerset DC</li><li>Somerset CC</li><li>Holyrood Academy</li><li>Employer cluster</li></ul>	Young people are inspired and motivated to explore an entrepreneurial pathway leading to increase in start ups and young ambassadors.	0	$\bigcirc$	0



Project	Policy Alignment	Organisations	Outcomes	Short	<b>Timeline</b> Medium	
<b>E5</b> - Consider intense programme of enterprise facilitation to generate ideas and local potential. This could, for example, follow techniques such as that developed by the Sirolli Institute which has proved effective in other similar locations e.g. Effect Blaenau Gwent (former coal and steel industrial area).	<ul> <li>South Somerset DC         Economic         Strategy 2019</li> <li>SSDC Corporate Plan</li> <li>Builds on Action 4         above</li> <li>Made in Chard</li> </ul>	South Somerset DC	Long term stimulation of social mobility through motivation and recognition of potential making business enterprise a realistic prospect.	0		0
<b>E6</b> - Develop a rural business cluster that has a relationship to Chard. Support for rural business with short supply chain development, marketing and promotion, logistics and local distribution, green credentials and linking into town centre offer. Need to showcase Chard products through physical and digital channels. Work with HSHAZ on opportunities through meanwhile and tester space and other initiatives.	<ul> <li>South Somerset         Economic         Development         Strategy 2019</li> <li>Rural Development         Plan 2017-2020</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>South Somerset DC</li> <li>Rural business cluster</li> <li>Proposed Business Network</li> </ul>	A strong rural business identity that is recognised within the South West and UK and becomes part of the "Make it in Chard" story and brand, that is town wide and celebrated within the town centre.			0
T - Deliver the new Chard Enterprise Centre – as part of the comerset Enterprise Network managed by Somerset County Council Providing formal office space at Beeching Close Industrial Estate.	<ul> <li>South Somerset         DC Economic         Development         Strategy 2019         Somerset Growth &amp; Recovery Plan 2021     </li> </ul>	<ul><li>South Somerset DC</li><li>Somerset CC</li></ul>	Managed and supported high quality business space for new and growing SMEs providing a dynamic business network with intense business support.		0	$\bigcirc$
<b>E8</b> - Progress a town centre based Flexible Work Hub which provides space for multi-faceted activities with training, advice, signposting, retail mentor/shop doctor, test space and links to local schools, FE and employers as well as local community enterprises.  This will focus on early start / concept business and act as feeder to more established business options either in the town centre or the SCC managed - Chard Enterprise Centre (E7).	<ul> <li>Work Hub Feasibility Study 2021</li> <li>Builds on Actions E2 E4, E5 &amp; E6 above</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>South Somerset DC</li> <li>Somerset CC</li> <li>DWP</li> <li>Job Centre +</li> <li>FE</li> <li>Holyrood Academy</li> <li>Proposed Business Network</li> </ul>	A dynamic work hub destination that provides a pathway from preemployment to business support/growth, coaching and training and is a known springboard facility for grow on enterprises.	0		0
<b>E9</b> - Explore the Young Somerset Project and look at transferability of ideas and models for youth enterprise activity that activates redundant town centre space and provides a springboard for local growth and a more diverse experience for all ages.	<ul> <li>Post 16 Strategy         <ul> <li>and Plan</li> </ul> </li> <li>High Street Heritage         <ul> <li>Action Zone</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul> <li>South Somerset DC</li> <li>Somerset CC</li> <li>Holyrood Academy</li> <li>Chard Youth Centre</li> </ul>	Young people have strong life skills and confidence in enterprise and an enhanced pathway, with Chard town centre providing an age balanced and animate experience for all.		0	0



# **Priority Theme: Community, Health & Wellbeing**

**Ambition for Chard - Outcome:** Chard will be a place celebrated for its community spirit where people are encouraged to fulfil their potential and deliver solutions for themselves stimulating local connection, inter-generational support, renewed self-purpose, improved physical and mental health and community wellbeing for all ages.

**Key measures - Outputs:** Increased economic activity rates across the whole community. Improved social mobility, personal development and confidence. Improved earnings. Increased social engagement and involvement in community life leading to reduced social and isolation and improved mental health. More people adopting more active lifestyle choices, improving physical and mental health.

Project	Policy Alignment	Organisations	Outcomes	<b>Timeline</b> Short Medium L		Long
<b>CHW1</b> - Increase skills and employment opportunities for residents, especially from the Holyrood Ward, by enhanced local access to adult learning and wider FE provision locally through continued digital delivery.	Linked to Economy and Employment Skills Hub Activity E2 and E8	Holyrood Academy     Yeovil College	Wider choice of vocational training and access to locally delivered adult learning.	0		
CHW2 - Explore emerging insights and good practice locally with Abri to extend similar engagement and community support <del>th</del> roughout Chard. သ	<ul> <li>South Somerset DC         Corporate Plan</li> <li>Abri Community         Investment Plan</li> </ul>	<ul><li>South Somerset DC</li><li>Abri RSL</li></ul>	Extended whole community engagement providing greater access to support and encouragement to achieve.			
(GHW3 - Draw on wider social mobility initiatives with strategic - partners to develop a Chard focused pilot programme with local residents.	<ul> <li>South Somerset DC         <ul> <li>Corporate Plan</li> </ul> </li> <li>HotSW LEP Build         <ul> <li>Back Better</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	South Somerset DC     HotSW LEP	Targeted local support and stimulus to break the cycle of poverty and underachievement.	0		
<b>CHW4</b> - Introduce Chard Youth Achievement Awards to stimulate local role models and raise aspiration and potential. Categories could include sporting achievements, volunteer activity, young carer, young inventor, business ideas, arts and crafts, family chef/baker, technology etc.	<ul> <li>Linked to Cross         <ul> <li>Cutting theme of</li> <li>Ways of Working</li> <li>and Place Leadership</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul><li>Local Partnership</li><li>Chard Youth Centre</li><li>Town Council</li><li>Holyrood Academy</li></ul>	Young people feel valued within the community, being recognised as positive role models in community life.			0
<b>CHW5 -</b> Consider formation of local digital training hub – aligned with employment advice and integrated service access points.	Widening access to	<ul><li>South Somerset DC</li><li>Holyrood Academy</li><li>Yeovil College</li></ul>	Widen local access to vocational and adult training as well as academic routes.	$\bigcirc$		
<b>CHW6</b> - Co-ordinate and promote access to sports and recreation provision across the town so that pitches, facilities, and other infrastructure meet current and future needs of community/ professional teams, and local residents and visitors. New investments should consider integrated facilities, green building standards, use of green infrastructure and sustainable urban drainage, amongst other design items. Future management models need to be considered as part of investment process.	<ul> <li>South Somerset Local Plan Review</li> <li>South Somerset Leisure Facilities Strategy 2019</li> <li>South Somerset Playing Pitch Strategy 2017</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>South Somerset DC</li> <li>Chard Town Council</li> <li>Sports and recreational organisations</li> </ul>	Residents are active in sports and recreation leading to healthy lifestyles, community cohesion and social activities, with facilities linked through active travel.			



ĤΛ	
ПШП	

Project	Policy Alignment	Organisations	Outcomes	Short	Timeline Medium	Long
CHW7 - Enhance and promote active travel routes and community development activities that support volunteering, skills development, cohesion and place management.	<ul> <li>South Somerset         Environment         Strategy 2019</li> <li>Somerset wide         Climate Emergency         Strategy</li> <li>Active Travel Route         Assessment</li> <li>Chard Transport         and Movement         Appraisal (2019)</li> <li>Spark Somerset/         Primary Care         Network projects</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>South Somerset DC</li> <li>Somerset CC</li> <li>Spark Somerset</li> </ul>	More people are more active and able to chose safer walking and cycling routes into and around Chard.			
CHW8 - Encourage healthy eating through links to local agriculture _and opportunities for community growing. ထ (ဝ (ဝ (ဝ (ဝ (ဝ (ဝ (ဝ	Somerset wide     Climate Emergency     Strategy	<ul><li>South Somerset DC</li><li>Spark Somerset</li><li>Chard Connect</li><li>Abri RSL</li></ul>	Community routes also become growing and living corridors with improved awareness, well-being, civic pride and activity levels across all ages and social groupings.			
<b>CHW9</b> - Explore further social prescribing to encourage active lifestyles and greater community cohesion and involvement. Opportunities may exist for community growing within housing areas and the town centre providing greater opportunities for intergeneration community-led action and shared learning through improved green infrastructure, local biodiversity projects, arts and culture and community action.	<ul> <li>Spark Somerset/ Primary Care Network projects</li> <li>Abri Community Investment Plan</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>South Somerset DC</li> <li>Spark Somerset</li> <li>Chard Connect</li> <li>Abri RSL</li> <li>Chard Town Council</li> </ul>	Residents across Chard have enhanced mental and physical health and well-being, leading to greater happiness and satisfaction levels.			
<b>CHW10 -</b> Work in partnership with others to facilitate expansion of local GP and community health services in the town centre to meet the needs of local growth.	South Somerset     DC Local Plan     growth objectives	Somerset NHS     Foundation Trust	Easy community access to health support and advice – centrally located contributing to the town centre vitality.	0		$\bigcirc$
<b>CHW11</b> - Work with partners to retain and enhance the quality and range of locally delivered primary, community and urgent health services focused within Chard and in line with population growth and local need.	South Somerset     DC Local Plan     growth objectives	Somerset NHS     Foundation Trust	Continued access to locally based health services meeting the needs of the expanding population.	0	0	



# **Priority Theme: Town Centre Destination**

**Ambition for Chard - Outcome:** Chard town centre will be a place that draws people to its culture, creativity and local amenities. An inspiration and enabler of community life.

**Key measures - Outputs:** More diverse uses and activities in the town centre with vacancy rate below national average. Increased footfall with visitors returning more frequently, spending more and staying longer. Varied nightime economy appealing to wider range of community interests and ages. A safer visitor experience.

Project	Policy Alignment	Organisations	Outcomes	Short	<b>Timeline</b> Medium	Long
TC1 - Maximise the benefits and relationship of a town centre located leisure centre with strong linked activity through physical improvements, joint marketing and promotional activity and an integrated signage strategy that extends the visitor experience, dwell and spend.  Develop a leisure and well-being cluster approach as part of the new leisure centre attraction, specifically opportunities to cross market with complementary leisure/lifestyle/well-being businesses, meet the buyer events, trade fayres, partnering local surgeries on health referral programmes, linking in well-being trails and other initiatives.	<ul> <li>South Somerset DC Council Plan</li> <li>Chard Regeneration Plan (2010)</li> <li>High Street Heritage Action Zone (HSHAZ)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>South Somerset DC</li> <li>Chard Town Council</li> <li>Proposed business network</li> <li>Primary care network</li> <li>Other town organisations</li> </ul>	Residents have equal access to physical activity that leads to a reduction in illness and enhanced lifestyles and outlook, with Chard town centre known for wellbeing and activity.  Chard is known as a place for leisure and well-being with a strong cluster of lifestyle/well-being enterprises and strong partnering through a multi-agency approach.			0
TC2 - Explore the feasibility of a central community hub building that is a multi-use facility that links into enterprise, arts/culture, heritage, venue space, supports the "Make it in Chard" story and activities.  Depending on building/site, residential use could be incorporated to create a micro neighbourhood.  Possible locations include:  The Boden Centre  The Lace Mill building  Land alongside Crowshute Centre  Land to rear of Town Museum  A feasibility study and options appraisal would focus on understanding current provision, demand, potential buildings/sites, costs, management and delivery, amongst other items and would inform future capital funding bid.	Work Hub Feasibility     Study 2021     Links with Priority     Aims E2 and E8 above	<ul> <li>South Somerset DC</li> <li>Chard Town Council</li> <li>Chard Connect</li> <li>Spark</li> </ul>	Chard Hub is the place to access and engage in community life and a springboard to other activity across the town, as well as being a home to Chard's heritage, adult/community learning, enterprise support, workspace and more.			

Project	Policy Alignment	Organisations	Outcomes	Short	Timeline Medium	Long
TC3 - As an integral part of the cross-cutting priority "Ways of Working", there is need for Chard businesses to come together as part of a local business network. This should cover the whole business community as set out in (E3 above) but could also include a town centre focus sub-group of interests.  Once mature, such a body could consider the feasibility of a Chard Business Improvement District (BID) which would provide an integrated action plan and a locally generated funding.	<ul> <li>Links with Priority         E3 above         Chard Regeneration         Plan (2010)     </li> </ul>	South Somerset DC     Chard Town Council     Chard Connect     Shadow business     network partnership	"Make it in Chard" is a known identity and a platform for local business to work collectively through on-line and place-based activity that promotes local quality, has local personality and is integrated.	0		
<ul> <li>TC4 - Maximise the benefit of completed Town Centre Public Realm improvements with the development of space activation plans such as street licenses, development / positioning / management of markets, street entertainment licenses and events/street activities. These being at:         <ul> <li>Eastern gateway improvements</li> <li>The Guildhall area</li> </ul> </li> <li>Holyrood Street</li> <li>Other complementary Heritage Action Zone initiatives</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>South Somerset DC Council Plan</li> <li>Chard Regeneration Plan (2010)</li> <li>Chard Town Centre Public Realm Strategy (2019)</li> <li>HSHAZ</li> </ul>	South Somerset DC     Chard Town Council	Chard's roads are streets that are appealing, functional, safe and distinctive, with natural places to gather for meeting, markets, events, activities and frame the heritage townscape of Chard.		0	$\bigcirc$
TC5 - Develop relationships with strategic and local organisations and business networks as part of a meanwhile project for unoccupied properties. To work with targeted landlords in terms of partnering, tenancy agreements, insurances, other liabilities and to help provide a shell specification. To develop and wrap around the meanwhile project a "Make it in Chard" brand and experience that is coherent and local and is a progression to more permanent business starts ups and growth across the town centre.	Chard Town Centre Public Realm Strategy (2019) HSHAZ	<ul> <li>South Somerset DC</li> <li>Chard Town Council</li> <li>Chard Connect</li> <li>Young Somerset</li> <li>Project (Somerset CC)</li> <li>Abri RSL</li> </ul>	Chard is known as being open for business and opportunity with its town centre an enterprising destination that centres on "Make it in Chard".	0	0	0
<b>TC6</b> - Provide a retail mentoring scheme that supports existing and new businesses whether this be in a market setting, meanwhile space or within a leased building that addresses frontages, thresholds, window and indoor displays, point of sale, customer care, add value through high quality service and the role of digital merchandising and stock control.	<ul> <li>South Somerset         DC Economic         Strategy 2019         HSHAZ     </li> </ul>	South Somerset DC     Proposed business     network	Chard businesses work to a quality mark that is consistent and projects a warm welcome, quality products and services.	0	0	0
TC7 - Develop a markets and events programme that complements the "Make it in Chard" place brand, communications, marketing and enterprise support programme. It needs to add value and not compete with existing independent businesses but build a cluster approach to local products, goods, services that form part of a crossmarketing campaign. Events should form part of a co-ordinated calendar approach with public buildings and spaces forming part of town events and festivals across the year.	Chard Town Council     management/activity     plan	<ul> <li>South Somerset DC</li> <li>Chard Town Council</li> <li>Chard Connect</li> <li>Chard Carnival</li> <li>and other town</li> <li>organisations</li> </ul>	Chard's rural location and setting is known through a year-round calendar that evokes community, pride, sense of place and the "Make it in Chard" story.			0



Project	Policy Alignment	Organisations	Outcomes	Short	<b>Timeline</b> Medium	Long
<ul> <li>TC8 - Develop a broader and more distinctive night time economy that appeals to local residents and visitors through a co-ordinated approach to streetscape, property improvements, business support, engaging with the "Make it in Chard" brand and the proposed meanwhile project.</li> <li>In addition to supporting established food and drink/evening time businesses other activity could include:</li> <li>Pop up cinema/theatre/mic nights</li> <li>Night markets</li> <li>Supper clubs</li> <li>Food producer/taster events</li> <li>Heritage trails by night</li> <li>Arts/crafts – make a lantern</li> <li>Where required improvements in street lighting and other measures will be introduced.</li> </ul>	Culturally Chard     HSHAZ Cultural     Programme	<ul> <li>South Somerset DC</li> <li>Chard Town Council</li> <li>Chard Connect</li> <li>Proposed business network</li> </ul>	A night out in Chard has a broad offer through physical businesses, events and activities that draw in local people and visitors. Culture, arts, heritage, food and drink and other activities are celebrated with the town centre feeling safe to explore, meet up and enjoy.			
Consider and agree arrival management for visitors into the wwn centre that provides the landing point and orientates people a legible circuit engaging with the main town attractions, spaces and activities through people friendly streets and paths.  So that it brings visitors in at the top end of the town centre.	<ul> <li>Chard Regeneration         Plan (2010)</li> <li>Chard Town Centre         Public Realm         Strategy (2019)</li> <li>HSHAZ</li> </ul>	<ul><li>South Somerset DC</li><li>Chard Town Council</li><li>Somerset CC</li></ul>	Visitors enjoy a day out in Chard that allows them to explore, dwell, sample town life, contribute to the local economy, and highly rate the town experience.	0	0	0
TC10 - Implement the Town centre parking recommendations within the Transport and Movement Appraisal to reduce the dominance of cars on streets and spaces. Opportunities to consider include:  increase off-street parking  management of on-street parking to increase footways and public space  disabled parking provision  signage improvements  junction improvements  charging strategies and payment methods  electric vehicle charging and coach parking	Chard Regeneration Plan (2010) Chard Town Centre Public Realm Strategy (2019) HSHAZ Chard Transport and Movement Appraisal (2019)	South Somerset DC	The town centre benefits from improved accessibility and clarity of vehicle parking linked to pedestrian movement to the main attractions and destinations in the town. The town centre promotes sustainable transport, welcoming those with EV's and increased visitor numbers and dwell time in the town.			0
<b>TC11</b> - Develop and implement a stronger town centre walking circuit that encompasses recreation, sports, parks and open spaces with legible links to and from the town centre as well as promotional campaigns for sports and events fixtures as well as informal recreation and outdoor well-being activities.	<ul> <li>Chard Regeneration Plan (2010)</li> <li>Chard Transport and Movement Appraisal (2019)</li> <li>Chard Town Centre Public Realm Strategy (2019)</li> <li>HSHAZ</li> </ul>	South Somerset DC     Chard Town Council     Respective     recreation and sports     organisations	Visitors enjoy a day out in Chard and area that allows them to explore, dwell, sample town life, contribute to the local economy, and highly rate the town experience.		0	0

## Future Chard strategy 2021 - 2035

Project	Policy Alignment	Organisations	Outcomes	Short	Timeline Medium	Long
<b>TC12</b> - Address the redundant mill sites when external funding becomes available. Continue to explore funding opportunities that would lead to the delivery of solutions for these key town centre sites.	Chard Regeneration Plan (2010)	South Somerset DC	The town centre is regenerated with its heritage at its heart, delivered in a way that is affordable to the public purse.		0	0



# **Priority Theme: Housing & Connectivity**

**Ambition for Chard - Outcome:** Chard will fulfill its growth objective, creating a sustainable, connected and joined-up community benefitting the whole of Chard. Chard will also be easy to get to, easy to move around and to access the green community spaces and open countryside.

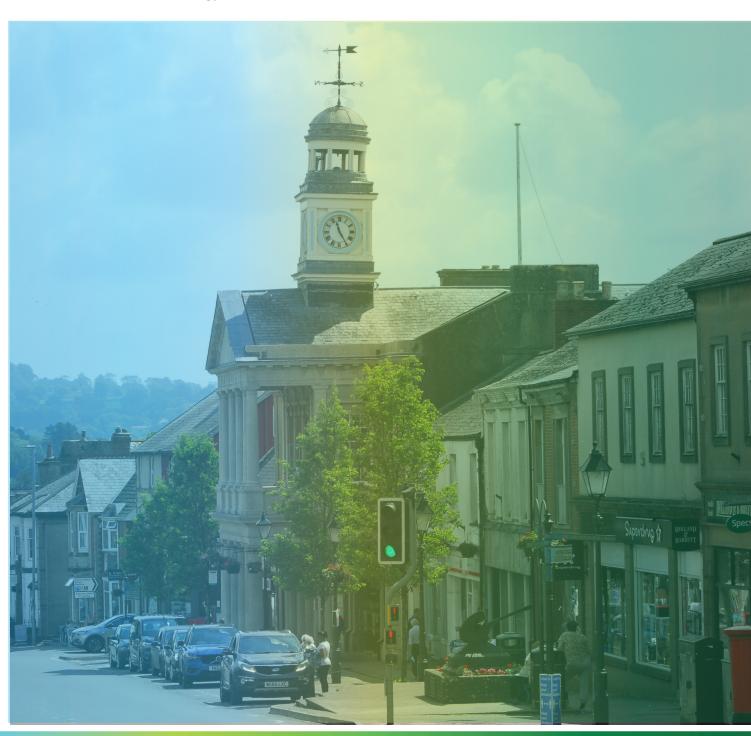
**Key measures - Outputs:** Delivery of planned new housing across Chard by the development industry. Provision of active travel routes and corridors and other local safety improvements. Reduced town centre traffic and delivery of a range of alternative sustainable transport options for local travel.

Project	Policy Alignment	Organisations	Outcomes	Short	<b>Timeline</b> Medium	Long
<b>HC1</b> - Produce a Local Cycling and Walking Investment Plan (LCWIP) for Chard and develop an active travel network across the town that is integrated, demand driven and embraces cross cutting policies and practices. This should be more than just routes but also respond to and incorporate other opportunities in terms of accessibility, travel to school and work initiatives, green infrastructure, biodiversity, community growing corridors, linkages into public transport and more.	<ul> <li>Active Travel Route         Assessment</li> <li>Chard Transport         and Movement         Appraisal 2019</li> <li>Links to Priority         Theme 4</li> </ul>	<ul><li>South Somerset DC</li><li>Somerset CC</li></ul>	Connects the whole of Chard with the core service function of the town centre – making it the primary destination choice. Supports healthy lifestyles making walking and cycling the more convenient option of choice.			
<b>HC2</b> - Review, develop and design proposals for the A358 that forms part of a wider highway network appraisal, but specifically to identify opportunities to improve the walking and cycling experience for residents, with the aim to identify where roads can become streets, with increased footway widths, crossing points, DDA improvements, cycle infrastructure and integrated signage. These should link into the active travel network proposals.	<ul> <li>Chard Regeneration Plan (2010)</li> <li>Active Travel Route Assessment</li> <li>Chard Transport and Movement Appraisal (2019)</li> </ul>	<ul><li>South Somerset DC</li><li>Somerset CC</li></ul>	A safer and more attractive environment for residents and visitors, encouraging more local walking and cycling trips, and a reduction in carbon emissions.		0	0



Project	Policy Alignment	Organisations	Outcomes	Short	Timeline Medium	Long
<ul> <li>HC3 - Develop and implement cross town centre linkages as identified in the Movement and Transport Appraisal that looks to enhance walking and cycling opportunities in terms of footway widths, crossing provision, more legible paths and routes, improved bus stop provision (shelters, real time information/timetables) links with the National Cycle Route 33. Specific areas of focus include:         <ul> <li>Boden Street – Holyrood Lace Mill and Fore Street links</li> <li>Holyrood Street/Fore Street junction</li> <li>Crowshute Link crossing improvement</li> <li>Fore Street crossing provision</li> <li>Links out to Jocelyn Park/Millfield</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Chard Regeneration Plan (2010)</li> <li>Chard Transport and Movement Appraisal (2019)</li> <li>Somerset Active Travel Strategy</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>South Somerset DC</li> <li>Somerset CC</li> <li>Sustrans</li> </ul>	Residents and visitors are confident in walking and cycling through legible, continuous, and integrated paths, trails and routes that connect neighbourhoods with the town centre.			0
HC4 - Develop the Stop Line route (Sustrans Route 33) and seek ways to improve its legibility through the town for local residents and visitors as a primary walking and cycling route with improvements at road junctions and through Millfield Industrial Estate onwards to Tatworth. The Stop Line becomes part of the Chard offer with businesses aligning walking and cycling products and services.	<ul> <li>Sustrans NCR 33</li> <li>Somerset Active         Travel Strategy     </li> </ul>	<ul><li>South Somerset DC</li><li>Somerset CC</li><li>Sustrans</li></ul>	Chard is known for walking and cycling whether on long regional routes, day rides and for residents accessing their town and rural area.	0	0	0
Acs - Explore, develop and implement green transport Phrastructure improvements through upgrades in low emission uses, cycle friendly buses and provision of electric vehicle arging points at strategic locations in the town.	Somerset Bus Strategy	<ul><li>South Somerset DC</li><li>Somerset CC</li><li>Bus operators</li></ul>	The town has strong green credentials with public transport being accessible to all, and support for electric vehicle charging at key locations.	0		0
HC6 - Explore potential for innovative solutions to retain local spending and connectivity through, for example, e-cargo bikes as part of e-commerce and carbon-neutral last-mile delivery service.  This would help with the barrier of return trips to home for some residents that wish to walk. This could be operated by a local social enterprise and involve young people.	Somerset Active     Travel Strategy	<ul> <li>South Somerset DC</li> <li>Somerset CC</li> <li>Sustrans</li> <li>Local community organisations</li> </ul>	The town has strong green credentials embracing technology, reducing carbon miles and promoting short supply chains and deliveries.	0	0	0
<b>HC7</b> - Re-engage the wider community with the plans for housing growth and clarify delivery proposals. Consider whether alternative forward funding solutions are required to advance infrastructure provision with a Chard-wide benefit and overcome concerns.	South Somerset     Local Plan Review	South Somerset DC	Community confidence in delivery of growth and local social and economic benefits.	0	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$
<b>HC8</b> - Bring partners together to understand and address flooding issues.	South Somerset     Local Plan	Somerset CC (Lead Local Flood Authority)     Chard Town Council     South Somerset DC     Other environment organisations     Local community organisations	A long-term solution is found to protect Chard from future flood events.			0

It is acknowledged that, at the time of writing, South Somerset DC and Somerset CC will shortly cease to exist. As the statutory responsibilities held by these two organisations will be the remit of Somerset Council once it is established, the roles suggested for South Somerset DC and Somerset CC within this Action Plan would logically also fall to Somerset Council.







11<sup>th</sup> August 2021



### Context

Chard is a market town in South Somerset, located in the Heart of the South West LEP and the South West region of England. It has a population of 14,000 residents and contains over 400 businesses providing around 5,000 jobs. The town is surrounded by countryside and is in close proximity to the Blackdown Hills AONB to the West and North, providing a key natural asset for residents and visitors. The town does not have a train station but is closely linked to the regional trunk road network with rail services available from nearby Crewkerne and at Axminster across the Devon border.

The town's economy has historically developed across two main areas – its manufacturing base outside the town centre, and the retail, hospitality and leisure offer in the town centre. The Chard economy is highly dependent on manufacturing, accounting for nearly half of all local jobs - 6 times higher than the average in England.

The dependence on the sector has caused Chard's economy to be vulnerable to closures, which has now come to the fore with the closure of the Oscar Mayer food processing site, resulting in an estimated loss of 800 jobs (15% of all jobs in Chard). Even before this closure, manufacturing employment has been declining in recent years despite continued expansion of the other major employer Numatic International – the home of Henry vacuum cleaner. Town centre activity appears to have been sustained prior to the Covid-19 pandemic, with employment growth in both the retail and hospitality sector in recent years although this will need careful monitoring as the economy re-opens.

Whilst the strength of the economy has helped maintain high levels of employment activity locally, the dominance of relatively low paid manufacturing employment and other activities tends to constrain the local labour market, with low levels of economic activity, a limited skills base and low-level incomes leading to low social mobility of the population generally.

# Context Map





Source: Alex Quattrone

Contains OS data © Crown copyright and database right 2021

# **Purpose of this report**

The social and economic baseline report provides an independent and robust analysis of the challenges and opportunities facing Chard today. It uses the latest publicly available data to better understand Chard in terms of its people, economy, and place. This process of analysis and reflection has been tested, explored, and interrogated through local community and stakeholder engagement and has informed the strategy development.

Several issues and opportunities have been highlighted from the social and economic analysis, centered around six key challenges outlined below. Better understanding these challenges and how they can be targeted in the Future Chard strategy will be required to ensure growth and regeneration improves the prosperity of residents living in Chard.

Key Challenges for Chard	
C1: Deliver economic opportunities for a constrained labour market	Page 5
C2: Reverse the decline in the economy	Page 9
C3: Diversify the economy and support new sectors	Page 12
C4: Tackle unequal deprivation and low social mobility across Chard	Page 15
C5: Attract more people to live and work in Chard	<u>Page 17</u>
C6: Enhance the town centre role and quality offer	<u>Page 19</u>

Appendix 1 – Deprivation Maps & Description

**Appendix 2 – Chard Wards Socio-Economic Profiles** 

## Challenge 1: Deliver economy opportunities for a constrained labour market...

## High proportion of residents over the working age...

There were around **13,900** residents living in Chard in 2019, a +3% increase (+300 residents) in the last five years. Around **1 in 4** residents are over the usual working age of 65, higher than the average of **1 in 5** residents in England but similar to the average in South Somerset and Somerset County. Chard also has higher rates of all age groups above the age of **+50 years** compared to England.

A higher proportion of residents over the working age creates challenges, due to lower levels of economic activity and a smaller labour force. It poses a challenge of how future growth and investment can provide benefits to older residents, particularly in terms of volunteering, health, and wellbeing.

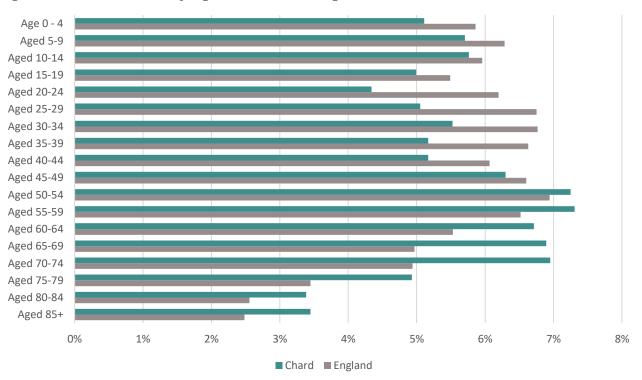


Figure 1) % of Residents by Age in Chard and England, 2019

Source: ONS, Population estimates - small area based by single year of age, 2014 - 2019. Accessed via NOMIS here.

Looking at areas within Chard, there are clear differences in age distributions. For example, Avishayes ward has a generally younger population with the highest concentration of children under 15 years (21.4%), whilst Combe is predominantly older (29% over age 65 and 50.2% over age 50).

Table 1) % Population by age by Ward Area

Age Range	Avishayes	Combe	Crimchard	Holyrood	Jocelyn	Chard
0-15 years	21.4%	15.2%	19.4%	18.2%	17.6%	18.5%
16-24 years	10.0%	7.8%	7.6%	9.8%	7.2%	8.6%
25-49 years	30.2%	26.8%	28.2%	29.7%	28.4%	28.8%
50 – 64 years	19.1%	21.4%	21.8%	18.4%	21.4%	20.3%
Aged 65+	19.3%	28.9%	23.0%	23.8%	25.4%	23.8%

Source: ONS, Population estimates - small area - 2019. Accessed via NOMIS here.

## Low levels of economic activity...

Data on economic activity is only available at the local authority level but provides an indication of trends at the local level. In addition to a lower proportion of residents who are working age (16 to 65 years old) in South Somerset they are less likely to be economically active (i.e. in employment or unemployed but able to work). In South Somerset around 1 in 4 working age residents are economically inactive, higher than the rate of around 1 in 5 residents in the Heart of the South West LEP and England. Amongst those that are economically inactive, 90% of residents do not want a job (including those who have retired), higher than 75% in HOTSW LEP and 77% in England.

Anecdotally, the local Chard situation is far better than this with a traditionally strong local employment base there has generally been a high level of economic activity and near full employment; albeit concentrated in lower value / lower paid work. The traditional availability of local jobs is, of course, beginning to be challenged with the recent loss of over 800 jobs at the Oscar Mayer plant in the town, although South Somerset District Council and partners have established a local task force response to assist those at risk of losing their job to find alternative work and further training to prepare them for the future.

**Table 2) Economic Activity Rate, 2020** 

	South Somerset	Somerset	HOTSW	South West Region	England
Economic activity rate (aged 16-64)	76%	80% 🔺	80% 🔺	81% 🔺	80% 🛦
% who are economically inactive (aged 16-64)	24%	20% ▼	20% ▼	19% ▼	21% ▼
% of economically inactive who want a job	8%	20% 🔺	25% ▲	25% ▲	23% 🛦
% of economically inactive who do not want a job	92%	80% ▼	75% ▼	76% ▼	77% ▼

Source: ONS Annual Population Survey, 2020. Accessed here.

### Low level skills base...

Like economic activity, data on skills levels is available at the local authority level. In South Somerset, there is a higher proportion of residents with no qualifications (8%) and a lower proportion with level 4 qualifications (degree level and above) (26%). This reflects other evidence available at the Chard level, such as a high proportion of employment in sectors that do not require level 4 qualifications (e.g. manufacturing, hospitality and retail) and areas of Chard falling in the top 20% deprived for education and skills.

**Table 3) Qualification Levels, 2020** 

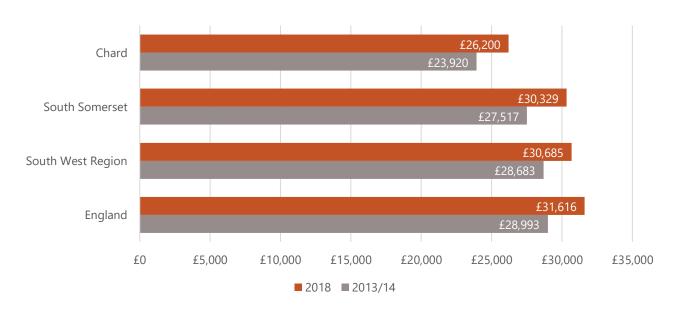
	South Somerset	Somerset	HOTSW	South West Region	England
Level 4	26%	35% 🔺	37% 🔺	41% 🔺	43% 🔺
Level 3	49%	57% 🔺	60% 🔺	62% ▲	61% 🔺
Level 2	71%	76% 🔺	<b>78%</b> ▲	80% 🛦	78% ▲
Level 1	86%	88% 🔺	90% 🔺	90% 🔺	88% 🛦
Other qualifications	6%	6% ▶	5% ▼	5% ▼	6% ▶
No Qualifications	8%	7% ▼	6% ▼	5% ▼	6% ▶

Source: ONS Annual Population Survey, 2020. Accessed here.

#### Low levels of income...

Average household incomes in Chard are around £26,200, 14% lower than the average for South Somerset (£30,300), 15% less than South West Region (£30,685) and 17% below England (£31,600). There has been a consistent pattern of lower local incomes over the past five years as highlighted in Figure 2 below.

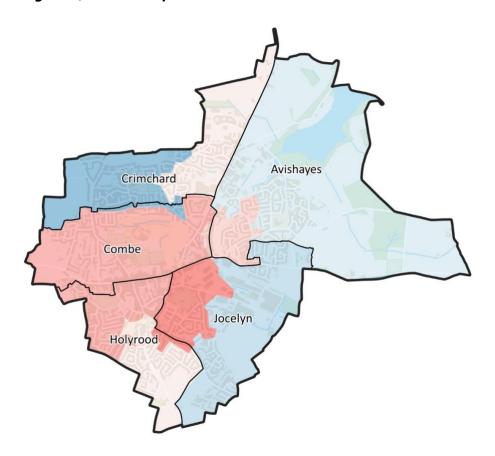
Figure 2) Average Household Income, 2013/14 to 2018



Source: ONS, ONS Small Area Income Estimates, 2014 to 2018. Accessed here.

According to deprivation data in the map overleaf (Figure 3), income deprivation is a particular issue in the west of Jocelyn ward near the town centre, north of Hollyrood near the town centre and in the ward of Combe. Low incomes reflect the sector mix in Chard, with a high proportion of lower paid jobs such as manufacturing, retail and hospitality. It also demonstrates a lack of opportunity for residents to access higher paid jobs, necessary for social mobility and improving prosperity.

Figure 3) Income Deprivation, 2019



**Deprivation Decile** (where 1 is most deprived 10% of LSOAs in England).

< Most deprived 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 Least deprived >

Source: MHCLG, English Indices of Deprivation, 2019. Accessed here

## Challenge 1 Opportunities:

- Consider investment in the Voluntary, Community, and Social Enterprise (VCSE) sector to help bridge the gap for some people between unemployment and employment.
- Seek opportunities for older age residents to contribute to community facilities and local activities through volunteering and engagement with local organisations.
- Find ways to deliver vocational training, work-based skills and adult education locally through greater use of flexible digital learning. This can support those with a lower-level skills base who may also rely on poor public transport services to transition to other types of employment.
- Maximise apprenticeship and local employment opportunities during construction of new development and regeneration sites to provide opportunities for residents to access new skills.

## Challenge 2: Reverse the decline in the economy...

## **COVID** has increased unemployment...

The proportion of residents claiming unemployment benefits in Chard was around **5.7%** in March 2021, slightly higher than the average for the Heart of the South West LEP area **(5.1%)** but lower than England **(6.6%).** Like many areas in the UK, unemployment in Chard has nearly doubled since the start of the COVID pandemic from **2.7%** in March 2020 to **5.7%** in March 2021. The rate of unemployment has, though, remained stable since the first lockdown in March 2020, with some fluctuations in line with successive lockdowns, placing restrictions on business operations.

There is a high risk that unemployment could rise in the Autumn of 2021 once the government's furlough scheme comes to an end. The bank of England has estimated an increase in unemployment of around **+0.7%** nationwide, despite restrictions lifting<sup>1</sup>. Applying this to the Chard figure would suggest local unemployment could rise to between 6% and 7% of all adults. People typically most at risk of losing their jobs or failing to enter the labour market are younger age groups. Elsewhere in the UK there is a growing trend of young adults choosing to stay in education due to a lack of opportunity in the job market. Given the lack of locally based FE training in Chard this is not as straight forward an option for many young people in the town who need to travel out to either Yeovil, Taunton or Bridgwater by public transport.

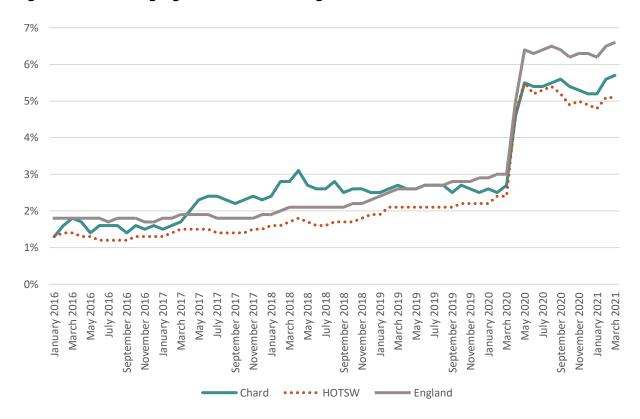


Figure 4) % Working Age Residents Claiming Benefits, 2016 to 2021

Source: ONS, Claimant Count, 2020. Accessed via NOMIS here.

\_

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> https://www.bbc.co.uk/news/business-52660591

## **Employment was declining pre-covid...**

Employment in Chard was declining in the years before the COVID pandemic, and we still await the release of more recent data to show how Covid affected local jobs. In 2019, however, there were some **5,025** people employed in Chard, a decline of **-825 total jobs (-14%)** compared to 2014. This is despite **+3%** growth in employment in South Somerset and HOTSW LEP, and **+5%** in England. This could be reflected in unemployment rates locally, with the proportion of residents claiming unemployment benefits increasing from just over **1%** in January 2016 to **2.5%** unemployed in March 2020. Although this change is in line with the national trend, and could have been impacted by macro-economic impacts, such as Brexit.

Of particular concern is the fall in **full time jobs** which have declined by **-24%**, whereas **part time jobs** increased by +11% between 2014 and 2015. This indicates considerable transition in the economy and will have further impact on overall household incomes.

The planned closure of **Oscar Mayer**<sup>2</sup> in the Chard Holyrood ward scheduled for September 2021 will add to this trend of decline, with an estimated loss of **-800 jobs**, around **16%** of all jobs in Chard. The redundancy task force has been launched to find employment for those whose jobs are at risk from the closure of Oscar Mayer. It is important to note that employees working at Oscar Mayer will have skills levels at around NVQ Level 2 and Level 3, suited to skilled trade occupations and process, plant and machine operative occupations, although it is understood there may still be language barriers for many of the employees to easily transition to other employers. Some capacity is understood to be emerging through further expansion at Numatic International in Chard, but others will face the challenge of looking further afield for employment with the added complication of poor public transport and accessibility without access to private cars.



Figure 5) % Change in Employee jobs by Type, 2014 – 2019 (Full-Time/Part-Time & Total Jobs)

Source: ONS, Business Register Employment Survey, 2019. Accessed via NOMIS here.

Note – Full-Time jobs in Somerset increased by 1% over the period but fails to register on the graph due to the scale.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> https://www.oscarmayer.co.uk/chard-update/

#### Challenge 2 Opportunities:

- Work with employers across Chard to connect those at risk of unemployment from the Oscar Mayer closure to find new employment.
- Establish local employment contracts within the Chard Regeneration programmes and with developers of the urban expansion sites.
- Facilitate local residents to access other employment opportunities.
- Nurture business startups by providing workspace and supporting infrastructure.
- Support businesses to reopen and deliver public realm improvements and events to stimulate footfall in the town centre to safeguard local employment.

#### Challenge 3: Diversify the economy and support new sectors...

#### High dependence on manufacturing sector...

Manufacturing is the largest sector in Chard, with an estimated **2,150 jobs** in 2019. This accounts for **43%** of jobs and is nearly **6 times** higher than the proportion of jobs in England. Manufacturing employment is split equally between Millfield Industrial Estate in Jocelyn Ward and the Oscar Mayer site in Crimchard Ward.

The public sector (**890 jobs**) and retail (**630 jobs**) are the next two biggest sectors, accounting for **18%** and **13%** of employment respectively. Chard is underrepresented in several higher value sectors compared to the England average, including ICT, Media and Creative services and financial and professional services.

The high dependance on the manufacturing sector means the economy is less resilient to shocks, such as the Oscar Mayer site closure which is cutting the manufacturing employment base in half. The result is high levels of skills and occupational lock-in from residents, making it more difficult to transition to other jobs and sectors.

Manufacturing Public Admin, Education, Health Retail Financial and Professional Services Hospitality, Leisure and Recreation **Business Support Services** Construction Transport **Motor Trades** Other Services Wholesale Warehousing and Logistics ICT, Media and Creative Services Utilities and waste Agriculture and Mining 0% 10% 20% 30% 40% 50% Sum of Chard ■ Sum of England

Figure 6) % of Total Employment in Chard by Sector, 2019

Source: ONS, Business Register Employment Survey, 2019. Accessed via NOMIS here.

#### Low number of specialised and growing sectors...

The economy currently has few sectors which are specialised and growing, considered as fundamental to the economic distinctiveness and growth of Chard in the future. The chart on page 14 shows the breakdown of Chard's economy by employment sector, identifying specialisation compared to England, proportional growth over the last five years, and the total size of the sector.

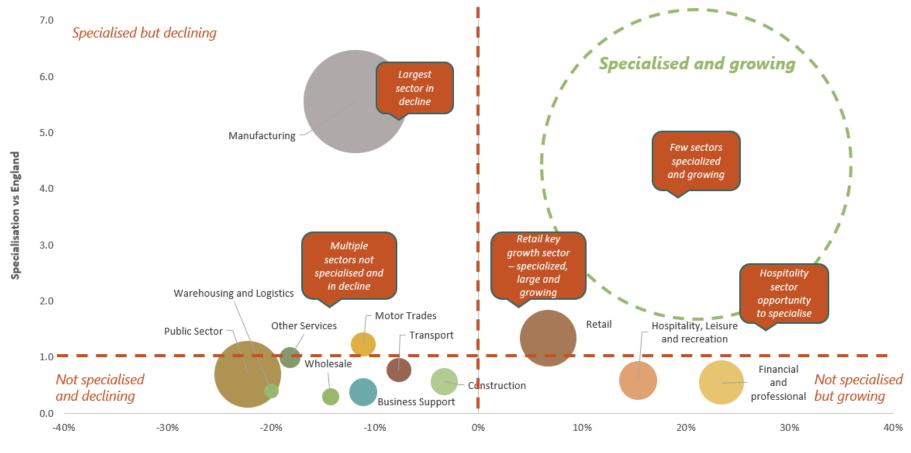
Analysis of the chart overleaf identifies a number of key trends:

- Manufacturing is the largest sector but has been in decline and will lose further jobs in 2021.
- Multiple sectors have seen employment losses in recent years, including the public sector, construction, motor trades, wholesale, business support and warehousing and logistics.
- **Retail** is a key growth sector in chard, as it is more **1.3 times** more specialized than the average in England, is the third largest sector (**c. 600 jobs**) and has grown by around **+8%** in recent years.
- The hospitality and leisure sector has grown by around +15% in recent years but is not yet specialised. There is an opportunity to increase employment in this sector, so it accounts for a greater proportion of jobs locally and contributes to the distinctiveness and offer of the town centre.
- The financial and professional sector is the highest growing sector, with an increase of +22% jobs in recent years. This is a key sector that could benefit from an increase in workspace provision, particularly given the high number of sole traders operating in this field.

#### **Challenge 3 Opportunities:**

- Continue to support the manufacturing sector whilst diversifying the local economy.
- Delivery of affordable workspace and infrastructure for creative start-ups and resident entrepreneurs where there is understood to be potential in the wider rural area.
- Deliver this by leveraging value from new developments, including the use of S106 and affordable workspace policies.

Figure 7) Chard Sector Breakdown: Sector Size, Specialisation and Growth, 2014 – 2019



% Employment Growth, 2014 - 2019

**Specialisation:** the proportion of total employment vs the average proportion in England. A score above 1 is more specialized (<u>i.e.</u> score of 2 is 2 times more specialised) **Growth:** % employment growth between 2014 and 2019

Size of bubble: total employment in sector

**Source:** ONS, Business Register Employment Survey, 2019. Accessed via NOMIS <a href="here">here</a>.

#### Challenge 4: Tackle unequal deprivation and low social mobility across Chard...

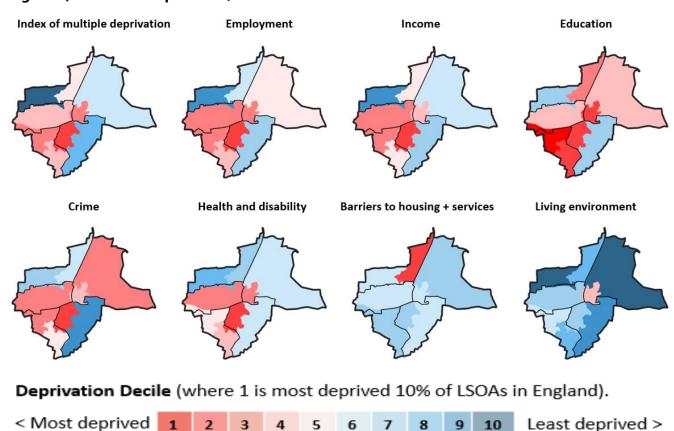
#### There are serious pockets of deprivation in Chard...

The prosperity and life opportunities of residents living in Chard is unequal, with large differences in deprivation levels found across the town. The maps below show the different domains of deprivation by small geographical areas (Lower Super Output Areas), as provided by the ONS. The indices of multiple deprivation (IMD) cannot be aggregated to the local ward levels, but the maps have been presented with the ward boundaries for easy comparison. Further explanation of the national IMD data is set out in Appendix 1.

Analysis highlights of deprivation maps highlights several key trends:

- The town centre area west of the **Jocelyn Ward** falls within the **top 20%** most deprived across **all domains**, excluding barriers to housing and services and living environment.
- The west area of the Holyrood Ward falls within the **top 10%** most deprived for **education and skills** deprivation, whilst the east area falls within the **top 20%** most deprived, reflecting low skills attainment and lack of opportunity for residents.
- The northeast area of the **Crimchard Ward** falls within the **top 10%** deprived for **barriers to housing and servicing**, reflecting issues relating to affordability and homelessness.
- **Employment, education, and crime** deprivation are the greatest issues across the whole town area when compared to other domains.

Figure 8) Indices of Deprivation, 2019



Source: MHCLG, English Indices of Deprivation, 2019. Accessed <a href="here">here</a>.

#### Persistent low incomes, poor skills and occupations constrain life chances ...

It is widely recognised that good education and good quality jobs are crucial in 'getting ahead' and yet many individuals across Chard are potentially held back by a complex set of often inter-related factors such as low household income, housing, ill-health or disability and poor transport and digital communications.

According to the UK's Social Mobility Commission (2018) relative occupational mobility has changed little over the last five years nationally: those from better off backgrounds are almost 80 per cent more likely to land a top job than their working-class peers. Furthermore, at 34 per cent, the share of working-class people in professional occupations in 2018 was only a little higher than it was 2014 (32 per cent) despite the increased number of jobs available at this level.

Social mobility is fundamentally about ensuring that a person's occupation and income are not tied to where they start in life: "it is about fairness across society and ensuring that people of all backgrounds get equal opportunities and choices in early years, at school, in further education, in universities and at work". (Social Mobility Commission, 2019).

It is difficult to determine the real picture within Chard due to limited local area data. The National <u>Social Mobility Index</u> (2020) places South Somerset in the bottom 30-40% of all 324 local authority areas across England. Given the evidence from IMD for Chard highlighted earlier, it is likely Chard will be significantly worse than this overall district performance. The key factors addressed in the index include:

- Early Years including % of nursery providers rated outstanding or good by Offsted
- School Years rating standard of local schools and achievements at Key Stage 2 and GCSE
- Youth % of school leavers not in education, employment or training and progress to A' level and Higher Education
- Adulthood median weekly earnings, average house prices relative to earnings, % of local managerial and professional occupations, % of families with children who own their own home.

#### **Challenge 4 Opportunities:**

- Tackle a wide range of deprivation issues and level up the town centre in relation to other
- Engage with individuals within the community to encourage and foster sense of local inclusion providing targeted support and signposting to further help.
- Faciliate greater local access to support and training, including adult education
- Broaden the local employment base and develop new enterprise start-ups and social enterprise vehicles as alternative to traditional employment expecations.
- Increase linkages between developers, employers and FE colleges to increase skills and employment opportunities for residents.

#### Challenge 5: Attract more people to live and work in Chard...

Housing is more affordable than the average in Somerset...

According to ONS data, the average price of a property in Chard is around £185,000, less than average of £227,000 in South Somerset and the average of £270,000 in England and Wales. The price of all properties in Chard are 7.2 times the average annual resident household income before housing costs, slightly more affordable than South Somerset (7.5 times) and better than England overall (8.1 times). Affordability of properties increases substantially with flats/maisonettes, which are less than 4 times the average annual household income before housing costs, based on an average household value of under £100,000.

Housing affordability relative to South Somerset is a key strength for Chard, providing an affordable location to live whilst retaining access to the natural assets. Lower values can be an indication of lower demand compared to other places, suggesting that more needs to be done to make the area a more desirable location to live. Improving the town centre offer will enable Chard to capitalise on housing affordability and attract new working age residents to live and work in the area.

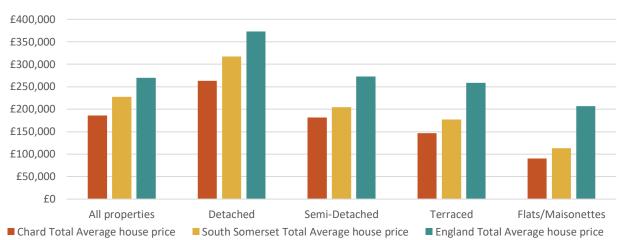
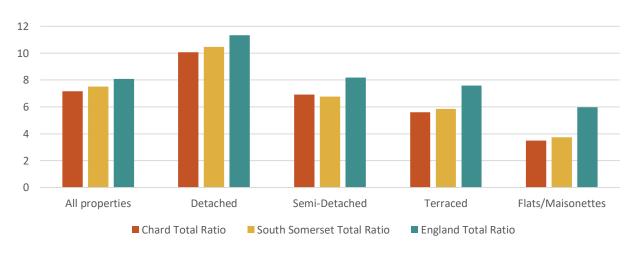


Figure 9) Median House Prices, 2018





Source: ONS, Ratio of median house price to net annual household income before housing costs, 2018. Accessed here.

#### **Challenge 5 Opportunities:**

- Deliver a mix of housing options for residents, with a focus of attracting younger working age residents who are likely to be first time buyers.
- Deliver the supporting community infrastructure to maintain the sustainability vision and community integration with local growth

#### Challenge 6: Enhance the town centre role and quality offer ...

#### Chard town centre... community service focus

The core town centre is relatively compact and focused on Fore Street and Holyrood Street. The town centre vacancy rate has increased closer to the national average at the start of 2021 (12.4%) although new investment is taking place with the recent arrival of Home Bargains. The town currently retains three banks or buildings societies which are often at risk following national trends.

Comparison shopping still dominates the town centre offer at around 30% of all units, although lower than the national average of 39% and with fewer national operators and a more limited range than larger, destination, town centres.

Chard provides a much higher level of retail services (hairdressers, opticians etc) occupying nearly 21% of all town centre units compared to 12% on average across the UK, reflecting the strong community-oriented role of Chard town centre.

Town centre food shopping is slightly lower than the national average provision and includes a Sainsburys supermarket off Bath Street as well as several specialist (Polish) food outlets and a local butcher. Further food shopping is available outside the town centre with a large Tesco store and Lidl serving the wider Chard area.

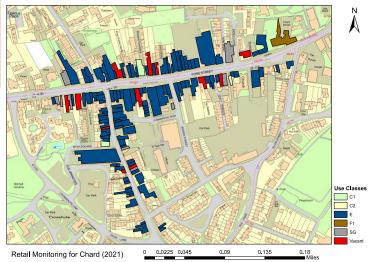
The food and drink and social scene – including nightlife - lacks depth and sometimes quality with an opportunity for an enterprising culture to fill gaps in the market and potential to re-enforce its rural setting and connection with food and farming.

**Table 4) Town Centre Uses – Ground Floor units** 

	Chard 20	Chard 2021		
Use	Numbe	%	%	
	r			
Convenience (Food)	10	7.3%	8.0%	
Comparison	41	29.9%	39.0%	
Shopping				
Retail Service	27	19.7%	12.0%	
Retail Leisure	23	16.8%	18.0%	
Business	19	13.9%	10.0%	
Vacant	17	12.4%	13.0%	
Totals	137	100.0	100.0	
		%	%	

Source: SSDC Retail Monitoring January/February 2021

Figure 11) Town centre distribution of uses

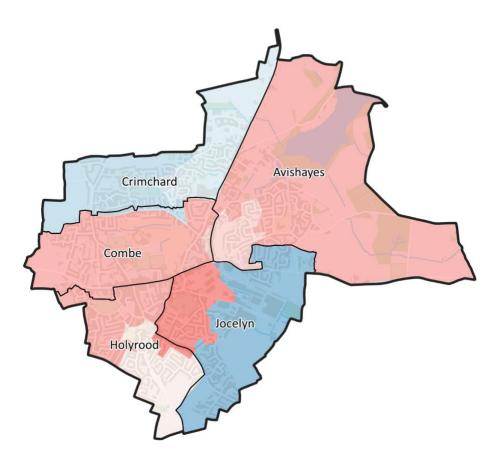


Source: SSDC Retail Monitoring January/February 2021

#### Issues of crime in the town centre...

According to ONS indices of deprivation, the area south of the town east of the town centre within the **Jocelyn ward** falls within the top 20%. Other areas in Chard, including north of Holyrood, Combe and Avishayes fall within the top 30% most deprived. This suggests that there is a need to address issues of crime and anti-social behaviour, particularly in town centre area.

Figure 12) Crime Deprivation, 2019



**Deprivation Decile** (where 1 is most deprived 10% of LSOAs in England).

< Most deprived 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 Least deprived >

Source: MHCLG, English Indices of Deprivation, 2019. Accessed here

#### **Challenge 6 Opportunities:**

- Deliver events and cultural programmes to increase footfall and improve the town centre offer and distinctiveness as a destination.
- Work with the police to explore potential for greater visibility of officers and further support from Community Support Officers

# **Appendix 1 – Deprivation Maps & Description**

The Index of Multiple Deprivation (IMD) is the official measure of relative deprivation in England. It is based on 39 separate indicators organized across seven distinct domains of deprivation. A deprivation score across these domains is given to every Lower Super Output Area (LSOA) in England, small statistical areas or neighbourhoods containing around 1,000 residents. There are precisely 32,844 LSOAs in the England.

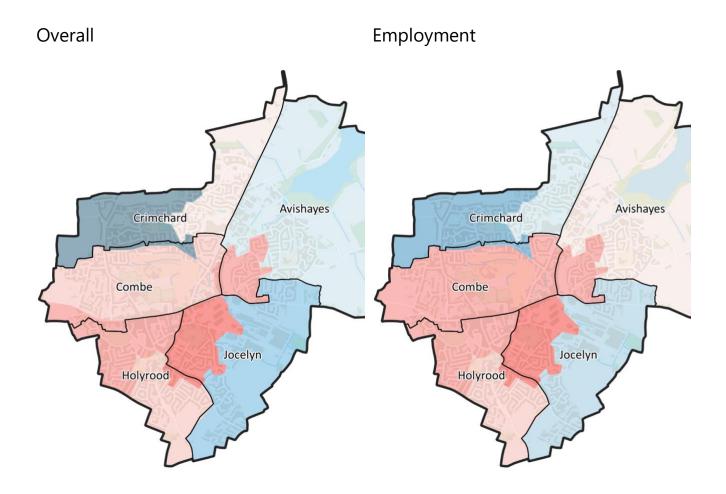
All **LSOAs** are ranked according to their level of deprivation relative to that of other **LSOAs** in England. **Highly ranked** LSOAs can be referred to as being 'most deprived' or 'highly deprived'. It is important to note that there is no definitive threshold above which an area is described as 'deprived', as this rank is relative to other areas and is not based on an absolute scale. For example, a neighbourhood ranked **100**<sup>th</sup> is more deprived than a neighbourhood ranked **200**<sup>th</sup> but is not twice as deprived.

For the purposes of comparison, LSOAs are sorted into **deciles** from **1 to 10** based on their rank against all LSOAs in England. For example, if an LSOA ranks in the **highest 10%** of LSOAs in England for a deprivation domain, its **decile is 1**. Alternatively, if it ranks in the **lowest 10%** its **decile is 10**. The table adjacent shows the rank, % rank and deprivation decile for illustration.

The maps below show the relative deprivation of LSOAs in Chard compared to all LSOAs in England. This is shown for the overall index of deprivation and the 7 distinct domains. Each map is colour coded based on the deprivation decile of each LSOA, where 1 is the most deprived 10% of LSOAs in England. This corresponds to the data presented as reference in appendix table 2.

Appendix table 1) Deprivation ranks and relative % most deprived and decile

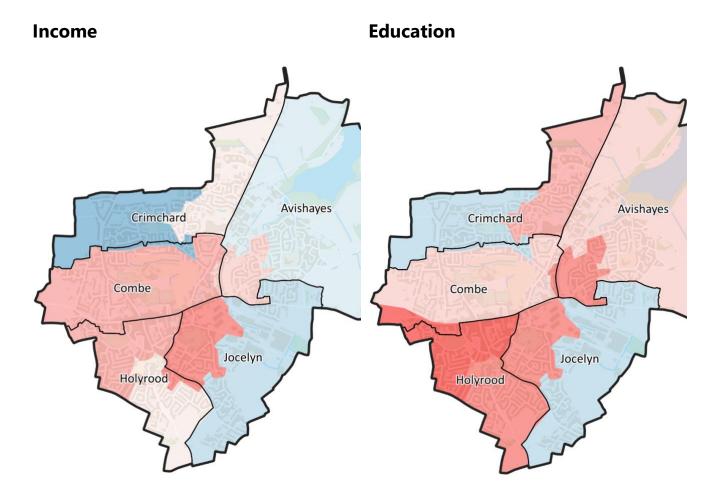
Rank (out of 32,844 LSOAs)	% rank	Deprivation Decile
3,284	10%	1
6,569	20%	2
9,853	30%	3
13,138	40%	4
16,422	50%	5
19,706	60%	6
22,991	70%	7
26,275	80%	8
29,560	90%	9
32,844	100%	10



Deprivation Decile (where 1 is most deprived 10% of LSOAs in England).

< Most deprived 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 Least deprived >

Source: MHCLG, English Indices of Deprivation, 2019. Accessed here



Deprivation Decile (where 1 is most deprived 10% of LSOAs in England).

< Most deprived 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 Least deprived >

**Source:** MHCLG, English Indices of Deprivation, 2019. Accessed <a href="here">here</a>

# Crime Health and Disability Avishayes Crimchard Avishayes Combe Holyrood Holyrood

Deprivation Decile (where 1 is most deprived 10% of LSOAs in England).

< Most deprived 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 Least deprived >

Source: MHCLG, English Indices of Deprivation, 2019. Accessed here

# Barriers to Housing Living Environment Avishayes Crimchard Avishayes Combe Holyrood Holyrood Combe

Deprivation Decile (where 1 is most deprived 10% of LSOAs in England).

< Most deprived 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 Least deprived >

Source: MHCLG, English Indices of Deprivation, 2019. Accessed here

# **Appendix 2 – Chard Wards Socio-Economic Profiles**

There are five ward areas within Chard as follows:

- Avishayes
- Coombe
- Crimshaw
- Holyrood
- Jocelyn

The location and boundary of each ward area is shown opposite with an overview of the socio-economic context of each area set out over the following pages.



Source: Google Maps Contains OS data © Crown copyright and database right 2021

The ward profiles are drawn from information contained within Somerset Intelligence web site and captures data from ONS and other sources. For some aspects the latest available small area data is from the 2011 Census which will only be updated once results from the more recent 2021 Census are released.

Some of the indicators highlighting relative differences between the Chard wards are shown in the table below. Elements of significant difference are highlighted in green. Those elements of particular concern in Chard are highlighted in amber. Where performance rates are shown these are benchmarked in relative terms against the Somerset County average rate.

**Table 1: Chard Wards Socio-Economic Overview** (

table 1: Chara trains socio Economic Overview (						
	Avishayes	Combe	Crimchard	Holyrood	Jocelyn	
Population 2019	2,800	2,200	2,900	3,500	2,500	
Popn 2011-19	▲+17%	▼-12%	▲+21%	▲+17%	<b>▼</b> – 17%	
Age 0-14	21.4%	15.2%	19.4%	18.2%	17.6%	
Age 65+	19.3%	28.9%	23.0%	23.8%	25.4%	
All age mortality Rate*	+12%	+17%	-16%	-10%	+63%	
Crime rates*						
Violence & Sexual	+23%	+54%	-31%	+50%	-18%	
Anti-social behaviour	+73%	+116%	-45%	+110%	+68%	
Free School Meals*	+38%	-14%	+33%	+30%	+58%	
Key Stage 2*	-12%	-5%	-5%	=	+21%	
Reading Writing Maths						
GCSE English & Maths*	-47%	-8%	+8%	-7%	+8%	

Source: Somerset Intelligence from various data sets

All indicators marked \* are benchmarked relative to the Somerset County average rates.

19th March 2019 Appendix D

# **Equality Impact Relevance Check**Form



The Public Sector Equality Duty requires us to eliminate discrimination, advance equality of opportunity and foster good relations with protected groups. This tool will identify the equalities relevance of a proposal, and establish whether a full Equality Impact Assessment will be required.

What is the proposal?	
Name of the proposal	Future Chard Strategy 2021-2035
Type of proposal (new or changed Strategy, policy, project, service or budget):	New strategy
Brief description of the proposal:	A whole-place view of Chard with pathway to social & economic wellbeing
Name of lead officer:	Anna Matthews/Peter Paddon

You should consider whether the proposal has the potential to negatively impact on citizens or staff in the following ways:

- Access to or participation in a service,
- Levels of representation in our workforce, or
- Reducing quality of life (i.e. health, education, standard of living)

A negative impact is any change that could be considered detrimental. If a negative impact is imposed on any citizens or staff with protected characteristics, the Council has a legal duty to undertake a full Equality Impact Assessment.

Could your proposal negatively impact citizens with protected characteristics? (This	NO
includes service users and the wider community)	
Could your proposal negatively impact staff with protected characteristics? (i.e.	NO
reduction in posts, changes to working hours or locations, changes in pay)	

Is a full Equality Impact Assessment required	? NO					
If Yes, Please provide a brief description of where there may be negative impacts, and for whom. Then complete a full Equality Impact assessment Form						
If No, Please set out your justification for why	y not.					
different voices in the community have been consultation, plus informal online and inper (e.g. older people's luncheon club). Howeve	onsultation with organisations in Chard, to ensure that in represented. It has also been subject to formal public son to those who may not have been able to come to user, as the Strategy's action plan with its associated projects the subject to their own Equality Impact Assessments					
and service are delivered these will need to be subject to their own Equality Impact Assessments.  Service Director / Manager sign-off and date Peter Paddon 18/01/22						
Equalities Officer sign-off and date	Dave Crisfield 18 <sup>th</sup> January 2022					

# Agenda Item 9



#### **Decarbonisation programme phase 2 proposals**

Executive Portfolio Holder: Sarah Dyke, Environment Portfolio Holder Strategic Director: Kirsty Larkins, Director, Service Delivery

Service Manager: Robert Orrett, Commercial Property Land and Development

Manager

Lead Officer: Robert Orrett, Commercial Property Land and Development

Manager

Contact Details: <a href="mailto:robert.orrett@southsomerset.gov.uk">robert.orrett@southsomerset.gov.uk</a> or 01935 462075

#### **Purpose of the Report**

 This report recommends a second phase of decarbonisation works to council owned properties as a significant contribution towards the council's commitment to achieving carbon neutrality.

#### **Public Interest**

2. As part of its Environmental Strategy and its aspiration to be carbon neutral across operations by 2030, South Somerset District Council (SSDC) is aiming to reduce the greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions of its operations. A major focus for this is emissions from operational buildings. The intention is to phase work over several years. This report recommends a project to deliver a significant phase of improvements in 2022-23.

#### Recommendations

- 3. That Full Council agree to:
  - a. Approve the programme of decarbonisation works recommended in this report.
  - b. Approve an increase to the capital budget of £2,760,000 to be funded from borrowing.
  - c. Approve an increase to the council's revenue budget of circa £53,960 per annum to fund the financing costs arising from the borrowing required.

#### **Background**

4. The South Somerset Environment Strategy was formally adopted and approved by Councillors of South Somerset District Council in October 2019. The strategy sets out both the immediate actions and long-term goals for the district achieve a significant reduction in SSDC's carbon emissions.

# **South Somerset**

# **District Council**

- 5. A significant proportion of its current GHG emissions is within its built estate and the focus of this project is on the technical aspects of reducing emissions from this source. It is expected that a programme of decarbonisation of council operational buildings will be continued over a number of years.
- 6. A first project of decarbonisation works is being progressed at council owned leisure centres. This report recommends a second phase of works which have been specifically targeted at operational buildings with significant service plant that is near the end of operational life and thus requires replacing in any event.
- 7. SSDC appointed an expert consultancy now called EQUANS to carry out energy audits/surveys on a selection of ten of our larger buildings to determine their pathway to net zero carbon. Following this initial work, the same adviser provided detailed technical design and specification work for various packages of work at a series of buildings which would all contribute to reducing emissions from those buildings.
- 8. From that assessment, work at several building has been prioritised as forming a proportionate scale of project to deliver in 2022-23 and also to address buildings where normal service use of the building is vulnerable to disruption due to existing services plant being at the end of its design life and therefore with increased risk of failure.

#### **Proposed works**

- 9. The overall assessment of packages provided by EQUANS included installation of air and ground sourced heat pumps, chiller replacement, roof mounted solar PV and improvements to glazing and lighting. From this assessment, a single year priority programme has been drawn up.
- 10. The rationale for this has been to select items which were amongst the packages provided by EQUANS but target also items which are also priorities for replacement of existing building services plant with high risk of short-term failure due the plant being at the end of its functional life expectancy.
- 11. Three buildings have been selected on this basis Westlands venue (boiler risk), John O'Donnell Pavilion (boiler risk) and the Council Offices at Brympton Way (chiller). In addition, lighting improvements to move to LED lighting and Solar PV also at several buildings. These categories have been selected as there should be economies to be gained by carrying out work at multiple locations under one contract and both offer direct benefit of energy cost savings as well as emissions reductions.
- 12. The categories proposed by building are shown in the table below:



Table 1

Category	Westlands	JOD	Brympton	LIGHTING	SOLAR
		Pavilion	Way	Remaining sites:	Remaining sites:
				Brympton	Lufton
				Lufton	Petters
				Petters	YIC
				YIC	Yeovil Country
				Crematorium	Park
					Ham Hill
Air Source	Х	Х			
Heat Pump					
Lighting	X	Х	X	Х	
Solar PV	Х	Χ			Х
Insulation	Х				
Glazing	X				
Chiller			Х		
EC Fans			Х		

- 13. The budget estimate for the supply and installation of these packages is £2,215,000. Allowance has been added for contingency, fees and CDM requirements with an allowance of 20%, with a further spot allowance for additional design fees of £100,000. The total sum requested in terms of additional capital for this programme is £2,760,000.
- 14. Options that have been considered are:
  - 14.1. Do nothing this would result in no reduction in SSDC's carbon emissions for 2022-23, failing to meet our Environmental Strategy. It would also leave significant risk of operational disruption at key buildings as heating equipment is in need of replacement.
  - 14.2. Restrict works to direct replacement of functionally obsolete service plant at Westlands, John O'Donnell Pavilion and Brympton Way. This could be achieved for a lower capital spend. The lowest cost approach would be to replace gas fired boilers with current design new gas boilers. This would be cheaper and more simple. The reduction in carbon emissions would be much less. Reflecting the capital budget already approved for Westlands, the additional capital would be c£850,000.
  - 14.3. Implement this programme of works shown in Table 1 above. This delivers an effective series of packages that will achieve significant reductions in carbon emissions, upgrade service plant and equipment at key operational buildings, improve the working environment and extend the economic life of assets.

#### **Financial Implications**

15. The potential expenditure is estimated to be £2,760,000. There will be indirect financial benefits as this expenditure will replace significant items of building services plant that are at risk of failure, and thus protect the council from that expenditure.

# **South Somerset**

- District Council

  16. This expenditure will need to be financed from borrowing which means that additional charges will be made to the council's revenue budget estimated to be in the region of £53.960 per year.
- 17. There will be savings in energy costs achieved by some of the packages of works. The use of Air Sourced Heat Pumps enables heating by electricity rather than gas. This is an effective route to using sustainable fuel but of itself involves a higher cost per unit of heating. This should be mitigated by other improvements in the budget.
- 18. Appropriate allowance for project contingency has been included to avoid the risk of project overspend due to unforeseen costs.

#### **Council Plan Implications**

- 19. The current Council Plan demonstrates the council's commitment to keep South Somerset green, clean and attractive and respond to the climate and ecological emergency. The first area of focus under this theme is to continue the delivery of the Environment Strategy action plan reducing our carbon emissions by 10% every year, to reach carbon neutrality by 2030.
- 20. The approach recommended also supports the council plan theme of protecting core services by recognising the synergy of prioritising packages that both reduce carbon emissions but also address operational vulnerabilities.

#### **Carbon Emissions and Climate Change Implications**

21. The primary aim of the recommendation is to contribute to reducing the greenhouse gas.

# **Equality and Diversity Implications**

22. An Equality Impact Assessment relevance check was completed and it is determined that a full Equality Impact Assessment is not required at this stage, but may be required once we develop specific actions.

#### **Privacy Impact Assessment**

23. A Data Protection Impact Assessment has been completed and identified that the data risk is very low.

#### **Background Papers**

SSDC Environmental Strategy

# Agenda Item 10



#### **Options to refurbish Yeovil Crematorium**

Executive Portfolio Holder: Cllr Peter Gubbins, Yeovil Crematorium/Area South Ward Member(s) Cllr Peter Seib, Cllr Alan Smith, Cllr Jeny Snell Nicola Hix, Director, Support Services and Strategy

Jill Byron, Solicitor and Monitoring Officer

Service Manager: James Divall, Assistant Director, Strategy & Support Services
Lead Officer: Robert Orrett, Commercial Property Land & Development Manager

Contact Details: Robert.orrett@southsomerset.gov.uk or 01935 462075

#### **Purpose of the Report**

1. To update members on the refurbishment of Yeovil Crematorium and request an increase of £800,000 to the project budget.

#### **Public Interest**

2. This report contains an update on the previously agreed proposal to refurbish and update Yeovil Crematorium to continue and improve upon the quality of the service offered to grieving families and mourners.

#### Recommendations

- 3. That Full Council:
  - a. agree to increase the Capital Budget by £800k, as part of the Capital Programme to give the overall project a maximum budget of £5.721m.
  - b. note that approval has been given for the originally approved construction project to proceed provided that the contract sum is within the revised budget.

**Note:** our joint venture partner, Yeovil Without Parish Council, met on 16 February and agreed to support recommendation A.

#### **Background**

- 4. South Somerset District Council (SSDC) owns an 89% interest in Yeovil Crematorium and Yeovil Without Parish Council (YWPC) owns an 11% interest. Yeovil Crematorium is the only crematorium facility in the immediate area and averages 1700 cremations a year. It supports a large geographic area. The crematorium is managed by SSDC on behalf of the Yeovil Crematorium and Cemetery Committee. The existing crematorium was built in 1970 and is now rather dated and lacking in capacity (for example, the existing chapel accommodates less than 100 mourners).
- 5. In June 2017 the decision was taken to refurbish and update Yeovil Crematorium by constructing a new chapel, a new waiting room (created from the existing chapel), a smaller secondary chapel and improved parking and other associated facilities, including replacement cremators. This decision followed a detailed review by Rose Project Management consultants of the existing facilities and an assessment of future demand



for crematory services in the Yeovil area for the next 25-50 years. In August 2019 it was agreed to increase the budget from £4m to £4.921m to reflect the actual tenders received.

6. The two main elements of the approved project were the construction works and the cremator replacements. Pre-covid, the cremator replacement work had started and cremator number one (C1) of a planned two was installed. The main contractor for the construction project had been competitively selected but in the event not contracted as the construction project was deferred due to cost risk and operational pressures linked to the pandemic. Throughout the remainder of 2020 and the first half of 2021, the operational focus for the crematorium was meeting continuing needs for funerals in the area during the pandemic. This was often challenging for families and mourners coping with loss, and also for the staff at the crematorium.

#### **The Current Position**

- 7. The approved construction scheme is ready to start, but there is an overall project budget shortfall of around £800k due to (i) cremator issues outside the Councils' control which had to be addressed and (ii) an increase in construction costs since the project was originally tendered.
- 8. **Cremator issues** as set out in paragraph 7 above, C1 was installed as part of the project. A second containerised cremator (C2) was purchased during the pandemic via the Covid budget to secure operational resilience. This left the project with two working cremators and additional monies in the project budget. Unfortunately, the supplier of C1 went into liquidation, leaving behind a new machine that had mercury abatement issues, which needed to be addressed on environmental grounds. Without proper mercury abatement measures in place, there are damaging emissions into the general environment and the crematorium is subject to an obligation to pay CAMEO fees of c. £45,000 per annum on typical levels of activity. Only one proposal to investigate and carry out reinstatement works on C1 was received and that was without any warranty being offered and at a significant cost.
- 9. The cremator market is small and providers will only abate and guarantee their own systems, so a new bariatric cremator (C3) has been purchased from FT (the manufacturer/supplier of C2) to replace C1 and ensure the mercury abatement issues are properly addressed. The purchase of C3 increased spend on the original cremator element of the overall approved project budget by around £365k, but this will result in the installation of C2 and C3 within the Crematorium and deal with the abatement issues.
- 10. Construction costs the main contractor selected pre-pandemic is available to carry out the works as originally planned but construction costs have increased since 2019. The combination of Brexit and COVID has caused serious supply issues in the construction sector. There has been significant cost increase for some categories of material as well as general cost inflation. Based on a review with the contractor and building in a prudent element of allowance, the estimate is that the cost of the construction work will have increased by about £390,000. Allowance has been made for additional professional fees due to the project disruption of £37,500. Design work is complete and, subject to the additional funds being available, work could start almost immediately.

# **Construction Project Options**

# **South Somerset**

**District Council** 

- 11. In the light of the potential impact of local government reorganisation, officers have identified the following options:
  - A Proceed with the scheme as originally designed with the preferred contractor. For the reasons set out above, this will require an additional budget of £800,000. It should be possible to start the main contract on site in May 2022 (90 weeks build programme).
  - B Defer the construction element for a future decision by the new Somerset Council. This would reduce capital commitment by around £2.5m but effectively write off £262k of design spend already paid for the current scheme. Note: Somerset Council will also become responsible for Taunton crematorium.
  - C Prepare a reduced scheme within the existing (remaining) budget. This would not be a simple deletion of elements of the approved scheme and it is unlikely that a revised project could start on site before April 2023, although this would depend on the brief and the planning and procurement processes. Most if not all of the design spend (£262k) could be written off. There is unlikely to be sufficient officer capacity to devote to the production of a revised scheme when the anticipated demands of the current capital programme and the LGR programme are taken into account. In practice, option 3 is very similar to option 2.
- 12. The original objectives of the project are only met by option A. The need for these improvements is probably greater than before due to the further depreciation of the buildings since the original report. In addition, more efficient and flexible facilities will add to the quality of the service provided and allow the Crematorium to maintain and build its position as the preferred choice in the local and wider catchment area.
- 13. This report and the options set out in paragraph 12 will be considered by YWPC at their meeting on 16 February and will be reported to the meeting.

# **Financial Implications**

#### **Financing the Capital Budget Increase**

- 14. This report seeks approval to increase the capital budget for this project by £800k, from £4.921m to £5.721m.
- 15. The operation of the Crematorium results in an annual financial surplus (£365,624 for 2020/21 and £427,887 for 2019/20) which is shared between SSDC (89%) and YWPC (11%). YWPC's share of the surplus is transferred to a reserve held by SSDC on behalf of YWPC. This reserve is then available to finance the parish council's share of any capital expenditure required at the Crematorium.
- 16. This arrangement is of long standing and it has been agreed that if YWPC do not have enough in the reserve to fund any capital works required, SSDC will lend to YWPC with this being repaid back to SSDC through future surpluses generated. The exact terms of this are agreed as the need arises.



17. YPC's reserve currently stands at £193k as at 31 March 2021 and this is sufficient to fund YWPC's share of the proposed increase in capital budget, of £800k, as follows: -

Funder		Source of Funding	£'000
SSDC	89%	Capital Borrowing	712
\/\/\DO	4.40/	Crematorium Reserves held by	00
YWPC	11%	SSDC on behalf of YWPC	88
Total Fu	Total Funding		800

18. This would mean that the overall budget of £5,721m would be financed as follows:-

Funder		Source of Funding	£'000
SSDC	89%	Earmarked Cremator Replacement Reserve	549
		Capital Borrowing	4,543
		SSDC Funding	5,092
YWPC	11%	Crematorium Reserves held by SSDC on behalf of YWPC	523
		Capital Contribution	106
		YWPC Funding	629
Total Fu	nding		5,721

19. YWPC will in addition to using their reserve also borrow £106k from SSDC to fund their contribution to the total value of the project (note: the 2017 and 2019 decisions refer).

#### Impact on SSDC's Revenue Budget

20. The proposed increase in capital budget will require further borrowing for the project which will increase the financing costs borne by the revenue budget by circa £15,640 per annum. The finance charges for the overall project are shown in the table below. These financing costs have already been included the 2022/23 budget report totals (this report is on this council's agenda).



Table: past, current and future predictions of operational financial surpluses at the Crematorium and the impact on SSDC's revenue budget

	Actual 2019/20	Actual 2020/21	Forecast 2021/22	Refurbish ment 2022/23	Refurbish ment 2023/24	Forecast 2024/25
Income	(1,301,435)	(1,263,958)	(1,432,000)	(1,305,479)	(1,356,534)	(1,650,660)
Expenditure	870,018	895,418	865,766	823,133	841,741	860,190
Surplus	(431,417)	(368,539)	(566,234)	(482,346)	(514,793)	(790,471)
SSDC Share @89%	(383,961)	(327,999)	(503,948)	(429,287)	(458,165)	(703,519)
SSDC Base Budget	N/A	N/A	N/A	(376,995)	(376,995)	(376,995)
Financing Charges	0	0	0	35,620	76,720	84,160
Surplus after meeting base budget and financing charges	N/A	N/A	N/A	(16,672)	(4,450)	(242,364)

- 21. The operational financial surplus for previous, current and future years is shown in the table above: The business performance of the Crematorium has continued to progress in line with expectations set out in the two previous reports to District Executive which approved this project. The numbers of cremations provided have been sustained a little above 1,700 per annum.
- 22. Income was reduced in 2020/21 as the decision was made to cut the number of cremations for an extended period during the harshest period of the pandemic which reduced turnover by more than £150k that year. It is assumed that the number of cremations that can be delivered will also reduce during the building works by about 15% which will reduce the surplus generated for those two years. Once the work is complete, the business case forecasts that the surplus will be at a higher level than previously because of the increased capacity and fee increases (see original business case).
- 23.SSDC uses its share of the surplus generated from the crematorium to fund the overall revenue budget.
- 24. The table above shows that the forecast estimated increases in future surplus that will be received by SSDC, will be able to meet both the income target already included in the budget and the increase in financing costs.



#### **Council Plan Implications**

25. This project contributes positively across most Council Plan themes – Protecting Core Services, Economy, Environment, Healthy, Self-reliant communities.

#### **Carbon Emissions and Climate Change Implications**

26. Replacement cremators will significantly improve environmental performance from this facility, most notably by including mercury abatement but also confidently achieving specialised environment performance standards. The refurbishment works will reduce the carbon consumption of the facility.

#### **Equality and Diversity Implications**

27. A full equality assessment report has been undertaken on this project and there are no adverse implications.

#### **Privacy Impact Assessment**

28. There are no adverse personal data implications to this report.

#### **Background Papers**

June 2017 – District Executive	Refurbishment and Development of Yeovil					
	Crematorium (Confidential)					
June 2017 – Full Council	Refurbishment and Development of Yeovil					
	Crematorium (Confidential)					
December 2017 – Scrutiny Committee	Update Report on Progress with the Scheme to					
	Develop and Refurbish Yeovil Crematorium					
August 2019 – Full Council	Update on the Refurbishment and Development of					
	Yeovil Crematorium (Confidential)					

# Agenda Item 11



#### **Octagon Theatre Finance Report**

Executive Portfolio Holder: Cllr. Mike Best, Health and Well-being Strategic Directors: Jan Gamon, Director of Place and Recovery

Karen Watling, Chief Finance Officer

Service Manager: Natalie Fortt, Regeneration Programme Manager

Lead Officers (for report): Dan Bennett, Octagon Redevelopment Project Manager

Karen Watling, Chief Finance Officer

Contact Details: Dan.bennett@southsomerset.gov.uk

#### **Purpose of the Report**

- To provide Full Council with an overview of the current budget position and the revised costs of delivering the Octagon redevelopment project arising from the recent RIBA stage 2 design and costings.
- 2. To seek approval for an increase to the current capital budget of £6m to reflect the revised costs of the redevelopment.

#### **Public Interest**

- 3. This report seeks to increase the agreed budget for the redevelopment of The Octagon Theatre. The increase in costs is due, in part, to the unprecedented demand for materials and labour within the construction sector. This rapid growth in demand has created a level of cost price inflation unseen in the industry for several decades. There are also significant inflationary pressures occurring in other sectors, for example in the field of energy and natural gas supply and these energy prices also have a significant effect on the price of construction materials.
- 4. The redevelopment includes:
  - the construction of a fly tower
  - increasing the main auditorium seating capacity from 622 to 900
  - two new smaller cinema/studio spaces
  - a dance studio
  - a community studio
  - a café bar
  - improved front of house and customer facilities
  - improved backstage accessibility



#### Recommendations

- 5. That Full Council approves:
  - a) An increase in the capital budget of £6m, to be funded by prudential borrowing, to bring the total budget for the project to £29.01m.
  - b) An increase in the revenue budget of circa £0.680m per annum for the financing costs (MRP £0.289m, Interest £0.392m) arising from the increased borrowing needs. An initial assessment is that the financing costs may be covered from Year 6 by ticket levies and operating income, however further analysis is needed to be carried out as interest rates are expected to rise at Final Business Case stage.
  - c) The project team to incur expenditure of £1.2m from the capital budget to progress to the next gateway decision stage (the Final Business Case incorporating RIBA stage 3 designs and costings).

#### **Background**

- 6. Following a detailed options appraisal of the Octagon Theatre a feasibility study was undertaken in 2020 to set out an aspiration for the substantial redevelopment of the district's leading cultural venue. The redevelopment proposals aim to make the Octagon fit for the future and enhance the venue as a regional entertainment destination. A key component of the project is a £10m grant from the Department for Digital, Culture, Media and Sport (DCMS), contingent upon the inclusion of certain new facilities into the Octagon design.
- 7. The proposals for the redevelopment were approved at DX in January 2021 and ratified by Full Council in March 2021, where a capital budget of £23.01m was approved for the project.

#### **Report Detail**

- 8. The feasibility study concentrates on several key areas to keep the Octagon relevant and raise the venue's profile regionally. These are:
  - Provide a significantly enlarged and much improved facility, enabling a more varied selection of shows and acts with added commercial areas. This would in turn bring new revenue streams to pay back the costs of the works, which would benefit audiences, artists and visitors and include additional facilities and services to those currently provided.



- Assess the running costs and income levels for the refurbished venue and whether any on-going subsidy is still required from the council (currently circa £300,000 per annum).
- Generate additional revenue benefits in future for SSDC that will support the development of our Arts Engagement and Outreach work.
- Resolve accessibility issues around the venue making Front of House (FOH) and backstage areas accessible for wheelchair users and those with limited mobility.
- Maximise opportunities for energy efficiency and use of renewable/low carbon energy, to contribute to the Council's climate change objectives.
- 9. Officers have negotiated the provision of a £10m grant towards the project from central government through the DCMS. The grant is contingent upon the improvements suggested in the feasibility study being incorporated into the design of the theatre. This means that several key areas of the proposals are relatively rigid and cannot be reduced without jeopardising the provision of the grant.
- 10. The design process has been led by experienced theatre architects, Fielden, Clegg, Bradley associates (FCB). FBC have incorporated the key elements of the feasibility study into the design, whilst trying to retain as much of the existing structure as possible. The design is currently in its third iteration. Each major revision has been guided by the need to remain within the approved budget. We are now at a stage where we cannot make any further design efficiencies, without compromising on the grant award, feasibility study or future revenue generation. The current iteration is considered to be the 'minimum viable redevelopment scheme'.
- 11. If the redevelopment scheme does not take place, The Octagon will require a level of refurbishment in order to remain compliant, safe and maintain the audience levels. The last significant refurbishment took place in 2003 when an extension to the front of the building saw the creation of a new rehearsal studio on the ground floor and space was also added to the bar and cafe areas. However, backstage has very limited/poor access with no accessible dressing rooms or toilets and no permanent way of getting wheelchair users or those with mobility issues onto stage. Therefore, significant improvements to accessibility, carbon consumption and the performance space are required.
- 12. There is currently an unprecedented demand for materials and labour within the construction sector. This rapid growth in demand has been fueled by a combination of factors, but primarily:
- Post Brexit construction labour migration away from the UK
- The commencement of a large number of projects following the Covid industry shutdown
- The interruptions to supply chains following the Covid pandemic

These factors have created a level of cost price inflation unseen the industry for several decades.



- 13. There are also significant inflationary pressures occurring currently in other sectors, for example in the field of energy and natural gas supply. Energy prices have a significant effect on the price of construction materials. Gas is used extensively in industry to fire bricks and to manufacture cement. Further gas price rises are expected in 2022, having a detrimental impact on domestic and industrial customers. This is likely to result in further cost rises for basic building materials.
- 14. We are currently at a stage where there is a clear inflationary pressure on the project budget and there are no further savings to be made from reducing the scope of the design. When we account for the detailed design, planning and procurement processes, there is a significant time lag between the initial feasibility study and the procurement of the project. This time lag, inherent in all large projects has allowed the issue of inflation to render the current approved budget inadequate to complete the project.
- 15. The current design proposals have been costed and the full cost of the project has been assessed at £29.01m. A summary of the end of Stage 2 report is included as Appendix 1.
- 16. In order to secure the £10m identified funding from DCMS, officers are preparing to submit an Outline Business Case on 17<sup>th</sup> February 2022. This will then be assessed at the DCMS Investment Sub Committee taking place on 9<sup>th</sup> March.
- 17. Officers are actively investigating additional sources of external funding for the project, however it should be noted that these are not expected to make a significant impact upon the overall budget position.

#### **Financial Implications**

18. The table below shows the difference in costs from the agreed budget and the new proposed budget.

Revised capital expenditure forecasts



	Feasibility				
YEOVIL OCTAGON	Study	RIBA		Variance	
BUDGET REVIEW	Oct-20	Jan-22			
	£'00	0	£'000	£'000	ç
Expenditure					
Capital					
Capital Works	23,00	9 2	8,568	5,558	
	23,01	.0 2	8,568	5,558	
Revenue					
Client Side Project Manageme		0	382	382	
Other Client Side Costs		0	60	60	
		0	442	442	
Total Expenditure	23,01	.0 2	9,010	6,000	26%

- 19. The stage 2 RIBA designs and the costs of these show that the projected expenditure for developing the Octagon Theatre has increased and that £6m needs to be added to the current approved capital budget should Council wish to continue with the redevelopment project.
- 20. The increase includes revised figures from the RIBA stage 2 design, the need to add in the impact of inflation since the feasibility study was undertaken, the addition of a contingency sum, and the inclusion of costs that were not included in the initial feasibility study, namely fixtures & fittings and client side project management costs.

#### Funding of the capital expenditure budget

	Feasibility			
YEOVIL OCTAGON	Study F	RIBA	Varian	ce
FUNDING	Oct-20 J	an-22		
	£'000	£'000	£'000	%
Capital				
DCMS Grant	(10,000)	(10,000)	0	0%
Fund Raising	(250)	(250)	0	0%
Capital Receipts Reserve	(2,000)	(2,000)	0	0%
Borrowing	(10,760)	(16,318)	(5,558)	52%
	(23,010)	(28,568)	(5,558)	24%
Revenue				
Regeneration Fund	0	(442)	(442)	0%
			0	0%
	0	(442)	(442)	0%
Total Funding	(23,010)	(29,010)	(6,000)	26%



- 21. The proposed increase in the capital budget would need to be funded through prudential borrowing. This would incur financing costs of circa £0.68m per annum.
- 22. The current business case for the Octagon Redevelopment Project shows that income from the ticket levy and sales from the operation of the theatre may cover the financing charges from Year 6 onwards but further analysis would need to be done as part of the Final Business Case, as interest rates are expected to increase.
- 23. There is a risk that the projected redevelopment costs may increase at the next gateway decision making point, which will be the Final Business Case including RIBA stage 3 design and costings. This is scheduled to be completed by February 2023. Members should note that at this stage the Project Team will only commit the expenditure needed to produce the Final Business Case: this is estimated to cost £1.2m.

#### **Legal implications and details of Statutory Powers**

24. There are no legal implications that relate directly to this report.

#### **Council Plan Implications**

25. The Octagon Redevelopment project is a key action included under Priority 3 of the proposed Council Plan for 2022/2023.

#### **Carbon Emissions and Climate Change Implications**

26. The project facilitates a significant improvement in the energy efficiency of the Octagon Theatre and aims to decarbonise energy use wherever possible.

# **Equality and Diversity Implications**

27. None directly arising from this report. However, the designs for the redeveloped theatre will be subject to a full Equalities Impact Assessment and one of the key objectives of the project is to increase accessibility throughout the building.

# **Privacy Impact Assessment**

28. There are no material implications on personal privacy.

# **Background Papers**

- 29. This paper should be read in conjunction with the following papers relating to the Octagon redevelopment project
  - District Executive 7<sup>th</sup> January 2021
  - Full Council 25th March 2021



OCTAGON THEATRE, YEOVIL

RIBA STAGE 2 REPORT

revision : 01

issue date : 13.01.22

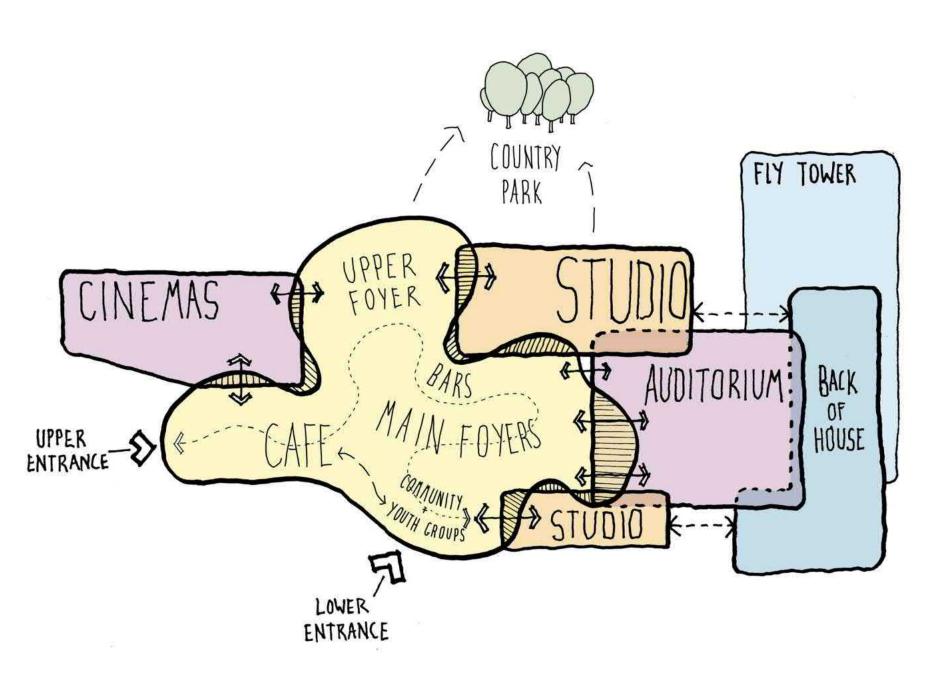
#### 1.6 | BRIEF ANALYSIS

The Octagon Theatre headline brief set out the initial vision for the project and defined the spatial and qualitative needs and desires for the project. The project will build on the success of the Octagon venue to provide a broader offer of entertainment and community activities with a more vibrant daytime usage for classes, cafe and workshops, and an expanded and improved entertainment offer in the main venue and cinemas.

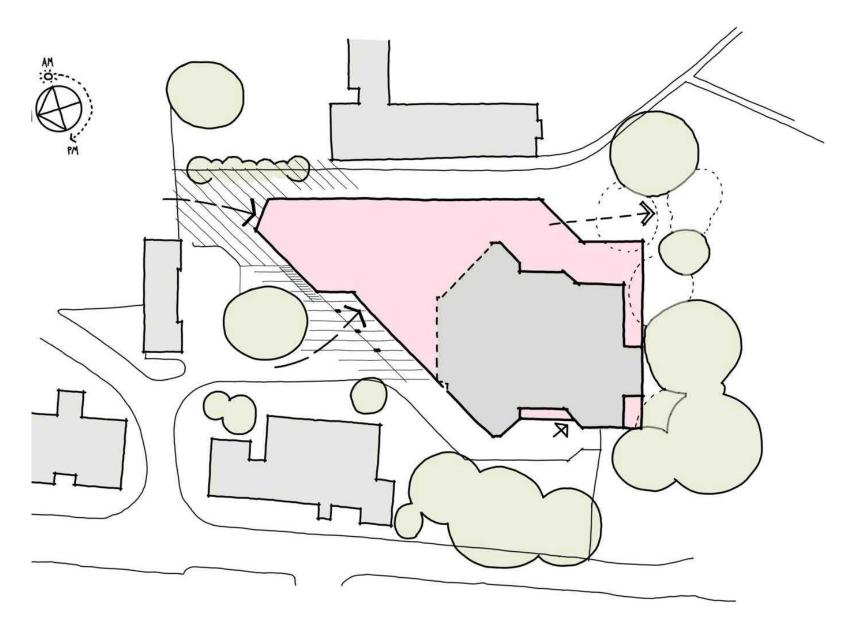
The main components of this brief are:

- Main venue and stage house, to be substantially increased in size to 900, with associated major refit of technical facilities and addition of fly tower. This will enable to Octagon to stage a wider range of popular and commercially successful touring shows to a larger audience.
- Studio spaces that are appropriate for dance classes across a range of abilities, lettable for community activities, classes etc. and providing a high quality environment for rehearsal and flexible use.
- New cinema spaces to offer both mainstream cinema, boutique arthouse cinema and the ability to be used for spoken word events.
- A vibrant, open and welcoming foyer and public spaces, connecting together the range of different spaces and uses, and offering a contemporary range of refreshments and dining across the day.

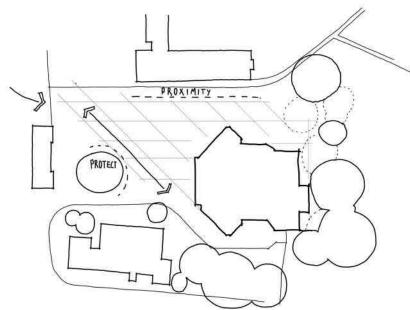
The adjacent diagram expresses how we see the parts of the brief relating to each other, and the surroundings. Studio space should have close connections to back-of-house to enable their effective use as rehearsal and overspill dressing rooms. Cinema spaces potentially open onto a specific area of the foyer with a distinct character. The main foyer relates to two entrance points on different levels, and could open out to the country park to connect more with the natural surroundings. This diagram has informed our thinking about the relationships between the parts of the building as the design has progressed.



#### 1.8 | SITE ANALYSIS

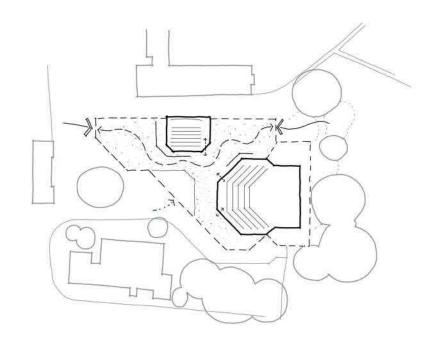


Maximum building footprint responds to the site by reaching out to create new upper level entrance from car park, maintain lower level entrance from Hendford Road direction, and connecting out to South in Penn Hill Park.



Key factors defining the available footprint of the buildingProximity to neighbouring office block

- Protection of large mature tree
- Diagonal geometry of existing building and site design line



Foyer and public spaces flowing through the building to link upper and lower entrances, and connect through to country park.

### 1.9 | BRIEF CONCEPTS

While the practical and physical requirements and constraints of the project are important, we also seek to identify the concepts, values and vision of the client and the project as a whole to guide our thinking and design approach. Through exploring the brief and discussing the project with key client stakeholders, the ideas below have been identified as the primary strategic concepts that drive the project.

OCTAGON - NAME AND IDENTITY RETAINED





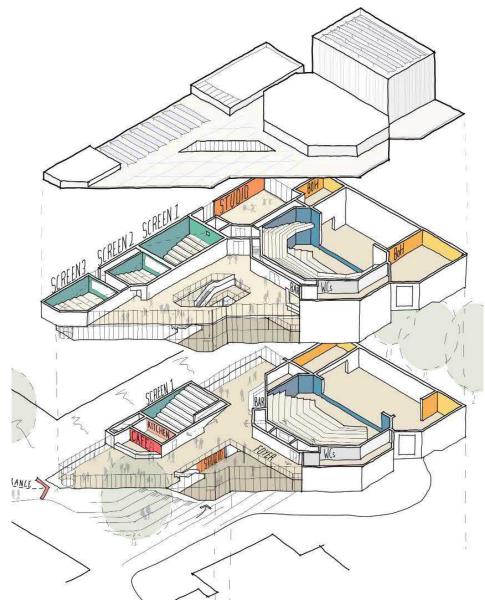




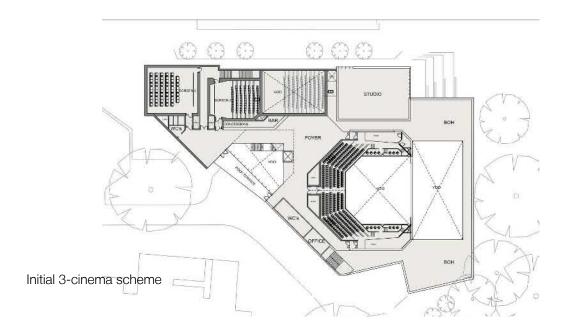


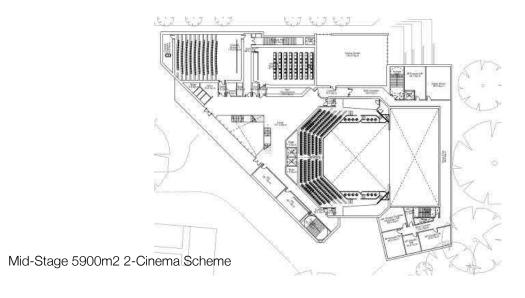
## 1.10 | SCHEME DEVELOPMENT

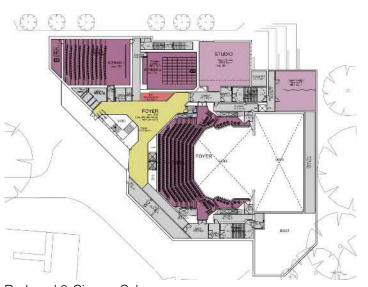
As discussed above, the scheme has developed throughout stage 2 in response to brief and cost developments. Illustrated here are the 3 main stages in the process.



Initial 3-cinema scheme







Final Stage 2 5094m2 Reduced 2-Cinema Scheme

### 1.12 | MASSING APPROACH

#### 1.3.5 MASSING CONCEPT

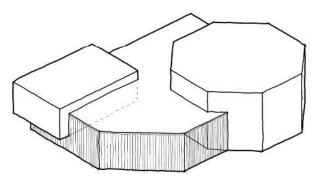
There are variety of ways to approach the massing and concept of theatrical buildings. They inevitably consist of a number of large, blank volumes in the forms of venue spaces, surrounded by more open public spaces, and more enclosed technical spaces.

In exploring precedents for the project we have identified three main approaches.

- Assembled Form, where the venue spaces are clearly expressed externally as objects, with recessive infill volume containing the other spaces.
- Wrapped Form, where the various elements of the building are wrapped up in a consistent screening external envelope
- Sculpted Form, which combines elements of the two to create a more fluid form in which parts of venues may be expressed externally but blended into a more coherent form.

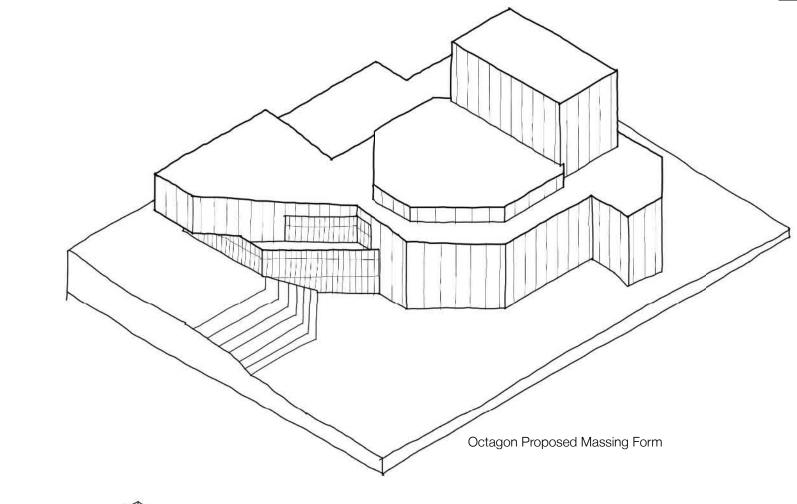
We have concluded that a sculpted form provides us with the opportunity for a strong building composition that will sit well within the surrounding landscape.

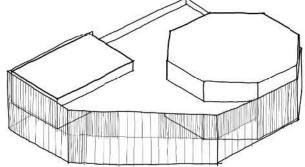
A solid massing counterpoint with lightweight glazed foyers and timber interiors will help to extend the 'civic route' from the town center and enhance the buildings relationship with the country park landscape.



Assembled form

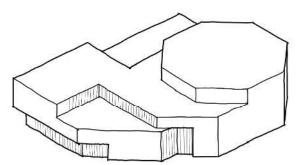












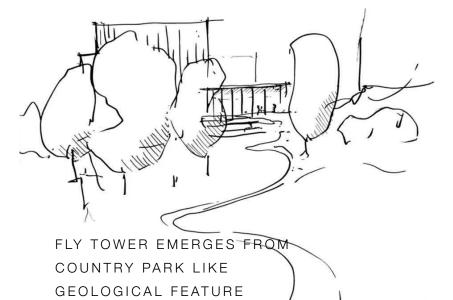
Sculpted form



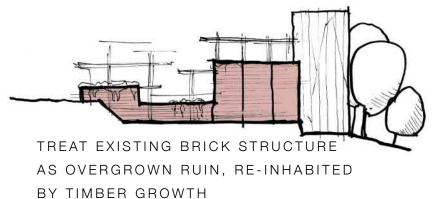
#### 1.13 | CONCEPTUAL APPROACH

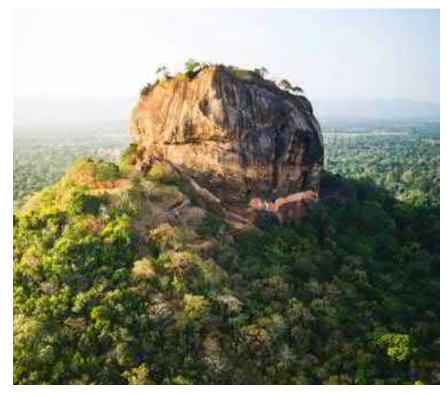
To develop a conceptual approach to the design of the building, we were strongly inspired by its position within the wooded setting of Penn Hill Park and the wide country park, and by the council's strong sustainability agenda, together with the re-use and adoption of the existing structures.

Our initial conceptual thinking imagines a naturalistically inspired design which treats the mass of the fly tower at an almost geological scale, nestled amongst the trees. The front of house areas are imagined as a forest of timber structure creating a light and daylit space like a clearing in a forest. We are also interested to explore ways in which the retained structures and brickwork can be expressed like an inhabited ruin.













#### 1.14 | MATERIAL APPROACH

Materially, the design is driven by both aesthetic, environmental and functional concerns.

Aesthetically, we imagine the building as a warm red toned building which both expressed the richness of its theatrical use but also is tonally sympathic to the autumnal deciduous tree backdrop in which it sits.

Environmentally, we are increasingly concerned to minimise the embodied carbon of the building fabric. External envelope made of heavy materials like brick are excellent for acoustic control and architectural expression, but a high in embodied carbon. Therefore we are exploring ways of creating solid volumes (such as cinema spaces) with lower embodied carbon materials that still express solidity and mass.

Functionally, the building needs to meet the ground in a robust way, provide transparency into public foyer spaces, and enclose venue spaces with opaque treatment of appropriate acoustic performance.

This approach leads us to defined three types of external material after which we explored a variety of alternatives for each type.

Heavy earth bound base - Rammed earth, reclaimed brick, flint/

chalk/stone, concrete or brick walls. Higher ebodied carbon but smaller

quantities.

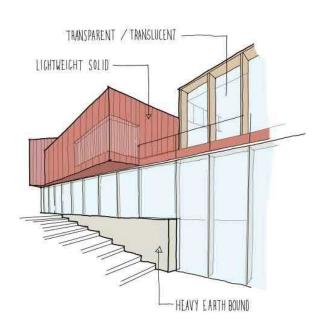
Lightweight solid elements – Corten, Tile, cementitious cladding.

With semi transparent areas for small openings – Lattice/Mesh/Slat covering

to maintain volumetric solidity

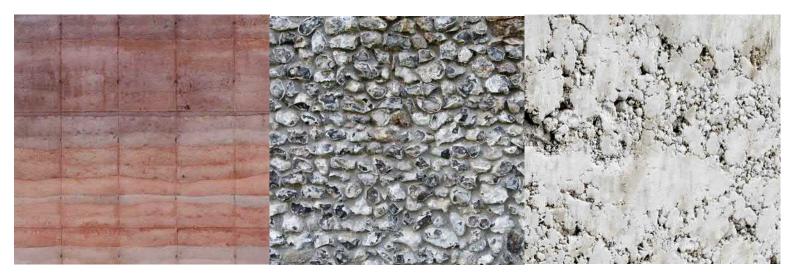
Transparent elements – Timber framed CW potentially with

lattice screening, potentially translucent elements to create veil/lantern effect.





CLADDING MATERIALS WITH 'SOLID' CHARACTER - CEMENTITIOUS PANELS - HUNG TILE - CORTEN/METAL PANELS



REAL 'HEAVY' MATERIALS WITH LOW EMBODIED CARBON - RAMMED EARTH - STONE - FLINT - CHALK

Page 153

### 1.14 | MATERIAL APPROACH

Our selected material approach is to use panels of Corten weathered steel for the primary lightweight opaque material on the building. This has a warm and natural tonality that sits very sympathetically in a natural environment, while also being visually striking and distinctive. As it is formed from steel, it can be made in large panels with formed corners, giving it a much more solid and substantial appearance than lighter cladding panels.

The low level earth-bound elements are proposed in red brick to tonally match the Corten cladding but also to allow the incorporation of any retained areas of brickwork from the existing building.

Glazed areas are proposed in timber framing to align with the main timber structural frame and minimise embodied carbon.





## 1.17 | EXTERNAL VIEWS



1

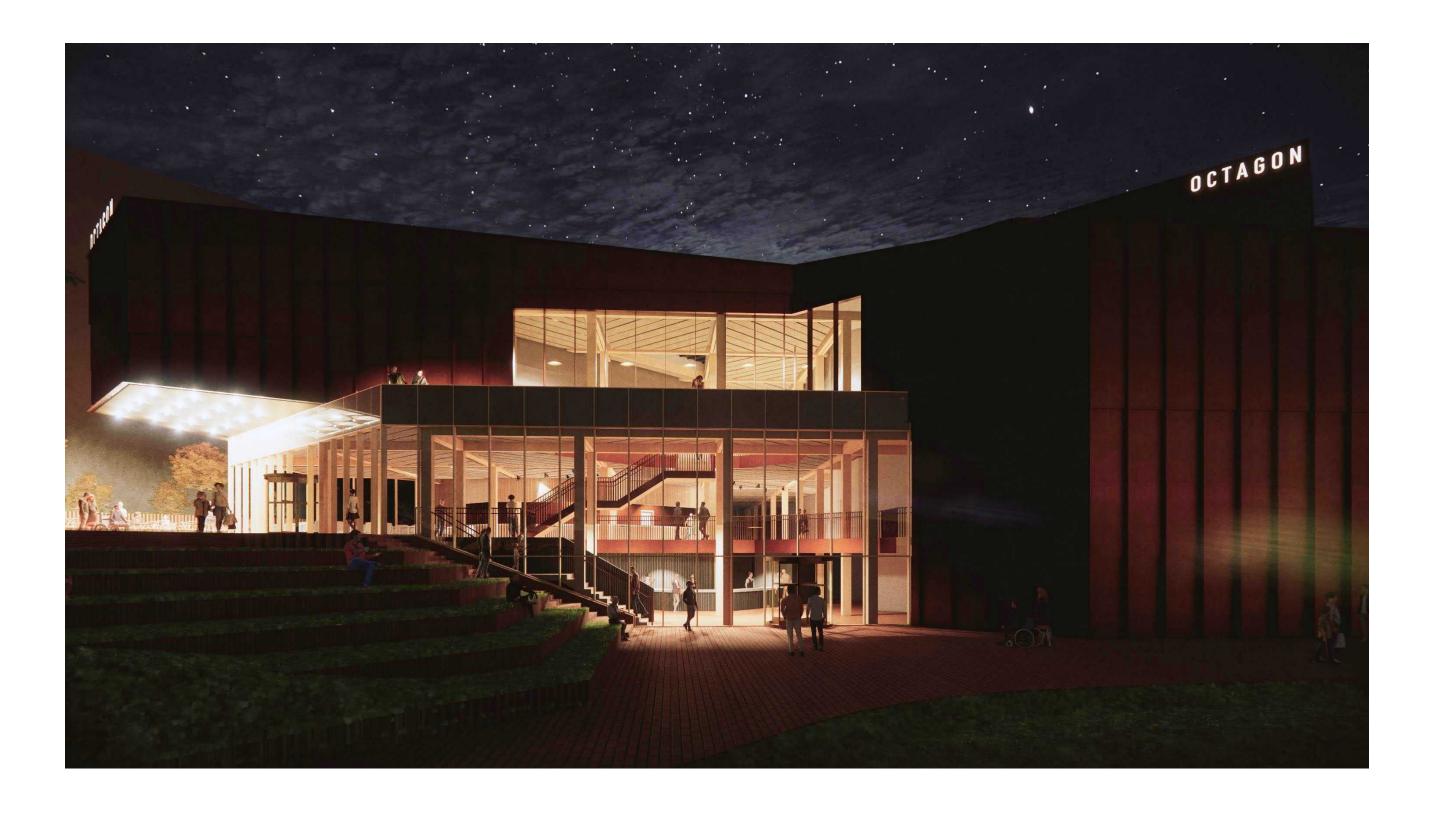
## 1.17 | EXTERNAL VIEWS



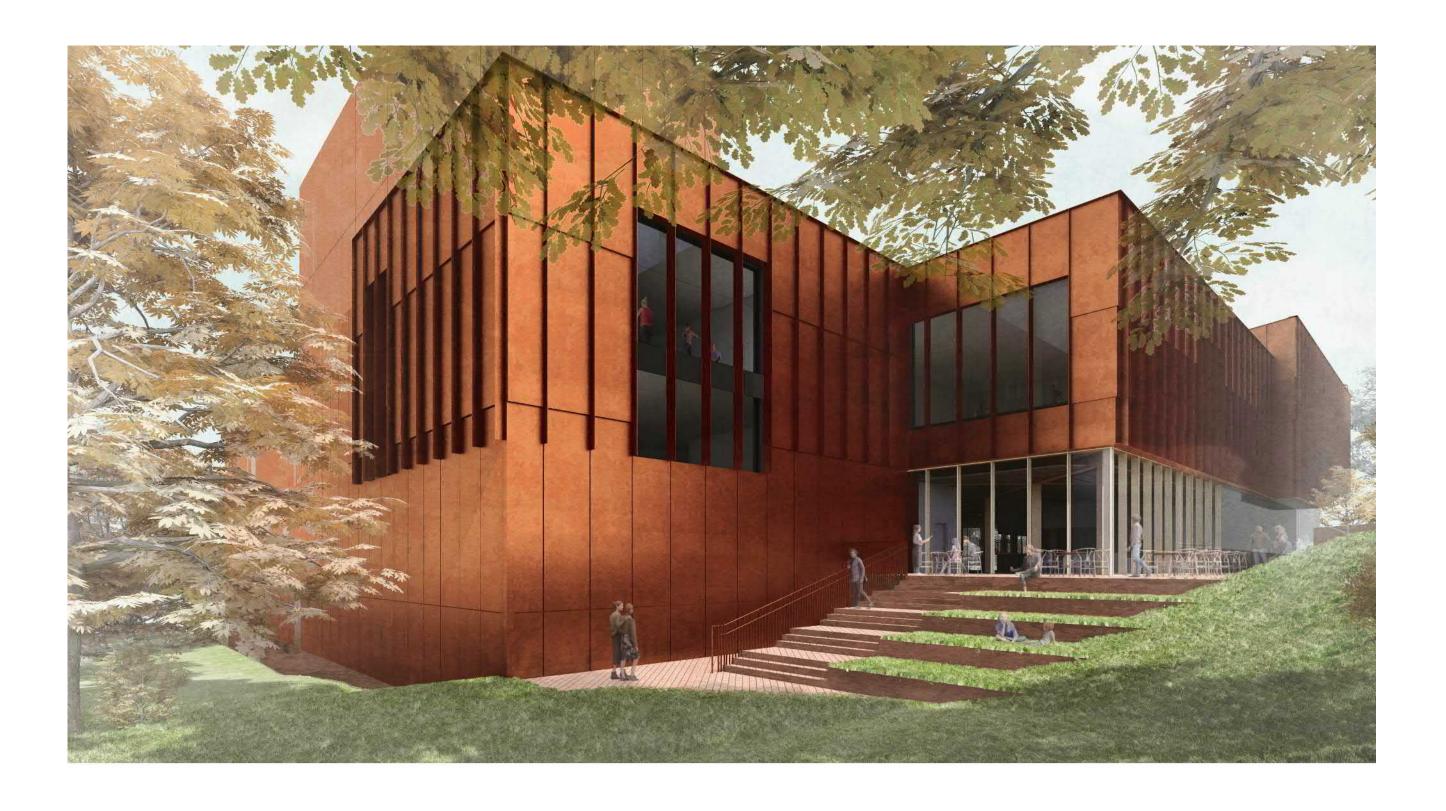
## 1.17 | EXTERNAL VIEWS







## 1.17 | EXTERNAL VIEWS



### 1.18 | INTERIOR CHARACTER





RICH





ATMOSPHERERIC

#### NATURAL





TRANSPARENT





/ E N U E

The open foyer is subtracted from the solid form of the venues that run as elements through the building. This subtraction is expressed through a differing tectonic and internal materiality and forges a connection between the town and country park.

FOY E R

## 1.20 | KEY SPACE - AUDITORIUM













## 1.21 | KEY SPACE - CINEMAS AND STUDIO













#### 1.22 | KEY SPACE - DANCE STUDIO

#### SUMMARY OF BRIEF

The principal Studio space is dedicated for the use of Dance rehearsal and classes, and is not required to be usable as a performance space.

The studio is to be light and welcoming for all age groups and mixed-use opportunities making use of natural light for daytime activities but still retaining the ability to exclude daylight if required.

The studio will feature a sprung dance floor, mirrors, barre, stacking chairs and adjustable lighting and temperature controls and will provide sufficient space for all examination requirements for the Royal Academy of Dance.

The studio is to be located close to the theatre to allow shared use of dressing rooms when required along with the ability to utilise the studios as larger dressing rooms for community productions.

Capacity 60

**Uses** Dance Classes (excluding tap)

Rehearsals

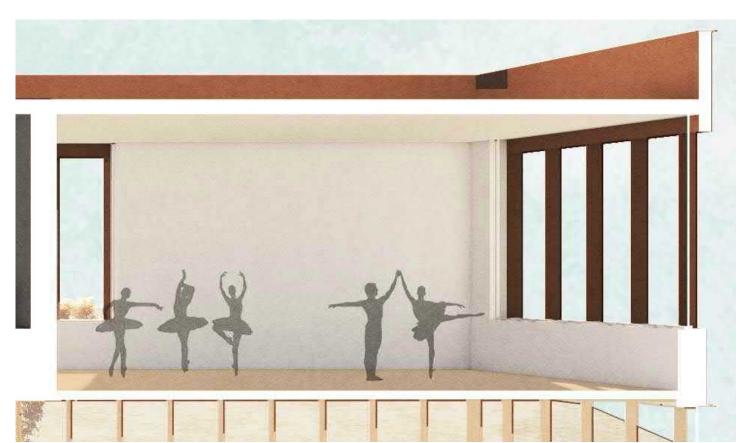
Community events / classes / workshops

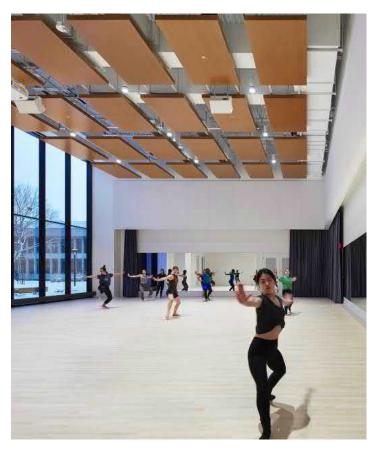
Commercial hire Overflow dressing room Parent and baby groups Youth theatre practice

Readings Choir

#### **DESIGN APPROACH**

- The dance studios create the backdrop for informal expression and community use to take place.
- It will be characterised by great daylight, high ceilings and robust but beautiful materials.









Acoustic Panel

Timber floor

#### 1.23 | KEY SPACE - FOYERS

#### SUMMARY OF BRIEF

The cultural offer is proposed to be wide ranging and diverse. It is felt that these different activities and experiences need to be separate but also feel part of the same building.

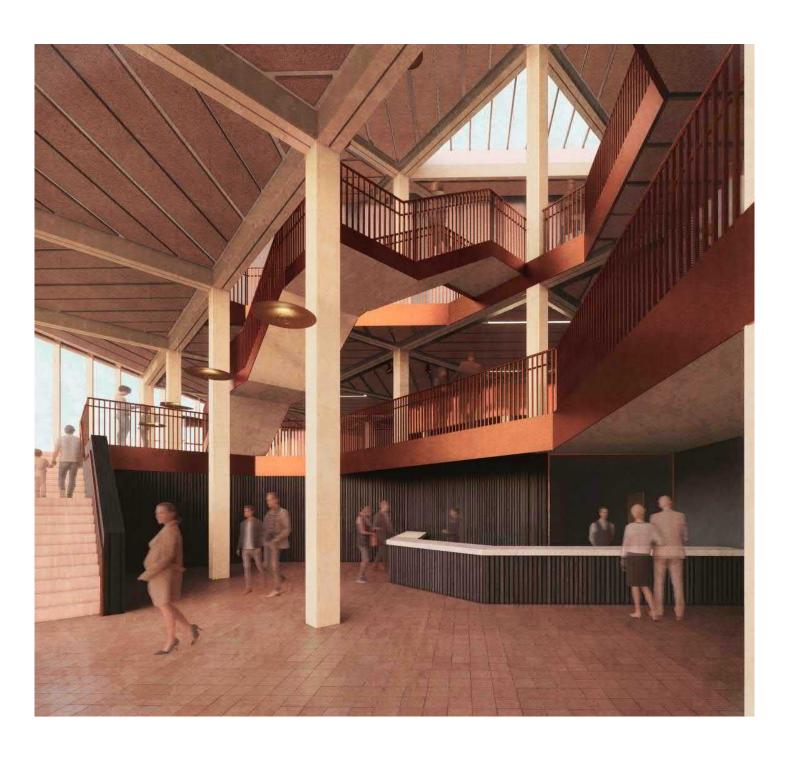
We have termed this expanded foyer as a "living street" a space that connects the individual functions of building but also provides a series of linked spaces that could be occupied in their own right beyond the interval of performances; a story-corner or an informal performance space. We envisage this living street to be a place where the individual will circulate through but is also a great place to stop, to chat, people watch or read a book.

Accessibility is to be substantially improved throughout the Octagon with lift access to all levels and areas of the building, both front of house and back of house, as well as improved wheelchair seating locations within the auditoria. The development will create opportunities to significantly improve access throughout the building that will enhance the experience for patrons, visitors and performers who require mobility aid and assistance.

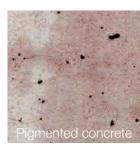
#### **DESIGN APPROACH**

- Foyer forms a journey between the town and country park that links the venues like a living street.
- It provides a place of gathering and connection through its multiple levels like a clearing in the forest.
- The use of materials creates a homogeneous subtracted form that extends from the facade to create the light foyer space.



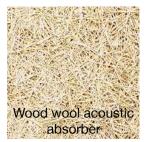




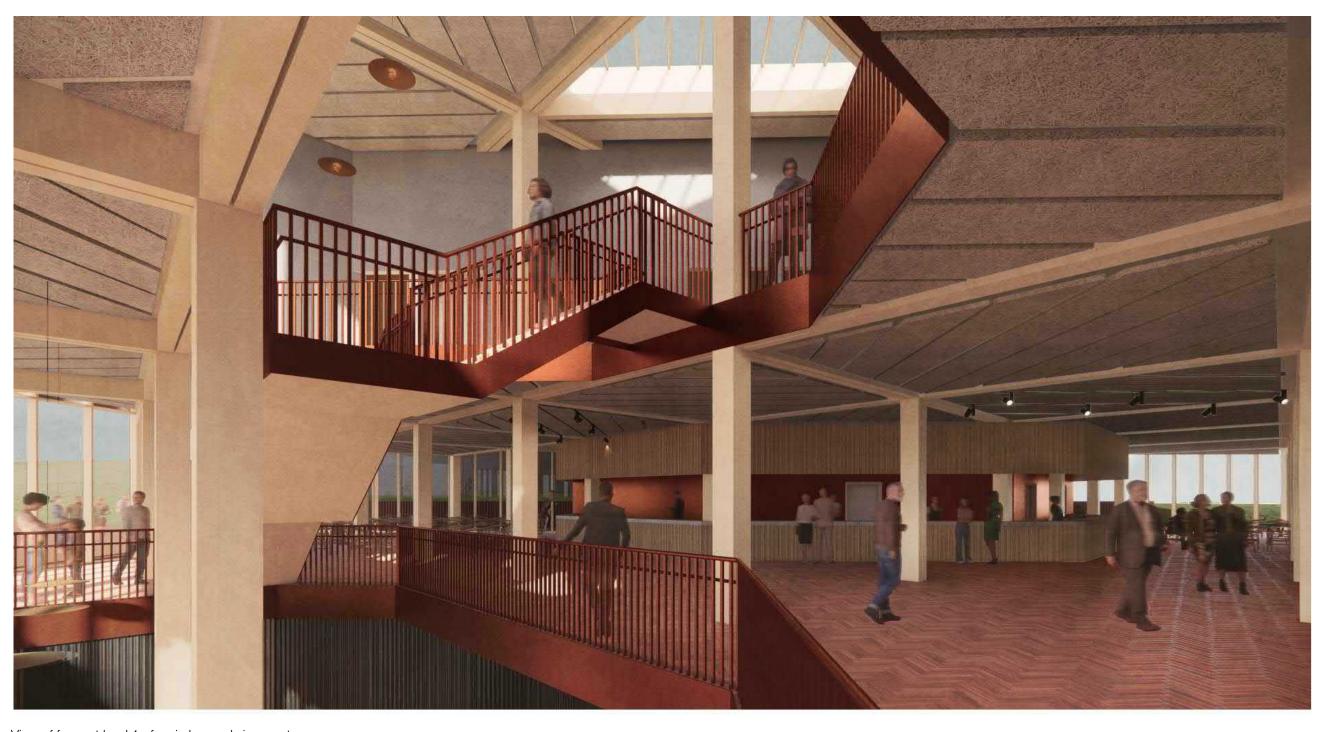








## 1.19 | INTERIOR VIEWS



View of foyer at level 1 of main bar and views out.

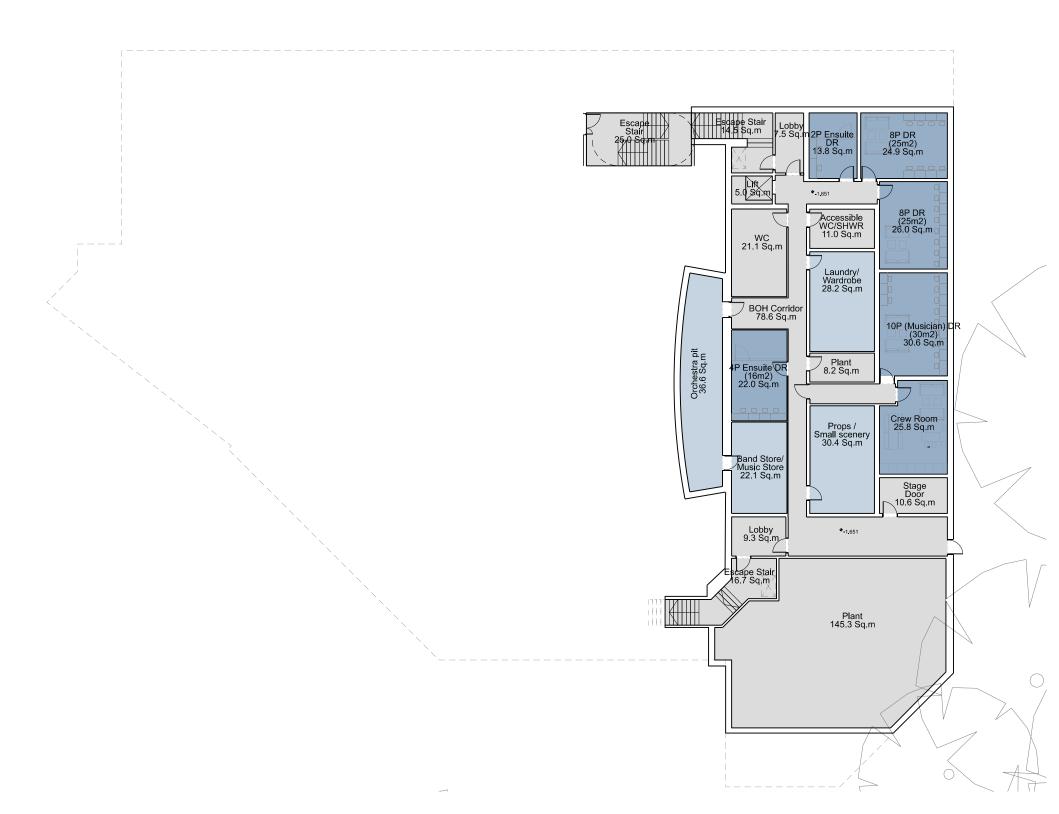
## 1.19 | INTERIOR VIEWS



View of foyer at level 0 from lower entrance

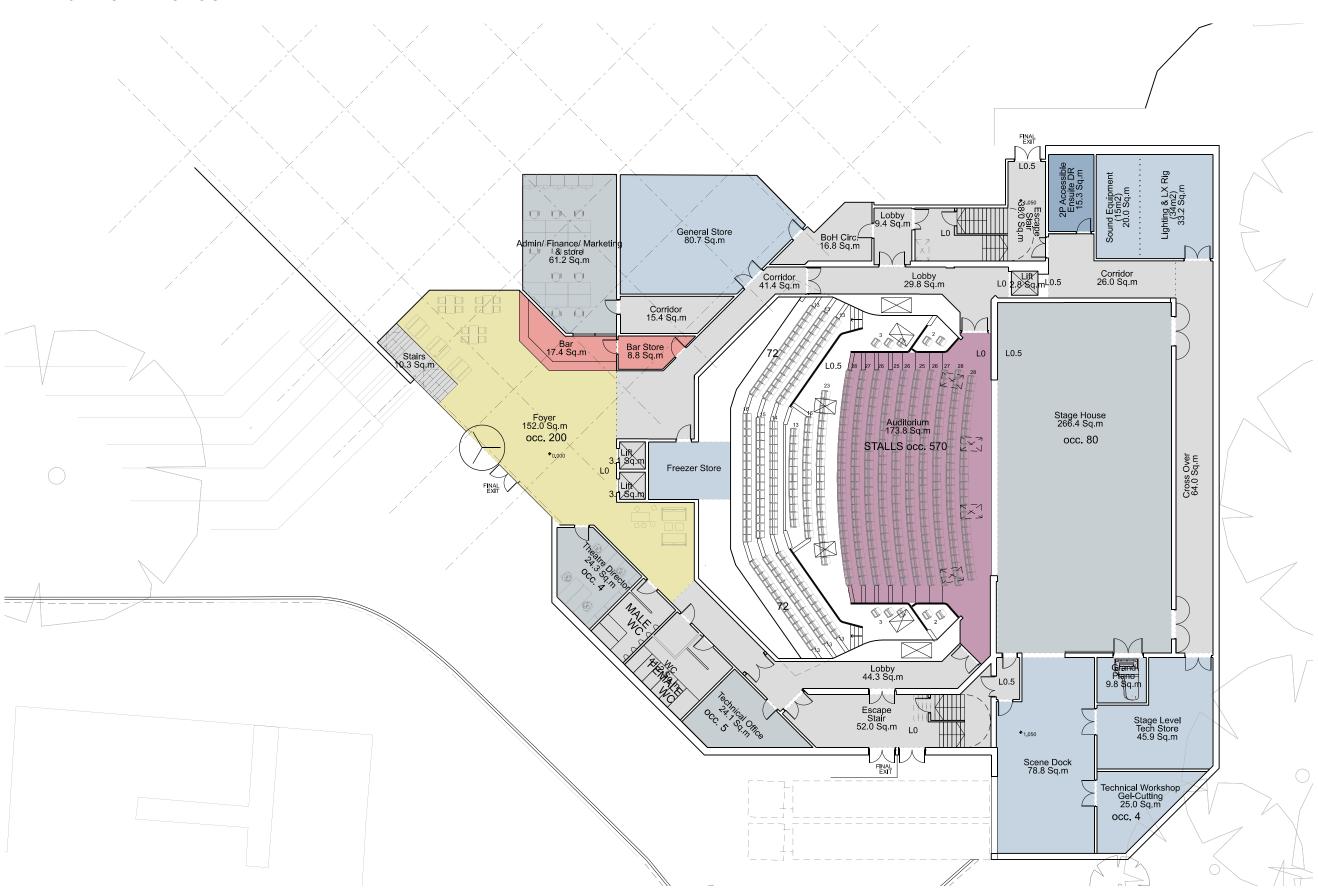
## 1.11 | STAGE 2 LAYOUTS

**BASEMENT LEVEL** 



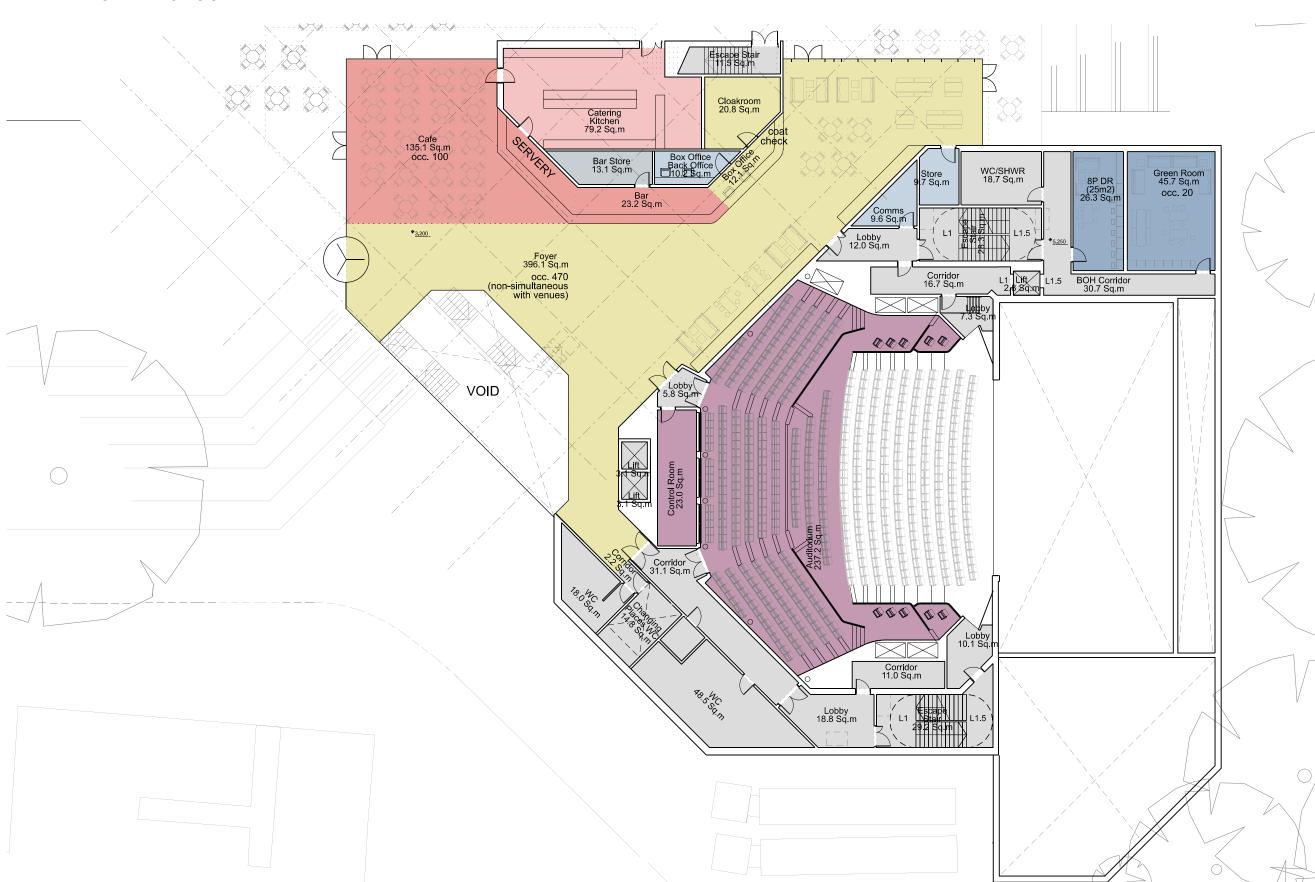
### 1.11 | STAGE 2 LAYOUTS

LEVEL 0 - LOWER GROUND



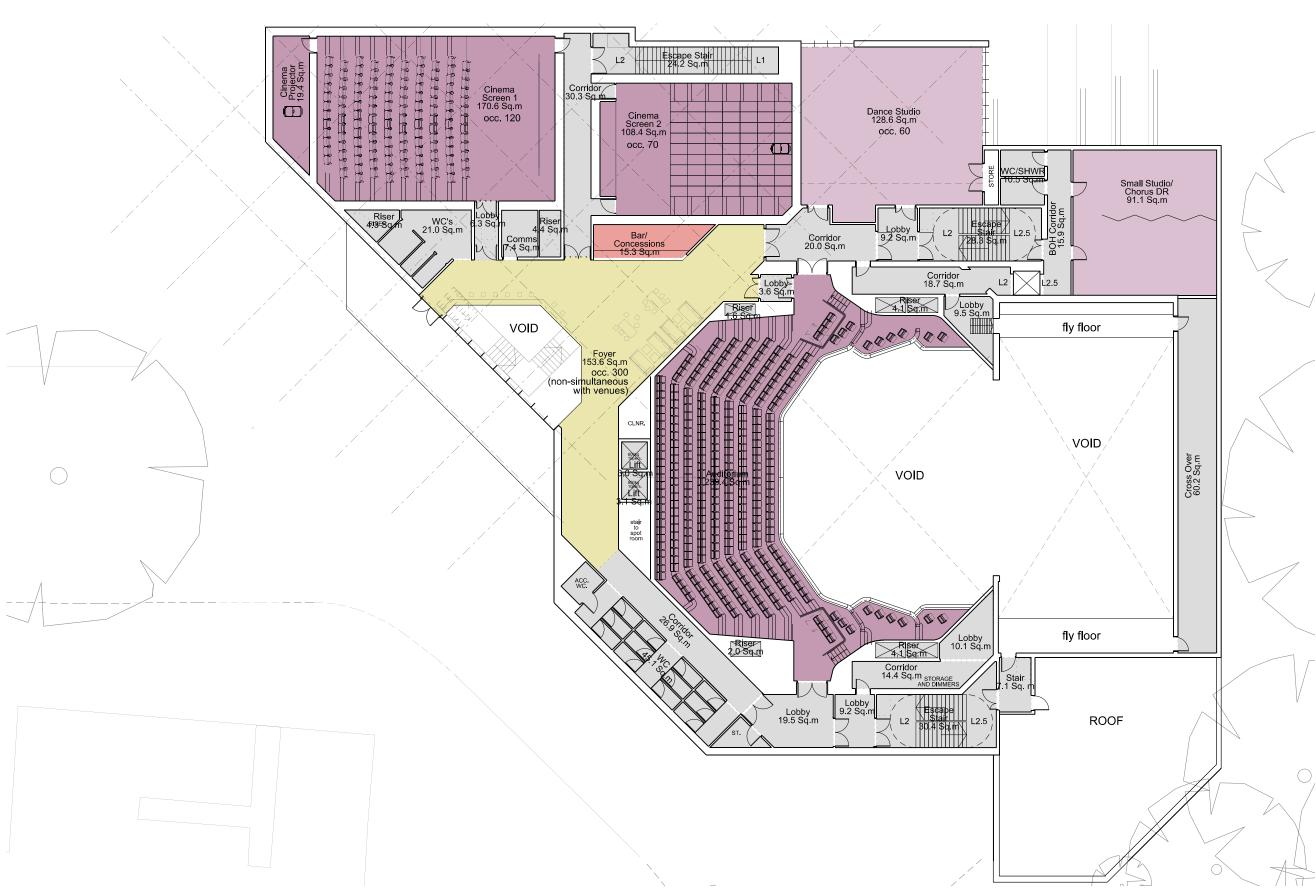
## 1.11 | STAGE 2 LAYOUTS

**LEVEL 1 - UPPER GROUND** 



## 1.11 | STAGE 2 LAYOUTS

#### LEVEL 2



## 1.11 | STAGE 2 LAYOUTS

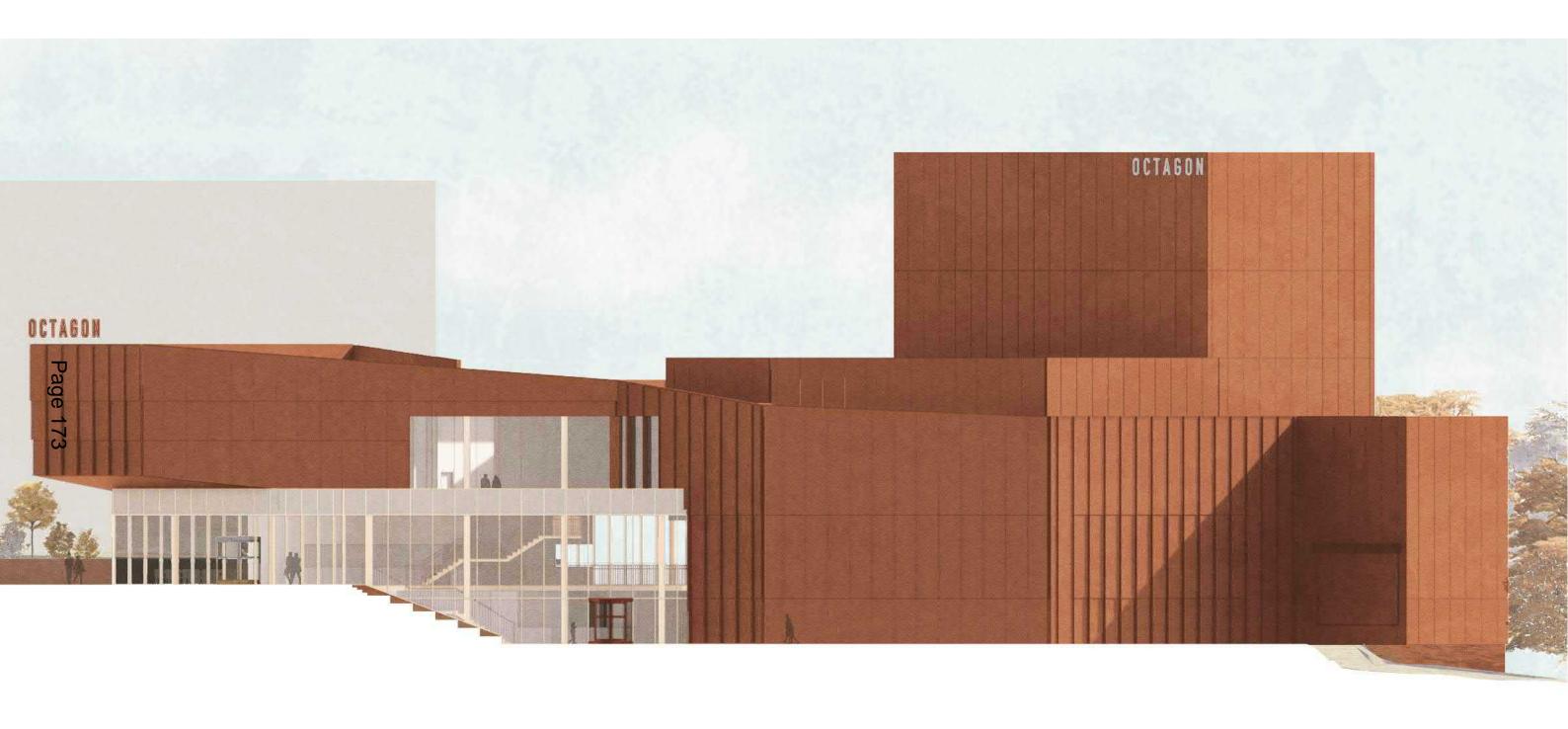
#### ROOF LEVEL



1.15 | ELEVATIONS - WEST 1:200



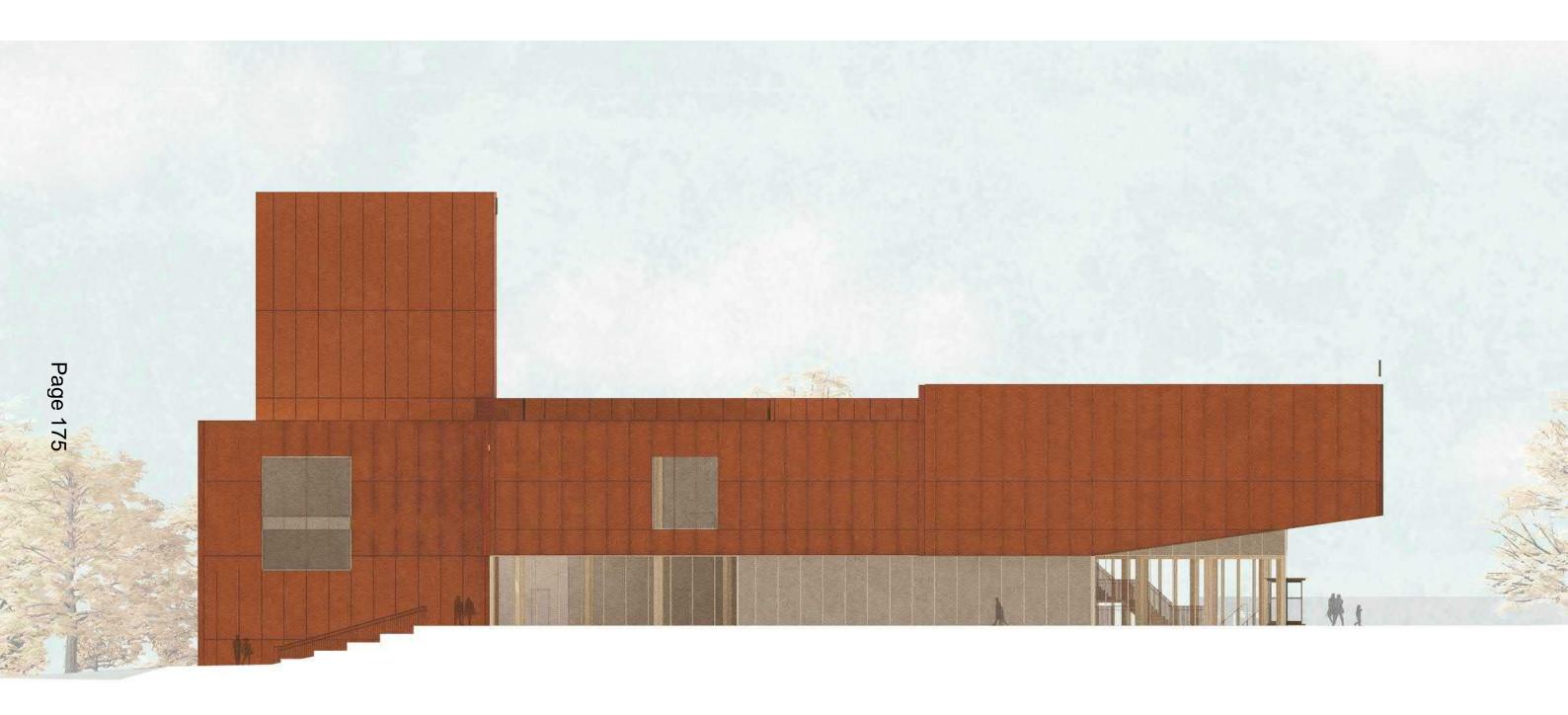
## 1.15 | ELEVATIONS - NORTH WEST 1:200



1.15 | ELEVATIONS - SOUTH 1:200



1.15 | ELEVATIONS - EAST 1:200



## 1.15 | ELEVATIONS - NORTH 1:200



# **Equality Impact Relevance Check Form**



The Public Sector Equality Duty requires us to eliminate discrimination, advance equality of opportunity and foster good relations with protected groups. This tool will identify the equalities relevance of a proposal, and establish whether a full Equality Impact Assessment will be required.

What is the proposal?	
Name of the proposal	The Octagon Redevlopment Project
Type of proposal (new or changed Strategy, policy, project, service or budget):	New budget
Brief description of the proposal:	Increase to the budget allocation for the project
Name of lead officer:	Dan Bennett

You should consider whether the proposal has the potential to negatively impact on citizens or staff in the following ways:

- Access to or participation in a service,
- Levels of representation in our workforce, or
- Reducing quality of life (i.e. health, education, standard of living)

A negative impact is any change that could be considered detrimental. If a negative impact is imposed on any citizens or staff with protected characteristics, the Council has a legal duty to undertake a full Equality Impact Assessment.

Could your proposal negatively impact citizens with protected characteristics? (This	NO
includes service users and the wider community)	
Could your proposal negatively impact staff with protected characteristics? (i.e.	
reduction in posts, changes to working hours or locations, changes in pay)	

Is a full Equality Impact Assessment required	?	NO			
If Yes, Please provide a brief description of where there may be negative impacts, and for whom. Then					
complete a full Equality Impact assessment Form					
If No, Please set out your justification for why not.					
No impacts on peope from Protected Characteristics as a direct result of this budget report. The					
designs for the redevelopment will be subject to a full EIA but this report seeks additional funding and					
the authorisation to move to the more detailed design stage of the project.					
Service Director / Manager sign-off and date	N Fort	t 27/01/22			
Equalities Officer sign-off and date	Dave (	Crisfield 28 <sup>th</sup> January 2022			

### Agenda Item 12



#### **Financing the Yeovil Refresh**

Executive Portfolio Holder: Cllr. Peter Gubbins, Yeovil Refresh lead

Strategic Director: Peter Paddon Acting Director, Place and Recovery Service Manager: Natalie Fortt, Regeneration Programme Manager Lead Officers (for report): Ian Timms, Yeovil Refresh Project Manager

Karen Watling, Chief Financial Officer

Contact Details: lan.Timms@southsomerset.gov.uk or 01935 462352

#### **Purpose of the Report**

1. This report updates the Yeovil Refresh budget requirements to enable the completion and delivery of a series of Refresh projects in 2022 and 2023. The report seeks approval from members to increase the Refresh budget as stated in the recommendations of this report to enable delivery of these projects. The report also highlights the risks related to Future High Streets Fund and potential for future adverse financial impacts for SSDC relating to that funding.

#### **Public Interest**

2. The report provides an updated delivery summary of the Yeovil Refresh programme. The report seeks increases in the budget to allow delivery of planned projects within the Yeovil Refresh.

#### Recommendations

- 3. That Full Council agrees to vire £852k from the budget originally set aside for the Maintenance Lump Sum Payment to Somerset County Council, to fund other projects within the overall Public Realm programme as set out in paragraph 12, and as permitted under the Council's Financial Procedure Regulations.
- 4. That Full Council approve:
  - a) An increase in the Yeovil Refresh capital budget of £1.059m to bring the total project total to £21.838m.
  - b) An increase in the Yeovil Refresh revenue budget of £0.606m to bring the total budget to £1.994m (in total over the length of the delivery period). This is proposed to be funded from the Regeneration Fund Reserve.
  - c) An increase to the council's overall revenue budget of £0.044m (capital financing costs of borrowing £1.059m is £0.025m for interest costs and £0.019m for MRP) to fund the increased borrowing costs likely to be incurred by the project if the ring-fenced assets do not sell during 2022/23.



d) The creation of an earmarked reserve of £4.784m to pay for the possible pay back of the Future High Streets Funding grant received to-date.

#### **Background**

- 5. The Yeovil Refresh is an ambitious programme seeking to transform the town centre through a range of projects and interventions. The programme is split into four themes which will be delivered by a number of different stakeholders. These are broadly defined as.
  - Major Developments. These relate to the former Cattle Market/Vincents Yard, Glovers Walk/Bus Station and a potential work hub in Middle Street. Each of these would assume working in collaboration with private developers. We anticipate providing a more detailed report to Council on major development sites later in 2022.
  - Public Realm enhancements. Improvements to core streets including Westminster Street, High Street, Borough, Middle Street, Triangle and Wyndham Street area. This will create a better shared space which will be greener and easier to navigate. A new events square will be created at the Triangle.
  - Transport system changes. Changes to road systems, additional cycle ways, improved walking routes, review of bus routes, car parking improvements and possible highways junctions.
  - **Soft interventions.** This includes events programmes, markets, management of spaces in the town, evening economy changes and a range of other economic activities.
- 6. These themes all include ambitious projects, which will fundamentally change how the town centre works. These projects individually and as a whole aim to regenerate Yeovil Town Centre.

#### **Current Situation**

7. The Yeovil Refresh programme entered the delivery phase in 2021; this follows from significant planning work over the past two years. The progress in theme areas is described in this report. As we are now in a delivery phase, we do have more clarity on delivery costs of the programme. However there still remains significant risks in the cost estimates due to the high current rate of inflation in the construction industry.

#### **Major Developments**

- 8. Whilst the Refresh programme includes a number of major development sites these are largely dependent on third party developers to deliver positive outcomes. When the budget was approved in 2021, these sites were to illustrate the contributions they would receive from FHSF.
- 9. This is split into two categories with Cattle Market/Vincents Yard and Glovers Walk/Bus Station being focused on investment from third parties. The co-collaboration



workspace would be an investment by SSDC subject to a separate business case being approved by Council.

10. These sites are shown in the tables to highlight the full range of possible schemes and associated FHSF allocations.

#### **Public Realm enhancements**

- 11. In the public realm theme, we have made good progress. Construction work is underway on the Triangle/Wine Street contract and the contract which covers High Street, the Borough, Middle Street West and Middle Street East is currently being procured. The remaining area which covers streets linked to Wyndham Street is ready to be tendered, should the recommendations set out in this report be agreed by Council.
- 12. The approved capital budget allocated to the Public Realm theme is £9,308m. The table below shows this and the revisions to the budget seeking Council approval.

PUBLIC REALM ENHANCEMENT WORKS	Budget approved by Council in July 2021	Revisions seeking Council approval in February 2022	Changes
	£000	£000	£000
Middle Street East / Wyndham Street	851	769	(83)
The Bandstand / The Triangle	3,332	2,957	(375)
Middle Street West	1,872	3,090	1,218
The Borough & High Street	1,550	1,483	(67)
Westminster Street	851	1,091	240
Lump Sum Payments to County	852	0	(852)
Project contingency	0	939	939
TOTAL	9,308	10,329	1,020

- 13. Since the budget was approved by Council in July 2021 there has been a range of pressures on project costs which means that this budget is no longer sufficient. These pressures include significant increases in materials and labour costs, delays in supply chain affecting the construction programme, the wider impacts of the pandemic such as staff sickness and practical matters such as increased traffic management costs.
- 14. When this budget was agreed, it included a lump sum to provide for maintenance of all of the sections of public realm which was payable to Somerset County Council (SCC) as the Highways authority on completion of works. SCC maintain the highways to an agreed standard but as we are improving the materials used, we are responsible for the additional maintenance costs over a number of years. However, as a consequence of the decision made by the Secretary of State in July 2021 to create a single unitary for Somerset, this approach was re-evaluated, which means that the maintenance provision can now be provided through an annual allocation of revenue



funds rather than through one lump sum payment of £852,000. This annual allocation amounts to £15,000 so the capital sum can now, with Full Council's approval be used to fund other projects within the public realm programme. This has been incorporated into the table above.

- 15. A value engineering process is being applied to the High Street and Borough, Middle Street West and East contract, which we hope will allow us to reduce construction costs but, for the purposes of this report, we have included the indicative contract sum. Until we have members' agreement to the recommendations in the report we are not able to finalise the signing of this specific contract.
- 16. It should also be noted that unless the additional budget is agreed, the areas around Wyndham Street will not progress.
- 17. We are currently projecting an underspend of £375,000 on the Triangle project but this budget may be required for ground condition works in that area and delays to the programme. The level of risk and its impact will become clear as construction commences.
- 18. We would also suggest creating a contingency budget of 10% for all of these projects which amounts to £939,000. Therefore, the additional budget requirement for public realm works on top of the agreed budget is £1,021,000.
- 19. If members agree this increase to the capital budget that will permit us to deliver all of the sections originally identified in the Yeovil Refresh programme.

#### Transport system changes

Improving the Network (Transport) - Construction & Phase 2 Design	Budget approved by Council in July 2021	Revisions seeking Council approval in February 2022	Changes
Pedestrian, Cycle & Traffic Calming - South Street/Stars Lane	314	317	3
Pedestrian & Cycle - Hendford	300	300	0
Pedestrian & Cycle - Addlewell & Stars Lane	421	270	(151)
Pedestrian & Cycle - Old Station Road	513	513	0
Way Finding	0	42	42
Contingency		144	144
TOTAL	1,548	1,586	38

20. The Transport projects in the town centre are focused on pedestrian wayfinding, active travel measures, some junction enhancements and the reversal of traffic flow in South Street/ Stars Lane. This is currently subject to formal consultation with statutory bodies and residents along the route.

# South Somerset District Council

- 21. The Transport theme has a current approved capital budget of £1,547,186. The construction costs of the Town Centre Active travel package are estimated at £1.25 million. We have submitted a bid of £650,000 via SCC to use Active Travel 3 funds to support these projects. If this were successful it would provide a grant which could be used to assist in delivery of these projects. There could also be cost reductions of £151,000 from original estimates as a scheme at Addlewell lane, which was being evaluated as part of phase one, has been removed from future plans.
- 22. We are currently updating these figures and taking into account factors that have impacted the public realm projects would suggest creating a contingency amount in this budget area. In evaluating Transport projects, The Department for Transport make an assumption that a 40% contingency is applied to any project that is allocated funding. Whilst this is generally highways projects this rationale could be applied to this area of work. We would therefore suggest an allocation by 40% may be more appropriate to account for possible additional design and construction costs. However this would mean an increase of £618,874.40 on the overall allocation. Therefore, this report proposes a 10% increase which is consistent with the rest of the programme and would equate to £144,000.
- 23. We would also propose the specific inclusion of a sum for the delivery of pedestrian wayfinding systems into the town centre. This project has a contract value of £41,072.00. A contingency of 10% for this project is included in the proposed £144,000 above.
- 24. Therefore, taking in to account all of the changes, the proposed budget requests an increase of £38,000 for the transport schemes.

#### **Animations and Managed Spaces**

- 25. The general principle of tackling this theme is laid out in the Refresh strategy and was recently restated by the Refresh board. There are a number of specific areas that will be addressed in 2022/23 which include events and activity management. This is required to ensure the best use of the public areas created through the Public Realm Project. Events are required to drive footfall, which will benefit the economy and provide opportunities for community activity in the town centre. Space management relates to the new public realm including maintenance of water features and the necessary licenses required for the big screen and large events.
- 26. All of these activities will develop the use of the public realm that is being constructed. A number of these items such as maintenance of the water feature in the Triangle public square will ensure that these spaces leave a strong legacy for the town centre.
- 27. We would anticipate that an enabling budget of £150,000 per annum should be allocated to deal with these issues. This will need to be in place for 2 years to provide a basis for action in this area. A detailed plan will be provided to underpin this funding as the costs related to these activities are more clearly defined.



- 28. The current project management budget is £1,263,000 and work to date has identified variance of £273,000. This budget includes design costs relating to both the public realm and the transport schemes. It also includes some costs relating to the design of the art works together with a share of regeneration programme management costs which had not previously been budgeted. The proposed budget for this, if approved, becomes £1,536,000.
- 29. The additional maintenance requirements and proposed budget to deliver events and animations results in an increase of £300,000 to the revenue budget. There are also additional accountancy costs amounting to £18,000 and a Section 278 maintenance payment of £15,000. Therefore, the total revenue budget, if approved, would increase to £1.994m over the delivery period which is proposed to be funded from the Regeneration Fund reserve.

#### **Financial Implications and Risks**

#### Capital budget implications

	Budget approved by Council in July 2021	Revisions seeking Council approval in February 2022	Changes
	£000	£000	£000
Public realm enhancement works	9,308	10,329	1,020
Transport system changes	1,548	1,586	38
Major Projects	9,323	9,323	0
Budget increase to purchase potential property	600	600	0
TOTAL	20,779	21,838	1,059

- 30. The current capital approved budget is £20.779m and the request is to bring the budget to £21.838m. This includes the budget for the Major Projects (at Cattle Market and Glovers Walk), which, if they proceed, will be undertaken by the private sector and part-funded by the Future High Street Fund grant. The budget also includes an amount for a possible property purchase which was agreed by Full Council at its December 2021 meeting. As agreed in July 2021 the budget excludes any allocation to the collaborative workspace project which will, if progressed, be the subject of a separate business case to a future council meeting.
- 31. The current turbulent nature of the construction industry has increased the risk of contractors going in to administration or ceasing to operate. The company currently contracted to complete the Westminster Street area of public realm has recently entered administration. However, the terms of the Council's Public Realm Framework mean that there is a remedy in place to deal with such occurrences. This should enable us to re-start work at a relatively quick pace. We will bring a further report to committee should this cause a significant change to the agreed timescales or budget.



#### **Funding of the Capital Programme**

32. The funding approach for the programme builds on what was agreed in the July 2021 report to Council.

Capital Funding	Approv	ed by Co	uncil in Ju	ıly'21	Pro	posed in F	ebruary '2	2 Budget	Cha	nge in fu	ınding	
	FHSF	Third	SSDC	Total	FHSF	Third			FHSF	Third		
	гпэг	Party	3300	TOLAI	rnar	Party	SSDC	Total	гпэг	Party	SSDC	Total
	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000
Capital Funding - Future High Streets Fund	8,977			8,977	8,97	7		8,977	0			0
Capital Funding - Third Party		5,131		5,131		5,131		5,131		0		0
Reallocation of unspent Yeovil Budgets (funded			424	424			424	424			0	0
by capital receipts)												
Area South Capital Fund contribution (funded			151	151			151	151			0	0
by capital receipts)												
Usable capital receipts already held			1,000	1,000			1,000	1,000			0	0
Income target for Project Board			1,000	1,000			0	0			(1,000)	(1,000)
CIL relating to Triangle Project				0			1,141	1,141			1,141	1,141
S106				0			325	325			325	325
Long Term Borrowing			4,096	4,096			4,689	4,689			593	593
Total Capital Funding	8,977	5,131	6,671	20,779	8,97	7 5,131	7,730	21,838	0	0	1,059	1,059

- 33. The capital funding table above highlights the changes in funding as follows:
  - The income target for the Project Board of £1m as approved in July '21 is removed as the CFO advises that the assets ring fenced for sale to part fund this project are not likely to complete during 2022/23 and therefore it is more prudent to assume that this funding source will need to be replaced by borrowing. The impact of additional borrowing is capital financing charges of £0.044m of which interest costs are £0.025m and MRP is £0.019m per annum;
  - The receipt of CIL funding as agreed by Strategic Development Board at its December 2021 relating to the Triangle Project;
  - The receipt of S106 monies of £325k in 22/23 relating to Wyndham element of the project.

#### **Future High Streets Fund**

- 34. As members will be aware the Future High Streets fund (FHSF) potentially provides a significant sum of £ 9,756,887 to support the delivery of the Refresh. The business case for this fund is based on treasury green book principles and was subject to rigorous scrutiny by DHLUC prior to award. In order to secure the grant funding, the business case needed to generate an overall Benefit Cost Ratio (BCR) above 2.
- 35. Due to a number of factors, there has been slow progress on the Major Development Projects. In order to explore the possible impacts of these delays on BCR, we have commissioned Stantec, who supported the original business case, to evaluate impacts caused by a number of scenarios. This piece of work indicates that there is a significant risk to the FHSF if these sites become undeliverable within an acceptable time frame.

# South Somerset District Council

- 36. Whilst the project team will continue to progress options and seek action from the developers, the risk of these schemes not being delivered within the FHSF timescales is now deemed to be substantial. There are change control options within the FSHF that allow transfer of benefits to alternate schemes but there are currently a limited number of developments in the town centre that could support these changes.
- 37. At the current time this means that there is a substantial risk around the Future High Streets Fund. If we are unable to utilise the fund then an additional £4,784,000 would need to be provided to deliver all of the current schemes. It is felt therefore, that it would be prudent to create a reserve to make appropriate provision for the potential loss of this grant. Clearly if this risk is not realised then funding will not be required from the reserve. This impact would not be realised under the financial year 2023/24.
- 38. Discussions with DHLUC relating to the fund are ongoing. Anecdotally, we understand that other councils are facing similar challenges given the current challenges around construction. Further reports will be bought to District Executive and Council as the situation progresses.

#### Legal implications (if any) and details of Statutory Powers

39. The recommendations will update the budget approach and value related to Yeovil Refresh. This will ensure compliance with the council's standing orders and financial regulations.

#### **Council Plan Implications**

40. The delivery of Yeovil Refresh forms part of Priority Project 2 of the Council Plan. This report therefore directly links to and supports this priority.

#### **Carbon Emissions and Climate Change Implications**

41. None identified.

#### **Equality and Diversity Implications**

42. The Refresh itself has been subject to consultation on a number of occasions. Specific projects are also subject to full Equality Impact Assessments with appropriate adjustments being made to projects in line with identified issues. This report itself has no direct implications as it relates to financing approach but has been reviewed in line with Council policy to ensure consideration of these issues.

#### **Privacy Impact Assessment**

43. There are no identified issues relating to this matter.

#### **Background Papers**

44. None.

# **Equality Impact Relevance Check**Form



The Public Sector Equality Duty requires us to eliminate discrimination, advance equality of opportunity and foster good relations with protected groups. This tool will identify the equalities relevance of a proposal, and establish whether a full Equality Impact Assessment will be required.

What is the proposal?	
Name of the proposal	Yeovil Refresh - town centre regeneration
Type of proposal (new or changed Strategy, policy, project, service or budget):	Change to budget
Brief description of the proposal:	Adjustments to the budget allocation
Name of lead officer:	Ian Timms

You should consider whether the proposal has the potential to negatively impact on citizens or staff in the following ways:

- Access to or participation in a service,
- Levels of representation in our workforce, or
- Reducing quality of life (i.e. health, education, standard of living)

A negative impact is any change that could be considered detrimental. If a negative impact is imposed on any citizens or staff with protected characteristics, the Council has a legal duty to undertake a full Equality Impact Assessment.

Could your proposal negatively impact citizens with protected characteristics? (This	NO
includes service users and the wider community)	
Could your proposal negatively impact staff with protected characteristics? (i.e.	NO
reduction in posts, changes to working hours or locations, changes in pay)	

Is a full Equality Impact Assessment required	i? NO							
If Yes, Please provide a brief description of where there may be negative impacts, and for whom. Then complete a full Equality Impact assessment Form								
If No, Please set out your justification for why not.								
	r the Yeovil Refresh project. This report if approved would							
1 . ,	lentified impacts linked to this financial allocation.  h Project have been subject to EIA's as they are designed							
, ,	ments made to ensure that impacts on those with							
protected characteristics are addressed.								
Service Director / Manager sign-off and date N Fortt 26/01/22								
Equalities Officer sign-off and date David Crisfield 26 <sup>th</sup> January 2022								

## Agenda Item 13



#### **Wincanton Regeneration Finance Report**

Executive Portfolio Holder: Cllr. Henry Hobhouse, Wincanton Regeneration lead Strategic Director: Peter Paddon Acting Director, Place and Recovery Natalie Fortt, Regeneration Programme Manager

Lead Officers (for report): Pam Williams, Wincanton Regeneration Project Manager

and Karen Watling, Chief Finance Officer

Contact Details: Pam.williams@southsomerset.gov.uk

#### **Purpose of the Report**

 To seek agreement to change the scope of the Wincanton Regeneration Project from that originally agreed by Council and as a consequence re-profile the budget to align with the priority projects that have been identified as both achievable and affordable within the last year of the programme.

#### **Public Interest**

2. The Wincanton Regeneration programme is entering its last year and priority projects have been identified that are deliverable within this timeframe. This report sets out the revised change in the budget required to deliver these projects.

#### Recommendations

- 3. That Full Council approve:
  - a) A change in project scope from that agreed by council at its meeting in October 2019: as detailed in Table 2 of this report.
  - b) The re-profiling and revision of the Wincanton Regeneration budget that will result in an overall programme budget of £2,392,236: which represents a reduction of £3,280,764 compared to the current approved budget.

#### **Background**

- 4. The Wincanton Regeneration programme seeks to improve the attractiveness of the town centre by creating an environment where businesses wish to trade and with spaces which people will visit and want to spend time. The project comprises a range of initiatives including physical infrastructure and property improvements as well as softer interventions with the aim of:
  - Broaden the mix of uses by engaging with landowners of vacant/underused premises such as key long term empty properties.



- Enhancing the attractiveness of the town centre improvements to public realm at key locations within the town centre, complementary planting schemes and a grant programme to part fund owner led repairs to historic town centre buildings.
- Creating a destination softer interventions which are enabled through a
  grant programme to support town centre events and activities such as fairs,
  pop-up entertainment/events, promotion and marketing initiatives which help
  to draw people into the town/capitalise on the town's proximity to the
  racecourse
- 5. When the original budget was agreed by District Executive and Full Council in October 2019 an initial assessment of the budget implications was undertaken and provisional budget sums were included to inform the high level budget allocation. This report proposes a revision of the budget to ensure adequate funding for those projects which can be completed during the final year of the project.
- 6. In the two years since the regeneration project went live, several pieces of work have been progressed which pave the way for a busy final year:
  - Assessment of historic building frontages
  - Public Realm Designs
  - Events and Activities Grant programme launched
  - Funding for 18 events approved (detailed in appendix 1)
- 7. As well as the launch of a grant programme to support improvements to historic buildings, the programme will, subject to final sign off from Highways, proceed with the three public realm enhancements at Carrington Way, Central High Street and Market Place including a long awaited scheme to improve pavement widths in the centre of the High Street.
- 8. Local Government Re-organisation means that commitments cannot be entered into which will extend beyond March 2023, unless they have LGR Board approval. As a consequence, the final year of Wincanton's project is targeted towards those projects which can be wholly delivered by March 2023.
- 9. Following a review of projects some high profile and important projects are considered to be longer term. Preliminary milestones could be achieved but the project will not be wholly completed within the required timescale. These projects are not contained in the re-profiled 2022-23 project budget as they will require a commitment from the new Council. However, they remain an aspiration for the town going forward. Resources will be focused on those projects with realistic delivery timescales.
- 10. The proposed updated budget was fully supported at the Wincanton Regeneration Project Board on 12<sup>th</sup> January 2022. However, the Board were clear that although the market square proposals would not be progressed, options for the vacant Town Centre property should be further explored.



#### **Approved budget**

Table 1: Initial Forecasts made in 2019

Programme Element	Current Approved Budget	Specific Funding	Net Spend for SSDC funding
Property register	£1,000		£1,000
Facilitate re-use of Empty Properties	£160,000		£160,000
ATM relocation & enabling works	£5,000		£5,000
Development brief for Market Square	£30,000		£30,000
Library/Museum redevelopment	£618,000	(£200,000)	£418,000
Establish register of Heritage buildings	£80,000		£80,000
Signage	£150,000		£150,000
Cultural Events	£208,000		£208,000
Public Realm masterplan	£650,000		£650,000
Seasonal planting	£52,000		£52,000
White Horse redevelopment	£3,283,000	(£2,720,000)	£563,000
Co-ordinated marketing / Image development	£40,000		£40,000
Professional fees	£396,000		£396,000
Grants & other funding opportunities		(£250,000)	(£250,000)
Asset disposal		(£500,000)	(£500,000)
Total	£5,673,000	(£3,670,000)	£2,003,000

11. The current approved budget of £5.673m includes anticipated involvement in developing the White Horse (a long time vacant Grade II\* Listed coaching inn on the 'at risk' register). However, since the current owners acquired the site, they have been actively engaging with planning to bring forward a solution for the building (and land to rear); it is therefore anticipated that District Council intervention will not be necessary and the budget will therefore not be needed.

#### **Proposed revised budget**

Table 2: Revised Budget

Programme Element	Budget Cost	Specific Funding
Property Project Incl. Grants	£190,000	
Facilitate re-use of empty property	£8,000	
Project Management costs and fees	£273,436	
Signage	£180,000	
Cultural Events	£153,000	
Public Realm designs	£150,000	
Public Realm improvements to the central High		
Street, Carrington Way and Market Place areas	£1,100,000	



Total	£2,392,236	478,000)
Asset disposal		(£478,000)
Contingency	143,800	
Professional fees	£32,000	
Co-ordinated marketing / Image development	£40,000	
Levelling Up Fund bid	£65,000	
Anchor Business Review	£5,000	
Seasonal planting	£52,000	

- 12. Across the three regeneration projects recent tender prices have ranged from 17% to 42% above the pre tender estimates. There are a number of reasons that the estimated costs may change, in fact, the current issues facing the construction industry is a good example of external factors affecting the viability of projects. The industry is currently experiencing an increase in construction projects, which is pushing up demand for construction resources and thereby increasing prices; global prices of materials such as iron and copper are increasing, with iron ore prices 97% higher than last year and imported timber products rising by 74%; supply chain disruptions are also affecting the availability and therefore price of materials.
- 13. The Office of National Statistics states that construction costs have been rising each month since December 2019 and the latest figures suggest that the average material costs are at least 23% higher than last year. A level of contingency is usually factored in to all projects at 10%, it is not proposed to increase this contingency due to the recent approval for a central contingency fund for all capital projects.
- 14. The revised project budget is informed by the timescale for delivering, and fully completing projects by March 2023. Public Realm costs are based on estimates and make allowances for a number of contract variations including provision to meet requirements of the Highway Safety Audit, lighting and signalised crossing. A 20% increase is included in the original A303 signage /wayfinding budget in line with the increase in cost since the initial estimate in 2019.
- 15. In the absence of external funding grant aid to support the property grant programme, an additional sum of £100k is included to facilitate owner led property improvements against identified repairs which were costed at £972k in 2020. Proposed intervention rates are 50-70%. Most owners contacted about undertaking property repairs have welcomed the prospect of grant support. The initial call for grants would be to owners of properties requiring urgent and high level works. Whilst the budget line is modest in comparison to the cost of works, the aim is to incentivise owner investment to undertake repairs. Where owners of significantly deteriorating properties are reluctant to undertake maintenance, we will work with planning to use powers within Section 215 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 which allow SSDC to issue notice to require repair and if in default, funds within the budget could be used to undertake the works with the costs legally 'charged' against the property.



- 16. The current total approved budget of £5.673m is now forecast to be £2.392m.
- 17. Contingencies are included in this forecast to allow for inflation risks at 10% of cost, this is in addition to the corporate-contingency being proposed for the whole capital programme in the Budget Report on this committee's agenda.
- 18. The budget is planned to be funded in part from the disposal of assets, the net receipt for which is estimated to be £478k dependent on market conditions and the final level of selling costs It has taken time for the sale to conclude but the purchaser is committed to completing, with or without the resolution of access issues which have extended the conveyance period. This is forecast to leave £1,914k to be financed from SSDC reserves and borrowing, as previously agreed.

#### Legal implications (if any) and details of Statutory Powers

20. None arising from this report.

#### **Council Plan Implications**

22. The delivery of the Wincanton Town Centre Regeneration Programme is part of Priority Project 2 within the Council Plan. This report therefore directly links to and supports this priority.

#### **Carbon Emissions and Climate Change Implications**

23. None directly arising from this report.

#### **Equality and Diversity Implications**

24. This report itself has no direct implications as it relates to the programme budget only.

#### **Privacy Impact Assessment**

25. There are no identified issues relating to this matter.

#### **Background Papers**

26. None



#### Appendix 1

## **Events and Activities Funding Awards October 2020 - December 2021**

Applicant	Project	Award Date	Award approved	Award Period 1-3 Years	Paid	Event now anticipated
Wincanton Town Festival	Wincanton in Lights	7.10.20	£5,000	1		December 2021
Bunker Bushcrafts	Winky Wacky Races	7.10.20	£8,032	1		June/July 2022
Wassail Theatre	Doorstep Panto	4.12.20	£4,000	2		December 21 + July 22
Carnival Club	Wincanton Carnival	16.12.20	£10,000	3		October 2022
SEED	Seeding the future	16.12.20	£10,000	3		Spring 2022
Bath Opera	Bath Opera at the Memorial Hall	01.05.21	£2,719	3		Year 1 Complete
Town Council	Christmas	27.11.21	£4,900*	3		December 2021 (*funding beyond year one tbc

Completed Events						
Bootmakers	Town Tree	15.9.21	£800	1	No	Complete
Wincanton Town Festival	Wincanton Town Festival	21.06.21	£2,325	1	Yes	Complete
Secret Storyteller	Wincanton Storyteller	16.12.20	£5,000	1	Yes	Complete

# **Equality Impact Relevance Check**Form



The Public Sector Equality Duty requires us to eliminate discrimination, advance equality of opportunity and foster good relations with protected groups. This tool will identify the equalities relevance of a proposal, and establish whether a full Equality Impact Assessment will be required.

What is the proposal?	
Name of the proposal	Wincanton Town Centre Regeneration Project
Type of proposal (new or changed Strategy, policy, project, service or budget):	Re-profiling of budget in final year of programme
Brief description of the proposal:	Adjustments to the budget allocation and project review
Name of lead officer:	Pam Williams

You should consider whether the proposal has the potential to negatively impact on citizens or staff in the following ways:

- Access to or participation in a service,
- · Levels of representation in our workforce, or
- Reducing quality of life (i.e. health, education, standard of living)

A negative impact is any change that could be considered detrimental. If a negative impact is imposed on any citizens or staff with protected characteristics, the Council has a legal duty to undertake a full Equality Impact Assessment.

Could your proposal negatively impact citizens with protected characteristics? (This					
includes service users and the wider community)					
Could your proposal negatively impact staff with protected characteristics? (i.e.	NO				
reduction in posts, changes to working hours or locations, changes in pay)					

Is a full Equality Impact Assessment required	? NO						
If Yes, Please provide a brief description of where there may be negative impacts, and for whom. Then complete a full Equality Impact assessment Form							
If No, Please set out your justification for why not.							
No impacts on peope from Protected Character reprofiling of the budget and update on deli	cteristics as a direct result of this overview report on a very. Individual intiatives within the overall Wincanton						
Town Centre Regeneration Project will be required to complete EIA's at the relevant stage so that provision can be made for adjustments to address neagative impacts.							
Service Director / Manager sign-off and date N Fortt 21/01/22							
Equalities Officer sign-off and date Dave Crisfield 24 <sup>th</sup> January 2022							

## Agenda Item 14



#### **Ensuring sufficient staffing capacity during 2022/23**

Executive Portfolio Holder: Cllr Val Keitch Chief Executive: Jane Portman

Contact Details: Jane.Portman@southsomerset.gov.uk or 01935 462101

#### **Purpose of the Report**

 To propose increases to the staffing budget for 2022/23, the creation of a contingency in the LGR reserve for funding extra capacity if required, and changes to the Senior Leadership Team (SLT).

#### **Public Interest**

- 2. This report sets out proposals from the Head of Paid Service (the Chief Executive) and the Chief Finance Officer (in terms of budget and funding requirements) to ensure the Council has sufficient officer capacity to deliver the following during 2022/23:
  - Essential on-going services to our residents
  - Service improvements
  - The Corporate Plan and the Action Plan priorities agreed by Members
  - SDDC's responsibilities in the Local Government Reorganisation Programme
- 3. These proposals, if agreed, will influence the figures included in SSDC's Budget Report (which is also on this agenda). For the benefit of doubt, the Budget Report at this stage assumes that these proposals will be agreed and therefore the increases shown in this report have been included in the overall budget proposals.

#### Recommendations

- 4. That Full Council:
  - a. Approve the requests to increase the staffing budget by £2,465,810 as set out in paragraph 11 and Appendix One.
  - b. Approve the increase in the LGR Reserve of £1m as set out in paragraphs 12 to 14, and its funding from the MTFP Support Fund reserve.
  - c. Delete the post of Director of Commercial Services and Income Generation from the staffing establishment budget as proposed in paragraphs 15 to 19.
  - d. Approve further changes to the Senior Leadership Team (SLT) as set out in paragraphs 19 and 20.
  - e. Note the line management arrangements for SLT for 2022/23 as set out in Appendix Two.
  - f. Note the Portfolio Holder responsibilities and associated SLT leads for 2022/23 as set out in Appendix Three.
  - g. Authorise the Monitoring Officer to make such changes to the Constitution as are necessary to reflect their decision.



#### **Background**

- 5. South Somerset District Council (SSDC) has one last year of operation before the new Somerset Council comes into being on 1<sup>st</sup> April 2023.
- 6. 2022/23 is going to be a challenging and pressurised year for officers who will have to deliver:
  - Essential on-going services to our residents
  - Service improvements
  - The Corporate Plan and the Action Plan priorities agreed by Members; as well as
  - SDDC's responsibilities in the Local Government Reorganisation Programme.
- 7. There are potential risks that some officers could seek alternative employment prior to the new council being established which could put additional pressure on staff over the forthcoming year. Hiring additional people to fill the vacant posts will cost more than the salaries base budget as we will need to hire interims and fixed term posts.
- 8. In addition the organisation already has some planned tasks behind schedule due to staff being reallocated to Covid Response work tasks over the last two years.
- 9. This report sets out proposals to ensure that we have the staffing capacity, the financing, and the appropriate senior level structure to deliver the outcomes required during 2022/23.

#### Proposals to increase the employee's budget in 2022/23

11. Appendix A gives details of the proposals. The increase in the 2022/23 budget is £2,465,810. Of this amount, £1,026,210 (42%) are one year only increases and do not therefore have any on-going implications for the new Somerset Council. £1,439,600 are on-going proposed increases to SSDC's employees budget and largely relate to service delivery to our residents particular in the Building Control, Development Management and Revenues & Benefits services.

#### Proposals to increase the LGR reserve in 2022/23

- 12. Whilst any known capacity needs are proposed to be put into the relevant services' revenue budgets up-front (if agreed by Full Council), there are many potential unknowables for 2022/23. As stated above, officers may leave given the uncertainty of the LGR situation, and take up employment elsewhere. It may become necessary to take on extra capacity to deliver the capital programme, the corporate plan priorities, as well as SSDC's support to the LGR programme.
- 13. The Chief Finance Officer therefore proposes that £1m is added to the LGR reserve to provide a contingency fund to mitigate against these potential risks. This is proposed to be funded from the MTFP Support reserve. The consequences of this on the overall reserves position of the Council is shown in the 2022/23 Budget Report on this agenda.



14. The Senior Responsible Officer for the LGR reserve is the Chief Executive. Any proposals for using this reserve would be reviewed by Senior Leadership Team before decisions to allocate funds from the reserve were made under officer delegation. Any allocations made would be reported to District Executive in the quarterly revenue budget monitoring reports.

#### **Proposals to change the Senior Leadership Team in 2022/23**

- 15. From 1<sup>st</sup> June 2021 the Director of Commercial Services and Income Generation was absent from work until her departure from the council on 21<sup>st</sup> October 2021.
- 16. Since 1<sup>st</sup> June, other members of the Senior Leadership Team (SLT) have collectively taken up her duties and this has continued to date.
- 17. On 16<sup>th</sup> August 2021 the new Chief Executive took up her post and following the departure of the Director of Commercial Services and Income Generation from the council, reviewed SLT arrangements as they relate to the duties of the former Director to assess their robustness and sustainability for the new financial year.
- 18. The need to fill this post has also been considered in the light of Local Government Reorganisation (LGR) which means the current staff will transfer into the new Somerset Council on 1<sup>st</sup> April 2023. The organisational design for the new council has yet to be agreed.
- 19. The Chief Executive has concluded that the current arrangements are robust and sustainable for the financial year 2022/2023 and recommends that the post of Director of Commercial Services and Income Generation be deleted.
- 20. In order to reflect best practice governance arrangements, for example those proposed by CIPFA in their guidance note entitled "Role of the Chief Finance Officer in Local Government", the Chief Executive has also concluded that the two statutory officer posts (the Section 151 Officer and the Monitoring Officer) should report directly into herself and have the same seniority in the organisation as her other direct reports.
- 21. The definition of SLT in rule 1 of the Council's Human Resources Management Rules does not reflect the Council's SLT membership and will need to be amended to bring it up to date.
- 22. In light of Local Government Reorganisation all members of SLT have taken up additional leadership roles in the programme. This has reduced their capacity to deliver their normal duties to the council. Therefore in order to ensure there is officer capacity to deliver SSDC's services and priorities at the most senior officer level the following has been undertaken/proposed:
  - a. Peter Paddon has been appointed as Acting Director of Place and Recovery. Jan Gamon, Director of Place and Recovery, is now working for approximately 80% of her time on the LGR programme, so Peter is now leading on much of the business as usual across the Directorate and reports into Jan.



- b. Sharon Jones has been appointed Assistant Director of Service Delivery to assist Kirsty Larkins, Director of Service Delivery, who now is working for approximately 50% of her time on the LGR programme.
- c. James Divall has been appointed Assistant Director of Strategy and Support Services to assist Nicola Hix, Director of Strategy and Support Services, who is now working for approximately 50% of her time on the LGR programme.
- d. The growth proposals include the appointment of a Deputy Statutory Monitoring Officer to support the delivery of the LGR programme and assist Jill Byron, District Solicitor and Monitoring Officer, who currently spends approximately 50% of her time on the LGR programme.
- e. The growth proposals also include the appointment of 1.4 FTE (Full Time Equivalent) interim finance specialists to support the delivery of the LGR programme. 1.0 FTE is likely to be needed to move SSDC's financial data into a combined financial system and to align service budgets to a common classification across the five councils. Karen Watling, the Chief Finance Officer, currently spends approximately 20% of her time on the LGR programme but estimates this will increase to 60% once the 2022/23 budget has been agreed, and to approximately 80% when the budget setting process for the new Somerset Council commences later on this calendar year.

#### **Financial Implications**

- 23. These proposals, if agreed, would increase the employees budget by £2.466m in 2022/23 and would have an on-going impact on Somerset Council's 2023/24 revenue budget of £1.440m (excluding the 2023/24 Pay Award).
- 24. The proposed increase of £1m to the LGR Reserve would require an equivalent transfer from the Medium Term Support Fund Reserve.
- 25. The implications of these proposals on the overall revenue budget and reserves position are set out in the 2022/23 Budget Report which is a separate report on District Executive's agenda. It has been assumed in the latter report that these proposals will be agreed.

#### Legal implications (if any) and details of Statutory Powers

26. Under Article 12 of the Constitution, the Chief Executive, as Head of Paid Service is responsible for determining the overall departmental structure of the Council and reporting to Council on how many officers are required to discharge the Council's functions. The Human Resources Management Rules set out in Part 4 of the Constitution require revisions to the Senior Management Structure to be approved by full Council.



#### **Council Plan Implications**

The proposals are being made in order give officer capacity to deliver the Corporate Plan Action priorities.

#### **Carbon Emissions and Climate Change Implications**

There are no direct implications arising from agreeing this report.

#### **Equality and Diversity Implications**

There are no equality and diversity implications arising from this report. The proposal is to increase the staffing budget to ensure sufficient staffing capacity. This will not impact negatively on current staff sharing Protected Characteristics. However there is the potential to deliver positive impacts by enhancing the staffing capacity within specific service areas. There will be no negative impacts in respect of any new recruitment that takes place

#### **Privacy Impact Assessment**

There are no privacy impacts arising from this report.

#### **Background Papers**

2022/23 Budget Report: District Executive 17th February 2022

#### **Appendices**

One. Proposals to increase the employee's budget Two: Line Management Arrangements 2022/2023

Three: Portfolio Holder responsibilities and associated Senior Leadership Team leads

2022/2023

# Jage 199

### **APPENDIX ONE - PROPOSED INCREASES TO THE STAFFFING BUDGET IN 2022/23**

SERVICE	DIVISION	POST	TOTAL	ONE YEAR FUNDING	REASON FOR GROWTH REQUEST
		Chief Executive budget increase	16,070	Yes	Cost of Fixed Term contract above establishment base salary budget.  Agreed by Full Council on 08.07.21
	SLT	CFO budget increase	56,840	Yes	Cost of Fixed Term contract above establishment base salary budget.  Agreed by Full Council on 21.10.21
		Monitoring Officer salary Increase	17,730	No	To reflect both additional line management responsibilities and budget holding responsibilities
Chief		Assistant Director Service Delivery post	78,600	Yes	To provide additional capacity at a senior level so the Director Service Delivery can support the LGR programme
Executive	Local	Assistant Director Strategy & Support Services post	22,210	Yes	To provide additional capacity at a senior level so the Director of Strategy and Support Services can support the LGR programme
		Government eorganisation Finance Specialist Backfill		Yes	To provide a full time interim backfill for one of the Finance Specialists in order that she can support the Chief Finance Officer deliver the financial work needed from SSDC on LGR
		Interim Financial LGR Support	68,310	Yes	To provide interim support to the Chief Finance Officer to deliver the financial work needed from SSDC on LGR (0.4 FTE)
Chief Executi	ve Total		364,760		
Commercial Services	Property Land & Dev Specialists	Property Specialist - Grade Increase	15,790	No	Increase in grade to reflect post holders responsibilities.
	Streetscene	Transport Manager	59,170		To ensure compliance with O Licence requirements.
Commercial S		74,960			
	Building Control  Additional agency staff less vacant posts 3 x FTE's Specialists		337,090		Due to a severe national shortage of qualified Building Control Officers we are relying on agency staff to ensure the service continues to run. We will run another recruitment process and the cost may reduce.
Service	Development Management	Specialists:-  4 x FTE's to fill current vacancies 2 x FTE's for 12 months 3 x FTE's for 6 months 2 x FTE's for enforcement 2.5 x FTE's Case Officers	851,610	No	Due to a national shortage of planning officers we are having to rely on agency staff, we have also seen an increase in demand. From 2019/20 to 2020/21 we so a 26% increase in applications, and over the last year we have seen an increase of 17%. Reported enforcement cases have quadrupled. We have a large number of application held up in the planning process due to phosphates, once a solution is agreed there is likely to be high pressure on the team to determine these applications as quickly as possible.

٦	J
0	)
$\mathcal{C}$	2
$\mathfrak{a}$	)
1	ر
$\subset$	)
	ン

Delivery	Revenues & Benefits	10 additional posts	337,970	Yes	During the high of the pandemic a decision was made to stop debt recovery action, to protect those most vulnerable in our communities and we have also had to support the many business support grant schemes. These actions have resulted in an increase in workload and a reduction in the amount of council tax we are collecting. the additional staff will help support recovery and ensure as we move forward into a new authority our data is of good quality.
	SD Case Team	One Team Co-ordinator Post	32,720	No	For several years we have been out of step with the other Districts, this post helps support community safety in South Somerset and enable us to manage more effective One Teams focussing on those most vulnerable in our communities
	Customer Focus	3 x additional grade 4 posts	92,190	Yes	To reflect the increased demand on phone lines and ongoing service improvements.
Service Delive	ery Total		1,651,580		
	People Team	People Manager	67,880	Yes	No People Manager post established during Transformation but essential to ensure consistent management of people across the Council until 31/3/23.
		People Specialist	38,680	Yes	To ensure capacity to support LGR programme.
		Increase in Lead Specialist Grade	3,820	Yes	Temporary additional duties being picked up above current grade.
Strategy & Support Services	Digital Mailroom	Additional posts x 2.5 FTE - Digital Mailroom	57,610	No	Increased capacity to cope with added volume of printing, scanning, indexing and post going through the digital mailroom, increased by agile working. Savings in printing budget helps fund this.
		Deputy Monitoring Officer	67,880	No	To provide additional capacity at a senior level so the Monitoring Officer can support the LGR programme and fulfil her statutory duties.
	Legal Team	Case Officer - additional 10 hours per week	7,860	Yes	Increased capacity to support increased enforcement work within service delivery.
		Legal Specialist - additional 10 hrs per week	14,870	Yes	Increased capacity to support increased enforcement work within service delivery.
		Complaints Officer - 10hrs per week	13,440	Yes	To provide additional capacity to enable complaints to be consolidated and dealt with in a timely manner.
Strategy & Su	Strategy & Support Services Total				
Place & Recovery	Regeneration	Interim Regeneration Project Accountant	102,470	Yes	To provide specialist capacity to the Chief Finance Officer & Director of Place & Recovery to monitor the Regeneration Programme budgets and to give on-going financial advice (0.6 FTE). This will be funded from the Regeneration Fund reserve.

Place & Recovery Total	102,470
Grand Total	2,465,810
One-off increases to be incured only in 2022/23	1,026,210
On-going increases to the staffing budget	1,439,600

#### **APPENDIX TWO**

# SENIOR LEADERSHIP TEAM – LINE MANAGEMENT ARRANGEMENTS 2022/2023

SLT MEMBER	DIRECT REPORTS
Chief Executive Jane Portman	Director – Strategy and Support Services Nicola Hix
	Director – Place and Recovery Jan Gamon
	Director – Service Delivery Kirsty Larkins
	Chief Financial Officer Karen Watling
	District Solicitor and Monitoring Officer Jill Byron
Director – Strategy and Support Services Nicola Hix	Assistant Director James Divall
THEORE THE	Lead Specialist People Jenny Clayton
	Lead Specialist Digital Change Toffer Beattie
	People, Performance & Change Lead Specialist Brendan Downes
	Lead Specialist Strategic Planning Jess Power
	Lead Specialist Communications, Marketing and Media Richard Birch
	People Manager Kim Williams
	People Manager Amanda Kotvics

SLT MEMBER	DIRECT REPORTS
	People Manager Sara Kelly
	Environmental Services Manager Vacant
Director – Place and Recovery Jan Gamon	Acting Director/Lead Specialist, Economic Delivery Peter Paddon
	Programme Manager Natalie Fortt
	Arts and Entertainment Manager Adam Burgan
Director – Service Delivery Kirsty Larkins	Assistant Director- Service Delivery Sharon Jones
	Leisure and Recreation Manager Katy Menday
	Lead Specialist Built Environment John Hammond
	Lead Specialist Environment Vicki Dawson
	Lead Specialist Communities Leigh Rampton
	People Manager Sam Wenden de Lira
	People Manager Helen Morris
	Customer Connect Manager Marie Collins
	Localities Manager Tim Cook
Chief Financial Officer (S151 Officer) Karen Watling	Lead Specialist Finance (Deputy S151 Officer) Paul Matravers
	Regeneration Project Accountant Geetha Blood
	Finance Specialist – LGR Hannah Brown

SLT MEMBER	DIRECT REPORTS
District Solicitor and Monitoring Officer Jill Byron	Lead Specialist Legal (Deputy Monitoring Officer)  Vacant
	Specialist Democratic Services Angela Cox
	Specialist Elections Roger Quantock
	Commercial Property, Land and Development Manager Robert Orrett



#### APPENDIX THREE: SOUTH SOMERSET DISTRICT COUNCIL

#### PORTFOLIO HOLDER RESPONSIBILITIES 2022/23

		PORTFOLIO HOLDERS									
	SLT lead	Cllr Val Keitch Leader	Cllr Peter Seib Deputy Leader	Cllr Tony Lock	Cllr John Clark	Cllr Sarah Dyke	Cllr Mike Best	Cllr Adam Dance	Cllr Henry Hobhouse	Cllr Peter Gubbins	Cllr Jason Baker
	Jane Portman	Strategic direction of the Council  Overall policy and strategy  Local Government Reorganisation									
Page 205	Nicola Hix	Human Resources Corporate Plan Corporate Performance Civil Contingencies Communications Strategic Planning	Procurement	Digital Strategy Organisational Development People Strategy Spatial planning		Street scene Waste and Recycling		Area North			
	Jan Gamon	Equalities and Diversity  Strategic Development			Economy Economic Recovery		Arts and Culture  Octagon Theatre development		Area East Wincanton Regeneration	Area South Yeovil Refresh	Chard Regeneration



South Somerset
District Council

					PORTFOLIO	HOLDERS				
SLT lead	Cllr Val Keitch Leader	Cllr Peter Seib	Cllr Tony Lock	Cllr John Clark	Cllr Sarah Dyke	Cllr Mike Best	Cllr Adam Dance	Cllr Henry Hobhouse	Cllr Peter Gubbins	Cllr Jason Baker
Mark Lades		Deputy Leader	0'(	Clark		0		Hobriouse	Gubbins	
Kirsty Larkins	Housing Customer Services	Revenues	Community Safety  Development Management		Environment Climate Change	Sport Countryside Health and	Licensing Environmental Health			Area Wes
			Area Development			wellbeing Benefits				
Karen Watling		Finance Audit								
Jill Byron	Member Development	Strategic Asset Management	Commercial Strategy							
STRATEGIC	LGR Joint	South- West	Safer	Somerset	Somerset	Somerset				
PARTNERSHIPS	Committee HotSW LEP	Audit Partnership	Somerset Partnership	Growth Board Place	Waste Partnership	Health and Wellbeing Board				
	Homefinder			Leadership	Somerset Rivers	CAECCD				
	Somerset			Group	Authority	SAFCCP (Somerset Armed Forces				
	Somerset Leaders and CXs					Community Covenant Partnership)				
	District Council Network									
	Town and Parish Councils									

19th March 2019 Appendix 4

# **Equality Impact Relevance Check**Form



The Public Sector Equality Duty requires us to eliminate discrimination, advance equality of opportunity and foster good relations with protected groups. This tool will identify the equalities relevance of a proposal, and establish whether a full Equality Impact Assessment will be required.

What is the proposal?	
Name of the proposal	Ensuring staffing capacity 2022/23
Type of proposal (new or changed Strategy, policy, project, service or budget):	Changes in SLT and increased budget for staffing
Brief description of the proposal:	To ensure staffing capacity in 2022/23
Name of lead officer:	Jane Portman

You should consider whether the proposal has the potential to negatively impact on citizens or staff in the following ways:

- Access to or participation in a service,
- Levels of representation in our workforce, or
- Reducing quality of life (i.e. health, education, standard of living)

A negative impact is any change that could be considered detrimental. If a negative impact is imposed on any citizens or staff with protected characteristics, the Council has a legal duty to undertake a full Equality Impact Assessment.

Could your proposal negatively impact citizens with protected characteristics? (This	
includes service users and the wider community)	
Could your proposal negatively impact staff with protected characteristics? (i.e.	
reduction in posts, changes to working hours or locations, changes in pay)	

Is a full Equality Impact Assessment required	?	NO	
<b>If Yes,</b> Please provide a brief description of where there may be negative impacts, and for whom. Then			
complete a full Equality Impact assessment Form			
If No, Please set out your justification for why not.			
The proposal is to increase the staffing budget to ensure sufficient staffing capacity. This will not			
impact negatively on current staff sharing Protected Characteristics. However there is the potential to			
deliver positive impacts by enhancing the staffing capacity within specific service areas. There will be			
no negative impacts in respect of any new recruitment that takes place.			
Service Director / Manager sign-off and date	Jane Portman 03.02.22		
Equalities Officer sign-off and date	Dave Crisfield 3 <sup>rd</sup> February 2022		

## Agenda Item 15



#### 2022/23 Budget Report

Executive Portfolio Holder: Peter Seib, Finance and Legal Services

SLT Lead: Karen Watling, Chief Finance (S151) Officer Lead Officers: Karen Watling, Chief Finance Officer

Paul Matravers, Lead Specialist, Finance

Hannah Brown, Finance Specialist Anthony Morris, Finance Specialist Emily Wilce, Finance Specialist

Contact Details: karen.watling@southsomerset.gov.uk or 07521 460232

#### **Purpose of the Report**

1. To ask Full Council to confirm the 2022/23 revenue and capital budgets and the 2022/23 Treasury Management Strategy.

- 2. The Budget Report giving the required information is attached in Appendix One.
- 3. The 2022/23 Council Tax setting report is a separate report with a separate vote by Full Council.
- 4. In February 2021 Council approved the 2021/22 revenue and capital budgets including an indicative financial forecast for future years. District Executive received a report at its October meeting refreshing these figures and the Council's overall financial position.
- 5. Given that 2022/23 is the last year of South Somerset District Council (SSDC) the Budget Report does not include a medium term financial plan or a Capital Strategy. Instead it presents revenue and capital budget proposals, including the Treasury Management Strategy, for the next financial year 2022/23 and preliminary estimates for 2023/24. The latter are based on continuing existing district services and will provide a base input into developing the new Somerset Council's budget for 2023/24. The capital budget does however give additional information on approved capital expenditure that is programmed to spend after 2023/24.
- 6. In addition this report seeks Council's agreement to adopt the principals included in the Finance and Assets Protocol agreed by Local Government Review (LGR) Joint Committee on 4<sup>th</sup> February 2022. The aim of the Protocol is that decisions and action taken in the existing councils, including SSDC, are made against the background of avoiding adverse financial pressures for the new Somerset Council. The Protocol if agreed by all five Somerset councils would take effect from April 2022 and is found in Appendix Two.

#### **Public Interest**



- 7. The Budget Report sets out budget proposals to fund on-going services to our residents and to fund the priorities included in the 2022/23 Corporate Plan: Annual Action Plan. These proposals are from the Council's Leadership Team (District Executive Members and Senior Leadership Team (the latter includes the Chief Finance (S151) Officer)).
- 8. SSDC is legally required to set a balanced budget and Council Tax for the financial year starting on 1<sup>st</sup> April 2022 by no later than 11<sup>th</sup> March 2022. SSDC is the Billing Authority for its area and must set and collect the tax on behalf of Somerset County Council, Avon and Somerset Police & Crime Commissioner, and Devon and Somerset Fire Authority.
- 9. As well as its own expenditure on the provision of services, it must take account of local precepts issued by the parishes and towns in the District. In addition, the shadow Somerset Rivers Authority has for the seventh year been allowed by the DLUHC (Department for Levelling Up, Housing & Communities) to raise a precept of 1.25% on band D Council Tax to fund its activities.
- 10. The setting of the budget is a decision reserved for Full Council. The Council's Budget and Policy Framework requires that a draft budget is issued for consultation with Scrutiny Committee (and to Audit Committee for the Treasury Management Strategy) to allow for their comments to be considered before the final budget proposals are made to Full Council. Scrutiny Committee met on 15<sup>th</sup> February and Audit Committee on the 16<sup>th</sup> February: District Executive were appraised of their comments and views at their meeting on 17<sup>th</sup> February 2022.
- 11. The Council's Chief Finance (s151) Officer has a statutory responsibility to advise Council on the robustness of the estimates and the adequacy of reserves as part of the budget setting report to Full Council. That advice is contained in the Budget Report (Appendix Two).

#### Recommendations

12. That Full Council agree the following:

#### Increases to the revenue and capital budgets

- a) Revenue budget increases of £2.108m as set out in the Budget Report in Table Five.
- b) New capital projects and increases on existing approved capital budgets of £21.521m as set out in the Budget Report in Table Twelve.
- c) The creation of a corporate capital contingency within the capital programme, included within the increase reported above in (b), of £4m to be allocated by District Executive on approved projects within the capital programme via a written report from the relevant senior officer.

#### Use of reserves



- d) The use of £6.144m earmarked reserves to fund the revenue and capital budgets as described in the Budget Report in Section Five.
- e) An increase of £1m to the LGR Reserve, funded from the MTFP Support Fund reserve, to finance potential capacity issues as described in a separate report on this agenda entitled "Ensuring sufficient staffing capacity during 2022/23".
- f) Transfer £0.350m from the MTFP Support Fund to the Treasury Management Reserve to support the funding of any increase in interest rates in 2022/23 should they rise above the rates assumed in this Budget Report.
- g) Create a reserve in 2023/24 of £4.8m for the Yeovil Refresh capital project, funded from the MTFP Support Fund reserve, should there be a requirement in that year to pay back the money received to-date from the Future High Streets Fund (FHSF).
- h) Transfer £2m from the Commercial Investments Risk Reserve to the MTFP Support Fund reserve to assist the 2023/24 position of the new Somerset Council in order to help fund potentially adverse local government finance reforms and the Yeovil Refresh reserve (see recommendation g above).

#### 2022/23 Revenue Budget

i) SSDC's revenue budget requirement (Net Budget) of £19,714,320 for 2022/23 as set out in Table One of the Budget Report.

#### 2021/22 to 2023/24 Capital Programme

j) SSDC's capital programme for 2021/22 to 2023/24 of £116.469m as set out in Table Eleven in the Budget Report and the consequential increase in SSDC's financing charges revenue budget of circa £1.272m per annum.

#### **Council Tax**

k) An assumption that there will be an increase in the 2022/23 Band D Council Tax of 2.82% representing a Band D Council Tax (excluding preceptors) of £182.11.

#### **Chief Finance Officer's Statement**

 Note the advice given by the statutory S151 Officer on the robustness of the estimates, the adequacy of reserves, and the key financial risks arising from these budget proposals.

#### Treasury Management Strategy

- m) The 2022/23 Investment and Treasury Management Strategy.
- n) The proposed borrowing and investment limits included in the Treasury Management Strategy.



- o) The prudential and investment indicators.
- p) The Minimum Revenue Provision (MRP) Policy statement.
- 13. Full Council is also asked to approve and adopt the Assets and Finance Protocol, as agreed by LGR Joint Committee on 4<sup>th</sup> February 2022.

#### 2022/23 Budget Report

14. The 2022/23 Budget Report is found in Appendix One.

#### **Finance & Assets Protocol**

- 15. A new unitary council will come into existence from 1 April 2023 and all of the financial resources and commitments from the predecessor councils, including SSDC, will transfer to the new Somerset Council at this date.
- 16. On 4<sup>th</sup> February 2022 LGR Joint Committee agreed to adopt a voluntary Finance & Assets Protocol to ensure that decisions and actions taken in the existing councils are made against the background of avoiding adverse financial pressures for the new Council where possible.
- 17. LGR Joint Board has recommended that each council adopts the Finance & Assets Protocol which is found in Appendix Two of this report.
- 18. Each Council will remain responsible for taking their own day to day decisions for spending on service delivery within the revenue and capital budgets for 2022/23 agreed by each Council.
- 19. Under the Protocol each council should not enter into any new financial or assetrelated commitments (beyond those specifically agreed within their approved budgets), or create any new liabilities on behalf of the new Council - subject to agreed limits of £100,000 for revenue and £1m capital.
- 20. Key areas covered by this protocol would include purchase, disposal and transfer of assets, new contracts and extension of contracts with significant ongoing financial commitments (but not routine items like care packages), write off of debts / loans, new capital schemes (including those with on-going financial commitments) and use of reserves above those already approved
- 21. Any new budget needs above the limits set would be reported to the LGR Finance Workstream Board (comprising the five S151 Officers of each council). Areas of contention will be reported onwards to the LGR CEO Programme Board should that be deemed necessary and ultimately to the LGR Joint Committee if required.



22. It is also recommended that each Council includes a section in all of their future key decision reports on the financial implications of the decision for the new Council.

#### Legal implications (if any) and details of Statutory Powers

Under section 24 of the Local Government and Public Involvement in Health Act 2007, the Secretary of State has power to make a direction to control disposals, contracts and reserves under which authorities that are to be dissolved (for example the Somerset councils) are prevented from:

- (a) Disposing of any land if the consideration for the disposal exceeds £100,000;
- (b) Entering into any capital contract where the amount payable exceeds £1,000,000 or can be varied; or
- (c) Entering into any non-capital contract under which the consideration payable by the relevant authority exceeds £100,000 if the period of the contract extends or may extend beyond a date specified; or
- (d) Including an amount of financial reserves in a calculation under section 31A(3) or 42A(3) of the Local Government Finance Act 1992;

without the written consent of the body specified in the direction.

The Protocol is intended as an informal non-legally binding way to avoid the need for a formal direction.

#### **Council Plan Implications**

Section One of the Budget Report (found in Appendix Two) sets out how the budget proposals fund the Annual Corporate Plan Actions.

#### **Carbon Emissions and Climate Change Implications**

The Decarbonisation Phase 2 capital project proposal, should it be agreed by Full Council, will reduce carbon emissions from various council properties (see separate report on this agenda).

#### **Equality and Diversity Implications**

A review of the likely impact of our proposals on those with protected characteristics demonstrates that a full Equalities Impact Assessment is not needed. The Equalities Impact Relevance Check form is appended to this report. In setting our plans for capital and revenue expenditure, we have been mindful to deliver some positive benefits to some of those with protected characteristics and to avoid any negative impacts.

Through the planned extension and refurbishment of the Octagon theatre, for example, we will deliver improved disabled access and toilet facilities. As there is an element of community outreach included in our plans, we expect to bring the opportunity to participate in the arts to a wider audience. Our programmes in Chard and Wincanton are also benefitting community arts projects.



Through funding received by the Department for Work and Pensions, we are currently able to offer access to skills and employment training through three hubs across South Somerset for those who are either unemployed or in low paid work. In Yeovil, we will be replacing ageing play equipment at Ninesprings, in addition to numerous other community projects supported through our Area Committee grant funding.

#### **Privacy Impact Assessment**

There is no impact.

#### **Background Papers**

Budget Setting reports to Full Council in February 2021

Quarter Two Capital and Revenue Budget Monitoring reports to Full Council in December 2021

MTFP Refresh to District Executive in October 2021

#### **APPENDIX ONE**

## 2022/23 BUDGET REPORT











#### CONTENTS

#### **SECTION ONE: OVERVIEW**

Overview Key proposals

How the budget will fund the Corporate Annual Action Plan

#### SECTION TWO: LOCAL ISSUES AND THE NATIONAL PICTURE

Somerset Local Government Reorganisation (LGR)
Covid 19
National Economic Outlook
Local Government Finance Settlement
Local Government Funding Reforms
Statutory and Legislative changes

#### **SECTION THREE: REVENUE BUDGET**

#### **Overall Position**

#### 2022/23 Net Expenditure Budget

- Net Budget requirement
- Budget Approach taken for 2022/23
- Pay Award and National Insurance
- Price Inflation
- Changes arising from the zero base budget reviews undertaken
- Budget Growth proposals
- Financing charges
- Income from Treasury Management Investments
- Income from commercial investments made purely for yield
- Fees and charges
- Use of earmarked reserves and specific grant income

#### Funding of the 2022/23 Net Expenditure Budget

- Council Tax
- Business Rates Retention
- Provisional Local Government Finance Settlement
- Use of general reserves

#### 2023/24 Revenue Estimates

#### **SECTION FOUR: CAPITAL PROGRAMME**

#### 2022/23 and 2023/24 capital programme

- Capital Programme
- Capital budget growth proposals

#### Funding of the capital programme

- Grant funding
- Community Infrastructure Levy (CIL)
- Loan repayments from lending to third parties
- Use of capital receipts and other earmarked reserves
- Borrowing requirements

#### **SECTION FIVE: RESERVES**

Summary of reserves position from 2021/22 to 2022/23

#### SECTION SIX: CHIEF FINANCE OFFICER'S STATEMENT

Context
Robustness of estimates
Adequacy of reserves
Key financial risks

#### SECTION SEVEN: TREASURY MANAGEMENT STRATEGY

Introduction
Overall Position to-date and medium term forecast
Borrowing Strategy
Treasury Investment Strategy
Service Investments – Loans
Commercial Investments – Property
Other categories of Investments
Borrowing In Advance of Need
Financial Implications

#### **APPENDICES:**

Appendix A: 2022/23 service revenue budgets

Appendix B: Capital Programme 2021/22 to 2023/24 (and future years)

Appendix C: Summary of proposed capital growth

Appendix D: SSDC's Reserves Position

Appendix E: Prudential and Investment Indicators

Appendix F: Minimum Revenue Provision (MRP) Policy

# SECTION ONE: OVERVIEW, KEY PROPOSALS, & DELIVERY OF CORPORATE PLAN ANNUAL ACTIONS

#### Overview

- 1. **Introduction**: This report set outs proposals for South Somerset District Council's (SSDC) revenue and capital budgets for 2022/23 along with how these budgets are proposed to be funded. The 2022/23 budget will be the last budget of SSDC prior to the creation of the new Somerset Council from 1<sup>st</sup> April 2023: it does not therefore include a Medium Term Financial Plan nor a Capital Strategy.
- 2. The overall financial environment for all local authorities over the last few years has been very challenging through increased demand for services, the impacts of reduced grant funding from central government, and, more recently, the impact of the Covid-19 pandemic. Nationally, a number of councils have been under extreme financial stress resulting in the issuing of Section 114 notices, applying for capitalisation directives (the use of capital resources to fund revenue expenditure), or entering into discussions with the Department for Levelling up, Housing & Communities (DLUHC).
- 3. South Somerset District Council is not in the latter position. It has over the years purposefully and prudently built-up its reserve balances: for example, by transferring the New Homes Bonus grant and the gains from being part of the Somerset Business Rates Pool into reserves. It has invested in commercial property and subsidiary companies which have brought in new additional income to help finance the services it provides to residents. This Budget Report gives details of this income (in Section Three) along with the Reserves Position (in Section Five).
- 4. **2022/23 Revenue Budget:** SSDC is therefore able to set a balanced revenue budget position for 2022/23 as it is legally required to do so. Despite the significant increases to the revenue and capital budgets proposed in this report, a balanced budget is achievable because earmarked reserves will fund some of the increase in expenditure, the reforms to the local government funding regime have been delayed by central government for a further year and this benefits SSDC, and because a zero-based budget review has resulted in adjustments being made to historical estimates that have a net beneficial financial impact. However it is important to note that this beneficial position is for one year only and that a significant budget gap (of £4.535m) is forecast for 2023/24.
- 5. **Local Government Reorganisation (LGR)**: In July 2021, the Secretary of State made a decision to replace the existing local government structure in Somerset with a single unitary council. This means that the current structure of county plus four district councils will be replaced with a single Somerset Council from 1<sup>st</sup> April 2023.

- 6. The proposed budget for 2022/23 recognises that LGR will require significant resources to ensure services remain stable with minimal disruption as well as additional capacity to fund the implementation costs associated with this major reorganisation programme. In addition, in some service areas such as Development Management, extra capacity is being requested in this budget to improve current service levels prior to the new unitary council coming into being.
- 7. 2023/24 revenue estimates: The report sets out an indicative position for the 2023/24 revenue budget (the first year of Somerset Council) based on a continuation of the services and delivery methods SSDC currently provides along with estimates of the potential impact of the local government funding reforms, anticipated to be introduced in that financial year. These estimates must be treated with caution particularly as there is a lack of current information on the reforms and it is difficult therefore to forecast their impact with any degree of accuracy. That said, it is widely anticipated that the reforms will redirect resources to help fund pressures in adult and children's services.
- 8. These 2023/24 estimates will be superseded and reviewed as part of the preparation needed to set Somerset Council's 2023/24 budget. A separate exercise will shortly be undertaken, once each council has set its 2022/23 budget in February 2022, to bring together the five councils estimates into one Somerset Medium Term Financial Plan.
- 9. **Capital Programme**: SSDC's capital budget proposals for its last year of existence reflect key priorities in the proposed Corporate Annual Action Plan. A number of new capital schemes and growth to existing capital budgets are proposed either in this Budget Report or in separate reports on this Full Council agenda. Section Four of the Budget Report sets out the overall capital programme expenditure and funding proposals.
- 10. **Treasury Management Strategy**: The size and funding of the capital programme has an impact on the Council's cash flow position and the amount of money it needs to borrow. These issues are considered in the Treasury Management Strategy found in Section Seven of the report. Members should note that the amount of indebtedness, or borrowing needs, (as measured by the Capital Financing Requirement) has increased substantially in the last few years and will rise further if the capital budget proposals are agreed by Council.
- 11. Chief Finance Officer's Statement: The Chief Finance (S151) Officer's statutory statement, found in Section Six, sets out her advice on the robustness of the budget estimates, the adequacy of reserves, and the potential risks associated with these budget proposals. The Chief Finance Officer is able to offer good but not total assurance on the robustness of the estimates and advises that the level of reserves is adequate for SSDC's last year of existence as well as providing specific reserves to fund costs that will or may arise in 2023/24. The key risks identified relate to (1) ensuring SSDC has the capacity to deliver essential on-going services, the corporate annual plan actions, as well as LGR; (2) potential risks arising from the proposed capital programme (capacity to deliver, construction industry inflation, and grant funding issues),

and (3) the amount of SSDC's indebtedness and the risk of interest rate rises. The Budget Report includes proposals to help mitigate these key risks should they occur.

## **Key proposals**

12. The Budget Report contains the following key proposals for Council decision:

#### 2022/23 Revenue Budget:

- Balanced revenue budget position for 2022/23 (with a small estimated surplus of £140k).
- Net revenue budget requirement in 2022/23 of £19.714m representing an increase on the 2021/22 original approved estimate of £2.971m (17.75%).
- Revenue budget growth proposals totalling £2.108m.

#### 2021/22 to 2023/24 Capital Programme:

- Capital Programme of £117.873m an increase of £21.521m from the 2021/22 original approved estimate of £96.352m (an increase of 22%).
- The creation of a corporate capital contingency fund within the capital programme of £4m.
- Consequential increase in the revenue budget (financing costs) of £1.272m.

#### Reserves:

- Use of £6.144m of earmarked reserves during 2022/23 to fund the revenue budget and the capital programme.
- Increase the LGR Reserve by £1m to fund potential staffing capacity gaps during 2022/23.
- Create a reserve in 2023/24 of £4.8m for the Yeovil Refresh capital project should there be a requirement in that year to pay back the money received to-date from the Future High Streets Fund (FHSF).
- Transfer £2m from the Commercial Investments Risk Reserve to the MTFP Support Fund reserve to assist the 2023/24 position of the new Council to fund potentially adverse local government finance reforms and the handing back of FHSF grant if required.
- Increase the Treasury Management Reserve by £0.350m to fund an increase in interest rates in 2022/23 should they rise above the rates assumed in this Budget Report.

#### **Council Tax:**

• An assumption that the Council Tax will rise by 2.82% (SSDC's element excluding precepts) in 2022/23 to £182.11 (for Band D).

# How the budget will fund Annual Corporate Plan Actions

- 13. The corporate annual action plan priorities for consideration at Full Council for 2022/2023 are as follows:
  - Priority 1: (Environment)

To accelerate action to adapt to and mitigate the effects of climate change which includes reducing the Carbon footprint of the authority and enhancing the natural environment.

- Priority 2: (Healthy and Self-Reliant Communities)
   To enable healthy communities which are cohesive, sustainable and enjoy a high quality life
- Priority 3: (Economy and Covid-19 Recovery)
   To assist businesses to recover from the Covid-19 pandemic whilst supporting growth within the South Somerset economy in partnership with other organisations.
- Priority 4: (Places where we live)
   To enable housing and communities to meet the existing and future needs of residents and employers
- Priority 5: (Local Government Reorganisation)
   To effect a safe and legal transition to the new Somerset Council on 1st April 2023
- 14. The Council's budget has included proposals to deliver the Council's Annual Action Plan for 2022-2023. Some of the key projects are highlighted below:-
  - Develop the Octagon Theatre into a flagship Theatre and Cultural Hub (capital)
  - Invest in the South Somerset Families Programme to operate across the district (revenue)
  - Work with Somerset Waste Partnership to pilot an electric refuse vehicle in South Somerset to understand which routes could be suitable for more electric vehicles (capital)
  - Invest in key local volunteer sector organisations (Spark and Citizens Advice South Somerset) to support local people and groups (revenue).
  - Continue our Regeneration programmes in Chard, Wincanton and Yeovil (capital)
  - Staff to support and deliver key aspects of the Environment Strategy (revenue)
  - A contribution towards the Local Government Reorganisation (LGR) implementation plan (revenue)
  - There are also funds included to help with the delivery of the Covid 19 recovery plan (revenue)

# SECTION TWO: LOCAL ISSUES AND THE NATIONAL PICTURE

## **Somerset Local Government Reorganisation**

- 15. In July 2021, the Secretary of State made a decision to replace the existing local government structure in Somerset with a single unitary. This means that the current structure of county plus four district councils will be replaced with a single Somerset Council from 1<sup>st</sup> April 2023, which is vesting day for the new authority.
- 16. An extensive Local Government Reorganisation (LGR) Programme has been developed to support the transition of the five councils into the new unitary. The programme started in September 2021 and will continue beyond vesting day, with the first checkpoint in January 2022 signalling the move from the planning to the implementation phase. The main role of the unitary programme is to ensure that the new Somerset Council is compliant and able to operate safely from 1<sup>st</sup> April 2023. This phase is referred to as 'transition' and continues through to vesting day. Beyond vesting day, it is likely that additional work will be needed to align services and implement collective ambitions for the new authority. This phase is referred to as 'transformation' and experience from other areas that have implemented an LGR programme suggests that this phase will continue for two years or more following vesting day.
- 17. All five authorities are proactively collaborating on the shaping of the new council and have committed to providing resources to the programme. Currently, there are more than 60 SSDC employees working part-time on the programme and we expect this to rise substantially over the course of the next year.
- 18. We are also required to take a share in the costs of implementation which, for the district councils, means a proportionate share of 20% of the overall implementation costs of £16.53m over the financial years 2022/23 and 2023/24, with the county council bearing the majority 80% share of the costs. We are required to ensure that the share for 2023/24 is set aside in a reserve so that the funding is available on vesting day when all assets and liabilities of the five councils are moved to the new Somerset Council.
- 19. The LGR programme is playing a significant role in our planning for the remaining year of SSDC. It is essential that we continue to deliver high quality services to our residents, communities and businesses over the transition period, whilst also contributing to the development of the new council. In respect of timing, the vesting day for the new authority neatly frames the timescale within which we may deliver against our ambitions and leave a legacy for our residents, whilst recognising that some of our major projects will need to be made ready for adoption by the new authority. There is no doubt that the resources of SSDC will be stretched by the demands upon them over the next

financial year and proposals have been made in the budget to ensure there is staffing capacity to deliver.

- 20. The impact of LGR on SSDC's 2022/23 budget proposals are as follows:
  - An increase in staffing capacity to support and/or back fill existing officers to deliver LGR (costing £2.466m).
  - An increase to the LGR reserve of £1m in 2022/23 to fund unknown capacity issues arising through the year whether that is ensuring service delivery continues and/or funding increased capacity to deliver LGR.
  - An increase in the budget of £989,856 to fund SSDC's share of the overall Somerset LGR Implementation costs: (£755,856 in 2022/23 and £233,926 in 2023/24).

#### Covid - 19

- 21. The COVID-19 pandemic continues to have an impact on the council not only financially but on service delivery. Across a large number of areas (Revenues, Development Management, Housing, Enforcement) we have seen an increased demand for services. In addition, government has recently provided further grant assistance to businesses, which is delivered by the Revenues team thereby diverting their activity away from their primary work. The Benefits team has seen an increase in the take up of self-isolation grants, which impacts there day to day work.
- 22. The financial impact of Covid in the 2020/21 financial year was considerable and if it were not for the additional funding from central Government the Council would have significantly exceeded its approved net revenue budget by £4.3m.
- 23. A grant of £0.84m has been received from central government in 2021/22: the grant and the use of earmarked reserves are anticipated to cover the cost impact in 2021/22.
- 24. The 2022/23 budget proposals assume that no additional grants will be received from central government due to the pandemic. The income from fees and charges and the impact on the relevant budgets will be continually monitored in the year. The 2022/23 income budgets have not been restored to the pre pandemic levels due to the ongoing uncertainty with Covid.
- 25. There is a risk the pandemic continues in a way currently not anticipated, requiring further response or impact on the Councils service provision and/or financial standing. In this instance, as we have seen during the past two financial years, we would expect the Government to step in to support the entire sector.

#### **National Economic outlook**

26. The UK economy continues to recover (see Chart One). In November last year, economic activity was back to where it was before the pandemic. Since then, the spread of Omicron has meant that people have been spending less but as the number of new cases falls, it is expected that spending will go up again. The number of people out of work is going down (see Chart Two). The unemployment rate is only slightly higher than it was before the start of the pandemic.

Chart One: Monthly GDP from 2019 to-date (source: Bank of England website)

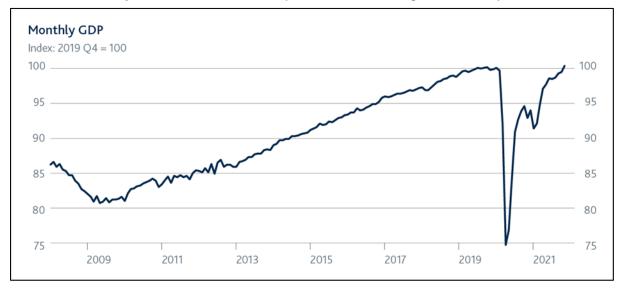


Chart Two: Unemployment rate from 2009 to-date (source: Bank of England website)



27. Inflation (the pace of price rises) has risen above national government's 2% target (see Chart Three below). Prices rose by 5.4% last year. Higher energy

- prices is one of the main reasons for this. Large increases in oil and gas prices have pushed up petrol prices and utility bills.
- 28. Higher prices for goods that we buy from abroad have also played a big role. As economies reopened around the world, people started to buy more goods. This extra demand, was held back by, for example, shortages of materials and workers. That pushed up their costs and led to higher prices for consumers.
- 29. These effects are likely to continue pushing inflation up in the coming months. The Bank of England's Monetary Policy Committee (MPC) has stated (3<sup>rd</sup> February 2022) that it expects inflation to rise to around 7% in the spring and to fall back from the middle of this year. It also expects inflation to be close to the national 2% target in around two years' time.

Chart Three: Inflation rate from 2019 to-date (source: Bank of England website)

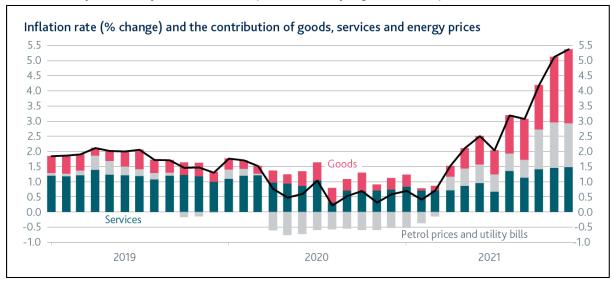
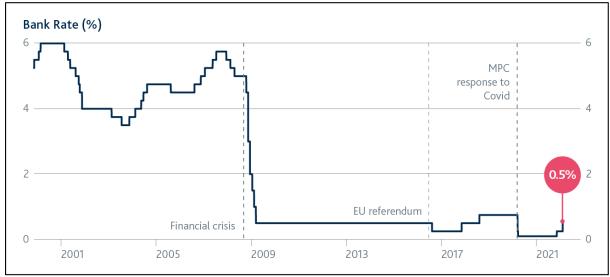


Chart Four: Bank Rate from 2001 to-date (source: Bank of England website



- 30. The MPC at its meeting 15<sup>th</sup> December 2021, voted to increase Bank Rate by 0.15 percentage points, to 0.25%. A second rise in interest rates was agreed at the MPC's meeting on 3<sup>rd</sup> February 2022 to bring the Bank Rate to 0.5%. Further likely increases are expected later in the year as the MPC tries to influence inflation rates to return to the national 2% target.
- 31. The impact of the national economic outlook on SSDC's 2022/23 budget proposals are as follows:
  - An interest rate assumption for calculating estimated financing charges arising from borrowing in 2022/23 of 0.75%. (An estimate of 1% in 2023/24).
  - An increase to the Treasury Management reserve of £0.350m to fund a possible further increase in interest rates to 1% in the 2022/23 financial year.
  - No inflationary increases included against individual groups such as premises. Budgets adjusted to account for the price increase built into large value contracts.
  - A £4m corporate capital contingency to fund possible inflationary rises in the capital programme.

#### **Local Government Financial Settlement**

- 32. On 8th February, the Secretary of State for Levelling Up, Housing, and Communities published the 2022/23 Local Government Finance Settlement for each council in England.
- 33. **One year settlement**: The 2021 Spending Review covering the whole of the government finances for the period 2022/23 to 2024/25 was published in October 2021. That set out that, on a like for like basis, the increase in local government funding would be £4.9bn over the period, or around 1.0% annually in real terms. However, only a one-year settlement for 2022/23 has been announced for local government. This is because the Chancellor expects to introduce reforms to the local government funding regime in 2023/24.
- 34. **Business Rates:** The business rates multiplier will be frozen again for 2022/23. It will remain at 49.9p (small business multiplier) and 51.2p (national business multiplier). Councils will continue to receive compensation in 2022/23 for the under-indexing of the business rates multiplier in this and previous years via a Section 31 grant.
- 35. **Council Tax**: For 2022/23, shire district councils will be able to increase their Band D council tax rate by up to 2%, or up to and including £5, whichever is higher (referendum limit).
- 36. **New Homes Bonus**: There is a final legacy payment of the New Homes Bonus due in 2022/23 which the government has confirmed it will continue to pay. In

addition the government will also fund a new round of NHB payments in 2022/23 using the 2021/22 methodology. There will be no new legacy payments arising from the new 2022/23 grant allocation. The allocations for 2022/23 will be funded through a £554 million top slice of the Revenue Support Grant.

- 37. **The Lower Tier Services Grant**: was expected to be a one-off grant in 2021/22 however, as the primary purpose of this grant is to ensure that no authority has a reduction in Core Spending Power (CSP) the government has continued it for a further year in 2022/23, maintaining the grant at the same level as for 2021/22.
- 38. **Service Grant**: This is a new grant worth £822m nationally. This will be a one-off grant for 2022/23 and government expects that it will be partly used to fund the 1% increase in National Insurance being introduced from April 2022.
- 39. The impact of the Local Government Finance Settlement on SSDC's 2022/23 budget proposals are as follows:
  - We had assumed in previous forecasts that the government would introduce the long awaited local government funding reforms in 2022/23. However, this has not happened and the 2021/22 grants have "rolled forward" into 2022/23 along with amounts from a new grant (Services Grant). The roll forward and deferment of the reforms has benefitted SSDC by £4.4m.
  - Details of SSDC's provisional Local Government Finance Settlement are given in Section Three of this report.

# Changes to the local government funding regime

- 40. As highlighted above the financial settlement covers only 2022/23, with the government implementing a 'roll forward' in terms of resources. This means a further delay to the longer-term local government financial reforms.
- 41. The Secretary of State announced on 16<sup>th</sup> December that guidance and a timeline for introducing changes to local government funding would be presented as in the early New Year.
- 42. The Secretary of State also commented that government is committed to ensuring that future funding allocations for councils are based on an up-to-date assessment of their needs and resources. He pointed out that the data used to assess this has not been updated in several years, dating from 2013/14 to a large degree, and even as far back as 2000. He also stated that over the coming months, the Department for Levelling Up Housing and Communities (DLUHC) will work closely with the sector and other stakeholders to update this data and to look at the challenges and opportunities facing the sector before consulting on any potential changes.

43. The 2023/24 preliminary estimates include assumptions on how the changes could impact on SSDC if it remained a sovereign organisation. It is assumed that the funding reforms would move resources from districts such as SSDC to county councils. It is also assumed that there would be a baseline reset to initially reduce the amount of Business Rates councils who have had high growth of businesses in their area, such as SSDC, can retain. However the figures do need to be treated with caution given that it is uncertain whether government will take forward previous proposals to reform local government finance and what the impact will be on the new Somerset Council.

## Changes to legislation and statute

- 44. Changes to the Prudential Code: A revised Prudential Code was published by CIPFA (Chartered Institute of Public Finance & Accountancy) in December 2021. A briefing on the changes was given to Full Council at its December 2021 meeting (as part of the Quarter Two Capital Monitoring report). In light of the revised code Full Council agreed that SSDC would no longer undertake "investment purely for yield" commercial activity (such as buying commercial property with a sitting tenant).
- 45. The revised code does not require the forced sale of existing commercial investments nor does it hinder proactive property management and works to existing investments. It does require however, that in the case where a council has borrowing needs, an annual review is undertaken on whether these assets should be sold and the proceeds used to reduce the council's overall indebtedness.
- 46. Changes to the Treasury Management Code: The main change is the introduction of the Liability Benchmark as a Treasury Management indicator for local government bodies. This is covered in more detail in the Council's Treasury Management Strategy (Section Seven).
- 47. Consultation on Changes to the Capital Framework Minimum Revenue Provision (MRP): The government published a consultation document on the above topic on 30<sup>th</sup> November 2021. The key issue for SSDC is consultation on introducing a requirement to charge MRP costs on capital loans outstanding to third parties. SSDC, like several other authorities, lends to subsidiary companies at a commercial interest rate. Currently the council's MRP policy provides that no MRP charge is to be made where there is sufficient evidence to demonstrate that repayment of the loan will be made. This assumption is tested on an annual basis. Any statutory change to the MRP Policy would mean that increased MRP costs would be charged to the revenue budget from 2023/24 onwards.
- 48. The impact of the statutory changes on SSDC's 2022/23 budget proposals are as follows:

- Council decision made on 16<sup>th</sup> December 2021 to no longer undertake commercial "investment purely for yield".
- The introduction of the Liability Benchmark in SSDC's 2022/23 Treasury Management Strategy.
- Additional MRP charges added into the 2023/24 estimates for outstanding loans to third parties.

# **SECTION THREE: REVENUE BUDGET**

### **Overall Position**

Table One: 2022/23 Balanced Budget Position

Table 6116: 2022/20 Balandou Baaget 1 6	2021	1/22	2022/23	2023/24
	Original	Revised	Proposed	Estimate
Net Budget Requirement	16,743,010	16,563,970	19,714,320	20,048,510
Funding				
Service Grant (2022/23 Only)	0	0	-252,810	0
Rural Services Delivery Grant	-174,500	-174,500	-174,500	0
Lower Tier Services Grant	-156,180	-156,180	-164,500	0
New Homes Bonus Grant	-1,171,010	-1,171,010	-1,510,850	0
Business Rates Retention	-5,824,873	-5,824,873	-6,546,500	-4,281,828
Council Tax	-10,718,716	-10,718,716	-11,317,600	-11,345,186
Less: Council Tax Paid to Somerset Rivers	112 122	112 122	112 101	112 004
Authority	113,133	113,133	112,191	113,604
Total Funding	-17,932,146	-17,932,146	-19,854,569	-15,513,410
Budget Gap or (Surplus - if negative)	-1,189,137	-1,368,176	-140,249	4,535,100
Reserve Transfers to balance budget				
MTFP Support Fund Reserve	162,497	1,368,176	140,249	-4,535,100
Other Earmarked Reserves	1,026,640	0	0	0
Total Reserve Transfers	1,189,137	1,368,176	140,249	-4,535,100

- 49. Table One above shows that the proposed Net Budget Requirement for 2022/23 of £19.714m, can be funded by government grants, the proposed Council Tax proposals, and retained Business Rates to produce an overall balanced budget with a small surplus of £140k estimated (0.7% of the Net Budget Requirement). It is proposed that the surplus is transferred into the MTFP Support Fund Reserve.
- 50. A preliminary forecast for 2023/24, based on SSDC continuing its services, shows a deficit of £4.535m, which is largely the result of assumptions made about the local government finance reforms to be introduced in that year and the likely adverse impact of the changes. Caution needs to be taken on this preliminary estimate as government's intentions are not clear at this point in time.
- 51. The overall 2022/23 gross revenue expenditure budget for SSDC is £74.28m. Charts Five and Six illustrate how this budget is planned to be spent and how it is financed.

Chart Five: 2022/23 Gross Revenue Budget Expenditure (£74.28m) by type of expense

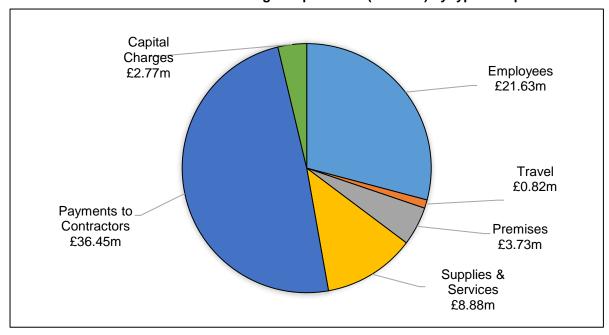
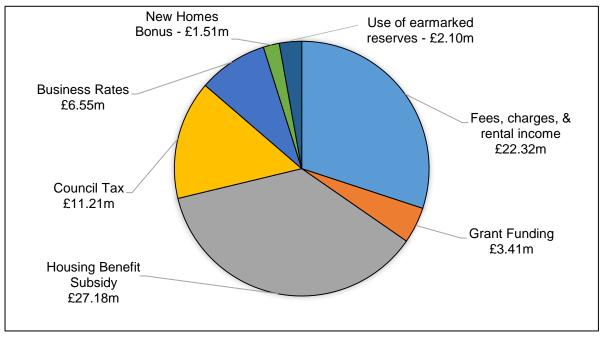


Chart Six: Funding of 2022/23 Gross Budget of £74.28m



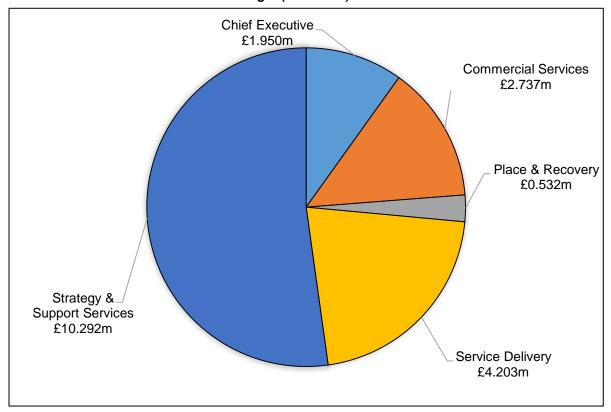
# 2022/23 Net Expenditure Budget

#### **Net Budget Requirement**

52. The Net Budget Requirement for 2022/23 is £19,714,320 which is an increase of £2,971,310 over the original budget approved for 2021/22 of £16,743,010 (a 17.75% increase).

- 53. The Net Budget Requirement is the amount of net expenditure that needs to be funded from Council Tax, Business Rates, central government grants, and, if there is a budget gap position, any use of the Council's reserves.
- 54. The 2022/23 Net Budget Requirement is made up of £74.28m of expenditure and £54.57m of income (the latter comprising fees, charges, rental income, service specific grants and the use of earmarked reserves).

Chart Seven: 2022/23 Net Revenue Budget (£19.714m) for each Service Area



55. The rest of this section provides an explanation of the key changes and movements from the 2021/22 approved budget to the 2022/23 proposed budget along with any assumptions made.

#### **Budget approach taken for 2022/23:**

56. The general approach to budgeting in local government is to use the previous financial year's approved budget as a starting point (the base budget) and to forward forecast from this point (known as incremental budgeting). Some elements of the budget however are reviewed on a zero base budget approach: effectively where the budget is estimated from scratch and not from the base budget, for example SSDC has always estimated its employees budget using a zero based budgeting approach.

Table Two: Analysis of revenue budget movements proposed from 2021/22 to 2022/23

Nominal	2021/22 Base budget	Pay Inflation	General Inflation	Inescapables	Realignment	Savings	Growth Bids	2022/23 Base Budget
Group	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m
Employees	17.631	1.483	0.033	0.107	(0.035)	(0.257)	2.536	21.498
Travel	1.002				0.002	(0.044)		0.960
Premises	3.166		0.109	0.228	(0.009)	(0.073)	0.022	3.444
Supplies & Services	6.923		0.014	1.989	0.780	(0.383)	0.134	9.459
Payments to Contractors	34.748		0.003	1.441		(0.011)		36.181
Capital Charges	4.565		0.000	0.005	(1.686)			2.884
Reserves	(0.188)	(0.551)	0.000	(0.354)	(0.649)	(0.013)	(0.488)	(2.242)
Income	(51.104)		(0.098)	0.010	(0.520)	(0.605)	(0.153)	(52.470)
Grand Total	16.743	0.932	0.062	3.427	(2.116)	(1.386)	2.052	19.714

- 57. This year Finance Specialists have undertaken zero based budgeting and indepth reviews in many areas of the base budget, along with Budget Managers and Senior Leadership Team, with the result that significant changes have been made in updating budget figures and in amending historical budget positions and assumptions. The movements fall into the following broad categories:
  - Pay and price inflation including increases arising from a review of SSDC's large contracts to ensure budgets meet the contractual inflationary uplifts in the agreements.
  - Inescapables Changes to the budget where SSDC effectively has no choice, for example, our share of the Somerset Waste Partnership's increased costs and our share of LGR implementation costs. The in-depth review of budgets also found that increases to some budgets were needed which had not been fully budgeted for in the past.
  - Realignment Moving of budgets within a service area to reflect spend or income trends or moving of budgets from one service area or directorate to another. This category also includes the readjustment of the financing charges budget which has historically been overstated in previous SSDC budgets.
  - Savings Budget reductions or additional income identified by budget managers and Senior Leadership Team.
  - Growth Bids New requests for additional resources which are required to support and enhance service delivery and the delivery of corporate priorities and increased service demands. These require Full Council approval.

#### Pay Award and National Insurance

58. **Pay Award:** The 2022/23 proposed budget incorporates a 2% pay increase on all salaries. It should be noted however that the 2021/22 pay award has not yet been agreed to-date. The latest offer from the local government employers was a 2% increase.

- 59. The 2022/23 budget assumes that the 2% pay offer for 2021/22 is agreed. If the 2021/22 pay increase is significantly different this will impact on the 2022/23 salary budgets.
- 60. **National Insurance:** The new Health & Social Care Levy, which is being introduced from 6<sup>th</sup> April 2022, through an increase of 1.25% in National Insurance rates, has been incorporated into the 2022/23 proposed budget. The additional budget growth is in the region of £120k.
- 61. Government expects that this increase will be funded from the one-off Services Grant that was announced as part of the 2022/23 Local Government Finance Settlement.

## Price Inflation

- 62. As part of the 2022/23 budget setting cycle the Finance Specialists reviewed budgets for contracts and realigned the budget to required level to account for the price increase built into the each contract. No inflationary increases were included against individual groups such as supplies and services or premises.
- 63. However, particular attention was given to the utilities budgets as it is known that energy prices have risen significantly recently. The budgets for these areas have been adjusted and inflated where required.

#### Changes arising from the zero base budget reviews undertaken

- 64. It is not proposed to list out all the changes in detail. There have been numerous movements and changes to the base budget arising from the in-depth reviews undertaken. Increased work on budget preparation was considered necessary this year because of LGR and the need to ensure that the 2022/23 budgets for each Council, including SSDC's, were as up-to-date as they could be. The base budget reviews have resulted in budget changes that have been classified as inescapables, realignments and savings. The commentary in the tables below relate only to changes over £100k.
- 65. Table Three includes the budget movements classified as inescapables. The budget pressures are additional requirements identified which are unavoidable, an example being the Council's contribution to the implementation costs as a result of local government reorganisation in Somerset. The net bottom line increase for this category is £3.427m

Table Three: Budget movements over £100k classified as inescapable

Service Area	Description	£
Management Board	SSDC's 2022/23 share of Somerset LGR Implementation Costs	£756,000
Commercial Investments	Unavoidable additional budgets for premises maintenance, insurance, NNDR	£231,120
Waste & Recycling	SSDC's share of the increase in Somerset Waste Partnership's costs	£235,120
Development Management	Consultants, professional fees, legal costs & appeals work	£109,590
Housing & Welfare	Homeless Bed & Breakfast increase in demand	£120,000
Sports Facilities	Legally committed costs for new Leisure contract before management fee income is received by SSDC	£693,150
Digital Services	IT Maintenance & Software costs - increase to reflect actual current spend and commitments (e.g. the number of licence agreements actually held)	£491,840

- 66. Budget realignments comprise of numerous budgets moving from one service area to another, as an example: the employee budgets for the Chief Finance Officer and Monitoring Officer have been moved to the Chief Executive's budget from the Strategy and Support Services budget.
- 67. The net bottom-line saving of £2.176m shown for this category in Table Two largely the result of adjusting the financing charges base budget which has been overstated in previous budgets. This is described more fully below in the Financing Charges paragraphs.

Table Four: Budget movements over £100k classified as savings

Service Area	Description	£
Management Board	Director of Commercial Services post removed from establishment	(£107,970)
Finance Corporate Costs	Additional income from treasury investments	(£337,540)
Cosis	Removal of one year funded additional budget	(£150,000)
Across the council	Increase in various fees & charges income estimates	(£314,480)

#### **Budget Growth proposals**

68. The growth being proposed in the revenue budget for 2022/23 totals £2.535m (ignoring funding from reserves). The majority of this is to provide staffing capacity and is described in the report entitled "Ensuring sufficient staffing capacity during 2022/23" which is found on this Full Council agenda.

69. All the other growth proposals are detailed in Table Five below.

Table Five: Revenue budget growth requests for 2022/23

Service Area	Description	£
Revenues & Benefits	S13a Discretionary Discounts budget	£7,000
Community Safety	Enforcement on high-profile Anti-social behaviour and enforcement of Publish Space Protection Orders	£24,000
Procurement, Contract and Risk Management	Additional consultants fees	£5,500
Performance, People & Change	Additional Consultants Fees budget	£15,000
Digital Services	Additional IT Consumables	£3,000
Digital Services	Additional equipment tools and materials	£15,000
Across the Council	Ensuring sufficient staffing capacity during 2022/23	£2,465,810
Total growth proposals	for 2022/23	£2,535,310

#### Financing charges

- 70. Historically SSDC's budget included Interest and Minimum Revenue Provision costs in the Commercial Investment budget as a notional internal borrowing charge with the amount charged for interest charges credited to the Treasury Management budget at year-end. There was no budget in the Treasury Management cost centre for this credit so the year-end position always showed "extra" income at the year end. In addition the notional charges to the Commercial Investment Budget were overstated being well above the actual costs incurred on financing charges. This meant that the budget position for financing charges was overstated with the reality of the situation then rectified at year-end in the Statement of Accounts.
- 71. Whilst SSDC has not lost any income by using this budget methodology it is not very transparent so we have decided to stop internal borrowing and only include realistic corporate financing charges for the year in question. This change in methodology has resulted in a one-off saving of £1.8m in the 2022/23 proposals as compared to the 2021/22 original base budget.

Table Six: Budgeted financing charges 2021/22 to 2023/24

	2021/22	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24
	Original	Revised	Proposed	Estimate
Interest charges	2,860,830	210,580	1,153,830	1,595,690
Minimum Revenue Provision	1,641,970	1,198,910	1,548,870	1,685,550
Total financing charges	4,502,800	1,409,490	2,702,700	3,281,240

72. The saving masks the fact that financing charges are estimated to increase in real terms over the medium term due to the increase in the amount of borrowing needed to fund the capital programme, rising external interest rates, and an increased need to use external rather than internal borrowing (the latter is more

beneficial in financing terms) because of the Council's December 2021 decision to use its capital earmarked reserves to fund the capital programme which will result in the Council having less cash funds available for internal borrowing. Table Six indicates this position: the 2022/23 financing budget is £1.3m above the 2021/22 revised "corrected" budget position.

- 73. Using advice from our external Treasury Management advisers Arlingclose interest rates on external borrowing has been assumed at 0.75% in 2022/23 with a further rise in 2023/24 to 1.00%. A recommendation is being made to increase the Treasury Management reserve by £0.350m to provide for any increase in rates to 1% in 2022/23.
- 74. The Department for Levelling Up, Housing and Communities issued a consultation on the 'changes to the capital framework: Minimum Revenue Provision' in November 2021. If the changes become a legislative requirement the council will need to increase its Capital Financing Requirement in 2023/24 by some £39.7m in respect of outstanding loans to third parties. This would result in an increase in MRP costs charged to the revenue budget of some £483k (given the interest rates currently prevailing).

#### **Income from Treasury Management Investments**

- 75. The Council currently has £23.5m saved in treasury investments, which are classified as strategic long-term investments. The 2022/23 Treasury Management Strategy Statement includes more detail on these investments which can be found in Section Seven of this report.
- 76. The income budget from treasury investments, which are mainly pooled funds, is estimated at £1m for 2022/23 and the following year.
- 77. The Council reviews the performance of these investments on a quarterly basis with its treasury advisor (Arlingclose). Part of the role of the treasury advisor is to continually provide updates on the performance of pooled funds and other investments and to advise if the portfolio spread should be changed based on risk and return.

#### Income from commercial investments made purely for yield

- 78. HM Treasury has defined "investment primarily for yield" as an investment that has one or more of the following characteristics:
  - Buying land or existing buildings to let out at market rate.
  - Buying land or buildings that were previously operating on a commercial basis which is then continued by the Council without any additional investment or modification.
  - Buying land or buildings other than housing that generate income and are intended to be held indefinitely.
  - Lending to third parties and/or purchase of shares undertaken purely for gain.

- 79. In light of the revised Prudential Code Full Council agreed in December 2021 that it would no longer invest purely for yield.
- 80. The Council's commercial strategy approved a budget of £150m for investment in commercial property, the investment as at the end of 2021/22 will be just under £140m. £97m has been invested in commercial property and £43m in the Council's subsidiary, SSDC Opium Power Limited.
- 81. The table below details the projected position on rental income from commercial property investments for 2021/22, 2022/23 and 2023/24.

Table Seven: Income from Commercial Property Portfolio

	Projected 2021/22	Budget 2022/23	Estimate 2023/24
	£		
Gross Rental Income	(£6,463,116)	(£6,695,600)	(£6,352,690)
Less Revenue costs	£10,883	£11,220	£11,480
Less Commercial Team Costs	£335,490	£335,490	£335,490
Net Receipt	(£6,116,743)	(£6,348,890)	(£6,005,720)
Transfer to Commercial Risk Reserve	£137,290		
Net Gain to Revenue	(£5,979,453)	(£6,348,890)	(£6,005,720)

- 82. The risks associated with the investments are mainly around the non-payment of rent loan repayments. The gross income receivable (in the region of £6.5m) from commercial property is included in the revenue budget and a 5% shortfall of income would cause a budget gap of £0.3m.
- 83. However, as part of the Commercial Strategy a Commercial Investment Risk Reserve was created with transfers to the reserve being made if the rental income exceeded the budget in a particular year. This reserve therefore mitigates a large element of the risks associated with the commercial property investments and should be sufficient to cover any 'gap' in the commercial investment budget should it arise.
- 84. An element of the £140m spend has been invested in the Council's subsidiary, SSDC Opium Power Limited. The investment to date is £41.04m with another £1.69m to be spent before the 31 March 2022. The investments are capital loans which have repayment periods of 7 and 25 years.
- 85. The interest received on the loan repayments is included in the revenue budget to reflect the repayments due from the company. The interest receivable in 2022/23 in respect of the loans is £1.33m which is included in the treasury

management income budget. There are dividends payable from the company in addition to the loan repayments, the dividend payments are not due in 2022/23 so no budget adjustments have been made for this element of commercial investments.

#### Fees and charges

86. The S151 Officer has delegated authority to agree the fees and charges. No inflationary increase was added to the 2021/22 fees and charges and this has not changed for 2022/23.

#### Use of earmarked reserves and specific grant income

- 87. The 2022/23 service expenditure of £74.28m has been funded by:
  - Using earmarked reserves to the value of £2.101m.
  - Specific government grant income (including Housing Benefit Subsidy) of £28.015m.
  - Other contributions and miscellaneous government grants income of £1.805m.

# Funding of the 2022/23 Net Expenditure Budget

# **Council Tax Income**

- 88. The Secretary of State has confirmed within the Provisional Settlement that Shire Districts are able to increase Council Tax by the greater of 2% or £5 (on a Band D) in 2022/23 without the need for a referendum. For SSDC the maximum £5 increase equates to a 2.82% increase from £177.11 in 2021/22 to £182.11 in 2022/23.
- 89. The proposed Band D charge of £182.11 includes £180.26 for SSDC and £1.85 in respect of the Somerset Rivers Authority (SRA).
- 90. In 2016/17 the Government amended Somerset Council Tax levels to allow each of the Somerset authorities to raise a precept on behalf of the SRA. The Band D charge of £1.85 will raise £112,191 of funding, which will be paid to the SRA.
- 91. The tax base for 2022/23 is 60,643.62 Band D equivalents, which is a reduction of 509.33 (0.8%) compared to 2021/22. The reduction in the tax base is mainly due to a change in the debt collection rate to more accurately reflect the current position; the collection rate has been reduced from 99% to 97%.
- 92. The draft budget estimate for Council Tax income for SSDC is 60,643.62 x £180.26 = £10,931,619, which represents an increase of £213,966 compared to the previous year, see below:

Table Eight: Proposed Council Tax Income for 2022/23

Description	£
Council Tax Income Budget 2021/22	10,717,653
Reduction due to change in tax base (Band D equivalents)	(91,812)
Increase due to proposed 2.82% increase in council tax	305,778
Estimated Council Tax Income 2022/23	10,931,619

- 93. As a billing authority, SSDC has to calculate a basic level of tax based on its own spending plans, to which is added the precepts from Somerset County Council, Devon and Somerset Fire Authority, Avon and Somerset Police Authority and any town/parish council.
- 94. The Council Tax setting report is a separate report that will go to Full Council for approval on 28<sup>th</sup> February 2022 once preceptors' Council Tax needs are known.

#### **Business Rates Retention**

- 95. Local authorities receive a significant proportion of their funding through the Business Rates Retention (BRR) system. The Council must set its business rates budget estimate by 31 January each year, and the Council has delegated responsibility for this to the Chief Financial Officer because of the considerable time constraints in place.
- 96. As billing authority, the Council collects business rates income on behalf of itself, Central Government, Somerset County Council and the Fire and Rescue Authority under the Business Rates Retention funding system. The shares for 2022/23 will be Central Government 50%, SSDC 40%, SCC 9% and Fire 1%.
- 97. The table above shows a breakdown of the SSDC business rates income estimate for 2022/23 that has been included in the proposed budget along with the prior year for comparison.

Table Nine: 2022/23 Estimated Business rates income

Description	2021/22 £'000	2022/23 £'000
Standard share of net business rates income (40%)	18,051	16,661
S31 grant compensation for Government-funded reliefs	2,504	4,925
Renewable energy schemes business rates income (100%)	465	451
Tariff payment	(13,864)	(13,864)
Levy cost	(1,332)	(1,627)
Total BRR Funding Estimate	5,825	6,546

98. The standard share of business rates income has reduced in 2022/23 because the Government has introduced some new reliefs for businesses impacted by

the Covid pandemic. These include the Transitional Relief & Supporting Small Business Scheme and the Retail, Hospitality and Leisure Relief. The application of these reliefs to business rate accounts reduces the income received by the Council. In order to mitigate the impact of these reliefs the Government fully compensates the Council with additional income in the form of a S31 grant.

- 99. The Council is able to retain 100% of any business rates generated from renewable energy schemes. The income is broadly the same year on year: there has been a small reduction in 2022/23 due to the application of Small Business Rate Relief to some of the accounts.
- 100. The Tariff payment to Government, is set through the Finance Settlement and has remained unchanged year on year.
- 101. The Government set a Levy calculation to recoup a share of the financial benefit some authorities will see as a result of business rates base increases. The Levy is a proportion of the authority's business rates income over and above the Baseline. As this Council is part of the Somerset Business Rates Pool, the Levy is paid to the Pool Lead authority.
- 102. The formal decision to remain in the Somerset Business Rates Pool has been delegated to the Chief Finance Officer in consultation with the Finance & Legal Services Executive Portfolio Holder. The Chief Finance Officer confirmed SSDC's intention to remain in the Pool in December 2021.
- 103. All the authorities within the Somerset Pool must complete their NNDR1 return before the Pool Lead authority can calculate an estimated pooling gain, and at the time of writing, we do not have this information. The Council does not include an estimate of the pooling gain within its revenue budget, but on receipt, any gain is added to the Regeneration Fund reserve.
- 104. The risks associated with business rates income are around write offs of uncollectible debt and alterations of lists and appeals against rateable values.
- 105. The level of arrears is monitored on a monthly basis and the Chief Financial Officer in consultation with the Revenues Team have reviewed the current provision and agreed an increase to cover potential write offs. Providing that there is an adequate bad debt provision in place, any write offs will be charged to the provision and will not affect the forecast income.
- 106. The most challenging risk to business rates income is the uncertainty around alterations of lists and appeals against rateable values. The Valuation Office provide 'Non-domestic rating: challenges and changes, 2017 and 2010 rating lists', which are reviewed on a monthly basis. We have decided to make a modest increase to our appeals provision to protect the authority from this risk.

#### **Local Government Finance Settlement**

107. The finance settlement was announced on 8<sup>th</sup> February 2022, the table below provides details of the central government grants received. The 2021/22 original figures are shown as a comparator. There is an increase of £348,160 compared to the 2021/22 funding figures included in the 2021/22 budget.

Table Ten: 2022/23 Provisional Finance Settlement

	2021/22	2022/23	Increase
	£	£	Ħ
Service Grant (2022/23 Only)	0	-252,810	-252,810
Rural Services Delivery Grant	-174,500	-174,500	0
Lower Tier Services Grant (new 2021/22)	-156,180	-164,500	-8,320
New Homes Bonus Grant	-1,171,010	-1,510,850	-339,840
Total	-1,501,690	-1,849,850	-348,160

#### Use of general reserves

108. There is an estimated surplus of £140,249 on the 2022/23 budget, meaning that no general reserves are required to finance the budget. The surplus is proposed to be transferred into the MTFP Support Fund reserve.

#### 2023/24 Revenue Estimates

- 109. As reported elsewhere in this Budget Report the estimates for 2023/24 are preliminary forecasts and are based on SSDC continuing as a separate authority and delivering the same services as it currently does. This forecast will provide a base input into the development of the new Somerset Council's 2023/24 budget and Medium Term Financial Plan.
- 110. The estimates have been based on the following key assumptions:
  - A 2% Pay Award and Inflation of 2%.
  - Interest rate charges of 1%.
  - An increase in the MRP budget arising from likely legislative changes requiring MRP costs to be charged for outstanding loans to third parties.
  - An assumption in calculating the financing charges that the capital programme will spend as profiled in the budget.
  - The one-off growth in the 2022/23 revenue budget for staffing capacity (of £1.026m) removed from the 2023/24 estimates.
  - Loss arising from changes to the local government funding reforms of some £4.4m (loss due to Business Rates baseline reset of £2.3m, loss of New Home Bonus Grant of £1.5m, and loss of other grants received in 2022/23 of £0.6m).

# **SECTION FOUR: CAPITAL BUDGET**

## Proposed capital programme 2021/22 to 2023/24 and future years

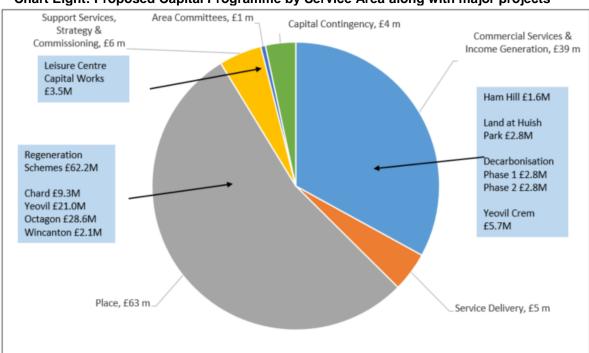


Chart Eight: Proposed Capital Programme by Service Area along with major projects

Table Twelve: Proposed Capital Expenditure Budget 2021/22 to 2025/26

	2021/22 Revised £'000	2022/23 Proposed £'000	2023/24 Estimate £'000	Future Years £'000	TOTAL £'000
Approved Capital Programme	40,055	34,083	14,081	8,133	96,352
Growth Proposals	-	13,307	4,824	3,390	21,521
TOTAL	40,055	47,390	18,905	11,523	117,873

- 111. The proposed total capital programme for the years 2021/22 to 2023/24 (and ongoing expenditure until 2025/26) is £117.873m. Details of the capital projects included in the programme and profiled expenditure for each scheme are included in Appendix B.
- 112. New capital proposals and increased expenditure on existing approved schemes are proposed to the value of £21.521m. These amounts are included in Appendix B in the rows highlighted in blue. Proposals relating to increased expenditure on existing approved schemes have the scheme name highlighted in blue and the year in which the increased budget is needed is also highlighted.

# **Capital Expenditure Growth Proposals**

- 113. Capital growth proposals totalling £21.521m for the years 22/23 and beyond are included in the capital programme. The request relating to 2022/23 is £13.307m. This takes the total capital programme from £96.352m to £117.873m, an increase of 22%.
- 114. The total capital programme includes the recommendations made by District Executive at its meeting on 10th February to make increases to the programme of £782k and reductions totalling £5.156m (see Quarter Three capital budget monitoring report).
- 115. The growth proposals increase SSDC's indebtedness (Capital Financing Requirement) by £21.476m (an increase of 14.84% on the 2021/22 position) and requires a full year rise in capital financing charges of approximately £1.272m per annum.
- 116. A summary of the proposed schemes and increases on existing budgets are found in Appendix C. Any specific funding of the expenditure is shown in the Appendix.
- 117. A number of reports on this Full Council agenda give details of some of the capital growth requested, namely: Decarbonisation Phase 2 (£2.76m), Yeovil Crematorium (£0.821m), Yeovil Refresh (£1.059m), and the Octagon Redevelopment (£5.558m).
- 118. Other significant proposals for capital investment include the following:
  - Ham Hill (£1.624m): This is a project to improve the country park infrastructure and facilities. The site is currently on Historic England's 'At Risk' register. Total expenditure is estimated to be £1.6m with £1.3m funded by National Lottery heritage grant.
  - Huish Park (£2.8m): District Executive at its meeting in December 2020 agreed to purchase the land at Huish Park in Yeovil, including the land occupied by the Yeovil Town Football Club, in order to secure the public amenity provided by the site. The conditions precedent to the District Executive decision continue to be met and the owner of the land is now ready to proceed with the sale.
  - Capital works on commercial property (£1.648m): A number of works maybe necessary on our existing commercial property portfolio (investments made purely for yield) depending on the scale of dilapidations needed when tenancy leases expire. Other work is pre-planned improvement to the property. This expenditure on existing investments made for yield is permissible under the revised Prudential Code and is proposed to be fully funded from the Commercial Investment Risk Reserve.
  - Corporate Capital Contingency Budget (£4m): The Chief Finance Officer proposes that a capital contingency of £4m is included in the capital budget

to fund the risk of budgets needing to be increased due to the exceptional high inflation currently being experienced in construction. This is on top of the contingency budgets already included in the larger capital budgets (e.g. in the Regeneration Programme budgets). Any request to use this contingency would be submitted to District Executive during the year by the Senior Responsible Officer.

# Funding the capital programme

Table Thirteen: Funding the capital programme

	2021/22 Revised £'000	2022/23 Proposed £'000	2023/24 Estimate £'000	Future Years £'000	TOTAL £'000
Specific Funding:					
Grants & Contributions	7,157	12,853	9,481	4,171	33,662
S106 Developers Contributions	733	329	400	0	1,462
Regeneration Fund (earmarked reserve)	659	1,107	0	0	1,766
Cremator Replacement earmarked reserve	0	549	0	0	549
Other Reserves	550	1,235	975	113	2,873
CIL Funding	0	1,335	0	0	1,335
Loan Repayments (capital receipts) from SSDC Opium Ltd and SWP	2,126	2,099	2,691	3,102	10,018
Subtotal	11,224	19,507	13,547	7,386	51,664
Corporate Funding					
Capital Fund (earmarked reserve)	1,167	1,666	0	0	2,833
Useable Capital Receipts	16,172	1,827	935	0	18,934
Borrowing	11,492	24,390	4,423	4,138	44,442
Subtotal	28,831	27,883	5,358	4,138	66,209
Total Financing	40,055	47,390	18,905	11,524	117,873

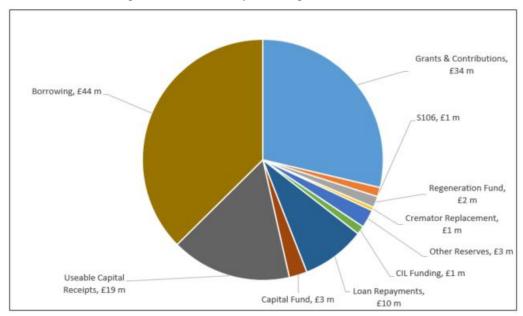
119. **Use of reserves**: Full Council at is December 2021 meeting agreed that reserves held for capital funding purposes (for example the Capital Fund, the Useable Capital Receipts Reserve and the Regeneration Fund reserve) should be fully utilised in 2021/22 and 2022/23 to fund SSDC's capital programme and thereby reduce the amount of borrowing required (for the benefit of SSDC and

- the successor Somerset Council). The funding of the capital programme shown above fully reflects this decision.
- 120. **Community Infrastructure Levy (CIL):** The Strategic Development Board agreed in early December 2021 to spend current CIL receipts as follows: £194,000 for Chard Leisure Centre Public Access project and £1,141,000 for Yeovil Refresh 'Triangle' project.
- 121. **Grants and Contributions**: Table Eleven below shows a breakdown of all the anticipated grants and contributions. A report elsewhere on this agenda describes how the grant from the Future High Street Fund, for the Yeovil Refresh public real works may need to be repaid in 2023/24.

**Table Fourteen: Capital grants and contributions** 

Scheme	Amount £'000	Description
Ham Hill	1,300	National Lottery Heritage Fund
Decarbonisation of operational	2,800	Government energy grant – Salix
buildings		Finance
Yeovil Crematorium	103	Yeovil Without Parish Council
Refurbishment		
Disabled Facilities Grant	2,771	Better Care Fund
Barnabus House	23	Next Steps Accommodation
		Programme
Chard Regeneration	1,248	Historic England Grant
Yeovil Refresh	14,888	
		Private Sector Contributions
		£5.131M
Octagon Redevelopment	10,250	<u> </u>
Lyde Road Pedestrian & Cycle	150	Government Active Travel Fund
Way		
Lyde Road Strategic Cycleway	129	Government Active Travel Fund

### Chart Nine: Funding of the overall Capital Programme



# **SECTION FIVE: RESERVES**

- 122. The Council holds earmarked revenue reserves for a variety of good financial management reasons. Some reserves are for specific expenditure that will occur in the future, some reserves are held to mitigate possible risk, and others are reserves specifically built up over the past to help support the Medium Term Financial Plan. We also hold reserves for each Area Committee.
- 123. Earmarked reserves are either revenue reserves (which can be used to fund both revenue and capital expenditure) or capital reserves which, unless the Sectary of State gives the council a specific dispensation, can only be used to fund capital expenditure. The capital reserves showing in the table below are primarily comprise of capital receipts.
- 124. Further detail can be found in Appendix D.

**Table Fifteen: Estimated Reserves Position** 

Reserves Summary	Balance as at 01/04/2021	Movement	Balance as at 01/04/2022	Movement	Balance as at 01/04/2023	Movement	Balance as at 31/03/2024
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Corporate Reserves	(9,081)	(4,426)	(13,507)	(1,381)	(14,888)	4,784	(10,104)
Capital Reserves	(18,222)	16,162	(2,060)	1,981	(79)	0	(79)
Revenue Earmarked Reserves	(21,991)	8,918	(13,073)	5,544	(7,529)	1,209	(6,320)
Total Reserves	(49,294)	20,654	(28,640)	6,144	(22,496)	5,993	(16,503)

- 125. The Council held £49.294m in capital and revenue reserves as at the beginning of the financial year, 2021/22. In December 2021 Full Council agreed to use its capital reserves (and some revenue reserves that had been set aside to fund capital expenditure) to fund the capital programme and thereby reduce the council's borrowing needs. In addition Full Council agreed to delete some small reserves and move the NNDR volatility reserve into the MTFP Support Fund reserve. The latter and the General Fund Balance have been described as corporate reserves in the table above.
- 126. The Budget Report recommends movements in the reserves during 2022/23 as follows. This is estimated to leave £22.496 in reserves at the end the year.
  - Use of £6.144m of earmarked reserves during 2022/23 to fund the revenue budget and the capital programme.
  - Increase the LGR Reserve by £1m to fund potential staffing capacity gaps during 2022/23.
  - Increase the Treasury Management Reserve by £0.350m to fund an increase in interest rates in 2022/23 should they rise above the rates assumed in this Budget Report.

- Create a reserve in 2023/24 of £4.8m for the Yeovil Refresh capital project should there be a requirement in that year to pay back the money received to-date from the Future High Streets Fund (FHSF).
- Transfer £2m from the Commercial Investments Risk Reserve to the MTFP Support Fund reserve to assist the 2023/24 position of the new Council to fund potentially adverse local government finance reforms and the handing back of FHSF grant if required.

# SECTION SIX: CHIEF FINANCE OFFICER'S STATEMENT

## **Statutory requirements**

127. Section 25 of the Local Government Act 2003 places specific responsibilities on the Chief Finance Officer (S 151 Officer) to report on the robustness of the budget and the adequacy of proposed financial reserves when the council is considering its budget requirement. The council is required to have regard to this statement when it sets the budget. This statement includes a consideration of the key potential risks of the budget proposals.

#### **Robustness of Reserves**

- 128. Budget estimates are exactly that estimates of spending and income made at a point in time and which will change as circumstances change. This statement about the robustness of estimates cannot give a 100% guarantee about the budget but gives Members reasonable assurance on whether the budget has been based on the best information and assumptions available at the time.
- 129. **Revenue Budget**: In relation to the 2022/23 General Fund Revenue budget: a considerable amount of extra work this year has been undertaken both by the Finance Specialists and by Budget/Service Managers in reviewing the base budget and in undertaking zero based budget reviews. The outcomes from this work have also been critically reviewed on several occasions by the Senior Leadership Team. The additional work was undertaken not only to follow good financial management principles but also in preparation for LGR where an accurate robust estimate of all five councils' budgets will be required to provide an initial consolidated base budget position. This work at SSDC has resulted in a number of historic budget assumptions and estimates being thoroughly revised and adjusted to reflect up-to-date estimates.
- 130. I am therefore satisfied that the proposed revenue budget estimates are robust.
- 131. Capital Budget: As with the revenue budget a lot of work has been undertaken since April 2021 in reviewing the capital programme budget estimates. In particular, the Director of Place and Recovery and Chief Financial Officer have undertaken deep dive reviews of the Regeneration Programme budgets including the financing assumptions made in the original Business Cases which have resulted in more realistic estimates being agreed by Council and an enhanced transparent way of reporting these projects to District Executive (for example including the total budget and not just the "net" figure that SSDC is expected to finance). Given the significant financial sums (and risks) of this programme a specific resource, the interim Regeneration Project Accountant, has been employed to continue to critically review and provide financial advice on these projects.
- 132. The rest of the capital programme has also been reviewed in depth both in order to propose 2021/22 Revised Estimates for the capital programme at Full

- Council in December 2021 and also to make the capital budget proposals for 2022/23.
- 133. Despite all of these reviews caution needs to be applied to the capital estimates at this time given the significant inflationary pressures we are currently experiencing when going out to tender for the capital works required. It is recommended that a £4m corporate capital contingency is approved in the 2022/23 budget to help mitigate this inflationary risk.
- 134. Whilst I am comfortable in giving assurance to Full Council that the majority of the capital estimates are robust, dependent on the corporate capital contingency budget proposal being agreed by Full Council, what is less certain, based on historic performance, is the actual phasing of expenditure. Also I am unable to give full assurance on two particular projects, namely:
  - Octagon Theatre Refurbishment: whilst the estimates shown in the budget report are based on costing undertaken in the last two months and are therefore up-to-date – these costs are at RIBA Stage Two and are not yet based on final detailed designs (RIBA Stage Three). There is the potential therefore that these could change prior to the Final Business Case being approved in November 2022.
  - Yeovil Refresh: The capital expenditure budget for this programme shown in this report includes estimates for the development of two key sites (Cattle Market and Glovers Walk) that may not be taken forward. A full update report will be taken to District Executive later this calendar year once proposals are firmer. If it should be the case that these projects do not proceed then the capital budget is overstated by £9.023mm. In addition the Yeovil Refresh report on this Full Council agenda has described the risks of new Somerset Council having to potentially hand back Future High Street Funding Grant in 2023/24 of £4.8m. These budget proposals recommend that a new reserve is created to fund this risk should it arise.
- 135. In summary I can give partial but not complete assurance over the robustness of the capital budget estimates given the inflationary pressures currently existing in the construction industry, which are not in SSDC's control, and given the quantum of the budget for the two particular projects highlighted above.
- 136. In addition I am concerned that the council may not have the capacity to deliver this capital programme, particularly given the LGR work required. We still don't know the full extent of the work required for LGR, which may reduce capacity across the organisation and impact on the capital program. To try and mitigate any impact we are proposing that the LGR Reserve is increased by £1m to provide extra capacity if it is required.

# **Adequacy of Reserves**

137. In giving an assurance on the adequacy of reserves a S151 Officer would usually take a medium term view over whether there was sufficient reserves over the next three to five years based on the organisation's revenue and

capital medium term expenditure plans and an understanding of the amount of grants and resources likely to be available from the local government finance settlement. However given that SSDC is in its last year of existence, that the local government finance settlement is also for one year only, and the future medium term spending plans of the new Somerset Council have not yet been agreed, then my assurance on the adequacy of SSDC's reserves position can only be assessed using a very short time scale. I am able therefore to give assurance to Full Council that the reserves are adequate for the 2022/23 financial year.

#### **Financial Risks**

The following table sets out the key financial risks in 2022/23 for SSDC and the mitigations and/or management of these risks.

Table Sixteen: A	Table Sixteen: Assessment of key financial risks				
RISK	DESCRIPTION AND ANY MITIGATION				
Staffing capacity	<b>Risk</b> : There is the possibility that SSDC may lose staff during 2022/23. There is also additional work load arising from LGR implementation. There is a risk therefore that there may not be sufficient capacity to maintain service delivery, deliver the corporate annual action plan, as well as LGR implementation. <b>Mitigation:</b> On-going proactive management of staffing resources.				
	Increase LGR Reserve by £1m to fund any additional capacity requirements over those proposed in these budget proposals.				
Interest Rates	<b>Risk</b> : Whilst interest rates remain low at 0.5% there is now an expectation that they will rise to at least 1% over the next two financial years to help curb rising inflation rates. SSDC has a high Capital Financing Requirement (indebtedness) and currently borrows on a short term basis through peer-to-peer lending, which is cheap and also does not fetter the flexibility of the new Somerset Council to manage its future borrowing needs.				
	<b>Mitigation</b> : Regular meetings with our external Treasury Management advisers are held to inform us of the potential risks and any need for action. A 0.75% interest rate is assumed in the 2022/23 budget estimates. The CFO is proposing an increase of £0.350m in the Treasury Management Reserve to fund any rise of interest rates to 1% in 2022/23. Discussions will be held with the S151 officers in the other Somerset councils on whether some long term borrowing should be acquired in order to fix interest rates for some of the borrowing needed.				

RISK	DESCRIPTION AND ANY MITIGATION
Pay Award	Risk: The 2021/22 pay award for local government services employees remains unresolved as the unions have rejected the employer's offer. Negotiations on the pay award for 2022-23 do not form part of this year's dispute and will be considered separately once the pay award for 1 April 2021 has been finalised. There is a risk that the pay award maybe above the amounts estimated in these budget proposals.  Mitigation: SSDC holds sufficient reserves to fund any increase for this year and next.
Price Inflation	<b>Risk</b> : General inflation is expected to peak at 7% in the first quarter of the 2022/23 financial year whist inflation on fuel, gas and electricity is even higher (for example inflation on gas prices was some 28% in December 2021). Construction inflation is currently running at 20% to 40%.
	<b>Mitigation</b> : The risk is most acute for the delivery of the capital programme. Whilst agreed budgets for the council's major projects already have a contingency amount within the approved budget the CFO is proposing the creation of a corporate capital contingency of £4m to help mitigate this risk.
Business Rates, Income	<b>Risk:</b> The funding from business rates is based on the accurate calculation of the NNDR1 form. There is volatility in the estimates due to various factors, such as anticipated discretionary and mandatory reliefs, growth in the rateable value, bad debts, and volume of appeals. All of these factors can affect the surplus or deficit position on the collection fund that will affect the next financial year's revenue budget.
	<b>Mitigation</b> : The Collection Fund estimates have been produced using recommended guidance from CIPFA (Chartered Institute of Public Finance & Accountancy), and a review of the figures has been undertaken by LG Futures, an external consultancy firm.
Covid-19	<b>Risk</b> : The pandemic could continue in 2022/23 and in future years in a way that requires further responses which impacts on the Councils service provision and/or financial standing.
	<b>Mitigation</b> : In this instance, as we have seen during the past two financial years, we would be expecting the Government to be stepping in to support the entire sector if the impacts were high.

## SECTION SEVEN: TREASURY MANAGEMENT STRATEGY

### Introduction

- 139. Treasury management is the management of the Council's cash flows, borrowing and investments and the associated risks. The Council has borrowed and invested substantial sums of money and is, therefore, exposed to financial risks including the loss of invested funds and the revenue effect of changing interest rates. The successful identification, monitoring and control of finical risk are, therefore, central to the Council's prudent financial management.
- 140. Treasury risk management at the Council is conducted within the framework of the Chartered Institute of Public Finance and Accountancy's Treasury Management in the Public Services: Code of Practice 2017 Edition (the CIPFA Code) which requires the Council to approve a treasury management strategy before the start of each financial year. This report fulfils the Council's legal obligation under the Local Government Act 2003 to have regard to the CIPFA Code.
- 141. Investments held for service purposes and for commercial income generation (investments undertake purely for yield) are also considered in this section of the Budget Report.
- 142. All the indicators required to be published under CIPFA's (Chartered Institute of Public Finance & Accountancy) and DLUHC (Department for Levelling Up, Housing & Communities) Investment Code are found in Appendix E.

### Overall Position to-date and medium term forecast

143. On 31st December 2021, the Council had external borrowing of £121m and £31m of treasury investments. These balances are summarised below.

Table Seventeen: Existing Debt and Investment Position

	01/04/2021 Balance £'000	31/12/2021 Balance £'000
External Borrowing:		
Local Authorities	(98,000)	(121,000)
Total External Borrowing	(98,000)	(121,000)
Treasury Investments:		
Covered Bonds (secured)	1,000	0
Term Deposits (Other LA's and Banks)	0	0
Money Market Funds & Business Reserve	0	7,500
Property and Pooled funds	23,500	23,500

Total Treasury Investments	24,500	31,000
Net Debt(-)/Investment	(73,500)	(90,000)

144. Forecast changes in these sums are shown in the balance sheet analysis in the table below.

Table Eighteen: Balance Sheet Summary and Forecast

	2020/21 Actual £'000	2021/22 Projection £'000	2022/23 Estimate £'000	2023/24 Estimate £'000	2024/25 Estimate £'000
Capital Financing Requirement	133,985	144,761	166,238	169,068	171,534
Less: External Borrowing	(98,000)	(122,000)	(145,976)	(150,807)	(155,273)
Less: Other Debt Liabilities (Leases)	(20)	0	0	0	0
Internal Borrowing	35,965	22,761	20,261	18,261	16,261
Less: Usable Reserves	(69,437)	(42,777)	(27,213)	(21,555)	(17,146)
Less: Working Capital Surplus (-) / Deficit	(2,800)	(2,800)	(2,800)	(2,800)	(2,800)
Treasury Investments / New					
Borrowing (-)	(36,273)	(22,816)	(9,751)	(6,093)	(3,685)

## **Borrowing Strategy**

- 145. The underlying need to borrow for capital purposes is measured by the Capital Financing Requirement (CFR), while usable reserves and working capital are the underlying resources available for investments. The Council's current strategy is to maintain borrowing and investments below their underlying levels, sometimes known as internal borrowing.
- 146. The Council has an increasing CFR due to the planned spending within the capital programme including significant expenditure on regeneration schemes. The trend of increased expenditure indicates it will be required to borrow up to £160m over the forecast period.
- 147. CIPFA's Prudential Code for Capital Finance in Local Authorities recommends that the Council's total debt should be lower than its highest forecast CFR over the next three years. The table 3 included in Appendix E includes information on the Council's total debt position and demonstrates that the projected level of outstanding debt is lower than the CFR for the period.
- 148. The Council currently holds £121m of loans (as at 31 December 2021), compared to £98m on 1 April 2021, as part of its strategy for funding previous

years' capital programmes. The balance sheet forecast in table eighteen shows that the Council expects to borrow up to £146m in 2022/23. The Council may also borrow additional sums to pre-fund future years' requirements, providing this does not exceed the proposed authorised limit for borrowing of £195m as set out in Appendix E.

- 149. The Council's chief objective when borrowing money is to strike an appropriately low risk balance between securing low interest costs and achieving certainty of those costs over the period for which funds are required. The flexibility to renegotiate loans should the Council's long-term plans change is a secondary objective. In addition, given that a new unitary authority will come into being on 1st April 2023 there is need to not undertake longer term loan agreements, unless required, in order to give maximum flexibility to the new council to best manage the consolidated Capital Financing Requirement of the five councils.
- 150. With short-term interest rates currently much lower than long-term rates, it is likely to be more cost effective in the short term to either use internal resources, or to borrow short term loans instead. By doing so, the Council is able to reduce net borrowing costs (despite foregoing investment income) and reduce overall treasury risk.
- 151. The benefits of internal and short-term borrowing will be monitored regularly against the potential for incurring additional costs by deferring borrowing into future years when long-term borrowing rates are forecast to rise. Arlingclose will assist the Council with this 'cost of carry' and breakeven analysis. Its output may determine whether the Council borrows additional sums at long-term fixed rates in 2022/23 with a view to keeping future interest costs low, even if this causes additional cost in the short-term.
- 152. Discussions will also be held with the other S151 Officers within Somerset to assess on a combined basis whether it is beneficial that the council/s borrow additional sums in 2022/23 at long-term fixed rates.
- 153. Alternatively, the Council may arrange forward starting loans, where the interest rate is fixed in advance, but the cash is received in later years. This would enable certainty of cost to be achieved without suffering a cost of carry in the intervening period (although forward loan interest rates will usually factor in an allowance for interest rate risk during the intervening period).
- 154. Additionally, the Council may borrow further short term loans to cover unplanned cash flow shortages.
- 155. The approved sources of long-term and short-term borrowing are:
  - HM Treasury's PWLB lending facility (formerly the Public Works Loan Board)
  - Any institution approved for investments (see below)
  - Any other bank or building society authorised to operate in the UK
  - Any other UK public sector body
  - UK public and private pension funds (except Somerset County Pension

- Fund)
- Capital market bond investors
- UK Municipal Bonds Agency plc and other special purpose companies created to enable local authority bond issues
- 156. Other sources of debt finance: In addition, capital finance may be raised by the following methods that are not borrowing, but may be classed as other debt liabilities:
  - Leasing
  - Hire purchase
  - Private finance initiative
  - Sale and leaseback
- 157. Debt rescheduling: The HM Treasury's PWLB lending facility allows authorities to repay loans before maturity and either pay a premium or receive a discount according to a set formula based on current interest rates. Other lenders may also be prepared to negotiate premature redemption terms. The Council may take advantage of this and replace some loans with new loans, or repay loans without replacement, where this is expected to lead to an overall cost saving or a reduction in risk.

### **Treasury Investment Strategy**

- 158. The Council invests funds that it holds for three broad purposes:
  - because it has surplus cash as a result of its day-to-day activities, for example when income is received in advance of expenditure (known as treasury management investments),
  - to support local public services by lending to or buying shares in other organisations (service investments), and
  - to earn investment income (known as commercial investments where this is the main purpose).
- 159. This investment strategy meets the requirements of statutory guidance issued by the Government in January 2018.

### **Treasury Management Investments**

160. The Council typically receives its income in cash (e.g. from taxes and grants) before it pays for its expenditure in cash (e.g. through payroll and invoices). It also holds reserves for future expenditure and collects local taxes on behalf of other local authorities and Central Government. These activities, plus the timing of borrowing decisions, lead to a cash surplus which is invested in accordance with guidance from the Chartered Institute of Public Finance and Accountancy (CIPFA). The balance of treasury management investments is expected to fluctuate between £30m and £60m during the 2022/23 financial year.

- 161. The contribution that these investments make to the objectives of the Council is to support effective treasury management activities.
- 162. The CIPFA Code requires the Council to invest its funds prudently, and to have regard to the security and liquidity of its investments before seeking the highest rate of return, or yield. The Council's objective when investing money is to strike an appropriate balance between risk and return, minimising the risk of incurring losses from defaults and the risk of receiving unsuitably low investment income. Where balances are expected to be invested for more than one year, the Council will aim to achieve a total return that is equal or higher than the prevailing rate of inflation, in order to maintain the spending power of the sum invested.
- 163. Given the increasing risk and very low returns from short-term unsecured bank investments, the Council has diversified into more secure and/or higher yielding asset classes during 2020/21 and 2021/22. The Council has increased its strategic (long-term) investments from £23.25m at the start of the financial year to £23.50m and it is estimated to remain at this level as at the end of 2021/22. We do not plan to make any new strategic investments but will continue to review the portfolio with Arlingclose and will make any necessary investments based on risk and return.
- 164. The Council will continue to monitor the risk and returns on its strategic (long-term) investments and will work closely with its treasury advisors ensuring that strategic investments continue to be an appropriate option for the Council.
- 165. A proportion of the Council's surplus cash is currently invested in short-term unsecured bank deposits, money market funds and other local authorities.
- 166. Under the new IFRS 9 standard, the accounting for certain investments depends on the Council's 'business model' for managing them. The Council aims to achieve value for money from its internally managed treasury investments by a business model of collecting the contractual cash flows and, therefore, where other criteria are also met, these investments will continue to be accounted for at amortised cost.
- 167. **Approved Counterparties:** The Council may invest its surplus funds with any of the counterparty types in the table below, subject to the cash limits (per counterparty) and the time limits shown.

Table Nineteen: Approved investment counterparties and limits

Credit Rating	Banks Unsecured	Banks Secured	Government	Corporates	Registered Providers
UK Govt	n/a	n/a	£ Unlimited 50 years	n/a	n/a
AAA	£3 m	£6 m	£6 m	£3 m	£3 m
AAA	5 years	20 years	50 years	20 years	20 years
AA+	£3 m	£6 m	£6 m	£3 m	£3 m

	5 years	10 years	25 years	10 years	10 years
Λ Λ	£3 m	£6 m	£6 m	£3 m	£3 m
AA	4 years	5 years	15 years	5 years	10 years
AA-	£3 m	£6 m	£6 m	£3 m	£3 m
AA-	3 years	4 years	10 years	4 years	10 years
A+	£3 m	£6 m	£3 m	£3 m	£3 m
A+	2 years	3 years	5 years	3 years	5 years
Δ.	£3 m	£6 m	£3 m	£3m	£3 m
A	13 months	2 years	5 years	2 years	5 years
A-	£3 m	£6 m	£3 m	£3 m	£3 m
A-	6 months	13 months	5 years	13 months	5 years
None	n/a	n/a	£6 m	n/a	£3 m
None	II/a	II/a	25 years*	II/a	5 years
Money market fund pooled funds and investment t	real estate				trust

- 166. **Credit rating**: Investment limits are set by reference to the lowest published long-term credit rating from a selection of external rating agencies. Where available, the credit rating relevant to the specific investment or class of investment is used, otherwise the counterparty credit rating is used. However, investment decisions are never made solely based on credit ratings, and all other relevant factors including external advice will be taken into account.
- 167. **Banks unsecured**: Accounts, deposits, certificates of deposit and senior unsecured bonds with banks and building societies, other than multilateral development banks. These investments are subject to the risk of credit loss via a bail-in should the regulator determine that the bank is failing or likely to fail. See below for arrangements relating to operational bank accounts.
- 168. **Government:** Loans, bonds and bills issued or guaranteed by national governments, regional and local authorities and multilateral development banks. These investments are not subject to bail-in, and there is generally a lower risk of insolvency, although they are not zero risk. Investments with the UK Central Government are deemed to be zero credit risk due to its ability to create additional currency and therefore may be made in unlimited amounts for up to 50 years.
- 169. **Corporates**: Loans, bonds and commercial paper issued by companies other than banks and registered providers. These investments are not subject to bailin, but are exposed to the risk of the company going insolvent. Loans to unrated companies will only be made either following an external credit assessment or to a maximum of £2m per company as part of a diversified pool in order to spread the risk widely.
- 170. **Registered providers (unsecured)**: Loans and bonds issued by, guaranteed by or secured on the assets of registered providers of social housing and registered social landlords, formerly known as housing associations. These

bodies are regulated by the Regulator of Social Housing (in England), the Scottish Housing Regulator, the Welsh Government and the Department for Communities (in Northern Ireland). As providers of public services, they retain the likelihood of receiving government support if needed.

- 171. **Money market funds**: Pooled funds that offer same-day or short notice liquidity and very low or no price volatility by investing in short-term money markets. They have the advantage over bank accounts of providing wide diversification of investment risks, coupled with the services of a professional fund manager in return for a small fee. Although no sector limit applies to money market funds, the Council will take care to diversify its liquid investments over a variety of providers to ensure access to cash at all times.
- 172. **Strategic pooled funds**: Bond, equity and property funds that offer enhanced returns over the longer term but are more volatile in the short term. These allow the Authority to diversify into asset classes other than cash without the need to own and manage the underlying investments. Because these funds have no defined maturity date, but are available for withdrawal after a notice period, their performance and continued suitability in meeting the Council's investment objectives will be monitored regularly.
- 173. **Real estate investment trusts**: Shares in companies that invest mainly in real estate and pay the majority of their rental income to investors in a similar manner to pooled property funds. As with property funds, REITs offer enhanced returns over the longer term, but are more volatile especially as the share price reflects changing demand for the shares as well as changes in the value of the underlying properties. Investments in REIT shares cannot be withdrawn but can be sold on the stock market to another investor.
- 174. **Operational bank accounts**: The Council may incur operational exposures, for example though current accounts, collection accounts and merchant acquiring services, to any UK bank with credit ratings no lower than BBB- and with assets greater than £25 billion. These are not classed as investments, but are still subject to the risk of a bank bail-in, and balances will therefore be kept below £200,000 per bank. The Bank of England has stated that in the event of failure, banks with assets greater than £25 billion are more likely to be bailed-in than made insolvent, increasing the chance of the Council maintaining operational continuity.
- 175. **Risk assessment and credit ratings**: Credit ratings are obtained and monitored by the Council's treasury advisers, who will notify changes in ratings as they occur. The credit rating agencies in current use are listed in the Treasury Management Practices document. Where an entity has its credit rating downgraded so that it fails to meet the approved investment criteria then:
  - no new investments will be made
  - any existing investments that can be recalled or sold at no cost will be, and
  - full consideration will be given to the recall or sale of all other existing investments with the affected counterparty

- 176. Where a credit rating agency announces that a credit rating is on review for possible downgrade (also known as "rating watch negative" or "credit watch negative") so that it may fall below the approved rating criteria, then only investments that can be withdrawn on the next working day will be made with that organisation until the outcome of the review is announced. This policy will not apply to negative outlooks, which indicate a long-term direction of travel rather than an imminent change of rating.
- 177. Other information on the security of investments: The Council understands that credit ratings are good, but not perfect, predictors of investment default. Full regard will therefore be given to other available information on the credit quality of the organisations in which it invests, including credit default swap prices, financial statements, information on potential government support, reports in the quality financial press and analysis and advice from the Council's treasury management adviser. No investments will be made with an organisation if there are substantive doubts about its credit quality, even though it may otherwise meet the above criteria.
- 178. When deteriorating financial market conditions affect the creditworthiness of all organisations, as happened in 2008 and 2020, this is not generally reflected in credit ratings, but can be seen in other market measures. In these circumstances, the Council will restrict its investments to those organisations of higher credit quality and reduce the maximum duration of its investments to maintain the required level of security. The extent of these restrictions will be in line with prevailing financial market conditions. If these restrictions mean that insufficient commercial organisations of high credit quality are available to invest the Council's cash balances, then the surplus will be deposited with the UK Government via the Debt Management Office or invested in government treasury bills for example, or with other local authorities. This will cause investment returns to fall but will protect the principal sum invested.
- 179. **Investment Limits:** The Council's revenue reserves available to cover investment losses are forecast to be £3m on 31 March 2022. In order that no more than 20% of available reserves will be put at risk in the case of a single default, the maximum that will be lent to any one organisation (other than the UK Government) will be £10m. A group of banks under the same ownership will be treated as a single organisation for limit purposes. Limits will also be placed on fund managers, investments in brokers' nominee accounts, foreign countries and industry sectors as below. Investments in pooled funds and multilateral development banks do not count against the limit for any single foreign country, since the risk is diversified over many countries.

### Table Twenty: Investment limits

	Cash limit
Any single organisation, except the UK Central Government	£10m each
UK Central Government	unlimited
Any group of organisations under the same ownership	£20m per group

Any group of pooled funds under the same management	£20m per manager
Negotiable instruments held in a broker's nominee account	£30m per broker
Foreign countries	£12m per country
Registered providers and registered social landlords	£8m in total
Unsecured investments with building societies	£8m in total
Loans to unrated corporates	£4m in total
Money market funds	£20m in total
Real estate investment trusts	£10m in total

- 180. **Liquidity management**: The Council uses an in-house spreadsheet based cash flow forecasting model to determine the maximum period for which funds may prudently be committed. The forecast is compiled on a prudent basis to minimise the risk of the Council being forced to borrow on unfavourable terms to meet its financial commitments. Limits on long-term investments are set by reference to the Council's medium-term financial plan and cash flow forecast.
- 181. The Council will spread its liquid cash over at least three providers (e.g. bank accounts and money market funds) to ensure that access to cash is maintained in the event of operational difficulties at any one provider.

#### Service Investments – Loans

- 182. The Council lends money to local businesses, local charities, other local authority partnerships, and local residents to support local public services and priorities, and stimulate local economic growth. Currently the Council has loans invested with:
  - Hinton St George Shop
  - Somerset Waste Partnership for waste vehicles, with added benefit of keeping waste contract costs down

The main risk when making service loans is that the borrower will be unable to repay the principal lent and/or the interest due. In order to minimise this risk and ensure that total exposure to service loans remains proportionate to the size of the Council, upper limits on the outstanding loans to each category of borrower have been set as follows:

Table Twenty One: Loans for Service Purposes

	Act	2022/23		
Category of Borrower	Balance Owing £k	Loss Allowance £k	Net Figure in Accounts £k	Approved Limit £k
Local Businesses	140	0	140	200
Local Authorities	4,363	0	4,363	7,500
Community (small) Loans	0	0	0	1,000
Employees	12	0	12	100
Total	4,515	0	4,515	8,800

- 183. Accounting standards require the Council to set aside a loss allowance for loans, reflecting the likelihood of non-payment. The figures for loans in the Councils statement of accounts will be shown net of this loss allowance. However, the Council makes every reasonable effort to collect the full sum lent and has appropriate credit control arrangements in place to recover overdue repayments.
- 184. No loss allowance is set aside for the current loans made for service purposes. In the case of the loan to the local business and the loan to the joint operation, the Council has a charge over the asset. The asset values are currently higher than the value of the balance owing on the respective loans, therefore no loss allowance is currently required. Assets are revalued in line with the accounting policies and the loss allowance will be revised if asset value reduces to a level below the balance outstanding on the loan.
- 185. The Council assesses the risk of loss before entering into and whilst holding service loans by working up a robust business case and applying due diligence to all requests for service loans, and proportionate monitoring of credit risk of borrowers. For example, with loans to key businesses the Council's finance specialist team (qualified accountants) will review financial statements and service officers will maintain communication with the borrower in order that emerging risks are identified promptly. The Council will use credit rating information where available, and will use external specialist advisors if appropriate.

### Service Investments - Shares

186. The Council does not currently hold any direct investment in the shares of subsidiaries, its suppliers or local businesses.

## **Commercial Investments – Property**

187. The Council has invested in a diverse investment property portfolio both locally and nationally with the intention of generating surplus income that will be spent on local public services delivered within the district. This was in response to significant reductions in government funding over recent years and in order to meet service delivery objectives and the place making role of the Council.

- 188. The Council agreed at its meeting on 16th December 2021 to no longer make such investments due to changes in the revised Prudential Code that no longer allowed such investments to be undertaken.
- 189. The total value of property acquired for investment purposes as at 31 December 2021 is £99.251m. The current value in the accounts in respect of these purchases is not known at the stage as the gains and losses on properties are undertaken as part of the closure of accounts.
- 190. In accordance with government guidance, the Council considers a property investment to be secure if its accounting valuation is at or higher than its purchase cost including taxes and transaction costs. The Council also recognises that asset values may increase and decrease over time due to market volatility, and takes a long term perspective with the assumption that capital values are likely to hold or grow over the life of the asset.
  - Where value in accounts is at or above purchase cost: A fair value assessment of the Council's investment property portfolio has been made within the past twelve months, and the underlying assets provide security for capital investment. Should the 2021/22 year end accounts preparation and audit process value these properties below their purchase cost, then an updated investment strategy will be presented to full council detailing the impact of the loss on the security of investments and any revenue consequences arising therefrom.

Or

- Where value in accounts is below purchase cost: The fair value of the Council's investment property portfolio is no longer sufficient to provide security against loss, and the Council is therefore taking mitigating actions to protect the capital invested. These actions include: planning to hold the assets for the long term; maintaining assets to appropriate quality; mitigating risk of realised losses through maintaining adequate funds in an Investment Risk Reserve, and reducing capital borrowing through its MRP policy.
- 191. The Council assesses the risk of loss whilst holding property investments by undertaking appropriate due diligence including full valuation surveys and operating an asset management plan. The Council also considers strength of local market conditions to give confidence on future re-letting and also considers possible alternative uses if appropriate, and actively monitors the portfolio to ensure tenant obligations for maintaining assets are fulfilled.
- 192. Compared with other investment types, property is relatively difficult to sell and convert to cash at short notice, and can take a considerable period to sell in certain market conditions. To ensure that the invested funds can be accessed when they are needed, for example to repay capital borrowed, the Council actively manages cash flow through its treasury management arrangements and plans to under-borrow against its CFR so that it can temporarily borrow at short notice if required.

- 193. The Council's asset disposal policy includes the approved process for asset disposal and performance indicators (property management indicators) which provide the information on the performance of each property. The performance indicators provide information on assets which are not yielding the level of return required.
- 194. The Council uses industry standard software, to track the performance of its investment portfolio. The software is capable of monitoring running yields asset by asset and across the portfolio, and adopting multiple scenarios. By continually reviewing the market, the tenant covenant and unexpired lease term of each property, the Council is able to find the optimum time to dispose of assets.

### Other Categories of Investment

Table Twenty Two: Other Investments

	Acti	2022/23		
Category of Borrower	Balance Owing £k	Loss Allowance £k	Net Figure in Accounts £k	Approved Limit £k
Joint Operations	31,600	0	31,600	40,000
Total	31,600	0	31,600	40,000

195. **Special Purpose Vehicles** - The Council has setup a special purpose vehicle (SSDC Opium Power Ltd) which has successfully delivered a renewable energy project, a second project is nearing completion and a third project is in the early stages of development. The Council's is continuing its journey into ownership and development of renewable energy which will provide essential support to the National Grid for balancing power demand and storing renewable energy. The company is 50:50 owned between the Council and Opium Power Limited, with the Council providing a secured term loan facility to the SPV. A repayment schedule for both projects has been agreed with the SPV as part of the loan conditions.

### **Proportionality**

- 196. The table below shows the extent to which the expenditure planned to meet the service delivery objectives and place making role of the Council is dependent on achieving the expected net income from investments over the lifecycle of the Medium Term Financial Plan.
- 197. Should it fail to achieve the expected net income, the Council's contingency plans for continuing to provide these services including holding adequate funds in an earmarked Investment Risk Reserve as well as carrying adequate General Reserves. Budget estimates are also set using prudent assumptions about net income from the portfolio.

Table Twenty Three: Proportionality of Investments

	2020/21 Actual £'000	2021/22 Projection £'000	2022/23 Estimate £'000	2023/24 Estimate £'000	2024/25 Estimate £'000
Gross Service Expenditure	81,003	66,988	74,279	69,807	72,618
Investment Income:					
Treasury Investments	3,958	1,973	2,486	2,906	2,587
Commercial Investments	5,744	8,213	7,410	5,732	5,385
<b>Total Investment Income</b>	9,702	10,186	9,896	8,638	7,972
Proportion %	11.98%	15.21%	13.32%	12.37%	10.98%

198. Investment income shown in the above table is the gross income included in the budget estimates, disregarding asset management and capital financing costs.

### **Borrowing In Advance of Need**

- 199. Government guidance is that local authorities must not borrow more than or in advance of their needs purely in order to profit from the investment of the extra sums borrowed. Up to December 2021, the Council has chosen not to follow this guidance and borrowed for this purpose to generate income to lessen the impact of reductions in grant funding from Government.
- 200. On the 16 December 2021, Council agreed not to undertake any new commercial investments in order to be compliant with the revised prudential code.

#### **Related Matters**

- 201. Financial Derivatives: Local authorities have previously made use of financial derivatives embedded into loans and investments both to reduce interest rate risk (e.g. interest rate collars and forward deals) and to reduce costs or increase income at the expense of greater risk (e.g. LOBO loans and callable deposits). The general power of competence in Section 1 of the Localism Act 2011 removes much of the uncertainty over local authorities' use of standalone financial derivatives (i.e. those that are not embedded into a loan or investment).
- 202. The Council will only use standalone financial derivatives (such as swaps, forwards, futures and options) where they can be clearly demonstrated to reduce the overall level of the financial risks that the Council is exposed to. Additional risks presented, such as credit exposure to derivative counterparties, will be taken into account when determining the overall level of risk. Embedded derivatives, including those present in pooled funds and forward starting transactions, will not be subject to this policy, although the risks they present will be managed in line with the overall treasury risk management strategy.
- 203. Financial derivative transactions may be arranged with any organisation that meets the approved investment criteria, assessed using the appropriate credit

- rating for derivative exposures. An allowance for credit risk calculated using the methodology in the Treasury Management Practices document will count against the counterparty credit limit and the relevant foreign country limit.
- 204. In line with the CIPFA Code, the Council will seek external advice and will consider that advice before entering into financial derivatives to ensure that it fully understands the implications.
- 205. **Markets in Financial Instruments Directive:** The Council has opted up to professional client status with its providers of financial services, including advisers, banks, brokers and fund managers, allowing it access to a greater range of services but without the greater regulatory protections afforded to individuals and small companies. Given the size and range of the Council's treasury management activities, the S151 Officer believes this to be the most appropriate status.

### **Financial Implications**

206. The budget for investment income and debt interest in 2022/23 is summarised as follows:

Table Twenty Four: Interest Income and Costs Budget Estimates

	2022/23 Investment Income £'000	2022/23 Average Interest Rate %	2022/23 Interest Costs £'000	2022/23 Average Interest Rate %	2022/23 Net Income or Costs £'000
Total	(2,486)	2.00%	1,197	1.00%	(1,289)

207. If actual levels of investments and borrowing, or actual interest rates differ from those forecast, performance against budget will be correspondingly different. Significant variances will be identified in budget monitoring reports to the Senior Leadership Team and the District Executive.

### **Other Options Considered**

208. The CIPFA Code does not prescribe any particular treasury management strategy for local authorities to adopt. The S151 Officer, having consulted the Portfolio Holder for Finance believes that the above strategy represents an appropriate balance between risk management and cost effectiveness. Some alternative strategies, with their financial and risk management implications, are listed below.

Table Twenty Four: Other options considered

Alternative	Impact on income and expenditure	Impact on risk management
Invest in a narrower range of counterparties and/or for shorter times	Interest income will be lower	Lower chance of losses from credit related defaults, but any such losses may be greater
Invest in a wider range of counterparties and/or for longer times	Interest income will be higher	Increased risk of losses from credit related defaults, but any such losses may be smaller
Borrow additional sums at long-term fixed interest rates	Debt interest costs will rise; this is unlikely to be offset by higher investment income	Higher investment balance leading to a higher impact in the event of a default; however long-term interest costs may be more certain
Borrow short-term or variable loans instead of long-term fixed rates	Debt interest costs will initially be lower	Increases in debt interest costs will be broadly offset by rising investment income in the medium term, but long-term costs may be less certain
Reduce level of borrowing	Saving on debt interest is likely to exceed lost investment income	Reduced investment balance leading to a lower impact in the event of a default; however long-term interest costs may be less certain

## Appendix A - 2022/23 Service Budgets

CHIEF EXECUTIVE								
Service with Elements	21/22 Original Budget	Pay Inflation	General Inflation	Inescapables	Realignment	Savings	Growth Bids	22/23 Origi
			_					
WANTA OF MENT DOADD	£ 2000 400	£	£	£	0077 000	£ (04.07.070)	£	04.040
MANAGEMENT BOARD	£629,100		£0	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	·	(£107,970)	£380,750	
TOTAL CHIEF EXECUTIVE	£629,100	£14,080	£0	£756,000	£277,620	(£107,970)	£380,750	£1,949,
COMMERCIAL SERVICES & INCOME GENERATION								
Service with Elements								1
	21/22 Original Budget	Pay Inflation	General Inflation	Inescapables	Realignment	Savings	Growth Bids	22/23 Origi Budget
STREETSCENE	£1,810,340	£115,670	£5,330	£0	£0	£(£35,210)	£59,170	£1,955,
WASTE & RECYCLING	£4,973,580	,	£0,550		£0	£0	•	£5,208,
OCTAGON	£778,770		£3,000	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(£392,260)	(£63,860)	£0	
VESTLANDS	£445,010	· · · · · ·	£3,300		(£197,830)	(£33,950)	£0	
COUNTRYSIDE	£344,740		£300		£0	(£67,260)	£0	
/EOVIL RECREATION CENTRE	£185,590	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		,	£0	(£11,740)		£171
OURISM AND HERITAGE	£199,030	·	£0,400		£0	(£8,260)	£0	
NCOME & OPPORTUNITIES DEVELOPMENT	(£115,270)		£0		£0	(£33,200)	£0	
BIRCHFIELD	£64,290		£0		£0	£0		· · · · ·
PROPERTY, LAND & DEVELOPMENT - CASE OFFICERS	£292,260		£0		(£39,950)	£0		£264,
AND DRAINAGE	£72,000		£0		£0	£0	£0	£72,
OPERATIONAL PROPERTIES	£674,010					(£64,170)		
COMMERCIAL PROPERTY	(£126,990)		£0			£0		
PROPERTY, LAND & DEVELOPMENT - SPECIALISTS	£144,280		£0	,		£0		,
COMMERCIAL INVESTMENTS	(£2,417,630)	· · · · · ·	£0			£0	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
CAR PARKING	(£722,700)	· ·	£0	·		(£50,090)	£0	
ENGINEERING & PROPERTY SERVICES	£5,260	·	£0	· ·	£0	£0		, ,
TOTAL COMMERCIAL SERVICES & INCOME GENERATION	£6,606,570	+			(£4,697,540)	(£367,740)		1
SERVICE DELIVERY								
Service with Elements	21/22 Original Budget	Pay Inflation	General Inflation	Inescapables	Realignment	Savings	Growth Bids	22/23 Origi Budget
		£	£	£		£	£	
CUSTOMER CONNECT	£685,240	£9,490	£0	£0	£0	(£14,000)	£93,390	£774,
CASE TEAM	£1,672,330	£224,150		· ·	£0	(£25,000)	£32,720	£1,942,
SERVICE DELIVERY - LEAD SPECIALISTS	£253,670	£15,160	£0		£64,760	£0	£0	£333,
SERVICE DELIVERY - MANAGERS	£255,370		£0		(£125,010)	£0		£136
AREA EAST	£32,690		£0		£0	£0		£32
REA NORTH	£15,960		£0		£0	£0		
AREA SOUTH	£61,990		£0		£0	£0		
REA WEST	£27,410		£0		£0	£0		
OCALITY TEAM	£568,580	£10,790	£0		£0	£0		
PEST CONTROL	£1,980		£0		£0	(£1,130)		
DIAV HEALTH & WELLBEING	C70 640	CO	CO	C4 E40	CO	(07.070)	CO	C70

£72,640

£0

£0

£4,510

£0

(£7,070

£0

£70,080

\$gukdjg0d18/02/22

PLAY, HEALTH & WELLBEING

Service with Elements	21/22 Original Budget	Pay Inflation	General Inflation	Inescapables	Realignment	Savings	Growth Bids	22/23 Original Budget
	£	£	£	£		£	£	£
ENFORCEMENT & COMPLIANCE	£51,360	£3,820	£0	£0	£0	£0	£0	£55,180
REVENUES & BENEFITS	£6,280	£11,260	£760	£2,220	(£118,310)	(£10,510)	£7,000	(£101,300)
HOUSING BENEFIT SUBSIDY	(£570,960)	£0	£0	£0	£0	(£22,800)	£0	(£593,760)
HOUSING STANDARDS	£21,560	£4,350	£0	£0	(£450)	(£23,110)	£0	£2,350
ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH & COMMUNITY PROTECTION	£348,190	£24,420	£0	£0	(£8,630)	(£13,910)	£0	£350,070
HOUSING	£642,100	£94,930	£0	£153,840	(£97,230)	(£92,190)	£0	£701,450
LICENSING	(£209,640)	£6,840	£0	£18,430	£0	(£110)	£0	(£184,480)
CARELINE	(£213,930)	£0	£0	£0	£0	£280	£0	(£213,650)
ENFORCEMENT	£53,440	£0	£1,780	£0	£0	(£4,090)	£0	£51,130
LAND CHARGES	(£388,020)	£0	£0	£0	(£380)	(£820)	£0	(£389,220)
RIGHTS OF WAY	£2,810	£0	£0	£0	£0	£0	£0	£2,810
BUILDING CONTROL	(£102,450)	£21,020	£0	£4,100	£0	£0	£335,590	£258,260
DEVELOPMENT MANAGEMENT	(£700,410)	£23,740	£0	£109,590	(£250)	(£8,040)	£849,610	£274,240
STREET NAMING AND NUMBERING	(£16,970)	£0	£0	£0	£0	(£5,820)	£0	(£22,790)
COMMUNITY SAFETY	£3,000	£0	£0	£0	£0	£0	£24,000	£27,000
TOTAL DIRECTOR OF SERVICE DELIVERY	£2,574,220	£456,370	£2,540	£341,720	(£285,500)	(£228,320)	£1,342,310	£4,203,340
TOTAL DIRECTOR OF SERVICE DELIVERY	££,51 <del>4</del> ,220	2430,370	££,J40	2341,720	(2203,300)	(2220,320)	21,342,310	24,203,340

\$gukdjg0d18/02/22

Service with Elements	24/22 Original		Cananal					22/22 Original
	21/22 Original Budget	Pay Inflation	General Inflation	Inescapables	Realignment	Savings	Growth Bids	22/23 Original Budget
	£	£	£	£		£	£	£
PLACE & RECOVERY					L			
Service with Elements								
	21/22 Original Budget	Pay Inflation	General Inflation	Inescapables	Realignment	Savings	Growth Bids	22/23 Original Budget
ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT	£ \$144.560	£	£	£	C20 EE0	£	£	£
REGENERATION	£141,560	£64,600	£200	£10,910		(£3,000)	£0	£242,820
VOLUNTARY, COMMUNITY & SOCIAL ENTERPRISE	£0 £277,970	£0 £2,170	£0 £0	£9,240	£0 £0	£0 £0		£0
TOTAL DIRECTOR OF PLACE & RECOVERY	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				·
TOTAL DIRECTOR OF PLACE & RECOVERY	£419,530	£66,770	£200	£20,150	£28,550	(£3,000)	£0	£532,200
STRATEGY & SUPPORT SERVICES  Service with Elements		Г						
Service with Elements	21/22 Original Budget	Pay Inflation	General Inflation	Inescapables	Realignment	Savings	Growth Bids	22/23 Original Budget
PROCUREMENT, CONTRACT & RISK MANAGEMENT	£58,090	£0	£0	£0	£0	(£9,640)	£5,500	£53,950
PLACE PLANNING	£313,420	£23,140	£0	£11,230	(£7,460)	(£10,030)	£0	
SPORT FACILITIES	£241,880	£0	£0	£693,150	£0	(£22,150)	£0	·
CIVIL CONTINGENCIES & HEALTH & SAFETY	£56,870	£0	£0	£0	£0	£0		•
DEMOCRATIC SERVICES	£666,470		£0	£41,280		(£8,210)	£0	£699,650
ELECTIONS	£203,720	£2,170	£0	£1,410	(£11,310)	(£1,010)	£0	
PEOPLE, PERFORMANCE & CHANGE	£336,940	£7,240	£4,390		, , ,	(£6,950)	£15,000	
COMMUNICATIONS	£97,170	£3,400	£0	£0	(£1,770)	(£5,700)	£0	
STRATEGY & COMMISSIONING - LEAD SPECIALISTS	£214,210	£8,220	£0	£0	£0	(£9,600)	£67,880	£280,710
STRATEGY & COMMISSIONING - CASE OFFICERS	£373,360	£19,080	£0	£12,750	£0	(£250)	£0	£404,940
SUPPORT SERVICES - CASE OFFICERS	£946,860	£28,730	£0	£0	£27,190	(£500)	£65,470	£1,067,750
SUPPORT SERVICES - CASE WORK	£295,370	£0	£4,180	£13,130	(£21,450)	(£56,410)	£0	£234,820
SUPPORT SERVICES - LEAD SPECIALISTS	£501,730	£17,790	£0	£0	(£167,580)	£0	£71,250	£423,190
SUPPORT SERVICES SPECIALISTS	£1,259,970	£73,290	£0	£0	£43,500	(£300)	£67,070	£1,443,530
FINANCE CORPORATE COSTS	£244,250	(£172,710)	£32,170	£70,350	£2,521,920	(£547,950)	£0	£2,148,030
SUPPORT SERVICE FUNCTIONS	£703,280	£0	£130	£691,440	£241,010	£0	£18,000	£1,653,860
TOTAL DIRECTOR OF STRATEGY & SUPPORT SERVICES	£6,513,590	£15,950	£40,870	£1,534,740	£2,560,880	(£678,700)	£310,170	£10,297,500
TOTAL SSDC	£16,743,010	£931,700	£61,940	£3,427.170	(£2,115,990)	(£1,385.730)	£2,052.220	£19,714.320

\$gukdjg0d18/02/22

## **APPENDIX B: Capital Programme 2021/22 - 2023/24 (and Future Years)**

Scheme	2021/22 Forecast Spend £000s	2022/23 Forecast Spend £000s	2023/24 Forecast Spend £000s	Future Years Unitary Authority £000s	Total Capital Expenditure £000s
COMMERCIAL SERVICES & INCOME GENERATION					
Westlands Building Improvement Works	130	521	0	0	651
Upgrade Joanna France Building	27	0	0	0	27
Fleetmaster Replacement - Fleet Management Software	57	0	0	0	57
Ham Hill	0	56	1,114	454	1,624
Riverside Park Planting Scheme	5	1	0	0	6
Works to Chard Reservoir Dam & Outlets	15	3	0	0	18
Chard Reservoir Dam	0	21	0	0	21
Yeovil Rec - J O'Donnell Pavilion upgrade	257	0	0	0	257
Huish Park Land Acquisition	0	2,800	0	0	2,800
Commercial Lending - OPIUM Fareham	8,430	0	0	0	8,430
Prioir years' commercial property investments	202	0	0	0	202
Investment in Commercial Property - Costa Coffee	700	0	0	0	700
Investment in Commercial Property - Lyndon House, Birmingham	2,663	0	0	0	2,663
Investment in Commercial Property - Fitness First, Poole	5	0	0	0	5
Investment in Commercial Property - St John's Retail Park	6,460	0	0	0	6,460
Sherwood Road, Bromsgrove (Capital works on existing commercial investment)	7	0	0	0	7
Alchemy, WGC (Capital works on existing commercial investment)	20	0	40	0	60
Trafalgar House, Taunton (Capital works on existing commercial investment)	5	10	0	25	40
King William House, Bristol (Capital works on existing commercial investment)	0	200	300	0	500

Page 271

Lyndon Place, Birmingham (Capital works on existing commercial	350	450	0	0	800
investment)					
Reevesland Ind Est, Newport (commercial investment)	0	0	177	0	177
Imperial House, Newport (commercial investment)	0	0	270	0	270
D1 Christchurch Business Park (commercial investment)	0	0	175	0	175
Bell House, MK (commercial investment)	0	0	13	20	33
B&Q, Glastonbury (commercial investment)	0	0	0	68	68
New Car Parks	3	210	0	0	213
Car Park Improvement Works	4	90	0	0	94
West Hendford Car Park Crime Reduction Improvements	50	0	0	0	50
Enhancement to SSDC Bldgs	30	0	0	0	30
Brympton Way Building Improvement Works	82	0	0	0	82
Capital Works to Council Portfolio	2	0	0	0	2
Decarbonisation of Operational Buildings - Phase 1	2,800	0	0	0	2,800
Decarbonisation of Operational Buildings - Phase 2	0	2,760	0	0	2,760
District Wide CCTV Contribution to new system	25	0	0	0	25
Digital Upgrade of Yeovil Town Centre CCTV Cameras	0	65	0	0	65
Birchfield Leachate Pumping Station	23	0	0	0	23
Prigg Lane Garage Roof Renewal	13	0	0	0	13
Yeovil Small Business Centre Roof Renewal	0	65	0	0	65
Chard Business Park, Roadway Adoption	0	125	0	0	125
Demolition of Public Conveniences, West Street, Crewkerne	20	0	0	0	20
Refurbishment and accessibility improvements to public toilets at	0	80	0	0	80
Ham Hill and Yeovil Recreation Centre	0	80	0	0	80
Turners Barn Lane Changing Rooms Demolition	0	30	0	0	30
Yeovil Bus Station Toilet Refurbishment	0	50	0	0	50
Innovation Centre Automatic Door Replacement	0	17	0	0	17
Westlands Fire Alarm	0	37	0	0	37
Footbridge Assessment & Works	5	35	0	0	40
Rowan Way Embankment Landslip	15	35	0	0	50
Lufton Depot Surfacing and Drainage Works	20	45	0	0	65
DELETTI EV Charger Project	250	0	0	0	250
Yeovil Crematorium Refurbishment	305	3,426	0	0	3,731

U	
Ø	
ğ	
Φ	
N	
$\mathcal{Z}$	
· ·	

Yeovil Crematorium	0	821	0	0	821
Gas Control System - Birchfield	25	65	350	0	440
Environmental Services Fleet Vehicles Street Scene	0	35	0	0	35
Environmental Services Fleet Vehicles Arboriculture & Operations	0	264	0	0	264
Environmental Services Fleet Vehicles Horticulture	0	172	0	0	172
Environmental Services Fleet Vehicles Workshop & MOT	0	55	0	0	55
Environmental Services Fleet Vehicles Nursery and Lufton Depot	0	30	0	0	30
ISUZU GRAFTER 35.125 (T) SWB E6 Boxed Tipper	30	0	0	0	30
ISUZU GRAFTER 35.125 (T) SWB E6 Boxed Tipper	30	0	0	0	30
ISUZU GRAFTER 35.125 (T) SWB E6 Boxed Tipper	30	0	0	0	30
ISUZU GRAFTER 35.125 (T) SWB E6 Boxed Tipper	30	0	0	0	30
ISUZU GRAFTER 35.125 (T) SWB E6 Boxed Tipper	30	0	0	0	30
Trimax mower	13	0	0	0	13
Telehandler - Merlo TF42.7	32	0	0	0	32
Woodchipper Forst ST6p	15	0	0	0	15
4.5 Tonne Compact Sweeper	76	0	0	0	76
Iseki SF224 Mower	18	0	0	0	18
Total for Commercial Services & Income Generation	23,309	12,574	2,439	567	38,889
SERVICE DELIVERY					
Disabled Facilities Grants	1,228	1,543	0	0	2,771
Careline Product Development	4	16	0	0	20
Empty Property Grants	0	61	0	0	61
Home Repairs Assistance	19	0	0	0	19
Home Repairs Assistance 2021-22	0	20	0	0	20
HMO Grants	24	60	0	0	84
Barnabus House	22	0	0	0	22
LOCALITY (PHW)					
Grant for Youth Facilities	0	5	0	0	5
West Coker Pavilion and Play Projects	300	0	0	0	300
Castle Cary and Ansford various projects	0	100	0	0	100
Henstridge PC - Ash Walk Rec	26	0	0	0	26
Crewkerne Aqua Centre	33	0	0	0	33

Gainsborough Play Area, Milborne	31	0	0	0	31
Lightgate Ln Playground S Petherton	62	0	0	0	62
Wyndham Park Play Area Equipment	0	72	0	0	72
Jarman Way, Chard - Play Area Equipment	28	0	0	0	28
Ilminster Recreation Ground	44	0	0	0	44
Old Kelways Play Area, Langport	0	13	0	0	13
Flagship Play Area	8	15	0	0	23
Grant to Milborne Port Rec	0	99	0	0	99
Langport Memorial Ground New Changing Facilities	0	4	0	0	4
Renewal of Skate Park provision in Area South	0	340	0	0	340
Huish Episcopi Swimming Pool	71	0	0	0	71
Yeovil Country Park Play Area	0	220	0	0	220
Holyrood Sports Hall	3	0	0	0	3
Ilminster Cricket Club	0	35	0	0	35
Caryford Community Hall	21	0	0	0	21
South Petherton Cricket Club	0	5	0	0	5
Wyndham Park Community Facilities	0	0	400	0	400
Home Farm, Somerton	0	298	0	0	298
Subtotal for Service Delivery	1,925	2,906	400	0	5,231
PLACE					
Chard Regeneration	7,783	1,130	433	0	9,346
Yeovil Refresh	3,642	17,036	330	0	21,008
Octagon Redevelopment	671	1,638	15,303	10,956	28,568
Wincanton Regeneration	64	2,055	0	0	2,119
Affordable Housing - North Street, Crewkerne	234	26	0	0	260
Affordable Housing - 4 Properties Chard Working Mens Club	54	0	0	0	54
(Stonewater)	34	0	0	0	54
Affordable Housing - Gap funding from LA x 4 units Lyde Road	80	0	0	0	80
Affordable Housing - The Link Day Centre	5	0	0	0	5
Affordable Housing - Unallocated	0	1,263	0	0	1,263
Affordable Housing - Bought not Built Allocation	19	390	0	0	409
Market Towns Vision	172	173	0	0	345

D
ag
Э
N
17
5

Subtotal for Place	12,723	23,711	16,066	10,956	63,456
SUPPORT SERVICES, STRATEGY & COMMISSIONING					
Leisure Centre Capital Works	239	3,256	0	0	3,495
Lyde Road Pedestrian & Cycle Way, Yeovil	0	250	0	0	250
Lyde Road Strategic Cycleway	0	129	0	0	129
Lufton 2000, Yeovil - All Phases	26	214	0	0	240
Capitalised Salaries	150	0	0	0	150
Loan to Somerset Waste Partnership for Vehicles	875	0	0	0	875
E5 Upgrade	63	0	0	0	63
Firewalls & Security (Civica Upgrade)	15	0	0	0	15
Omni-Channel Telephony	10	0	0	0	10
Online Form Building Package (SX)	18	0	0	0	18
Home Working Furniture	12	0	0	0	12
ICT Replacement	36	0	0	0	36
Digital Capital Reserve Programme	135	0	0	0	135
Data Centre Network Switch Stack	0	100	0	0	100
Digital Capital Reserve Programme 2022/23	0	100	0	0	100
Meeting Room AV Upgrade	50	0	0	0	50
Subtotal for Support Services, Strategy & Commissioning	1,629	4,049	0	0	5,678
AREA COMMITTEES					
AREA NORTH					
Support of Economic Vitality in Area North (Signage for marketing	3	0	0	0	3
programme)		0	0		
Hamdon Community Arts Project (HCAP)	13	0	0	0	13
RAMA CIC	11	0	0	0	11
Langport Transport Group	6	0	0	0	6
South Petherton Tennis Club	13	0	0	0	13
Long Sutton Cricket Club	13	0	0	0	13
Stoke Sub Hambdon Parish Council	17	0	0	0	17
South Petherton Bowls Club	13	0	0	0	13
Petherton Arts Trust	10	0	0	0	10
Kirkham Street Community Trust	13	0	0	0	13

	٦	C	Į
	Ω	j	
C	C	2	
	a	)	
	<u> </u>		)
	$\geq$	•	ļ
	C	,	)

Total Gross Capital Programme	40,055	47,390	18,905	11,523	117,873
Capital Contingency	0	4,000	0	0	4,000
CORPORATE					
Subtotal for Area Committees	469	150	0	0	619
Jnallocated Budget West	18	50	0	0	68
Radio Ninesprings	3	0	0	0	3
Combe St Nicholas Primary School Running Track	6	0	0	0	6
Hinton St George Pre-School Appeal	13	0	0	0	13
Chard Town Council - Market Stalls	6	0	0	0	6
North Perrott Cricket Club	11	0	0	0	11
Ichester Hall, Chiselborough	13	0	0	0	13
Horton Parish Council Playing Field Project	13	0	0	0	13
Iminster Tennis & Bowling Club	13	0	0	0	13
Chard Town Centre Gateway and Seating Area.	52	0	0	0	52
AREA WEST					
Jnallocated Budget East	65	0	0	0	65
Radio Ninesprings	6	0	0	0	6
Wincanton Memorial Hall Toilet Facilities	6	0	0	0	6
Bruton Town Council - Weather Resistant Path	4	0	0	0	4
Parish Infrastructure Fund	4	0	0	0	4
Mudford Memorial Village Hall	3	0	0	0	3
9 Seat Minibus for Community Transport	12	0	0	0	12
Retail Support Initiative Schemes	1	0	0	0	1
Wincanton-Pedestrian/Cycle Link Common Lane	5	0	0	0	5
AREA EAST		-		-	
Jnallocated Budget South	36	100	0	0	136
Yeovil Swan Theatre Theatre Company	13	0	0	0	13
West Coker Commemoration Fund (WCCF)	7	0	0	0	7
Yeovil to Ilchester Multi User Pathway-Feasibility	2	0	0	0	2
AREA SOUTH					
Jnallocated Budget North	38	0	0	0	38

# **APPENDIX C: Summary of Proposed Capital Growth**

		2022/23	2023/24	Future	Total	Specific funding proposals	Total after specific	Funding Information
Scheme Name	Brief Description	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	
Decarbonisation Phase 2	Fulfils original scope of project after phase 1 heating systems	2,760	0	0	2,760	-300	2,460	£300k already approved in Leisure capital works budget
Yeovil Crematorium	Increased budget required to fulfil original scope of project	821	0	0	821	0	821	
Huish Park land acquisition	To get council budget approval to effect DX decision made in December 2020 to purchase site	2,800	0	0	2,800	0	2,800	
Yeovil Refresh	To fund increased costs for delivering the public realm and transport schemes	1,059	0	0	1,059	0	1,059	
Octagon Theatre	To fund the increased costs of the redevelopment now estimated from the RIBA stage 2 design process	0	2,735	2,823	5,558	0	5,558	
Private Sector Housing Grants	To continue to provide Private Sector Housing Grants in 2022/23 across the district	40	0	0	40	-40	0	Seeking Grant funding from Gov - this has been provided in the past
Yeovil Country Park Play Area	Replacement of Nine Springs children's play equipment which is at end of serviceable life. New equipment could address disability access	220	0	0	220	-20	200	Use of £20k S 106 allocation
Data Centre Network Switch Stack	Replace current switch stacks at end of life. The switch stacks provide connectivity between on-premise systems, internet and cloud based systems. Addresses potential security vulnerabilities	100	0	0	100	0	100	
Digital Capital Reserve Programme 2022/23	Device standardisation/refresh £85k. Security upgrade £15k. Allows responses to potential LGR workstreams	100	0	0	100	0	100	
Chard Reservoir Dam	Sluice mechanism works resulting from the 10 year inspection under s10 of the Reservoirs Act 1975.	21	0	0	21	0	21	
Ham Hill	To improve the country park infrastructure and facilities. The site is currently on Historic England's 'At Risk' register.	56	1,114	454	1,624	-1,300	324	Applying for external funding from National Lottery Heritage Fund of £1.3m.
Turners Barn Lane Changing Rooms Demolition	Disused unsafe structure that is an antisocial behaviour and health & safety risk	30	0	0	30	0	30	
Environmental Services Fleet Vehicles Street Scene	Smart Bin Software (enables efficiency reducing need for vehicles)	35	0	0	35	-33	2	Capital receipts from sale of 3x leaf blowers, 2x quad snow ploughs, 12T sweeper, 3.5t box tipper, 682 return to lease co, 1x mini sweeper
Environmental Services Fleet Vehicles Arboriculture & Operations	Changing of work practices. Using new purchases creates a more efficient process. Purchase of tractor fend £148k, stonga hook loader £28k, front mounted flail £11k, composter trailer £54k, connel side arm flail £24k	264	0	0	264	-238	26	Capital receipts of 4 x small vans £10k and tractor mounted mower deck £10k plus virement of budget from footpaths £218k
Environmental Services Fleet Vehicles Horticulture	Purchase of tree risk / grass management software £45k, Batwing £88k, Cut & collect small £14k, new mowers £25k each	172	0	0	172	-69	103	Capital receipts from sales of 6 mowers £10k, trimax snake £5k, 3 small vans £10k, transit tipper £30k, 3xtrailers £3k, tractor £4k, jupiter grinder £1k, 1x flail £6k
Environmental Services Fleet Vehicles Workshop & MOT	Purchase of mobile brake tester £30k, telematics software £25k	55	0	0	55	-6	49	Capital receipts from sale of jupiter grinder £1k, ranger £5k
Environmental Services Fleet Vehicles Nursery and Lufton Depot	Purchase pump house and water management system (saves £6k on water per year)	30	0	0	30	0	30	
Refurbishment and accessibility improvements to public toilets at Ham Hill and Yeovil Recreation Centre	To address cess pit issues at Ham Hill and ensure accessibility becomes legally compliant. The Recreation Ground facilities are so old they cannot be cleaned effectively.	80	0	0	80	0	80	
Yeovil Bus Station Toilet Refurbishment	Current facilities in place mean are unable to be maintained due to their age and condition	50	0	0	50	0	50	
Innovation Centre Automatic Door Replacement	Two sets of doors to be replaced. Only one currently works with the other frequently failing.	17	0	0	17	0	17	
Westlands Fire Alarm	Replacement of fire alarm system which has failed its most recent 46.2 inspection	37	0	0	37	0	37	
Alchemy, WGC (Capital works on existing commercial investment)	End of tenancy refurbishments not covered by dilapidations settlement	0	40	0	40	-40	0	Funding requested from Commercial Investment Risk reserve
Trafalgar House, Taunton (Capital works on existing commercial investment)	New mains supplied fire alarm and WC to unit 5 on tenant vacation.	10	0	25	35	-35	0	Funding requested from Commercial Investment Risk reserve

-	U
3	מ
9	ק
,	()
	ĭ
(	$\infty$

Lavieting commarcial invactments	2022/23 for refurbishing GF WC and converting reception to bike store. 2023/24 for improved access to roofs & part replacement of roofs	100	300	0	400	-400	0	Funding requested from Commercial Investment Risk reserve
Lyndon Place, Birmingham (Capital works on existing commercial investment)	Proprietary leak prevention system, resolving car parking issue to include new fencing around parking to East of building.	450	0	0	450	-450	0	Funding requested from Commercial Investment Risk reserve
Reevesland Ind Est, Newport (commercial investment)	Cost to remove AIB on internal walls prior to reletting.	0	177	0	177	-177	0	Funding requested from Commercial Investment Risk reserve
Imperial House, Newport (commercial investment)	End of tenancy refurbishment not covered by dilapidations settlement	0	270	0	270	-270	0	Funding requested from Commercial Investment Risk reserve
D1 Christchurch Business Park (commercial investment)	End of tenancy refurbishment not covered by dilapidations settlement	0	175	0	175	-175	0	Funding requested from Commercial Investment Risk reserve
Bell House, MK (commercial investment)	End of tenancy refurbishment if not covered by dilapidations settlement	0	13	20	33	-33	0	Funding requested from Commercial Investment Risk reserve
B&Q, Glastonbury (commercial investment)	End of tenancy refurbishment if not covered by dilapidations settlement	0	0	68	68	-68	0	Funding requested from Commercial Investment Risk reserve
Capital Contingency	To put a corporate capital contingency in the budget given inflation levels and for this to be allocated by DX	4,000	0	0	4,000	0	4,000	
	Total of All Capital Bids	13,307	4,824	3,390	21,521	-3,654	17,867	

### Notes:

CFO to recommend the need to set aside £4.8m in earmarked reserves in 2023/24 to pay back FHSF grant for Yeovil Refresh if required by government (the grant has already been received and if we had to repay would fall due in 2023/24).

Some of the works to existing investment properties are contingency amounts and are largely dependent on the extent of dilapidations work required when the site is vacant. Some are planned enhancement works. CFO will review these to split between definite planned scheme of works and a smaller contingency element for dilapidations works.

## **Appendix D - Reserves**

Reserves Summary	Balance as at 01/04/2021	Movement	Balance as at 01/04/2022	Movement	Balance as at 01/04/2023	Movement	Balance as at 31/03/2024	
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	
Corporate Reserves	(9,081)	(4,426)	(13,507)	(1,381)	(14,888)	4,784	(10,104)	
Capital Reserves	(18,222)	16,162	(2,060)	1,981	(79)	0	(79)	
Revenue Earmarked Reserves	(21,991)	8,918	(13,073)	5,544	(7,529)	1,209	(6,320)	
Total Reserves	(49,294)	20,654	(28,640)	6,144	(22,496)	5,993	(16,503)	

Corporate Reserves	Balance as at 01/04/2021	Movement	Balance as at 01/04/2022	Movement	Balance as at 01/04/2023	Movement	Balance as at 31/03/2024
P	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Medium Term Financial Plan Support Fund	(4,880)	(3,971)	(8,851)	619	(8,232)	4,784	(3,448)
General Fund Balance	(4,201)	(455)	(4,656)	(2,000)	(6,656)	0	(6,656)
<sup>©</sup> Corporate Reserves Total	(9,081)	(4,426)	(13,507)	(1,381)	(14,888)	4,784	(10,104)

Corporate Earmarked Capital Reserves	Balance as at 01/04/2021	Movement	Balance as at 01/04/2022	Movement	Balance as at 01/04/2023	Movement	Balance as at 31/03/2024
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Usable Capital Receipts	(18,073)	16,162	(1,911)	1,832	(79)	0	(79)
Internal Borrowing Reserve	(149)	0	(149)	149	0	0	0
Capital Reserves Total	(18,222)	16,162	(2,060)	1,981	(79)	0	(79)

Revenue Earmarked Reserves	Balance as at 01/04/2021 £'000	Movement £'000	Balance as at 01/04/2022 £'000	Movement £'000	Balance as at 01/04/2023 £'000	Movement £'000	Balance as at 31/03/2024 £'000
Local Government Reorganisation Reserve	(91)	91	0	(234)	(234)	234	0
Commercial Investment Risk Reserve	(6,606)	245	(6,361)	2,540	(3,821)	975	(2,846)
Cremator Replacement Capital Reserve	(549)	0	(549)	549	0	0	0
Yeovil Athletic Track Repairs Fund	(198)	(13)	(211)	(9)	(220)	0	(220)
Artificial Grass Pitch Reserve	(162)	(8)	(170)	5	(165)	0	(165)
Waste Reserve	(100)	0	(100)	100	0	0	0
YIC Maintenance Reserve	(40)	(20)	(60)	(20)	(80)	0	(80)
Regeneration Fund	(3,109)	1,195	(1,914)	1,110	(804)	0	(804)
Gicket Levy Reserve	(120)	(15)	(135)	56	(79)	0	(79)
COVID Recovery Reserve	0	(454)	(454)	454	0	0	0
Revenues and Benefits Reserve	(1,291)	506	(785)	713	(72)	0	(72)
Housing & Homelessness Reserve	(441)	143	(298)	298	0	0	0
Park Homes Replacement Reserve	(286)	286	0	0	0	0	0
Business Support Scheme (Flooding)	(101)	15	(86)	19	(67)	0	(67)
Closed Churchyards Reserve	(19)	19	0	0	0	0	0
Climate Change Fund	(167)	(97)	(264)	204	(60)	0	(60)
Community Housing Fund	(170)	170	0	0	0	0	0
Community Initiatives Reserve	(163)	163	0	0	0	0	0

Revenue Earmarked Reserves Total	(21,991)	8,918	(13,073)		5,544	(7,529)	1,209	(6,320)
Treasury Management Reserve	(750)	(50)	(800)		(350)	(1,150)	0	(1,150)
Insurance Fund	(50)	50	0		0	0	0	0
Capital Reserve	(1,164)	1,164	(0)		0	(0)	0	(0)
Internal Borrowing Repayments	(321)	321	0		0	0	0	0
NDR Volatility Reserve	(4,592)	4,592	0		0	0	0	0
Noevenue Grants Reserve	(525)	103	(422)		63	(359)	0	(359)
OVID Grant Reserve	0	0	0		0	0	0	0
Replacement Reserve	(10)	0	(10)		10	0	0	0
Health Inequalities	(31)	31	0		0	0	0	0
Sports Facilities Reserve	(51)	51	0		0	0	0	0
Election Reserve	(214)	(40)	(254)		(40)	(294)	0	(294)
Spatial Policy Reserve	(258)	194	(64)		64	0	0	0
Bristol to Weymouth Rail Reserve	(72)	72	0		0	0	0	0
Deposit Guarantee Claims Reserve	(12)	12	0		0	0	0	0
Planning Delivery Reserve	(16)	16	0		0	0	0	0
Planning Obligations Admin Reserve	(30)	30	0		0	0	0	0
Area Committee Reserves	(113)	6	(107)	_	0	(107)	0	(107)
Community Safety Reserve	(43)	43	0		0	0	0	0
Community Resilience Reserve	(126)	97	(29)		12	(17)	0	(17)

### **APPENDIX E – Prudential and Investment Indicators**

### **Capital Expenditure Estimates**

Capital expenditure is incurred where the Council spends money on constructing or acquiring assets such as land and buildings, vehicles, plant and equipment, which will be used for more than one year, as well as larger scale maintenance works that maintain or enhance the Councils existing assets.

In 2021/22, the Council is planning capital expenditure of £46m as summarised below:

Table 1: Prudential Indicator: Actual and Estimates of Capital Expenditure

Capital Investments  Total	30,847 <b>42,177</b>	40,550	<b>45,986</b>	1 <b>8,905</b>	10,901
Capital Investments	20.047	18,842	,	,	,
General Fund Services	11,330	21,708	45,986	18,905	10,901
	2020/21 Actual £'000	2021/22 Projection £'000	2022/23 Estimate £'000	2023/24 Estimate £'000	2024/25 Estimate £'000

## **Capital Financing Requirement**

The Council's cumulative amount of debt finance is measured by the Capital Financing Requirement (CFR). This increases with new debt-financed capital expenditure and reduces with MRP repayments and capital receipts used to replace debt. Based on the above figures for expenditure and financing the Council's estimated CFR is as follows:

Table 2: Prudential Indicator – Actual and Estimated Capital Financing Requirement

	2020/21 Actual £'000	2021/22 Projection £'000	2022/23 Estimate £'000	2023/24 Estimate £'000	2024/25 Estimate £'000
CFR Balance B/F	96,933	133,985	144,761	166,238	169,068
Capital Expenditure	42,177	40,550	45,986	18,905	10,901
MRP	(951)	(1,209)	(1,510)	(1,593)	(1,672)
Capital Receipts used to replace Debt	(2,146)	(16,172)	(2,891)	(975)	0
Grants and Contributions	(2,028)	(12,392)	(20,109)	(13,507)	(6,763)
Total CFR	133,985	144,761	166,238	169,068	171,534

### **Total Debt Position**

Projected levels of the Council's total outstanding debt are shown below, compared with the CFR (as detailed above). Statutory guidance is that actual debt should

remain below the CFR, except in the short-term. As can be seen from the table the Council expects to comply with this in the medium term.

Table 3: Prudential Indicator - Gross Debt and the CFR

	2020/21 Actual £'000	2021/22 Projection £'000	2022/23 Estimate £'000	2023/24 Estimate £'000	2024/25 Estimate £'000
Debt	98,000	122,000	145,976	150,807	155,273
CFR	133,985	144,761	166,238	169,068	171,534

## **Affordable Borrowing Limit**

The Council is legally obliged to set an affordable borrowing limit (also termed the authorised limit for external debt) each year and to keep it under review. In line with statutory guidance, a lower "operational boundary" is also set as a warning level should debt approach this limit. The Operational Boundary has been calculated based on the forecast CFR plus a tolerance for variations in spending plans during the year and possible volatility in availability of internal and external resources.

Table 4: Prudential Indicator – Authorised Limit and Operational Boundary for external debt

	2020/21 Actual £'000	2021/22 Projection £'000	2022/23 Estimate £'000	2023/24 Estimate £'000	2024/25 Estimate £'000
Operational Boundary:					
Borrowing	120,000	130,000	160,000	160,000	160,000
Leases	15,000	20,000	20,000	20,000	20,000
<b>Total Operational Boundary</b>	135,000	150,000	180,000	180,000	180,000
Authorised Limit:					
Borrowing	140,000	140,000	170,000	170,000	170,000
Leases	20,000	25,000	25,000	25,000	25,000
Total Authorised Limit	160,000	165,000	195,000	195,000	195,000

## **Revenue Budget Implications**

Although capital expenditure is not charged directly to the revenue budget, interest payable on loans/leases and capital debt repayment provisions are charged to revenue, offset by any investment income receivable. The net annual charge is known as financing costs; this is compared to the net revenue stream i.e. the amount funded from Council Tax, business rates and general government grants.

Table 5: Prudential Indicator - Proportion of financing costs to net revenue stream

	2020/21 Actual	2021/22 Projection	2022/23 Estimate	2023/24 Estimate	2024/25 Estimate
Financing Costs £'000	(2,133)	(3,062)	(2,904)	(2,991)	(1,644)
Proportion of Net Revenue Stream %	-14.04%	-18.83%	-14.73%	-16.11%	-8.51%

## **Liability Benchmark**

To compare the Council's actual borrowing against an alternative strategy, a liability benchmark has been calculated showing the lowest risk level of borrowing. With an assumption that cash and investment balances are kept to a minimum level of £30m at each year-end to maintain sufficient liquidity but minimise credit risk.

Table 6: Prudential Indicator - Liability benchmark

	2020/21 Actual £'000	2021/22 Projection £'000	2022/23 Estimate £'000	2023/24 Estimate £'000	2024/25 Estimate £'000
Total CFR	133,985	144,761	166,238	169,068	171,534
Less: Usable Reserves	(69,437)	(42,777)	(27,213)	(21,555)	(17,146)
Less: Working Capital	(2,800)	(2,800)	(2,800)	(2,800)	(2,800)
Plus: Minimum Investments	30,000	30,000	30,000	30,000	30,000
Liability Benchmark	31,747	69,184	106,225	114,713	121,588

## **Total Investment Exposure**

This indicator shows the Council's total exposure to potential investment losses. It includes amounts the Council is contractually committed to lend but have yet to draw down and the guarantees the Council has issued.

Table 7: Total Investment Exposure

	01/04/2021 Actual £'000	31/03/2022 Estimate £'000	31/03/2023 Estimate £'000	31/03/2024 Estimate £'000
Treasury Management Investments - Strategic Funds	23,500	30,000	30,000	30,000
Treasury Management Investments - Other	2,480	2,000	2,000	2,000
Service Investments - Loans	4,503	4,913	4,412	3,911
Commercial Investment - Property	79,809	96,699	96,699	96,699
Other investments - SPV	31,555	42,958	40,634	37,204
Total Investments	141,847	176,570	173,745	169,814
Guarantees Issued on Pension Liabilities	496	496	496	496
Total Commitments and Guarantees	496	496	496	496
Total Exposure	142,343	177,066	174,241	170,310

### How Investments are funded

Government guidance is that these indicators should include how investments are funded. Since the Council does not normally associate particular assets with particular liabilities, it is difficult to comply with this guidance. However, the following investments could be described as being funded by borrowing. The remainder of the Council's investments are funded by usable reserves and income received in advance of need.

Table 8: Investments funded by Borrowing

	01/04/2021 Actual £'000	31/03/2022 Estimate £'000	31/03/2023 Estimate £'000	31/03/2024 Estimate £'000
Treasury Management Investments	0	0	0	0
Service Investments - Loans	4,503	4,913	4,412	3,911
Commercial Investment - Property	79,809	96,699	96,699	96,699
Other investments - SPV	31,555	42,958	40,634	37,204
Total Funded by Borrowing	115,867	144,570	141,745	137,814

### Rate of Return Received

This indicator shows the investment income received less the associated costs, including the cost of borrowing where appropriate, as a proportion of the sum initially invested. Note that due to the complex local government accounting framework, not all recorded gains and losses affect the revenue account in the year they are incurred.

Table 9: Investment Net Rate of Return

	01/04/2021 Actual %	31/03/2022 Estimate %	31/03/2023 Estimate %	31/03/2024 Estimate %
Treasury Management Investments	2.77%	2.00%	2.00%	2.00%
Service Investments - Loans	1.98%	2.72%	2.72%	2.72%
Commercial Investment - Property	3.71%		3.50%	
Other Investments - SPV	5.00%	6.00%	6.00%	6.00%
Total All Investments	13.46%	3.56%	3.56%	3.56%

#### Other Investment Indicators

The Government's investment guidance suggests authorities should consider a range of other quantitative indicators to show risks and opportunities in respect of investment and borrowing. The table below summarises three additional indicators shown by this Council.

Table 10: Other investment indicators

	01/04/2021 Actual	31/03/2022 Estimate	31/03/2023 Estimate	31/03/2024 Estimate
Commercial Income to Net Service Expenditure %	37.82%	50.49%	37.59%	30.88%
Investment Cover Ratio	1.43	1.37	1.25	1.19
Loan to Value Ratio	70.45%	69.72%	78.07%	81.25%

Commercial Income to Net Service Expenditure: Indicates dependence on commercial income to deliver core services.

Investment cover ratio: The total net income from commercial property investment compared to the interest expense relating to investment properties funded by borrowing.

Loan to value ratio: The amount of debt compared to the total assets value on the Council's balance sheet.

## **Voluntary Treasury Management Indicators**

The Council measures and manages its exposures to treasury management risks using the following indicators.

## **Security**

The Council has adopted a voluntary measure of its exposure to credit risk by monitoring the value-weighted average credit rating of its investment portfolio. This is calculated by applying a score to each investment (AAA=1, AA+=2, etc.) and taking the arithmetic average, weighted by the size of each investment. Unrated investments are assigned a score based on their perceived risk.

Credit Risk Indicator	Target
Portfolio Average Credit Rating	5

## Liquidity

The Council has adopted a voluntary measure of its exposure to liquidity risk by monitoring the amount of cash available to meet unexpected payments within a rolling three month period, without additional borrowing.

Liquidity Risk Indicator	Target
Total cash available within 3 months	£10m

### **Interest Rate Exposures**

This indicator is set to control the Council's exposure to interest rate risk. The impact of a change in interest rates is calculated on the assumption that maturing loans and investments will be replaced at current rates. The upper limits on the one-year revenue impact of a 1% rise or fall in interest rates will be:

Interest Rate Risk Indicator	Limit
Upper limit on one-year revenue impact of a 1% rise in interest rates	£200,000
Upper limit on one-year revenue impact of a 1% fall in interest rates	£150,000

## **Maturity Structure of Borrowing**

This indicator is set to control the Council's exposure to refinancing risk. The limits set for each category within this indicator is wide since the indicator is only to cover the risk of replacement loans being unavailable, not interest rate risk. Time periods start on the first day of each financial year. The maturity date of borrowing is the earliest date on which the lender can demand repayment. The upper and lower limits on the maturity structure of borrowing will be:

Refinancing Rate Risk Indicator	Upper limit	Lower limit
Under 12 months	100%	100%
12 months and within 24 months	100%	100%
24 months and within 5 years	100%	100%
5 years and within 10 years	100%	100%
10 years and above	100%	100%

## **Principal Sums Invested For Periods Longer Than a Year**

The purpose of this indicator is to control the Council's exposure to the risk of incurring losses by seeking early repayment of its investments. The limits on the long-term principal sum invested to final maturities beyond the period end will be:

Price Risk Indicator	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25
Limit on principal invested beyond year end	£25m	£25m	£25m

# **APPENDIX F: Minimum Revenue Provision (MRP) Policy Statement**

- 1. Where the Council finances capital expenditure by debt, it must put aside resources to repay that debt in later years. The amount charged to the revenue budget for the repayment of debt is known as Minimum Revenue Provision (MRP), although there has been no statutory minimum since 2008. The Local Government Act 2003 requires the Council to have regard to the Department for Levelling Up, Housing and Communities's Guidance on Minimum Revenue Provision (the DLUHC Guidance) most recently issued in 2018.
- 2. The broad aim of the Guidance is to ensure that capital expenditure is financed over a period that is reasonably commensurate with that over which the capital expenditure provides benefits.
- 3. The MHCLG Guidance requires the Council to approve an Annual MRP Statement each year and recommends a number of options for calculating a prudent amount of MRP. The following statement incorporates options recommended in the Guidance as well as locally determined prudent methods.
- 4. For capital expenditure incurred before 1st April 2008, MRP will be determined in accordance with the former regulations that applied on 31st March 2008, incorporating an "Adjustment A" of £9,113k.
- 5. For capital expenditure on operational assets incurred after 31st March 2008, MRP will be determined by charging the expenditure over the expected useful life of the relevant asset by either of the following methods:
  - a. In equal instalments
  - b. Using an annuity basis
- 6. For freehold land, MRP will be applied over 50 years, except where there is a structure on the land which the Council considers to have a life of more than 50 years where in such cases the longer life may also be applied to the land.
- 7. For capital expenditure not related to council assets but which has been capitalised by regulation or direction (e.g. capital grants to third parties) will be charged in equal instalments over a period of up to 25 years.
- 8. For assets acquired by leases, MRP will be determined as being equal to the element of the rent or charge that goes to write down the balance sheet liability.
- 9. For capital expenditure loans to third parties that are repaid in annual or more frequent instalments of principal, the Council will make nil MRP, but will instead apply the capital receipts arising from principal repayments to reduce the capital financing requirement instead. In years where there is no principal repayment, MRP will be charged in accordance with the MRP policy for the assets funded by the loan, including where appropriate, delaying MRP until the year after the assets become operational. While this is not one of the options in the MHCLG Guidance, it is thought to be a prudent approach since it ensures that the capital expenditure incurred in the loan is fully funded over the life of the assets.

- 10. For investment properties, MRP will be calculated over a period of no more than 50 years, and MRP may be calculated by either of the following methods:
  - a. In equal instalments
  - b. Using an annuity basis
  - c. Weighted to reflect projected net income cash flows over the expected life of investment (up to 50 years)
- 11. MRP will be charged from the start of the financial year after the expenditure is incurred, meaning capital expenditure incurred during 2022/23 will not be subject to a MRP charge until 2023/24.
- 12. Based on the Council's latest estimate of its capital financing requirement (CFR) on 31 March 2022, the budget estimate for MRP has been set as follows:

	31/03/2022	2022/23
Capital Financing Requirement and MRP	Estimated CFR	Estimated MRP
	£'000	£'000
Capital Expenditure before 1 April 2008	9,113	0
Unsupported Capital Expenditure since 31 March 2008	115,036	1,549
Voluntary overpayment or use of prior year overpayments	0	0
Total	124,149	1,549

13. MRP Overpayments: In earlier years, the Council has made no voluntary overpayments of MRP that are available to reduce the revenue charges in later years. It is not planned to make an overpayment in 2022/23, however the S151 Officer may determine such an overpayment during the year and report this through the Outturn Report.



#### APPENDIX TWO: SOMERSET FINANCE & ASSETS PROTOCOL

#### **Background**

- A new unitary council will come into existence from 1 April 2023 and all of the financial resources and commitments from the predecessor councils will transfer to the new Somerset Council at this date. It is important, therefore, that decisions and actions taken in the existing councils are made against the background of avoiding adverse financial pressures for the new Council where possible.
- 2. It is important that the financial pressures for the new Council are minimised to give the best possible start and that any residual financial pressures are identified at the earliest opportunity. In that way, effective financial planning can begin during 2022/23 for 2023/24 and beyond.
- 3. It is envisaged that the Secretary of State may issue a Direction under Section 24 Local Government and Public Involvement in Health Act 2007 after the Structural Change Order (SCO) is enacted. The purpose of such a Direction is to protect the finances and interests of the new Unitary Council. This has previously allowed the Secretary of State to direct that a relevant authority may not without the written consent of a person or persons specified to:-
  - dispose of any land if the consideration payable for the disposal exceeds £100,000;
  - enter into any capital contract under which the consideration exceeds £1m or which includes a term allowing the consideration payable to be varied;
  - enter into any non-capital contract under which the consideration exceeds £100,000;
  - Commit existing financial reserves by a specified amount.
- 4. The s24 Direction cannot be issued until after the SCO comes into force. DLUHC officers have recommended that the 5 Somerset councils come together with a voluntary protocol.
- 5. Each Council has a Section 151 Officer who has responsibility for the stewardship of the Council's finances. Their duty is obviously to their employing Council. However, they also have a wider fiduciary duty concerning public funds. This Protocol is the product of discussion at Somerset LGR Finance Workstream the group consisting of the five S151 officers and their deputies and represents the proposed protocol for the 5 Somerset Councils.



6. It is suggested that the LGR Finance workstream formally takes on the key role of ensuring application of this protocol once agreed and assisting with negotiations with DLUHC on any Section 24 Direction.

#### **Principles**

- 7. It is proposed that all Councils sign up to these principles during the transition period and that they come into effect from April 2022 and apply to the 2022/23 financial year.
- 8. Councils remain responsible for taking their own day to day decisions for spending on service delivery within the revenue and capital budgets for 2022/23 agreed by each Council;
- 9. All five councils are committed to ensuring that the new Council is in the best possible financial position on vesting day in the interests of future taxpayers;
- 10. Councils should not enter into any new financial or asset-related commitments (beyond those specifically agreed within their approved budgets), or create any new liabilities on behalf of the new Council subject to agreed limits of £100,000 for revenue and £1m capital.
- 11. Key areas covered by this protocol would include purchase, disposal and transfer of assets, new contracts and extension of contracts with significant ongoing financial commitments (but not routine items like care packages), write off of debts / loans, new capital schemes (including those with on-going financial commitments) and use of reserves above those already approved
- 12. That this protocol to control spending needs to be agile to avoid introducing delays and risks to decision making. It also needs to be able to adequately provide for unforeseen emergencies
- 13. As this protocol is in advance of a Section 24 Direction, it is voluntary and non-binding upon the constituent members. However, it creates an environment and framework that should provide confidence that all five councils can all operate functionally until vesting day while safeguarding the new council and our shared taxpayers. It may be that this protocol can continue for the period after a SCO has been enacted should the Secretary of State choose not to introduce a Section 24 Direction.
- 14. For the purposes of this Protocol "any new commitments" are deemed to be those that arise in addition to any existing approved 2022/23 revenue and capital budgets.



#### **Implementation of this Finance & Assets Protocol**

- 15. This protocol requires the Section 151 Officer of each Council to report into the LGR Finance Workstream on any matters of concern or areas that may "breach" the principles set out in this document. This will ensure that all councils and Section 151 Officers have a clear understanding of the overall financial picture and associated risks. Areas of contention will be reported onwards to the LGR CEO Programme Board should that be deemed necessary and ultimately to the LGR Joint Committee if required.
- 16.A high level review of the 2022/23 budgets for the five existing Councils has been conducted as part and parcel of the work being undertaken by the LGR Finance Workstream. This work is an essential first step in establishing the parts that will subsequently combine to produce the new Council's draft budget for 2023/24.
- 17. It is recognised that there may be situations that arise that will need practical application of flexibilities whilst remaining within the spirit of this Protocol. Examples of this may include emergency response, unforeseen additional costs on capital schemes (where there is already commitment to deliver) and opportunities to bid for external funding, including where there may be some form of contribution from one or more of the councils. Rather than try to legislate for all possible eventualities, this Protocol will rely upon the principles set out in this document, alongside the suggested thresholds, as the basis for discussion where there are such scenarios. Trying to determine a set of "hard rules" for all scenarios is likely to be impractical, if not impossible, and an escalation approach has been set out above should it be required.
- 18. It is also recommended that each Council includes a section in all of their future key decision reports on the financial implications of the decision for the new Council.

# Agenda Item 16



# **Council Tax Setting 2022-23**

Executive Portfolio Holder: Councillor Peter Seib, Finance & Legal Services

Strategic Director: Nicola Hix, Strategy & Support Services SLT Lead: Karen Watling, Chief Financial Officer Lead Officer: Hannah Brown, Specialist - Finance

Contact Details: <u>Hannah.Brown@southsomerset.gov.uk</u> or 01935 462157

# **Purpose of the Report**

Full Council is asked to approve the Council Tax resolution for 2022/23.

#### **Public Interest**

The purpose of this report is for Full Council to approve the calculation and setting of the Council Tax for 2022/23.

#### Recommendations

#### The Council:

- a. Approves the formal Council Tax Resolution in Appendix A.
- b. Notes that if the formal Council Tax Resolution at Appendix A is approved, the total Band D Council Tax is as follows:

	2021/22	2022/23	Increase
	£	£	%
South Somerset District Council	177.11	182.11	2.82
Somerset County Council	1,201.97	1,228.90	2.99
Somerset County Council	151.56	165.10	
(Adult Social Care)			
Avon and Somerset Police and	241.20	251.20	4.15
Crime Commissioner			
Devon and Somerset Fire and	90.00	91.79	1.99
Rescue Authority			
	1,861.84	1,919.10	3.08
Town and Parish Council	100.16	101.77	7.60
(average)			
	1,962.00	2,026.87	3.31



1. The Local Government Finance Act 1992 (amended by the Localism Act 2011) required the Billing Authority to calculate a Council Tax Requirement.

#### **Precept Levels**

- Members are asked to approve a total Council Tax requirement of £11,043,810 for South Somerset District Council for 2022/23. This equates to a proposed Band D equivalent charge of £182.11, which is an increase of £5.00 (2.82%) for 2022/23.
- 3. In 2016/17 the Government amended Somerset Council Tax levels to allow each of the Somerset authorities to raise a precept on behalf of the Somerset Rivers Authority (SRA). The Band D equivalent charge of £182.11 includes £180.26 for SSDC and £1.85 for the SRA, and the Council Tax requirement of £11,043,810 will raise £10,931,619 for SSDC and £112,191 for the SRA.
- 4. Somerset County Council approved its Council Tax requirement on 14 February 2022, and set its precept at £84,537,206.28. This is an increase of 1.99% for the general precept and 1% for Adult Social Care, which equates to a total Band D equivalent charge of £1,394.00. This figure includes £12.84 in respect of the Somerset Rivers Authority precept.
- 5. The Avon and Somerset Police and Crime Commissioner approved its Council Tax requirement on 1 February 2022. The precept will be £15,233,677.34, which results in a Band D Council Tax of £251.20, an increase of 4.15%.
- 6. The Devon and Somerset Fire and Rescue Authority is due to approve its Council Tax requirement on 18 February 2022, and will set its precept at £5,566,478.00. This results in a Band D Council Tax of £91.79, an increase of 1.99%.
- 7. The 2022/23 Town and Parish Councils Precepts (including special expenses) total £6,535,760. This results in an average Band D Council Tax figure of £107.77, an increase in the average Band D Council Tax for Town and Parish Councils of 7.60%.
- 8. Details of the Council Tax charges can be seen in Appendix B.
- 9. The estimated balance of the Council Tax Collection Fund is forecast on the 15 January each year. Any surplus or deficit is shared between the County Council, the Police and Crime Commissioner, the Fire Authority and ourselves, in shares relative our precept levels.
- 10. Our share of the surplus can be found in the accompanying 2022/23 Draft Budget and Medium Term Financial Plan Update report included on this agenda.

# **Financial Implications**

11. These are contained within the report.



# Legal implications (if any) and details of Statutory Powers

12. These are contained within the report

# **Council Plan Implications**

13. These are contained within the report

#### **Carbon Emissions and Climate Change Implications**

14. There are no implications in this report.

### **Equality and Diversity Implications**

17. There are no implications in this report.

Contact the Equalities Officer for assistance in completing this section. Please note: key policies must have undergone an equality impact assessment.

#### **Privacy Impact Assessment**

18. There is no personal information included in this report.

# **Background Papers**

- 19. Background papers used in compiling this report are:
  - a. 2022/23 Revenue and Capital budgets and Medium Term Financial Plan report to District Executive and Full Council
  - b. Local Government Finance Act 1992 (as amended)
  - c. Localism Act 2011
  - d. The Referendums Relating to Council Tax Increases (Principles) (England) Report 2022/23



# Appendix A Council Tax Resolution

#### The Council is recommended to resolve as follows:

- 1. At a meeting on the 7 December 2021, the Chief Financial Officer agreed the Council Tax base for 2022/23:
  - a. for the whole South Somerset District Council area as 60,643.62 [Item T in formula in Section 31B of the Local Government Finance Act 1992 (as amended (the Act) (the tax base for the whole district)];
  - b. for dwellings in those parts of its area to which one or more special items relate as in the attached Appendix B (the tax base for each parish or town council area).
- 2. Calculate that the Council Tax requirement for the Council's own purposes for 2022/23 (excluding parish and town precepts and special expenses) is £11,043,810
- 3. That the following amounts be calculated for the year 2022/23 in accordance with Sections 31 to 36 of the Act:

(a)	£81,137,230	being the aggregate of the amounts which the Council estimates for the items set out in Section 31A(2) of the Act; (expenditure, including all precepts issued to it by parish and town councils).
(b)	£63,557,660	being the aggregate of the amounts which the Council estimates for the items set out in Section 31A(3) of the Act (income, including government grants, benefits subsidy and adjustments for deficits on the Collection Fund).
(c)	£17,579,570	being the amount by which the aggregate at 3(a) above exceeds the aggregate at 3(b) above, calculated by the Council in accordance with Section 31A(4) of the Act; as its <b>Council Tax requirement</b> for the year. (Item R in the formula in Section 31B of the Act); ( <b>expenditure less income</b> ).
(d)	£289.88	being the amount at 3(c) above (Item R), all divided by Item T (1(a) above), calculated by the Council, in accordance with Section 31B of the Act, as the basic amount of its Council Tax for the year; (this is an overall average amount of Council Tax, per Band D property, for District, Somerset Rivers Authority and parish and town council requirements including special expenses).



(e)	£6,535,760	being the aggregate amount of all special items referred to in								
		Section 34(1) of the Act (as per the attached Appendix B):								
		(parish and town council precepts including special								
		expenses).								
(f)	£182.11	being the amount at 3(d) above less the result given by dividing								
		the amount at 3(e) above by Item T (1(a) above), calculated by								
		the Council, in accordance with Section 34(2) of the Act, as the								
		basic amount of its Council Tax for the year for dwellings in those								
		parts of its area to which no parish and town precept relates (the								
		District Council element of the tax for Band D dwellings).								
(g)	Appendix B	The amount shown in Appendix B being, each parish or town in								
		the Council's area, the amount given by adding to the amount in								
		3(f) above, the result of dividing the special item relating to that								
		part of its area by the amount of its Council Tax in those parts of								
		its area to which the special items relate; (the COMBINED								
		District and parish, or District and town amounts of Council								
		Tax for Band D dwellings) (note: for completeness the table								
		shows all areas and parish or town council precepts, if any, and								
/1.\	A	how they affect the total tax)								
(h)	Appendix B	the amounts shown in Appendix B being, for each parish or town								
		in the Council's area, the amounts given by applying to the								
		amounts referred to at 3(f) and 3(g) above the formula and								
		categories set out in Section 36 of the Act as the district, parish								
		and town Council Taxes for each valuation band in each								
(i)	Appendix B	parish and town								
(i)	Appendix B	for the parishes of Castle Cary, Ilchester and Wayford the amounts shown include an amount raised relating to special								
		items in accordance with Section 35(2) (d) of the Act								
		items in accordance with Section 33(2) (a) of the Act								

- 4. To note that the Somerset County Council, the Avon and Somerset Police and Crime Commissioner and the Devon and Somerset Fire and Rescue Authority have issued precepts to the Council in accordance with Section 40 of the Local Government Finance Act 1992 for each category of dwellings in the Council's area as indicated in the tables below.
- 5. That the Council, in accordance with Sections 30 and 36 of the Local Government Finance Act 1192, hereby sets the aggregate amounts shown in the table below as the amounts of Council Tax for 2022/23 for each part of its area and for each of the categories of dwellings. The table excludes parish and town precepts and special expenses.

# **Valuation Bands**

#### **South Somerset District Council**

Α	£121.41
В	£141.64
С	£161.88
D	£182.11
Е	£222.58
F	£263.05
G	£303.52
Н	£364.22

# **Somerset County Council**

Α	£819.27
В	£955.81
С	£1,092.36
D	£1,228.90
Ε	£1,501.99
F	£1,775.08
G	£2,048.17
Ι	£2,457.80

# **Somerset County Council – Adult Social Care**

Α	£110.07
В	£128.41
С	£146.76
D	£165.10
Е	£201.79
F	£238.48
G	£275.17
Н	£330.20

#### **Avon and Somerset Police and Crime Commissioner**

Α	£167.47
В	£195.38
С	£223.29
D	£251.20
Е	£307.02
F	£362.84
G	£418.67
Н	£502.40



#### **Devon and Somerset Fire and Rescue Authority**

Α	£61.19
В	£71.39
С	£81.59
D	£91.79
Е	£112.19
F	£132.59
G	£152.98
Н	£183.58

# Aggregate of Council Tax Requirements (excluding parish and town precepts and special expenses)

Α	£1,279.41
В	£1,492.63
С	£1,705.88
D	£1,919.10
Ε	£2,345.57
F	£2,772.04
G	£3,198.51
Η	£3,838.20

- Authorities will be required to hold a referendum if their relevant basic amount of council tax (i.e. the band D having excluded local precepts) is in excess of the council tax referendum principles. The following council tax referendum limits apply for 2022/23:
  - a. a core council tax referendum principle of up to 2% for shire counties, unitary authorities, London boroughs, the Greater London Authority (GLA) and fire and rescue authorities.
  - b. an Adult Social Care (ASC) Precept of 1% for all authorities responsible for ASC services.
  - c. a bespoke council tax referendum principle of up to 2% or £5, whichever is higher, for shire district councils.
  - d. a referendum principle of £10 for police authorities.
  - e. no council tax referendum principles for town and parish councils.

Parish Band Charges 2022-23 Appendix B

Abbas and Templecombe		Paris	sh Precept	30,199.00		Tax Base	563.73		
601	A-	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н
Parish	29.76	35.71	41.67	47.62	53.57	65.47	77.38	89.28	107.14
South Somerset District Council	101.17	121.41	141.64	161.88	182.11	222.58	263.05	303.52	364.22
Somerset County Council	682.72	819.27	955.81	1,092.36	1,228.90	1,501.99	1,775.08	2,048.17	2,457.80
Somerset County Council (Adult Social Care)	91.72	110.07	128.41	146.76	165.10	201.79	238.48	275.17	330.20
Avon & Somerset Police and Crime Commissioner	139.56	167.47	195.38	223.29	251.20	307.02	362.84	418.67	502.40
Devon & Somerset Fire & Rescue Authority	50.99	61.19	71.39	81.59	91.79	112.19	132.59	152.98	183.58
Total Council Tax Bill	1,095.92	1,315.12	1,534.30	1,753.50	1,972.67	2,411.04	2,849.42	3,287.79	3,945.34
Alford( Cary Moor)		Paris	sh Precept	1,817.00		Tax Base	45.17		
602	A-	Α	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н
Parish	22.35	26.82	31.29	35.76	40.23	49.17	58.11	67.05	80.46
South Somerset District Council	101.17	121.41	141.64	161.88	182.11	222.58	263.05	303.52	364.22
Somerset County Council	682.72	819.27	955.81	1,092.36	1,228.90	1,501.99	1,775.08	2,048.17	2,457.80
Somerset County Council (Adult Social Care)	91.72	110.07	128.41	146.76	165.10	201.79	238.48	275.17	330.20
Avon & Somerset Police and Crime Commissioner	139.56	167.47	195.38	223.29	251.20	307.02	362.84	418.67	502.40
Devon & Somerset Fire & Rescue Authority	50.99	61.19	71.39	81.59	91.79	112.19	132.59	152.98	183.58
Total Council Tax Bill	1,088.51	1,306.23	1,523.92	1,741.64	1,959.33	2,394.74	2,830.15	3,265.56	3,918.66
Aller		Paris	sh Precept	9,250.00		Tax Base	162.80		
501	A-	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	ŀ
Parish	31.57	37.88	44.19	50.51	56.82	69.45	82.07	94.70	113.64
South Somerset District Council	101.17	121.41	141.64	161.88	182.11	222.58	263.05	303.52	364.22
Somerset County Council	682.72	819.27	955.81	1,092.36	1,228.90	1,501.99	1,775.08	2,048.17	2,457.80
Somerset County Council (Adult Social Care)	91.72	110.07	128.41	146.76	165.10	201.79	238.48	275.17	330.20
Avon & Somerset Police and Crime Commissioner	139.56	167.47	195.38	223.29	251.20	307.02	362.84	418.67	502.40

A-	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н
31.57	37.88	44.19	50.51	56.82	69.45	82.07	94.70	113.64
101.17	121.41	141.64	161.88	182.11	222.58	263.05	303.52	364.22
682.72	819.27	955.81	1,092.36	1,228.90	1,501.99	1,775.08	2,048.17	2,457.80
91.72	110.07	128.41	146.76	165.10	201.79	238.48	275.17	330.20
139.56	167.47	195.38	223.29	251.20	307.02	362.84	418.67	502.40
50.99	61.19	71.39	81.59	91.79	112.19	132.59	152.98	183.58
1,097.73	1,317.29	1,536.82	1,756.39	1,975.92	2,415.02	2,854.11	3,293.21	3,951.84
	31.57 101.17 682.72 91.72 139.56 50.99	31.57 37.88 101.17 121.41 682.72 819.27 91.72 110.07 139.56 167.47 50.99 61.19	31.57 37.88 44.19 101.17 121.41 141.64 682.72 819.27 955.81 91.72 110.07 128.41 139.56 167.47 195.38 50.99 61.19 71.39	31.57       37.88       44.19       50.51         101.17       121.41       141.64       161.88         682.72       819.27       955.81       1,092.36         91.72       110.07       128.41       146.76         139.56       167.47       195.38       223.29         50.99       61.19       71.39       81.59	31.57       37.88       44.19       50.51       56.82         101.17       121.41       141.64       161.88       182.11         682.72       819.27       955.81       1,092.36       1,228.90         91.72       110.07       128.41       146.76       165.10         139.56       167.47       195.38       223.29       251.20         50.99       61.19       71.39       81.59       91.79	31.57       37.88       44.19       50.51       56.82       69.45         101.17       121.41       141.64       161.88       182.11       222.58         682.72       819.27       955.81       1,092.36       1,228.90       1,501.99         91.72       110.07       128.41       146.76       165.10       201.79         139.56       167.47       195.38       223.29       251.20       307.02         50.99       61.19       71.39       81.59       91.79       112.19	31.57       37.88       44.19       50.51       56.82       69.45       82.07         101.17       121.41       141.64       161.88       182.11       222.58       263.05         682.72       819.27       955.81       1,092.36       1,228.90       1,501.99       1,775.08         91.72       110.07       128.41       146.76       165.10       201.79       238.48         139.56       167.47       195.38       223.29       251.20       307.02       362.84         50.99       61.19       71.39       81.59       91.79       112.19       132.59	31.57       37.88       44.19       50.51       56.82       69.45       82.07       94.70         101.17       121.41       141.64       161.88       182.11       222.58       263.05       303.52         682.72       819.27       955.81       1,092.36       1,228.90       1,501.99       1,775.08       2,048.17         91.72       110.07       128.41       146.76       165.10       201.79       238.48       275.17         139.56       167.47       195.38       223.29       251.20       307.02       362.84       418.67         50.99       61.19       71.39       81.59       91.79       112.19       132.59       152.98

Ansford		Pari	sh Precept	38,725.00		Tax Base	538.68		
603	A-	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н
Parish	39.94	47.93	55.91	63.90	71.89	87.87	103.84	119.82	143.78
South Somerset District Council	101.17	121.41	141.64	161.88	182.11	222.58	263.05	303.52	364.22
Somerset County Council	682.72	819.27	955.81	1,092.36	1,228.90	1,501.99	1,775.08	2,048.17	2,457.80
Somerset County Council (Adult Social Care)	91.72	110.07	128.41	146.76	165.10	201.79	238.48	275.17	330.20
Avon & Somerset Police and Crime Commissioner	139.56	167.47	195.38	223.29	251.20	307.02	362.84	418.67	502.40
Devon & Somerset Fire & Rescue Authority	50.99	61.19	71.39	81.59	91.79	112.19	132.59	152.98	183.58
Total Council Tax Bill	1,106.10	1,327.34	1,548.54	1,769.78	1,990.99	2,433.44	2,875.88	3,318.33	3,981.98
	<del></del>								

Ash		Paris	sh Precept	42,250.00		Tax Base	263.67		
801	A-	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н
Parish	89.02	106.83	124.63	142.44	160.24	195.85	231.46	267.07	320.48
South Somerset District Council	101.17	121.41	141.64	161.88	182.11	222.58	263.05	303.52	364.22
Somerset County Council	682.72	819.27	955.81	1,092.36	1,228.90	1,501.99	1,775.08	2,048.17	2,457.80
Somerset County Council (Adult Social Care)	91.72	110.07	128.41	146.76	165.10	201.79	238.48	275.17	330.20
Avon & Somerset Police and Crime Commissioner	139.56	167.47	195.38	223.29	251.20	307.02	362.84	418.67	502.40
Devon & Somerset Fire & Rescue Authority	50.99	61.19	71.39	81.59	91.79	112.19	132.59	152.98	183.58
Total Council Tax Bill	1,155.18	1,386.24	1,617.26	1,848.32	2,079.34	2,541.42	3,003.50	3,465.58	4,158.68
	<del></del>								

Ashill		Paris	sh Precept	6,450.00		Tax Base	246.32		
201	A-	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н
Parish	14.55	17.46	20.37	23.28	26.19	32.01	37.83	43.65	52.38
South Somerset District Council	101.17	121.41	141.64	161.88	182.11	222.58	263.05	303.52	364.22
Somerset County Council	682.72	819.27	955.81	1,092.36	1,228.90	1,501.99	1,775.08	2,048.17	2,457.80
Somerset County Council (Adult Social Care)	91.72	110.07	128.41	146.76	165.10	201.79	238.48	275.17	330.20
Avon & Somerset Police and Crime Commissioner	139.56	167.47	195.38	223.29	251.20	307.02	362.84	418.67	502.40
Devon & Somerset Fire & Rescue Authority	50.99	61.19	71.39	81.59	91.79	112.19	132.59	152.98	183.58
Total Council Tax Bill	1,080.71	1,296.87	1,513.00	1,729.16	1,945.29	2,377.58	2,809.87	3,242.16	3,890.58

ည် Babcary		Paris	sh Precept	4,317.00		Tax Base	123.00		
<u>Φ</u> 502	A-	Α	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н
ωParish	19.50	23.40	27.30	31.20	35.10	42.90	50.70	58.50	70.20
South Somerset District Council	101.17	121.41	141.64	161.88	182.11	222.58	263.05	303.52	364.22
Somerset County Council	682.72	819.27	955.81	1,092.36	1,228.90	1,501.99	1,775.08	2,048.17	2,457.80
Somerset County Council (Adult Social Care)	91.72	110.07	128.41	146.76	165.10	201.79	238.48	275.17	330.20
Avon & Somerset Police and Crime Commissioner	139.56	167.47	195.38	223.29	251.20	307.02	362.84	418.67	502.40
Devon & Somerset Fire & Rescue Authority	50.99	61.19	71.39	81.59	91.79	112.19	132.59	152.98	183.58
Total Council Tax Bill	1,085.66	1,302.81	1,519.93	1,737.08	1,954.20	2,388.47	2,822.74	3,257.01	3,908.40

	Paris	sh Precept	18,150.00		Tax Base	201.98		
A-	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н
49.92	59.91	69.89	79.88	89.86	109.83	129.80	149.77	179.72
101.17	121.41	141.64	161.88	182.11	222.58	263.05	303.52	364.22
682.72	819.27	955.81	1,092.36	1,228.90	1,501.99	1,775.08	2,048.17	2,457.80
91.72	110.07	128.41	146.76	165.10	201.79	238.48	275.17	330.20
139.56	167.47	195.38	223.29	251.20	307.02	362.84	418.67	502.40
50.99	61.19	71.39	81.59	91.79	112.19	132.59	152.98	183.58
1,116.08	1,339.32	1,562.52	1,785.76	2,008.96	2,455.40	2,901.84	3,348.28	4,017.92
	49.92 101.17 682.72 91.72 139.56 50.99	A- A 49.92 59.91 101.17 121.41 682.72 819.27 91.72 110.07 139.56 167.47 50.99 61.19	A- A B 49.92 59.91 69.89 101.17 121.41 141.64 682.72 819.27 955.81 91.72 110.07 128.41 139.56 167.47 195.38 50.99 61.19 71.39	A-       A       B       C         49.92       59.91       69.89       79.88         101.17       121.41       141.64       161.88         682.72       819.27       955.81       1,092.36         91.72       110.07       128.41       146.76         139.56       167.47       195.38       223.29         50.99       61.19       71.39       81.59	A-         A         B         C         D           49.92         59.91         69.89         79.88         89.86           101.17         121.41         141.64         161.88         182.11           682.72         819.27         955.81         1,092.36         1,228.90           91.72         110.07         128.41         146.76         165.10           139.56         167.47         195.38         223.29         251.20           50.99         61.19         71.39         81.59         91.79	A-         A         B         C         D         E           49.92         59.91         69.89         79.88         89.86         109.83           101.17         121.41         141.64         161.88         182.11         222.58           682.72         819.27         955.81         1,092.36         1,228.90         1,501.99           91.72         110.07         128.41         146.76         165.10         201.79           139.56         167.47         195.38         223.29         251.20         307.02           50.99         61.19         71.39         81.59         91.79         112.19	A-         A         B         C         D         E         F           49.92         59.91         69.89         79.88         89.86         109.83         129.80           101.17         121.41         141.64         161.88         182.11         222.58         263.05           682.72         819.27         955.81         1,092.36         1,228.90         1,501.99         1,775.08           91.72         110.07         128.41         146.76         165.10         201.79         238.48           139.56         167.47         195.38         223.29         251.20         307.02         362.84           50.99         61.19         71.39         81.59         91.79         112.19         132.59	A-         A         B         C         D         E         F         G           49.92         59.91         69.89         79.88         89.86         109.83         129.80         149.77           101.17         121.41         141.64         161.88         182.11         222.58         263.05         303.52           682.72         819.27         955.81         1,092.36         1,228.90         1,501.99         1,775.08         2,048.17           91.72         110.07         128.41         146.76         165.10         201.79         238.48         275.17           139.56         167.47         195.38         223.29         251.20         307.02         362.84         418.67           50.99         61.19         71.39         81.59         91.79         112.19         132.59         152.98

Barton St. David		Paris	sh Precept	10,651.00		Tax Base	236.74		
504	A-	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н
Parish	24.99	29.99	34.99	39.99	44.99	54.99	64.99	74.98	89.98
South Somerset District Council	101.17	121.41	141.64	161.88	182.11	222.58	263.05	303.52	364.22
Somerset County Council	682.72	819.27	955.81	1,092.36	1,228.90	1,501.99	1,775.08	2,048.17	2,457.80
Somerset County Council (Adult Social Care)	91.72	110.07	128.41	146.76	165.10	201.79	238.48	275.17	330.20
Avon & Somerset Police and Crime Commissioner	139.56	167.47	195.38	223.29	251.20	307.02	362.84	418.67	502.40
Devon & Somerset Fire & Rescue Authority	50.99	61.19	71.39	81.59	91.79	112.19	132.59	152.98	183.58
Total Council Tax Bill	1,091.15	1,309.40	1,527.62	1,745.87	1,964.09	2,400.56	2,837.03	3,273.49	3,928.18
								·	

Barwick & Stoford		Paris	sh Precept	45,849.00		Tax Base	387.40		
802	A-	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н
Parish	65.75	78.90	92.05	105.20	118.35	144.65	170.95	197.25	236.70
South Somerset District Council	101.17	121.41	141.64	161.88	182.11	222.58	263.05	303.52	364.22
Somerset County Council	682.72	819.27	955.81	1,092.36	1,228.90	1,501.99	1,775.08	2,048.17	2,457.80
Somerset County Council (Adult Social Care)	91.72	110.07	128.41	146.76	165.10	201.79	238.48	275.17	330.20
Avon & Somerset Police and Crime Commissioner	139.56	167.47	195.38	223.29	251.20	307.02	362.84	418.67	502.40
Devon & Somerset Fire & Rescue Authority	50.99	61.19	71.39	81.59	91.79	112.19	132.59	152.98	183.58
Total Council Tax Bill	1,131.91	1,358.31	1,584.68	1,811.08	2,037.45	2,490.22	2,942.99	3,395.76	4,074.90

<u>D</u> Beercrocombe		Paris	sh Precept	1,495.00		Tax Base	66.74		
<b>©</b> 505	A-	Α	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н
ωParish	12.44	14.93	17.42	19.91	22.40	27.38	32.36	37.33	44.80
South Somerset District Council	101.17	121.41	141.64	161.88	182.11	222.58	263.05	303.52	364.22
Somerset County Council	682.72	819.27	955.81	1,092.36	1,228.90	1,501.99	1,775.08	2,048.17	2,457.80
Somerset County Council (Adult Social Care)	91.72	110.07	128.41	146.76	165.10	201.79	238.48	275.17	330.20
Avon & Somerset Police and Crime Commissioner	139.56	167.47	195.38	223.29	251.20	307.02	362.84	418.67	502.40
Devon & Somerset Fire & Rescue Authority	50.99	61.19	71.39	81.59	91.79	112.19	132.59	152.98	183.58
Total Council Tax Bill	1,078.60	1,294.34	1,510.05	1,725.79	1,941.50	2,372.95	2,804.40	3,235.84	3,883.00

	Paris	sh Precept	0.00		Tax Base	55.11		
A-	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
101.17	121.41	141.64	161.88	182.11	222.58	263.05	303.52	364.22
682.72	819.27	955.81	1,092.36	1,228.90	1,501.99	1,775.08	2,048.17	2,457.80
91.72	110.07	128.41	146.76	165.10	201.79	238.48	275.17	330.20
139.56	167.47	195.38	223.29	251.20	307.02	362.84	418.67	502.40
50.99	61.19	71.39	81.59	91.79	112.19	132.59	152.98	183.58
1,066.16	1,279.41	1,492.63	1,705.88	1,919.10	2,345.57	2,772.04	3,198.51	3,838.20
	0.00 101.17 682.72 91.72 139.56 50.99	A- A 0.00 0.00 101.17 121.41 682.72 819.27 91.72 110.07 139.56 167.47 50.99 61.19	A- A B 0.00 0.00 0.00 101.17 121.41 141.64 682.72 819.27 955.81 91.72 110.07 128.41 139.56 167.47 195.38 50.99 61.19 71.39	A- A B C 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 101.17 121.41 141.64 161.88 682.72 819.27 955.81 1,092.36 91.72 110.07 128.41 146.76 139.56 167.47 195.38 223.29 50.99 61.19 71.39 81.59	A-         A         B         C         D           0.00         0.00         0.00         0.00         0.00           101.17         121.41         141.64         161.88         182.11           682.72         819.27         955.81         1,092.36         1,228.90           91.72         110.07         128.41         146.76         165.10           139.56         167.47         195.38         223.29         251.20           50.99         61.19         71.39         81.59         91.79	A-         A         B         C         D         E           0.00         0.00         0.00         0.00         0.00         0.00           101.17         121.41         141.64         161.88         182.11         222.58           682.72         819.27         955.81         1,092.36         1,228.90         1,501.99           91.72         110.07         128.41         146.76         165.10         201.79           139.56         167.47         195.38         223.29         251.20         307.02           50.99         61.19         71.39         81.59         91.79         112.19	A-         A         B         C         D         E         F           0.00         0.00         0.00         0.00         0.00         0.00         0.00           101.17         121.41         141.64         161.88         182.11         222.58         263.05           682.72         819.27         955.81         1,092.36         1,228.90         1,501.99         1,775.08           91.72         110.07         128.41         146.76         165.10         201.79         238.48           139.56         167.47         195.38         223.29         251.20         307.02         362.84           50.99         61.19         71.39         81.59         91.79         112.19         132.59	A-         A         B         C         D         E         F         G           0.00         0.0

Brewham		Paris	sh Precept	4,000.00		Tax Base	196.98		
605	A-	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н
Parish	11.28	13.54	15.80	18.05	20.31	24.82	29.34	33.85	40.62
South Somerset District Council	101.17	121.41	141.64	161.88	182.11	222.58	263.05	303.52	364.22
Somerset County Council	682.72	819.27	955.81	1,092.36	1,228.90	1,501.99	1,775.08	2,048.17	2,457.80
Somerset County Council (Adult Social Care)	91.72	110.07	128.41	146.76	165.10	201.79	238.48	275.17	330.20
Avon & Somerset Police and Crime Commissioner	139.56	167.47	195.38	223.29	251.20	307.02	362.84	418.67	502.40
Devon & Somerset Fire & Rescue Authority	50.99	61.19	71.39	81.59	91.79	112.19	132.59	152.98	183.58
Total Council Tax Bill	1,077.44	1,292.95	1,508.43	1,723.93	1,939.41	2,370.39	2,801.38	3,232.36	3,878.82
		·		·	·			·	

Broadway		Paris	sh Precept	10,000.00		Tax Base	353.01		
202	A-	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н
Parish	15.74	18.89	22.03	25.18	28.33	34.63	40.92	47.22	56.66
South Somerset District Council	101.17	121.41	141.64	161.88	182.11	222.58	263.05	303.52	364.22
Somerset County Council	682.72	819.27	955.81	1,092.36	1,228.90	1,501.99	1,775.08	2,048.17	2,457.80
Somerset County Council (Adult Social Care)	91.72	110.07	128.41	146.76	165.10	201.79	238.48	275.17	330.20
Avon & Somerset Police and Crime Commissioner	139.56	167.47	195.38	223.29	251.20	307.02	362.84	418.67	502.40
Devon & Somerset Fire & Rescue Authority	50.99	61.19	71.39	81.59	91.79	112.19	132.59	152.98	183.58
Total Council Tax Bill	1,081.90	1,298.30	1,514.66	1,731.06	1,947.43	2,380.20	2,812.96	3,245.73	3,894.86

ည္ Bruton		Paris	h Precept	141,414.00		Tax Base	943.51		
<b>6</b> 06	A-	Α	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н
ω Parish	83.27	99.92	116.57	133.23	149.88	183.19	216.49	249.80	299.76
South Somerset District Council	101.17	121.41	141.64	161.88	182.11	222.58	263.05	303.52	364.22
Somerset County Council	682.72	819.27	955.81	1,092.36	1,228.90	1,501.99	1,775.08	2,048.17	2,457.80
Somerset County Council (Adult Social Care)	91.72	110.07	128.41	146.76	165.10	201.79	238.48	275.17	330.20
Avon & Somerset Police and Crime Commissioner	139.56	167.47	195.38	223.29	251.20	307.02	362.84	418.67	502.40
Devon & Somerset Fire & Rescue Authority	50.99	61.19	71.39	81.59	91.79	112.19	132.59	152.98	183.58
Total Council Tax Bill	1,149.43	1,379.33	1,609.20	1,839.11	2,068.98	2,528.76	2,988.53	3,448.31	4,137.96

Brympton		Paris	sh Precept	63,891.30		Tax Base	2,727.67		
803	A-	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н
Parish	13.01	15.61	18.22	20.82	23.42	28.62	33.83	39.03	46.84
South Somerset District Council	101.17	121.41	141.64	161.88	182.11	222.58	263.05	303.52	364.22
Somerset County Council	682.72	819.27	955.81	1,092.36	1,228.90	1,501.99	1,775.08	2,048.17	2,457.80
Somerset County Council (Adult Social Care)	91.72	110.07	128.41	146.76	165.10	201.79	238.48	275.17	330.20
Avon & Somerset Police and Crime Commissioner	139.56	167.47	195.38	223.29	251.20	307.02	362.84	418.67	502.40
Devon & Somerset Fire & Rescue Authority	50.99	61.19	71.39	81.59	91.79	112.19	132.59	152.98	183.58
Total Council Tax Bill	1,079.17	1,295.02	1,510.85	1,726.70	1,942.52	2,374.19	2,805.87	3,237.54	3,885.04
Total Godinal Tax Elli		.,	1,010100	., 0	.,0 .2.02	_,0:0	_,000.01	0,201101	0,000.0

Puekland St. Mary		Doric	h Drocont	0.000.00		Toy Book	220.02		
Buckland St. Mary			sh Precept	9,000.00	_	Tax Base	228.93	•	
203	Α-	A	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н
Parish	21.84	26.21	30.57	34.94	39.31	48.05	56.78	65.52	78.62
South Somerset District Council	101.17	121.41	141.64	161.88	182.11	222.58	263.05	303.52	364.22
Somerset County Council	682.72	819.27	955.81	1,092.36	1,228.90	1,501.99	1,775.08	2,048.17	2,457.80
Somerset County Council (Adult Social Care)	91.72	110.07	128.41	146.76	165.10	201.79	238.48	275.17	330.20
Avon & Somerset Police and Crime Commissioner	139.56	167.47	195.38	223.29	251.20	307.02	362.84	418.67	502.40
Devon & Somerset Fire & Rescue Authority	50.99	61.19	71.39	81.59	91.79	112.19	132.59	152.98	183.58
Total Council Tax Bill	1,088.00	1,305.62	1,523.20	1,740.82	1,958.41	2,393.62	2,828.82	3,264.03	3,916.82
Castle Cary		Paris	sh Precept	187,500.00		Tax Base	832.51		
607	A-	Α	В	C	D	E	F	G	Н
Parish	125.12	150.15	175.17	200.20	225.22	275.27	325.32	375.37	450.44
South Somerset District Council	101.17	121.41	141.64	161.88	182.11	222.58	263.05	303.52	364.22
Somerset County Council	682.72	819.27	955.81	1,092.36	1,228.90	1,501.99	1,775.08	2,048.17	2,457.80
Somerset County Council (Adult Social Care)	91.72	110.07	128.41	146.76	165.10	201.79	238.48	275.17	330.20
Avon & Somerset Police and Crime Commissioner	139.56	167.47	195.38	223.29	251.20	307.02	362.84	418.67	502.40
Devon & Somerset Fire & Rescue Authority	50.99	61.19	71.39	81.59	91.79	112.19	132.59	152.98	183.58
Total Council Tax Bill	1,191.28	1,429.56	1,667.80	1,906.08	2,144.32	2,620.84	3,097.36	3,573.88	4,288.64
Total Couriel Tax Bill	1,131.20	1,423.30	1,007.00	1,300.00	2,144.32	2,020.04	3,037.30	3,373.00	4,200.04
ວ Castle Cary (All Saints Churchyard) ົດ 607		_	sh Precept	3,916.00	_	Tax Base	832.51	_	
	A-	Α	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н
ω Parish	2.61	3.13	3.66	4.18	4.70	5.74	6.79	7.83	9.40
South Somerset District Council									
Somerset County Council									
Somerset County Council (Adult Social Care)									
Avon & Somerset Police and Crime Commissioner									
Devon & Somerset Fire & Rescue Authority									
Total Council Tax Bill	2.61	3.13	3.66	4.18	4.70	5.74	6.79	7.83	9.40
Chaffcombe		Paris	sh Precept	3,000.00		Tax Base	103.79		
204	A-	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н
Parish	16.06	19.27	22.48	25.69	28.90	35.32	41.74	48.17	57.80
South Somerset District Council	101.17	121.41	141.64	161.88	182.11	222.58	263.05	303.52	364.22
Somerset County Council	682.72	819.27	955.81	1,092.36	1,228.90	1,501.99	1,775.08	2,048.17	2,457.80
						-		, -	
,		110.07	128.41	146.76	165.10	201.79	238.48	275.17	330.20
Somerset County Council (Adult Social Care)	91.72	110.07 167.47	128.41 195.38	146.76 223.29	165.10 251.20	201.79 307.02	238.48 362.84	275.17 418.67	330.20 502.40
Somerset County Council (Adult Social Care) Avon & Somerset Police and Crime Commissioner	91.72 139.56	167.47	195.38	223.29	251.20	307.02	362.84	418.67	502.40
Somerset County Council (Adult Social Care)	91.72								

Chard Town		Paris	sh Precept	681,615.00		Tax Base	4,291.76		
101	A-	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н
Parish	88.23	105.88	123.53	141.17	158.82	194.11	229.41	264.70	317.64
South Somerset District Council	101.17	121.41	141.64	161.88	182.11	222.58	263.05	303.52	364.22
Somerset County Council	682.72	819.27	955.81	1,092.36	1,228.90	1,501.99	1,775.08	2,048.17	2,457.80
Somerset County Council (Adult Social Care)	91.72	110.07	128.41	146.76	165.10	201.79	238.48	275.17	330.20
Avon & Somerset Police and Crime Commissioner	139.56	167.47	195.38	223.29	251.20	307.02	362.84	418.67	502.40
Devon & Somerset Fire & Rescue Authority	50.99	61.19	71.39	81.59	91.79	112.19	132.59	152.98	183.58
Total Council Tax Bill	1,154.39	1,385.29	1,616.16	1,847.05	2,077.92	2,539.68	3,001.45	3,463.21	4,155.84
		<u> </u>		·	<u> </u>				

Charlton Horethorne		Paris	sh Precept	8,618.00		Tax Base	291.66		
608	A-	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н
Parish	16.42	19.70	22.98	26.27	29.55	36.12	42.68	49.25	59.10
South Somerset District Council	101.17	121.41	141.64	161.88	182.11	222.58	263.05	303.52	364.22
Somerset County Council	682.72	819.27	955.81	1,092.36	1,228.90	1,501.99	1,775.08	2,048.17	2,457.80
Somerset County Council (Adult Social Care)	91.72	110.07	128.41	146.76	165.10	201.79	238.48	275.17	330.20
Avon & Somerset Police and Crime Commissioner	139.56	167.47	195.38	223.29	251.20	307.02	362.84	418.67	502.40
Devon & Somerset Fire & Rescue Authority	50.99	61.19	71.39	81.59	91.79	112.19	132.59	152.98	183.58
Total Council Tax Bill	1,082.58	1,299.11	1,515.61	1,732.15	1,948.65	2,381.69	2,814.72	3,247.76	3,897.30

ည် Charltons (The)		Paris	sh Precept	17,000.00		Tax Base	420.44		
<b>6</b> 506	A-	Α	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н
ωParish	22.46	26.95	31.45	35.94	40.43	49.41	58.40	67.38	80.86
South Somerset District Council	101.17	121.41	141.64	161.88	182.11	222.58	263.05	303.52	364.22
Somerset County Council	682.72	819.27	955.81	1,092.36	1,228.90	1,501.99	1,775.08	2,048.17	2,457.80
Somerset County Council (Adult Social Care)	91.72	110.07	128.41	146.76	165.10	201.79	238.48	275.17	330.20
Avon & Somerset Police and Crime Commissioner	139.56	167.47	195.38	223.29	251.20	307.02	362.84	418.67	502.40
Devon & Somerset Fire & Rescue Authority	50.99	61.19	71.39	81.59	91.79	112.19	132.59	152.98	183.58
Total Council Tax Bill	1,088.62	1,306.36	1,524.08	1,741.82	1,959.53	2,394.98	2,830.44	3,265.89	3,919.06

Λ.					Tax Base	194.50		
A-	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н
20.57	24.68	28.79	32.91	37.02	45.25	53.47	61.70	74.04
101.17	121.41	141.64	161.88	182.11	222.58	263.05	303.52	364.22
682.72	819.27	955.81	1,092.36	1,228.90	1,501.99	1,775.08	2,048.17	2,457.80
91.72	110.07	128.41	146.76	165.10	201.79	238.48	275.17	330.20
139.56	167.47	195.38	223.29	251.20	307.02	362.84	418.67	502.40
50.99	61.19	71.39	81.59	91.79	112.19	132.59	152.98	183.58
1,086.73	1,304.09	1,521.42	1,738.79	1,956.12	2,390.82	2,825.51	3,260.21	3,912.24
	20.57 101.17 682.72 91.72 139.56 50.99	20.57 24.68 101.17 121.41 682.72 819.27 91.72 110.07 139.56 167.47 50.99 61.19	20.57       24.68       28.79         101.17       121.41       141.64         682.72       819.27       955.81         91.72       110.07       128.41         139.56       167.47       195.38         50.99       61.19       71.39	20.57       24.68       28.79       32.91         101.17       121.41       141.64       161.88         682.72       819.27       955.81       1,092.36         91.72       110.07       128.41       146.76         139.56       167.47       195.38       223.29         50.99       61.19       71.39       81.59	20.57       24.68       28.79       32.91       37.02         101.17       121.41       141.64       161.88       182.11         682.72       819.27       955.81       1,092.36       1,228.90         91.72       110.07       128.41       146.76       165.10         139.56       167.47       195.38       223.29       251.20         50.99       61.19       71.39       81.59       91.79	20.57       24.68       28.79       32.91       37.02       45.25         101.17       121.41       141.64       161.88       182.11       222.58         682.72       819.27       955.81       1,092.36       1,228.90       1,501.99         91.72       110.07       128.41       146.76       165.10       201.79         139.56       167.47       195.38       223.29       251.20       307.02         50.99       61.19       71.39       81.59       91.79       112.19	20.57       24.68       28.79       32.91       37.02       45.25       53.47         101.17       121.41       141.64       161.88       182.11       222.58       263.05         682.72       819.27       955.81       1,092.36       1,228.90       1,501.99       1,775.08         91.72       110.07       128.41       146.76       165.10       201.79       238.48         139.56       167.47       195.38       223.29       251.20       307.02       362.84         50.99       61.19       71.39       81.59       91.79       112.19       132.59	20.57       24.68       28.79       32.91       37.02       45.25       53.47       61.70         101.17       121.41       141.64       161.88       182.11       222.58       263.05       303.52         682.72       819.27       955.81       1,092.36       1,228.90       1,501.99       1,775.08       2,048.17         91.72       110.07       128.41       146.76       165.10       201.79       238.48       275.17         139.56       167.47       195.38       223.29       251.20       307.02       362.84       418.67         50.99       61.19       71.39       81.59       91.79       112.19       132.59       152.98

Chillington		Paris	sh Precept	160.00		Tax Base	58.63		
206	A-	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н
Parish	1.52	1.82	2.12	2.43	2.73	3.34	3.94	4.55	5.46
South Somerset District Council	101.17	121.41	141.64	161.88	182.11	222.58	263.05	303.52	364.22
Somerset County Council	682.72	819.27	955.81	1,092.36	1,228.90	1,501.99	1,775.08	2,048.17	2,457.80
Somerset County Council (Adult Social Care)	91.72	110.07	128.41	146.76	165.10	201.79	238.48	275.17	330.20
Avon & Somerset Police and Crime Commissioner	139.56	167.47	195.38	223.29	251.20	307.02	362.84	418.67	502.40
Devon & Somerset Fire & Rescue Authority	50.99	61.19	71.39	81.59	91.79	112.19	132.59	152.98	183.58
Total Council Tax Bill	1,067.68	1,281.23	1,494.75	1,708.31	1,921.83	2,348.91	2,775.98	3,203.06	3,843.66
	<del></del>	<u> </u>			<u> </u>				

Chilthorne Domer		Paris	sh Precept	9,500.00		Tax Base	196.18		
804	A-	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н
Parish	26.90	32.28	37.66	43.04	48.42	59.18	69.94	80.70	96.84
South Somerset District Council	101.17	121.41	141.64	161.88	182.11	222.58	263.05	303.52	364.22
Somerset County Council	682.72	819.27	955.81	1,092.36	1,228.90	1,501.99	1,775.08	2,048.17	2,457.80
Somerset County Council (Adult Social Care)	91.72	110.07	128.41	146.76	165.10	201.79	238.48	275.17	330.20
Avon & Somerset Police and Crime Commissioner	139.56	167.47	195.38	223.29	251.20	307.02	362.84	418.67	502.40
Devon & Somerset Fire & Rescue Authority	50.99	61.19	71.39	81.59	91.79	112.19	132.59	152.98	183.58
Total Council Tax Bill	1,093.06	1,311.69	1,530.29	1,748.92	1,967.52	2,404.75	2,841.98	3,279.21	3,935.04

Chilton Cantelo & Ashington		Paris	sh Precept	0.00		Tax Base	48.72		
805	A-	Α	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н
ωParish	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
South Somerset District Council	101.17	121.41	141.64	161.88	182.11	222.58	263.05	303.52	364.22
Somerset County Council	682.72	819.27	955.81	1,092.36	1,228.90	1,501.99	1,775.08	2,048.17	2,457.80
Somerset County Council (Adult Social Care)	91.72	110.07	128.41	146.76	165.10	201.79	238.48	275.17	330.20
Avon & Somerset Police and Crime Commissioner	139.56	167.47	195.38	223.29	251.20	307.02	362.84	418.67	502.40
Devon & Somerset Fire & Rescue Authority	50.99	61.19	71.39	81.59	91.79	112.19	132.59	152.98	183.58
Total Council Tax Bill	1,066.16	1,279.41	1,492.63	1,705.88	1,919.10	2,345.57	2,772.04	3,198.51	3,838.20

Chiselborough		Paris	sh Precept	7,257.00		Tax Base	146.77		
806	A-	Α	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н
Parish	27.47	32.96	38.45	43.95	49.44	60.43	71.41	82.40	98.88
South Somerset District Council	101.17	121.41	141.64	161.88	182.11	222.58	263.05	303.52	364.22
Somerset County Council	682.72	819.27	955.81	1,092.36	1,228.90	1,501.99	1,775.08	2,048.17	2,457.80
Somerset County Council (Adult Social Care)	91.72	110.07	128.41	146.76	165.10	201.79	238.48	275.17	330.20
Avon & Somerset Police and Crime Commissioner	139.56	167.47	195.38	223.29	251.20	307.02	362.84	418.67	502.40
Devon & Somerset Fire & Rescue Authority	50.99	61.19	71.39	81.59	91.79	112.19	132.59	152.98	183.58
Total Council Tax Bill	1,093.63	1,312.37	1,531.08	1,749.83	1,968.54	2,406.00	2,843.45	3,280.91	3,937.08
		•	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	·	·	•	·	·	

Closworth		Paris	sh Precept	0.00		Tax Base	89.75		
807	A-	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н
Parish	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
South Somerset District Council	101.17	121.41	141.64	161.88	182.11	222.58	263.05	303.52	364.22
Somerset County Council	682.72	819.27	955.81	1,092.36	1,228.90	1,501.99	1,775.08	2,048.17	2,457.80
Somerset County Council (Adult Social Care)	91.72	110.07	128.41	146.76	165.10	201.79	238.48	275.17	330.20
Avon & Somerset Police and Crime Commissioner	139.56	167.47	195.38	223.29	251.20	307.02	362.84	418.67	502.40
Devon & Somerset Fire & Rescue Authority	50.99	61.19	71.39	81.59	91.79	112.19	132.59	152.98	183.58
Total Council Tax Bill	1,066.16	1,279.41	1,492.63	1,705.88	1,919.10	2,345.57	2,772.04	3,198.51	3,838.20
	<del></del>								

Combe St. Nicholas		Paris	sh Precept	18,740.00		Tax Base	585.37		
207	A-	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н
Parish	17.78	21.34	24.90	28.45	32.01	39.12	46.24	53.35	64.02
South Somerset District Council	101.17	121.41	141.64	161.88	182.11	222.58	263.05	303.52	364.22
Somerset County Council	682.72	819.27	955.81	1,092.36	1,228.90	1,501.99	1,775.08	2,048.17	2,457.80
Somerset County Council (Adult Social Care)	91.72	110.07	128.41	146.76	165.10	201.79	238.48	275.17	330.20
Avon & Somerset Police and Crime Commissioner	139.56	167.47	195.38	223.29	251.20	307.02	362.84	418.67	502.40
Devon & Somerset Fire & Rescue Authority	50.99	61.19	71.39	81.59	91.79	112.19	132.59	152.98	183.58
Total Council Tax Bill	1,083.94	1,300.75	1,517.53	1,734.33	1,951.11	2,384.69	2,818.28	3,251.86	3,902.22

ည် Compton Dundon		Paris	sh Precept	36,170.00		Tax Base	307.86		
<u>ο</u> 507	A-	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н
ωParish	65.27	78.33	91.38	104.44	117.49	143.60	169.71	195.82	234.98
South Somerset District Council	101.17	121.41	141.64	161.88	182.11	222.58	263.05	303.52	364.22
Somerset County Council	682.72	819.27	955.81	1,092.36	1,228.90	1,501.99	1,775.08	2,048.17	2,457.80
Somerset County Council (Adult Social Care)	91.72	110.07	128.41	146.76	165.10	201.79	238.48	275.17	330.20
Avon & Somerset Police and Crime Commissioner	139.56	167.47	195.38	223.29	251.20	307.02	362.84	418.67	502.40
Devon & Somerset Fire & Rescue Authority	50.99	61.19	71.39	81.59	91.79	112.19	132.59	152.98	183.58
Total Council Tax Bill	1,131.43	1,357.74	1,584.01	1,810.32	2,036.59	2,489.17	2,941.75	3,394.33	4,073.18

	Paris	sh Precept	1,250.00		Tax Base	86.75		
A-	Α	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н
8.01	9.61	11.21	12.81	14.41	17.61	20.81	24.02	28.82
101.17	121.41	141.64	161.88	182.11	222.58	263.05	303.52	364.22
682.72	819.27	955.81	1,092.36	1,228.90	1,501.99	1,775.08	2,048.17	2,457.80
91.72	110.07	128.41	146.76	165.10	201.79	238.48	275.17	330.20
139.56	167.47	195.38	223.29	251.20	307.02	362.84	418.67	502.40
50.99	61.19	71.39	81.59	91.79	112.19	132.59	152.98	183.58
1,074.17	1,289.02	1,503.84	1,718.69	1,933.51	2,363.18	2,792.85	3,222.53	3,867.02
	8.01 101.17 682.72 91.72 139.56 50.99	8.01 9.61 101.17 121.41 682.72 819.27 91.72 110.07 139.56 167.47 50.99 61.19	8.01 9.61 11.21 101.17 121.41 141.64 682.72 819.27 955.81 91.72 110.07 128.41 139.56 167.47 195.38 50.99 61.19 71.39	8.01       9.61       11.21       12.81         101.17       121.41       141.64       161.88         682.72       819.27       955.81       1,092.36         91.72       110.07       128.41       146.76         139.56       167.47       195.38       223.29         50.99       61.19       71.39       81.59	8.01       9.61       11.21       12.81       14.41         101.17       121.41       141.64       161.88       182.11         682.72       819.27       955.81       1,092.36       1,228.90         91.72       110.07       128.41       146.76       165.10         139.56       167.47       195.38       223.29       251.20         50.99       61.19       71.39       81.59       91.79	8.01       9.61       11.21       12.81       14.41       17.61         101.17       121.41       141.64       161.88       182.11       222.58         682.72       819.27       955.81       1,092.36       1,228.90       1,501.99         91.72       110.07       128.41       146.76       165.10       201.79         139.56       167.47       195.38       223.29       251.20       307.02         50.99       61.19       71.39       81.59       91.79       112.19	8.01       9.61       11.21       12.81       14.41       17.61       20.81         101.17       121.41       141.64       161.88       182.11       222.58       263.05         682.72       819.27       955.81       1,092.36       1,228.90       1,501.99       1,775.08         91.72       110.07       128.41       146.76       165.10       201.79       238.48         139.56       167.47       195.38       223.29       251.20       307.02       362.84         50.99       61.19       71.39       81.59       91.79       112.19       132.59	8.01       9.61       11.21       12.81       14.41       17.61       20.81       24.02         101.17       121.41       141.64       161.88       182.11       222.58       263.05       303.52         682.72       819.27       955.81       1,092.36       1,228.90       1,501.99       1,775.08       2,048.17         91.72       110.07       128.41       146.76       165.10       201.79       238.48       275.17         139.56       167.47       195.38       223.29       251.20       307.02       362.84       418.67         50.99       61.19       71.39       81.59       91.79       112.19       132.59       152.98

Corton Denham		Paris	sh Precept	4,400.00		Tax Base	120.13		
611	A-	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н
Parish	20.35	24.42	28.49	32.56	36.63	44.77	52.91	61.05	73.26
South Somerset District Council	101.17	121.41	141.64	161.88	182.11	222.58	263.05	303.52	364.22
Somerset County Council	682.72	819.27	955.81	1,092.36	1,228.90	1,501.99	1,775.08	2,048.17	2,457.80
Somerset County Council (Adult Social Care)	91.72	110.07	128.41	146.76	165.10	201.79	238.48	275.17	330.20
Avon & Somerset Police and Crime Commissioner	139.56	167.47	195.38	223.29	251.20	307.02	362.84	418.67	502.40
Devon & Somerset Fire & Rescue Authority	50.99	61.19	71.39	81.59	91.79	112.19	132.59	152.98	183.58
Total Council Tax Bill	1,086.51	1,303.83	1,521.12	1,738.44	1,955.73	2,390.34	2,824.95	3,259.56	3,911.46
		·			·			·	

Crewkerne Town		Paris	h Precept	466,525.00		Tax Base	2,456.25		
301	A-	Α	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н
Parish	105.52	126.62	147.72	168.83	189.93	232.14	274.34	316.55	379.86
South Somerset District Council	101.17	121.41	141.64	161.88	182.11	222.58	263.05	303.52	364.22
Somerset County Council	682.72	819.27	955.81	1,092.36	1,228.90	1,501.99	1,775.08	2,048.17	2,457.80
Somerset County Council (Adult Social Care)	91.72	110.07	128.41	146.76	165.10	201.79	238.48	275.17	330.20
Avon & Somerset Police and Crime Commissioner	139.56	167.47	195.38	223.29	251.20	307.02	362.84	418.67	502.40
Devon & Somerset Fire & Rescue Authority	50.99	61.19	71.39	81.59	91.79	112.19	132.59	152.98	183.58
Total Council Tax Bill	1,171.68	1,406.03	1,640.35	1,874.71	2,109.03	2,577.71	3,046.38	3,515.06	4,218.06

ည် Cricket St. Thomas		Paris	sh Precept	0.00		Tax Base	28.89		
<u>Φ</u> 208	A-	Α	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н
ω Parish	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
South Somerset District Council	101.17	121.41	141.64	161.88	182.11	222.58	263.05	303.52	364.22
Somerset County Council	682.72	819.27	955.81	1,092.36	1,228.90	1,501.99	1,775.08	2,048.17	2,457.80
Somerset County Council (Adult Social Care)	91.72	110.07	128.41	146.76	165.10	201.79	238.48	275.17	330.20
Avon & Somerset Police and Crime Commissioner	139.56	167.47	195.38	223.29	251.20	307.02	362.84	418.67	502.40
Devon & Somerset Fire & Rescue Authority	50.99	61.19	71.39	81.59	91.79	112.19	132.59	152.98	183.58
Total Council Tax Bill	1,066.16	1,279.41	1,492.63	1,705.88	1,919.10	2,345.57	2,772.04	3,198.51	3,838.20

Cucklington		Paris	sh Precept	2,000.00		Tax Base	95.81		
612	A-	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н
Parish	11.59	13.91	16.23	18.55	20.87	25.51	30.15	34.78	41.74
South Somerset District Council	101.17	121.41	141.64	161.88	182.11	222.58	263.05	303.52	364.22
Somerset County Council	682.72	819.27	955.81	1,092.36	1,228.90	1,501.99	1,775.08	2,048.17	2,457.80
Somerset County Council (Adult Social Care)	91.72	110.07	128.41	146.76	165.10	201.79	238.48	275.17	330.20
Avon & Somerset Police and Crime Commissioner	139.56	167.47	195.38	223.29	251.20	307.02	362.84	418.67	502.40
Devon & Somerset Fire & Rescue Authority	50.99	61.19	71.39	81.59	91.79	112.19	132.59	152.98	183.58
Total Council Tax Bill	1,077.75	1,293.32	1,508.86	1,724.43	1,939.97	2,371.08	2,802.19	3,233.29	3,879.94
							·		

Cudworth		Paris	sh Precept	0.00		Tax Base	29.11		
209	A-	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н
Parish	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
South Somerset District Council	101.17	121.41	141.64	161.88	182.11	222.58	263.05	303.52	364.22
Somerset County Council	682.72	819.27	955.81	1,092.36	1,228.90	1,501.99	1,775.08	2,048.17	2,457.80
Somerset County Council (Adult Social Care)	91.72	110.07	128.41	146.76	165.10	201.79	238.48	275.17	330.20
Avon & Somerset Police and Crime Commissioner	139.56	167.47	195.38	223.29	251.20	307.02	362.84	418.67	502.40
Devon & Somerset Fire & Rescue Authority	50.99	61.19	71.39	81.59	91.79	112.19	132.59	152.98	183.58
Total Council Tax Bill	1,066.16	1,279.41	1,492.63	1,705.88	1,919.10	2,345.57	2,772.04	3,198.51	3,838.20
	-								

Curry Mallet		Paris	sh Precept	6,112.00		Tax Base	133.54		
508	A-	Α	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н
Parish	25.43	30.51	35.60	40.68	45.77	55.94	66.11	76.28	91.54
South Somerset District Council	101.17	121.41	141.64	161.88	182.11	222.58	263.05	303.52	364.22
Somerset County Council	682.72	819.27	955.81	1,092.36	1,228.90	1,501.99	1,775.08	2,048.17	2,457.80
Somerset County Council (Adult Social Care)	91.72	110.07	128.41	146.76	165.10	201.79	238.48	275.17	330.20
Avon & Somerset Police and Crime Commissioner	139.56	167.47	195.38	223.29	251.20	307.02	362.84	418.67	502.40
Devon & Somerset Fire & Rescue Authority	50.99	61.19	71.39	81.59	91.79	112.19	132.59	152.98	183.58
Total Council Tax Bill	1,091.59	1,309.92	1,528.23	1,746.56	1,964.87	2,401.51	2,838.15	3,274.79	3,929.74

ထို Curry Rivel		Paris	sh Precept	53,500.00		Tax Base	934.17		
<b>©</b> 509	A-	Α	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н
ωParish	31.82	38.18	44.54	50.91	57.27	70.00	82.72	95.45	114.54
South Somerset District Council	101.17	121.41	141.64	161.88	182.11	222.58	263.05	303.52	364.22
Somerset County Council	682.72	819.27	955.81	1,092.36	1,228.90	1,501.99	1,775.08	2,048.17	2,457.80
Somerset County Council (Adult Social Care)	91.72	110.07	128.41	146.76	165.10	201.79	238.48	275.17	330.20
Avon & Somerset Police and Crime Commissioner	139.56	167.47	195.38	223.29	251.20	307.02	362.84	418.67	502.40
Devon & Somerset Fire & Rescue Authority	50.99	61.19	71.39	81.59	91.79	112.19	132.59	152.98	183.58
Total Council Tax Bill	1,097.98	1,317.59	1,537.17	1,756.79	1,976.37	2,415.57	2,854.76	3,293.96	3,952.74

	Paris	sh Precept	0.00		Tax Base	29.89		
A-	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
101.17	121.41	141.64	161.88	182.11	222.58	263.05	303.52	364.22
682.72	819.27	955.81	1,092.36	1,228.90	1,501.99	1,775.08	2,048.17	2,457.80
91.72	110.07	128.41	146.76	165.10	201.79	238.48	275.17	330.20
139.56	167.47	195.38	223.29	251.20	307.02	362.84	418.67	502.40
50.99	61.19	71.39	81.59	91.79	112.19	132.59	152.98	183.58
1,066.16	1,279.41	1,492.63	1,705.88	1,919.10	2,345.57	2,772.04	3,198.51	3,838.20
	0.00 101.17 682.72 91.72 139.56 50.99	A- A 0.00 0.00 101.17 121.41 682.72 819.27 91.72 110.07 139.56 167.47 50.99 61.19	0.000.000.00101.17121.41141.64682.72819.27955.8191.72110.07128.41139.56167.47195.3850.9961.1971.39	A- A B C 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 101.17 121.41 141.64 161.88 682.72 819.27 955.81 1,092.36 91.72 110.07 128.41 146.76 139.56 167.47 195.38 223.29 50.99 61.19 71.39 81.59	A- A B C D 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 101.17 121.41 141.64 161.88 182.11 682.72 819.27 955.81 1,092.36 1,228.90 91.72 110.07 128.41 146.76 165.10 139.56 167.47 195.38 223.29 251.20 50.99 61.19 71.39 81.59 91.79	A-         A         B         C         D         E           0.00         0.00         0.00         0.00         0.00         0.00           101.17         121.41         141.64         161.88         182.11         222.58           682.72         819.27         955.81         1,092.36         1,228.90         1,501.99           91.72         110.07         128.41         146.76         165.10         201.79           139.56         167.47         195.38         223.29         251.20         307.02           50.99         61.19         71.39         81.59         91.79         112.19	A-         A         B         C         D         E         F           0.00         0.00         0.00         0.00         0.00         0.00         0.00           101.17         121.41         141.64         161.88         182.11         222.58         263.05           682.72         819.27         955.81         1,092.36         1,228.90         1,501.99         1,775.08           91.72         110.07         128.41         146.76         165.10         201.79         238.48           139.56         167.47         195.38         223.29         251.20         307.02         362.84           50.99         61.19         71.39         81.59         91.79         112.19         132.59	A-         A         B         C         D         E         F         G           0.00         0.0

Donyatt		Paris	sh Precept	9,350.00		Tax Base	162.94		
211	A-	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н
Parish	31.88	38.25	44.63	51.00	57.38	70.13	82.88	95.63	114.76
South Somerset District Council	101.17	121.41	141.64	161.88	182.11	222.58	263.05	303.52	364.22
Somerset County Council	682.72	819.27	955.81	1,092.36	1,228.90	1,501.99	1,775.08	2,048.17	2,457.80
Somerset County Council (Adult Social Care)	91.72	110.07	128.41	146.76	165.10	201.79	238.48	275.17	330.20
Avon & Somerset Police and Crime Commissioner	139.56	167.47	195.38	223.29	251.20	307.02	362.84	418.67	502.40
Devon & Somerset Fire & Rescue Authority	50.99	61.19	71.39	81.59	91.79	112.19	132.59	152.98	183.58
Total Council Tax Bill	1,098.04	1,317.66	1,537.26	1,756.88	1,976.48	2,415.70	2,854.92	3,294.14	3,952.96

Dowlish Wake		Paris	sh Precept	3,000.00		Tax Base	135.45		
212	A-	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н
Parish	12.31	14.77	17.23	19.69	22.15	27.07	31.99	36.92	44.30
South Somerset District Council	101.17	121.41	141.64	161.88	182.11	222.58	263.05	303.52	364.22
Somerset County Council	682.72	819.27	955.81	1,092.36	1,228.90	1,501.99	1,775.08	2,048.17	2,457.80
Somerset County Council (Adult Social Care)	91.72	110.07	128.41	146.76	165.10	201.79	238.48	275.17	330.20
Avon & Somerset Police and Crime Commissioner	139.56	167.47	195.38	223.29	251.20	307.02	362.84	418.67	502.40
Devon & Somerset Fire & Rescue Authority	50.99	61.19	71.39	81.59	91.79	112.19	132.59	152.98	183.58
Total Council Tax Bill	1,078.47	1,294.18	1,509.86	1,725.57	1,941.25	2,372.64	2,804.03	3,235.43	3,882.50

ည် Drayton		Paris	sh Precept	4,020.00		Tax Base	180.73		
<b>6</b> 511	A-	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н
ωParish	12.36	14.83	17.30	19.77	22.24	27.18	32.12	37.07	44.48
South Somerset District Council	101.17	121.41	141.64	161.88	182.11	222.58	263.05	303.52	364.22
Somerset County Council	682.72	819.27	955.81	1,092.36	1,228.90	1,501.99	1,775.08	2,048.17	2,457.80
Somerset County Council (Adult Social Care)	91.72	110.07	128.41	146.76	165.10	201.79	238.48	275.17	330.20
Avon & Somerset Police and Crime Commissioner	139.56	167.47	195.38	223.29	251.20	307.02	362.84	418.67	502.40
Devon & Somerset Fire & Rescue Authority	50.99	61.19	71.39	81.59	91.79	112.19	132.59	152.98	183.58
Total Council Tax Bill	1,078.52	1,294.24	1,509.93	1,725.65	1,941.34	2,372.75	2,804.16	3,235.58	3,882.68

	rans	sh Precept	11,120.00		Tax Base	222.49		
A-	Α	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н
27.77	33.32	38.87	44.43	49.98	61.09	72.19	83.30	99.96
101.17	121.41	141.64	161.88	182.11	222.58	263.05	303.52	364.22
682.72	819.27	955.81	1,092.36	1,228.90	1,501.99	1,775.08	2,048.17	2,457.80
91.72	110.07	128.41	146.76	165.10	201.79	238.48	275.17	330.20
139.56	167.47	195.38	223.29	251.20	307.02	362.84	418.67	502.40
50.99	61.19	71.39	81.59	91.79	112.19	132.59	152.98	183.58
1,093.93	1,312.73	1,531.50	1,750.31	1,969.08	2,406.66	2,844.23	3,281.81	3,938.16
	27.77 101.17 682.72 91.72 139.56 50.99	27.77 33.32 101.17 121.41 682.72 819.27 91.72 110.07 139.56 167.47 50.99 61.19	27.77       33.32       38.87         101.17       121.41       141.64         682.72       819.27       955.81         91.72       110.07       128.41         139.56       167.47       195.38         50.99       61.19       71.39	27.77       33.32       38.87       44.43         101.17       121.41       141.64       161.88         682.72       819.27       955.81       1,092.36         91.72       110.07       128.41       146.76         139.56       167.47       195.38       223.29         50.99       61.19       71.39       81.59	27.77       33.32       38.87       44.43       49.98         101.17       121.41       141.64       161.88       182.11         682.72       819.27       955.81       1,092.36       1,228.90         91.72       110.07       128.41       146.76       165.10         139.56       167.47       195.38       223.29       251.20         50.99       61.19       71.39       81.59       91.79	27.77       33.32       38.87       44.43       49.98       61.09         101.17       121.41       141.64       161.88       182.11       222.58         682.72       819.27       955.81       1,092.36       1,228.90       1,501.99         91.72       110.07       128.41       146.76       165.10       201.79         139.56       167.47       195.38       223.29       251.20       307.02         50.99       61.19       71.39       81.59       91.79       112.19	27.77       33.32       38.87       44.43       49.98       61.09       72.19         101.17       121.41       141.64       161.88       182.11       222.58       263.05         682.72       819.27       955.81       1,092.36       1,228.90       1,501.99       1,775.08         91.72       110.07       128.41       146.76       165.10       201.79       238.48         139.56       167.47       195.38       223.29       251.20       307.02       362.84         50.99       61.19       71.39       81.59       91.79       112.19       132.59	27.77       33.32       38.87       44.43       49.98       61.09       72.19       83.30         101.17       121.41       141.64       161.88       182.11       222.58       263.05       303.52         682.72       819.27       955.81       1,092.36       1,228.90       1,501.99       1,775.08       2,048.17         91.72       110.07       128.41       146.76       165.10       201.79       238.48       275.17         139.56       167.47       195.38       223.29       251.20       307.02       362.84       418.67         50.99       61.19       71.39       81.59       91.79       112.19       132.59       152.98

East Coker		Paris	sh Precept	62,000.00		Tax Base	805.83		
809	A-	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н
Parish	42.74	51.29	59.84	68.39	76.94	94.04	111.14	128.23	153.88
South Somerset District Council	101.17	121.41	141.64	161.88	182.11	222.58	263.05	303.52	364.22
Somerset County Council	682.72	819.27	955.81	1,092.36	1,228.90	1,501.99	1,775.08	2,048.17	2,457.80
Somerset County Council (Adult Social Care)	91.72	110.07	128.41	146.76	165.10	201.79	238.48	275.17	330.20
Avon & Somerset Police and Crime Commissioner	139.56	167.47	195.38	223.29	251.20	307.02	362.84	418.67	502.40
Devon & Somerset Fire & Rescue Authority	50.99	61.19	71.39	81.59	91.79	112.19	132.59	152.98	183.58
Total Council Tax Bill	1,108.90	1,330.70	1,552.47	1,774.27	1,996.04	2,439.61	2,883.18	3,326.74	3,992.08
	<del></del>	<u> </u>	·	·	<del>-</del>				

Fivehead & Swell		Paris	sh Precept	16,150.00		Tax Base	262.78		
512	A-	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н
Parish	34.14	40.97	47.80	54.63	61.46	75.12	88.78	102.43	122.92
South Somerset District Council	101.17	121.41	141.64	161.88	182.11	222.58	263.05	303.52	364.22
Somerset County Council	682.72	819.27	955.81	1,092.36	1,228.90	1,501.99	1,775.08	2,048.17	2,457.80
Somerset County Council (Adult Social Care)	91.72	110.07	128.41	146.76	165.10	201.79	238.48	275.17	330.20
Avon & Somerset Police and Crime Commissioner	139.56	167.47	195.38	223.29	251.20	307.02	362.84	418.67	502.40
Devon & Somerset Fire & Rescue Authority	50.99	61.19	71.39	81.59	91.79	112.19	132.59	152.98	183.58
Total Council Tax Bill	1,100.30	1,320.38	1,540.43	1,760.51	1,980.56	2,420.69	2,860.82	3,300.94	3,961.12

ည် Hambridge & Westport		Paris	sh Precept	16,500.00		Tax Base	207.04		
<u>Θ</u> 510	A-	Α	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н
ωParish	44.27	53.13	61.98	70.84	79.69	97.40	115.11	132.82	159.38
South Somerset District Council	101.17	121.41	141.64	161.88	182.11	222.58	263.05	303.52	364.22
Somerset County Council	682.72	819.27	955.81	1,092.36	1,228.90	1,501.99	1,775.08	2,048.17	2,457.80
Somerset County Council (Adult Social Care)	91.72	110.07	128.41	146.76	165.10	201.79	238.48	275.17	330.20
Avon & Somerset Police and Crime Commissioner	139.56	167.47	195.38	223.29	251.20	307.02	362.84	418.67	502.40
Devon & Somerset Fire & Rescue Authority	50.99	61.19	71.39	81.59	91.79	112.19	132.59	152.98	183.58
Total Council Tax Bill	1,110.43	1,332.54	1,554.61	1,776.72	1,998.79	2,442.97	2,887.15	3,331.33	3,997.58

	Paris	sh Precept	14,000.00		Tax Base	275.55		
A-	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н
28.23	33.87	39.52	45.16	50.81	62.10	73.39	84.68	101.62
101.17	121.41	141.64	161.88	182.11	222.58	263.05	303.52	364.22
682.72	819.27	955.81	1,092.36	1,228.90	1,501.99	1,775.08	2,048.17	2,457.80
91.72	110.07	128.41	146.76	165.10	201.79	238.48	275.17	330.20
139.56	167.47	195.38	223.29	251.20	307.02	362.84	418.67	502.40
50.99	61.19	71.39	81.59	91.79	112.19	132.59	152.98	183.58
1,094.39	1,313.28	1,532.15	1,751.04	1,969.91	2,407.67	2,845.43	3,283.19	3,939.82
	28.23 101.17 682.72 91.72 139.56 50.99	A- A 28.23 33.87 101.17 121.41 682.72 819.27 91.72 110.07 139.56 167.47 50.99 61.19	28.23 33.87 39.52 101.17 121.41 141.64 682.72 819.27 955.81 91.72 110.07 128.41 139.56 167.47 195.38 50.99 61.19 71.39	A- A B C 28.23 33.87 39.52 45.16 101.17 121.41 141.64 161.88 682.72 819.27 955.81 1,092.36 91.72 110.07 128.41 146.76 139.56 167.47 195.38 223.29 50.99 61.19 71.39 81.59	A- A B C D 28.23 33.87 39.52 45.16 50.81 101.17 121.41 141.64 161.88 182.11 682.72 819.27 955.81 1,092.36 1,228.90 91.72 110.07 128.41 146.76 165.10 139.56 167.47 195.38 223.29 251.20 50.99 61.19 71.39 81.59 91.79	A-         A         B         C         D         E           28.23         33.87         39.52         45.16         50.81         62.10           101.17         121.41         141.64         161.88         182.11         222.58           682.72         819.27         955.81         1,092.36         1,228.90         1,501.99           91.72         110.07         128.41         146.76         165.10         201.79           139.56         167.47         195.38         223.29         251.20         307.02           50.99         61.19         71.39         81.59         91.79         112.19	A-         A         B         C         D         E         F           28.23         33.87         39.52         45.16         50.81         62.10         73.39           101.17         121.41         141.64         161.88         182.11         222.58         263.05           682.72         819.27         955.81         1,092.36         1,228.90         1,501.99         1,775.08           91.72         110.07         128.41         146.76         165.10         201.79         238.48           139.56         167.47         195.38         223.29         251.20         307.02         362.84           50.99         61.19         71.39         81.59         91.79         112.19         132.59	A-         A         B         C         D         E         F         G           28.23         33.87         39.52         45.16         50.81         62.10         73.39         84.68           101.17         121.41         141.64         161.88         182.11         222.58         263.05         303.52           682.72         819.27         955.81         1,092.36         1,228.90         1,501.99         1,775.08         2,048.17           91.72         110.07         128.41         146.76         165.10         201.79         238.48         275.17           139.56         167.47         195.38         223.29         251.20         307.02         362.84         418.67           50.99         61.19         71.39         81.59         91.79         112.19         132.59         152.98

Haselbury Plucknett		Paris	sh Precept	14,167.00		Tax Base	284.48		
811	A-	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н
Parish	27.67	33.20	38.73	44.27	49.80	60.87	71.93	83.00	99.60
South Somerset District Council	101.17	121.41	141.64	161.88	182.11	222.58	263.05	303.52	364.22
Somerset County Council	682.72	819.27	955.81	1,092.36	1,228.90	1,501.99	1,775.08	2,048.17	2,457.80
Somerset County Council (Adult Social Care)	91.72	110.07	128.41	146.76	165.10	201.79	238.48	275.17	330.20
Avon & Somerset Police and Crime Commissioner	139.56	167.47	195.38	223.29	251.20	307.02	362.84	418.67	502.40
Devon & Somerset Fire & Rescue Authority	50.99	61.19	71.39	81.59	91.79	112.19	132.59	152.98	183.58
Total Council Tax Bill	1,093.83	1,312.61	1,531.36	1,750.15	1,968.90	2,406.44	2,843.97	3,281.51	3,937.80
					·			·	

Henstridge		Paris	sh Precept	65,000.00		Tax Base	665.70		
613	A-	Α	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н
Parish	54.24	65.09	75.94	86.79	97.64	119.34	141.04	162.73	195.28
South Somerset District Council	101.17	121.41	141.64	161.88	182.11	222.58	263.05	303.52	364.22
Somerset County Council	682.72	819.27	955.81	1,092.36	1,228.90	1,501.99	1,775.08	2,048.17	2,457.80
Somerset County Council (Adult Social Care)	91.72	110.07	128.41	146.76	165.10	201.79	238.48	275.17	330.20
Avon & Somerset Police and Crime Commissioner	139.56	167.47	195.38	223.29	251.20	307.02	362.84	418.67	502.40
Devon & Somerset Fire & Rescue Authority	50.99	61.19	71.39	81.59	91.79	112.19	132.59	152.98	183.58
Total Council Tax Bill	1,120.40	1,344.50	1,568.57	1,792.67	2,016.74	2,464.91	2,913.08	3,361.24	4,033.48

ည် High Ham		Paris	sh Precept	23,660.00		Tax Base	408.25		
<u>Φ</u> 513	A-	Α	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н
ωParish	32.19	38.63	45.07	51.51	57.95	70.83	83.71	96.58	115.90
သဲ South Somerset District Council	101.17	121.41	141.64	161.88	182.11	222.58	263.05	303.52	364.22
Somerset County Council	682.72	819.27	955.81	1,092.36	1,228.90	1,501.99	1,775.08	2,048.17	2,457.80
Somerset County Council (Adult Social Care)	91.72	110.07	128.41	146.76	165.10	201.79	238.48	275.17	330.20
Avon & Somerset Police and Crime Commissioner	139.56	167.47	195.38	223.29	251.20	307.02	362.84	418.67	502.40
Devon & Somerset Fire & Rescue Authority	50.99	61.19	71.39	81.59	91.79	112.19	132.59	152.98	183.58
Total Council Tax Bill	1,098.35	1,318.04	1,537.70	1,757.39	1,977.05	2,416.40	2,855.75	3,295.09	3,954.10

	Paris	sh Precept	19,511.25		Tax Base	227.36		
A-	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н
47.68	57.21	66.75	76.28	85.82	104.89	123.96	143.03	171.64
101.17	121.41	141.64	161.88	182.11	222.58	263.05	303.52	364.22
682.72	819.27	955.81	1,092.36	1,228.90	1,501.99	1,775.08	2,048.17	2,457.80
91.72	110.07	128.41	146.76	165.10	201.79	238.48	275.17	330.20
139.56	167.47	195.38	223.29	251.20	307.02	362.84	418.67	502.40
50.99	61.19	71.39	81.59	91.79	112.19	132.59	152.98	183.58
1,113.84	1,336.62	1,559.38	1,782.16	2,004.92	2,450.46	2,896.00	3,341.54	4,009.84
	47.68 101.17 682.72 91.72 139.56 50.99	A- A 47.68 57.21 101.17 121.41 682.72 819.27 91.72 110.07 139.56 167.47 50.99 61.19	47.68 57.21 66.75 101.17 121.41 141.64 682.72 819.27 955.81 91.72 110.07 128.41 139.56 167.47 195.38 50.99 61.19 71.39	A- A B C 47.68 57.21 66.75 76.28 101.17 121.41 141.64 161.88 682.72 819.27 955.81 1,092.36 91.72 110.07 128.41 146.76 139.56 167.47 195.38 223.29 50.99 61.19 71.39 81.59	A- A B C D 47.68 57.21 66.75 76.28 85.82 101.17 121.41 141.64 161.88 182.11 682.72 819.27 955.81 1,092.36 1,228.90 91.72 110.07 128.41 146.76 165.10 139.56 167.47 195.38 223.29 251.20 50.99 61.19 71.39 81.59 91.79	A-         A         B         C         D         E           47.68         57.21         66.75         76.28         85.82         104.89           101.17         121.41         141.64         161.88         182.11         222.58           682.72         819.27         955.81         1,092.36         1,228.90         1,501.99           91.72         110.07         128.41         146.76         165.10         201.79           139.56         167.47         195.38         223.29         251.20         307.02           50.99         61.19         71.39         81.59         91.79         112.19	A-         A         B         C         D         E         F           47.68         57.21         66.75         76.28         85.82         104.89         123.96           101.17         121.41         141.64         161.88         182.11         222.58         263.05           682.72         819.27         955.81         1,092.36         1,228.90         1,501.99         1,775.08           91.72         110.07         128.41         146.76         165.10         201.79         238.48           139.56         167.47         195.38         223.29         251.20         307.02         362.84           50.99         61.19         71.39         81.59         91.79         112.19         132.59	A-         A         B         C         D         E         F         G           47.68         57.21         66.75         76.28         85.82         104.89         123.96         143.03           101.17         121.41         141.64         161.88         182.11         222.58         263.05         303.52           682.72         819.27         955.81         1,092.36         1,228.90         1,501.99         1,775.08         2,048.17           91.72         110.07         128.41         146.76         165.10         201.79         238.48         275.17           139.56         167.47         195.38         223.29         251.20         307.02         362.84         418.67           50.99         61.19         71.39         81.59         91.79         112.19         132.59         152.98

Holton (North Vale)		Paris	sh Precept	3,178.00		Tax Base	122.96		
614	A-	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н
Parish	14.36	17.23	20.11	22.98	25.85	31.59	37.34	43.08	51.70
South Somerset District Council	101.17	121.41	141.64	161.88	182.11	222.58	263.05	303.52	364.22
Somerset County Council	682.72	819.27	955.81	1,092.36	1,228.90	1,501.99	1,775.08	2,048.17	2,457.80
Somerset County Council (Adult Social Care)	91.72	110.07	128.41	146.76	165.10	201.79	238.48	275.17	330.20
Avon & Somerset Police and Crime Commissioner	139.56	167.47	195.38	223.29	251.20	307.02	362.84	418.67	502.40
Devon & Somerset Fire & Rescue Authority	50.99	61.19	71.39	81.59	91.79	112.19	132.59	152.98	183.58
Total Council Tax Bill	1,080.52	1,296.64	1,512.74	1,728.86	1,944.95	2,377.16	2,809.38	3,241.59	3,889.90
					·			·	

Horsington		Paris	sh Precept	12,980.00		Tax Base	294.84		
615	A-	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н
Parish	24.46	29.35	34.24	39.13	44.02	53.80	63.58	73.37	88.04
South Somerset District Council	101.17	121.41	141.64	161.88	182.11	222.58	263.05	303.52	364.22
Somerset County Council	682.72	819.27	955.81	1,092.36	1,228.90	1,501.99	1,775.08	2,048.17	2,457.80
Somerset County Council (Adult Social Care)	91.72	110.07	128.41	146.76	165.10	201.79	238.48	275.17	330.20
Avon & Somerset Police and Crime Commissioner	139.56	167.47	195.38	223.29	251.20	307.02	362.84	418.67	502.40
Devon & Somerset Fire & Rescue Authority	50.99	61.19	71.39	81.59	91.79	112.19	132.59	152.98	183.58
Total Council Tax Bill	1,090.62	1,308.76	1,526.87	1,745.01	1,963.12	2,399.37	2,835.62	3,271.88	3,926.24

ည် Horton		Paris	sh Precept	14,000.00		Tax Base	324.15		
Φ 214	A-	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н
ωParish	23.99	28.79	33.59	38.39	43.19	52.79	62.39	71.98	86.38
South Somerset District Council	101.17	121.41	141.64	161.88	182.11	222.58	263.05	303.52	364.22
Somerset County Council	682.72	819.27	955.81	1,092.36	1,228.90	1,501.99	1,775.08	2,048.17	2,457.80
Somerset County Council (Adult Social Care)	91.72	110.07	128.41	146.76	165.10	201.79	238.48	275.17	330.20
Avon & Somerset Police and Crime Commissioner	139.56	167.47	195.38	223.29	251.20	307.02	362.84	418.67	502.40
Devon & Somerset Fire & Rescue Authority	50.99	61.19	71.39	81.59	91.79	112.19	132.59	152.98	183.58
Total Council Tax Bill	1,090.15	1,308.20	1,526.22	1,744.27	1,962.29	2,398.36	2,834.43	3,270.49	3,924.58

	Paris	sh Precept	64,890.00		Tax Base	983.77		
A-	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н
36.64	43.97	51.30	58.63	65.96	80.62	95.28	109.93	131.92
101.17	121.41	141.64	161.88	182.11	222.58	263.05	303.52	364.22
682.72	819.27	955.81	1,092.36	1,228.90	1,501.99	1,775.08	2,048.17	2,457.80
91.72	110.07	128.41	146.76	165.10	201.79	238.48	275.17	330.20
139.56	167.47	195.38	223.29	251.20	307.02	362.84	418.67	502.40
50.99	61.19	71.39	81.59	91.79	112.19	132.59	152.98	183.58
1,102.80	1,323.38	1,543.93	1,764.51	1,985.06	2,426.19	2,867.32	3,308.44	3,970.12
	36.64 101.17 682.72 91.72 139.56 50.99	A- A 36.64 43.97 101.17 121.41 682.72 819.27 91.72 110.07 139.56 167.47 50.99 61.19	36.64 43.97 51.30 101.17 121.41 141.64 682.72 819.27 955.81 91.72 110.07 128.41 139.56 167.47 195.38 50.99 61.19 71.39	A- A B C 36.64 43.97 51.30 58.63 101.17 121.41 141.64 161.88 682.72 819.27 955.81 1,092.36 91.72 110.07 128.41 146.76 139.56 167.47 195.38 223.29 50.99 61.19 71.39 81.59	A- A B C D  36.64 43.97 51.30 58.63 65.96  101.17 121.41 141.64 161.88 182.11  682.72 819.27 955.81 1,092.36 1,228.90  91.72 110.07 128.41 146.76 165.10  139.56 167.47 195.38 223.29 251.20  50.99 61.19 71.39 81.59 91.79	A-         A         B         C         D         E           36.64         43.97         51.30         58.63         65.96         80.62           101.17         121.41         141.64         161.88         182.11         222.58           682.72         819.27         955.81         1,092.36         1,228.90         1,501.99           91.72         110.07         128.41         146.76         165.10         201.79           139.56         167.47         195.38         223.29         251.20         307.02           50.99         61.19         71.39         81.59         91.79         112.19	A-         A         B         C         D         E         F           36.64         43.97         51.30         58.63         65.96         80.62         95.28           101.17         121.41         141.64         161.88         182.11         222.58         263.05           682.72         819.27         955.81         1,092.36         1,228.90         1,501.99         1,775.08           91.72         110.07         128.41         146.76         165.10         201.79         238.48           139.56         167.47         195.38         223.29         251.20         307.02         362.84           50.99         61.19         71.39         81.59         91.79         112.19         132.59	A-         A         B         C         D         E         F         G           36.64         43.97         51.30         58.63         65.96         80.62         95.28         109.93           101.17         121.41         141.64         161.88         182.11         222.58         263.05         303.52           682.72         819.27         955.81         1,092.36         1,228.90         1,501.99         1,775.08         2,048.17           91.72         110.07         128.41         146.76         165.10         201.79         238.48         275.17           139.56         167.47         195.38         223.29         251.20         307.02         362.84         418.67           50.99         61.19         71.39         81.59         91.79         112.19         132.59         152.98

llchester		Paris	sh Precept	29,000.00		Tax Base	668.16		
812	A-	A	В	23,000.00 C	D	E	F	G	Н
Parish	24.11	28.93	33.76	38.58	43.40	53.04	62.69	72.33	86.80
South Somerset District Council	101.17	121.41	141.64	161.88	182.11	222.58	263.05	303.52	364.22
Somerset County Council	682.72	819.27	955.81	1,092.36	1,228.90	1,501.99	1,775.08	2,048.17	2,457.80
Somerset County Council (Adult Social Care)	91.72	110.07	128.41	146.76	165.10	201.79	238.48	275.17	330.20
Avon & Somerset Police and Crime Commissioner	139.56	167.47	195.38	223.29	251.20	307.02	362.84	418.67	502.40
Devon & Somerset Fire & Rescue Authority	50.99	61.19	71.39	81.59	91.79	112.19	132.59	152.98	183.58
Total Council Tax Bill	1,090.27	1,308.34	1,526.39	1,744.46	1,962.50	2,398.61	2,834.73	3,270.84	3,925.00
Total Godffoli Tax Bill	1,000.21	1,000.04	1,020.00	1,1 44.40	1,502.50	2,000.01	2,004.70	0,210.04	0,020.00
Habaatan (Ct Mami Majan Chimahyand)		D'-	h D	4.500.00		T D	000.40		
Ilchester (St Mary Major Churchyard)			sh Precept	1,593.00	ь.	Tax Base	668.16	0	
812	A-	Α	В	C	D	E	F	G	H
Parish	1.32	1.59	1.85	2.12	2.38	2.91	3.44	3.97	4.76
South Somerset District Council									
Somerset County Council									
Somerset County Council (Adult Social Care)									
Avon & Somerset Police and Crime Commissioner									
Devon & Somerset Fire & Rescue Authority	4.00	4.50	4.05	0.10		0.04	0.44		4.70
Total Council Tax Bill	1.32	1.59	1.85	2.12	2.38	2.91	3.44	3.97	4.76
Ţ <u></u>									
Ilminster Town	_		sh Precept	361,231.00	_	Tax Base	2,036.53	_	
Φ 401	A-	Α	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н
ω Parish	98.54	118.25	137.96	157.67	177.38	216.80	256.22	295.63	354.76
South Somerset District Council	101.17	121.41	141.64	161.88	182.11	222.58	263.05	303.52	364.22
Somerset County Council	682.72	819.27	955.81	1,092.36	1,228.90	1,501.99	1,775.08	2,048.17	2,457.80
Somerset County Council (Adult Social Care)	91.72	110.07	128.41	146.76	165.10	201.79	238.48	275.17	330.20
Avon & Somerset Police and Crime Commissioner	139.56	167.47	195.38	223.29	251.20	307.02	362.84	418.67	502.40
Devon & Somerset Fire & Rescue Authority	50.99	61.19	71.39	81.59	91.79	112.19	132.59	152.98	183.58
Total Council Tax Bill	1,164.70	1,397.66	1,630.59	1,863.55	2,096.48	2,562.37	3,028.26	3,494.14	4,192.96
llton		<b>.</b>	Ja Duces d	00.500.00		Taxaba	000.00		
llton			sh Precept	22,500.00	_	Tax Base	333.38	_	
215	A-	A	В	C	D	E	F	G	Н
Parish	37.49	44.99	52.49	59.99	67.49	82.49	97.49	112.48	134.98
South Somerset District Council	101.17	121.41	141.64	161.88	182.11	222.58	263.05	303.52	364.22
Somerset County Council	682.72	819.27	955.81	1,092.36	1,228.90	1,501.99	1,775.08	2,048.17	2,457.80
Somerset County Council (Adult Social Care)	91.72	110.07	128.41	146.76	165.10	201.79	238.48	275.17	330.20
Avon & Somerset Police and Crime Commissioner	139.56	167.47	195.38	223.29	251.20	307.02	362.84	418.67	502.40
Devon & Somerset Fire & Rescue Authority	50.99	61.19 <b>1,324.40</b>	71.39 <b>1,545.12</b>	81.59 <b>1,765.87</b>	91.79 <b>1,986.59</b>	112.19 <b>2,428.06</b>	132.59 <b>2,869.53</b>	152.98 <b>3,310.99</b>	183.58 <b>3,973.18</b>
Total Council Tax Bill	1,103.65								

Isle Abbotts		Paris	sh Precept	3,710.00		Tax Base	87.81		
515	A-	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н
Parish	23.47	28.17	32.86	37.56	42.25	51.64	61.03	70.42	84.50
South Somerset District Council	101.17	121.41	141.64	161.88	182.11	222.58	263.05	303.52	364.22
Somerset County Council	682.72	819.27	955.81	1,092.36	1,228.90	1,501.99	1,775.08	2,048.17	2,457.80
Somerset County Council (Adult Social Care)	91.72	110.07	128.41	146.76	165.10	201.79	238.48	275.17	330.20
Avon & Somerset Police and Crime Commissioner	139.56	167.47	195.38	223.29	251.20	307.02	362.84	418.67	502.40
Devon & Somerset Fire & Rescue Authority	50.99	61.19	71.39	81.59	91.79	112.19	132.59	152.98	183.58
Total Council Tax Bill	1,089.63	1,307.58	1,525.49	1,743.44	1,961.35	2,397.21	2,833.07	3,268.93	3,922.70
					·				

Isle Brewers		Paris	sh Precept	0.00		Tax Base	63.63		
516	A-	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н
Parish	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
South Somerset District Council	101.17	121.41	141.64	161.88	182.11	222.58	263.05	303.52	364.22
Somerset County Council	682.72	819.27	955.81	1,092.36	1,228.90	1,501.99	1,775.08	2,048.17	2,457.80
Somerset County Council (Adult Social Care)	91.72	110.07	128.41	146.76	165.10	201.79	238.48	275.17	330.20
Avon & Somerset Police and Crime Commissioner	139.56	167.47	195.38	223.29	251.20	307.02	362.84	418.67	502.40
Devon & Somerset Fire & Rescue Authority	50.99	61.19	71.39	81.59	91.79	112.19	132.59	152.98	183.58
Total Council Tax Bill	1,066.16	1,279.41	1,492.63	1,705.88	1,919.10	2,345.57	2,772.04	3,198.51	3,838.20

Keinton Mandeville		Paris	sh Precept	19,300.00		Tax Base	478.49		
Φ 517	A-	Α	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н
ωParish	22.41	26.89	31.38	35.86	40.34	49.30	58.27	67.23	80.68
South Somerset District Council	101.17	121.41	141.64	161.88	182.11	222.58	263.05	303.52	364.22
Somerset County Council	682.72	819.27	955.81	1,092.36	1,228.90	1,501.99	1,775.08	2,048.17	2,457.80
Somerset County Council (Adult Social Care)	91.72	110.07	128.41	146.76	165.10	201.79	238.48	275.17	330.20
Avon & Somerset Police and Crime Commissioner	139.56	167.47	195.38	223.29	251.20	307.02	362.84	418.67	502.40
Devon & Somerset Fire & Rescue Authority	50.99	61.19	71.39	81.59	91.79	112.19	132.59	152.98	183.58
Total Council Tax Bill	1,088.57	1,306.30	1,524.01	1,741.74	1,959.44	2,394.87	2,830.31	3,265.74	3,918.88

Kingsbury Episcopi		Paris	sh Precept	40,000.00		Tax Base	559.12		
518	A-	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н
Parish	39.74	47.69	55.64	63.59	71.54	87.44	103.34	119.23	143.08
South Somerset District Council	101.17	121.41	141.64	161.88	182.11	222.58	263.05	303.52	364.22
Somerset County Council	682.72	819.27	955.81	1,092.36	1,228.90	1,501.99	1,775.08	2,048.17	2,457.80
Somerset County Council (Adult Social Care)	91.72	110.07	128.41	146.76	165.10	201.79	238.48	275.17	330.20
Avon & Somerset Police and Crime Commissioner	139.56	167.47	195.38	223.29	251.20	307.02	362.84	418.67	502.40
Devon & Somerset Fire & Rescue Authority	50.99	61.19	71.39	81.59	91.79	112.19	132.59	152.98	183.58
Total Council Tax Bill	1,105.90	1,327.10	1,548.27	1,769.47	1,990.64	2,433.01	2,875.38	3,317.74	3,981.28

Kingsdon		Paris	sh Precept	21,000.00		Tax Base	170.21		
519	A-	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н
Parish	68.54	82.25	95.96	109.67	123.38	150.80	178.22	205.63	246.76
South Somerset District Council	101.17	121.41	141.64	161.88	182.11	222.58	263.05	303.52	364.22
Somerset County Council	682.72	819.27	955.81	1,092.36	1,228.90	1,501.99	1,775.08	2,048.17	2,457.80
Somerset County Council (Adult Social Care)	91.72	110.07	128.41	146.76	165.10	201.79	238.48	275.17	330.20
Avon & Somerset Police and Crime Commissioner	139.56	167.47	195.38	223.29	251.20	307.02	362.84	418.67	502.40
Devon & Somerset Fire & Rescue Authority	50.99	61.19	71.39	81.59	91.79	112.19	132.59	152.98	183.58
Total Council Tax Bill	1,134.70	1,361.66	1,588.59	1,815.55	2,042.48	2,496.37	2,950.26	3,404.14	4,084.96
									<del></del>

Kingstone		Paris	sh Precept	0.00		Tax Base	53.78		
216	A-	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н
Parish	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
South Somerset District Council	101.17	121.41	141.64	161.88	182.11	222.58	263.05	303.52	364.22
Somerset County Council	682.72	819.27	955.81	1,092.36	1,228.90	1,501.99	1,775.08	2,048.17	2,457.80
Somerset County Council (Adult Social Care)	91.72	110.07	128.41	146.76	165.10	201.79	238.48	275.17	330.20
Avon & Somerset Police and Crime Commissioner	139.56	167.47	195.38	223.29	251.20	307.02	362.84	418.67	502.40
Devon & Somerset Fire & Rescue Authority	50.99	61.19	71.39	81.59	91.79	112.19	132.59	152.98	183.58
Total Council Tax Bill	1,066.16	1,279.41	1,492.63	1,705.88	1,919.10	2,345.57	2,772.04	3,198.51	3,838.20

ည် Kingweston		Paris	sh Precept	1,000.00		Tax Base	29.47		
<b>©</b> 520	A-	Α	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н
ωParish	18.85	22.62	26.39	30.16	33.93	41.47	49.01	56.55	67.86
South Somerset District Council	101.17	121.41	141.64	161.88	182.11	222.58	263.05	303.52	364.22
Somerset County Council	682.72	819.27	955.81	1,092.36	1,228.90	1,501.99	1,775.08	2,048.17	2,457.80
Somerset County Council (Adult Social Care)	91.72	110.07	128.41	146.76	165.10	201.79	238.48	275.17	330.20
Avon & Somerset Police and Crime Commissioner	139.56	167.47	195.38	223.29	251.20	307.02	362.84	418.67	502.40
Devon & Somerset Fire & Rescue Authority	50.99	61.19	71.39	81.59	91.79	112.19	132.59	152.98	183.58
Total Council Tax Bill	1,085.01	1,302.03	1,519.02	1,736.04	1,953.03	2,387.04	2,821.05	3,255.06	3,906.06

	Paris	sh Precept	1,450.00		Tax Base	79.27		
A-	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н
10.16	12.19	14.23	16.26	18.29	22.35	26.42	30.48	36.58
101.17	121.41	141.64	161.88	182.11	222.58	263.05	303.52	364.22
682.72	819.27	955.81	1,092.36	1,228.90	1,501.99	1,775.08	2,048.17	2,457.80
91.72	110.07	128.41	146.76	165.10	201.79	238.48	275.17	330.20
139.56	167.47	195.38	223.29	251.20	307.02	362.84	418.67	502.40
50.99	61.19	71.39	81.59	91.79	112.19	132.59	152.98	183.58
1,076.32	1,291.60	1,506.86	1,722.14	1,937.39	2,367.92	2,798.46	3,228.99	3,874.78
	10.16 101.17 682.72 91.72 139.56 50.99	A- A 10.16 12.19 101.17 121.41 682.72 819.27 91.72 110.07 139.56 167.47 50.99 61.19	10.1612.1914.23101.17121.41141.64682.72819.27955.8191.72110.07128.41139.56167.47195.3850.9961.1971.39	A- A B C 10.16 12.19 14.23 16.26 101.17 121.41 141.64 161.88 682.72 819.27 955.81 1,092.36 91.72 110.07 128.41 146.76 139.56 167.47 195.38 223.29 50.99 61.19 71.39 81.59	A- A B C D 10.16 12.19 14.23 16.26 18.29 101.17 121.41 141.64 161.88 182.11 682.72 819.27 955.81 1,092.36 1,228.90 91.72 110.07 128.41 146.76 165.10 139.56 167.47 195.38 223.29 251.20 50.99 61.19 71.39 81.59 91.79	A-         A         B         C         D         E           10.16         12.19         14.23         16.26         18.29         22.35           101.17         121.41         141.64         161.88         182.11         222.58           682.72         819.27         955.81         1,092.36         1,228.90         1,501.99           91.72         110.07         128.41         146.76         165.10         201.79           139.56         167.47         195.38         223.29         251.20         307.02           50.99         61.19         71.39         81.59         91.79         112.19	A-         A         B         C         D         E         F           10.16         12.19         14.23         16.26         18.29         22.35         26.42           101.17         121.41         141.64         161.88         182.11         222.58         263.05           682.72         819.27         955.81         1,092.36         1,228.90         1,501.99         1,775.08           91.72         110.07         128.41         146.76         165.10         201.79         238.48           139.56         167.47         195.38         223.29         251.20         307.02         362.84           50.99         61.19         71.39         81.59         91.79         112.19         132.59	A-         A         B         C         D         E         F         G           10.16         12.19         14.23         16.26         18.29         22.35         26.42         30.48           101.17         121.41         141.64         161.88         182.11         222.58         263.05         303.52           682.72         819.27         955.81         1,092.36         1,228.90         1,501.99         1,775.08         2,048.17           91.72         110.07         128.41         146.76         165.10         201.79         238.48         275.17           139.56         167.47         195.38         223.29         251.20         307.02         362.84         418.67           50.99         61.19         71.39         81.59         91.79         112.19         132.59         152.98

Langport		Paris	sh Precept	89,235.00		Tax Base	321.19		
521	A-	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н
Parish	154.35	185.22	216.09	246.96	277.83	339.57	401.31	463.05	555.66
South Somerset District Council	101.17	121.41	141.64	161.88	182.11	222.58	263.05	303.52	364.22
Somerset County Council	682.72	819.27	955.81	1,092.36	1,228.90	1,501.99	1,775.08	2,048.17	2,457.80
Somerset County Council (Adult Social Care)	91.72	110.07	128.41	146.76	165.10	201.79	238.48	275.17	330.20
Avon & Somerset Police and Crime Commissioner	139.56	167.47	195.38	223.29	251.20	307.02	362.84	418.67	502.40
Devon & Somerset Fire & Rescue Authority	50.99	61.19	71.39	81.59	91.79	112.19	132.59	152.98	183.58
Total Council Tax Bill	1,220.51	1,464.63	1,708.72	1,952.84	2,196.93	2,685.14	3,173.35	3,661.56	4,393.86
	<del></del>	<u> </u>			<u> </u>			<u> </u>	

Limington		Paris	sh Precept	2,266.00		Tax Base	92.02		
813	A-	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н
Parish	13.68	16.42	19.16	21.89	24.63	30.10	35.58	41.05	49.26
South Somerset District Council	101.17	121.41	141.64	161.88	182.11	222.58	263.05	303.52	364.22
Somerset County Council	682.72	819.27	955.81	1,092.36	1,228.90	1,501.99	1,775.08	2,048.17	2,457.80
Somerset County Council (Adult Social Care)	91.72	110.07	128.41	146.76	165.10	201.79	238.48	275.17	330.20
Avon & Somerset Police and Crime Commissioner	139.56	167.47	195.38	223.29	251.20	307.02	362.84	418.67	502.40
Devon & Somerset Fire & Rescue Authority	50.99	61.19	71.39	81.59	91.79	112.19	132.59	152.98	183.58
Total Council Tax Bill	1,079.84	1,295.83	1,511.79	1,727.77	1,943.73	2,375.67	2,807.62	3,239.56	3,887.46

ည် Long Load		Paris	sh Precept	9,544.00		Tax Base	139.72		
<b>©</b> 814	A-	Α	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н
ωParish	37.95	45.54	53.13	60.72	68.31	83.49	98.67	113.85	136.62
South Somerset District Council	101.17	121.41	141.64	161.88	182.11	222.58	263.05	303.52	364.22
Somerset County Council	682.72	819.27	955.81	1,092.36	1,228.90	1,501.99	1,775.08	2,048.17	2,457.80
Somerset County Council (Adult Social Care)	91.72	110.07	128.41	146.76	165.10	201.79	238.48	275.17	330.20
Avon & Somerset Police and Crime Commissioner	139.56	167.47	195.38	223.29	251.20	307.02	362.84	418.67	502.40
Devon & Somerset Fire & Rescue Authority	50.99	61.19	71.39	81.59	91.79	112.19	132.59	152.98	183.58
Total Council Tax Bill	1,104.11	1,324.95	1,545.76	1,766.60	1,987.41	2,429.06	2,870.71	3,312.36	3,974.82

Long Sutton		Paris	sh Precept	18,450.00		Tax Base	391.61		
522	A-	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н
Parish	26.17	31.41	36.64	41.88	47.11	57.58	68.05	78.52	94.22
South Somerset District Council	101.17	121.41	141.64	161.88	182.11	222.58	263.05	303.52	364.22
Somerset County Council	682.72	819.27	955.81	1,092.36	1,228.90	1,501.99	1,775.08	2,048.17	2,457.80
Somerset County Council (Adult Social Care)	91.72	110.07	128.41	146.76	165.10	201.79	238.48	275.17	330.20
Avon & Somerset Police and Crime Commissioner	139.56	167.47	195.38	223.29	251.20	307.02	362.84	418.67	502.40
Devon & Somerset Fire & Rescue Authority	50.99	61.19	71.39	81.59	91.79	112.19	132.59	152.98	183.58
Total Council Tax Bill	1,092.33	1,310.82	1,529.27	1,747.76	1,966.21	2,403.15	2,840.09	3,277.03	3,932.42
	·								•

Lopen		Paris	sh Precept	6,547.00		Tax Base	111.84		
218	A-	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н
Parish	32.52	39.03	45.53	52.04	58.54	71.55	84.56	97.57	117.08
South Somerset District Council	101.17	121.41	141.64	161.88	182.11	222.58	263.05	303.52	364.22
Somerset County Council	682.72	819.27	955.81	1,092.36	1,228.90	1,501.99	1,775.08	2,048.17	2,457.80
Somerset County Council (Adult Social Care)	91.72	110.07	128.41	146.76	165.10	201.79	238.48	275.17	330.20
Avon & Somerset Police and Crime Commissioner	139.56	167.47	195.38	223.29	251.20	307.02	362.84	418.67	502.40
Devon & Somerset Fire & Rescue Authority	50.99	61.19	71.39	81.59	91.79	112.19	132.59	152.98	183.58
Total Council Tax Bill	1,098.68	1,318.44	1,538.16	1,757.92	1,977.64	2,417.12	2,856.60	3,296.08	3,955.28
		<u> </u>		·					

Lovington (Cary Moor)		Paris	sh Precept	3,725.00		Tax Base	92.63		
616	A-	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н
Parish	22.34	26.81	31.27	35.74	40.21	49.15	58.08	67.02	80.42
South Somerset District Council	101.17	121.41	141.64	161.88	182.11	222.58	263.05	303.52	364.22
Somerset County Council	682.72	819.27	955.81	1,092.36	1,228.90	1,501.99	1,775.08	2,048.17	2,457.80
Somerset County Council (Adult Social Care)	91.72	110.07	128.41	146.76	165.10	201.79	238.48	275.17	330.20
Avon & Somerset Police and Crime Commissioner	139.56	167.47	195.38	223.29	251.20	307.02	362.84	418.67	502.40
Devon & Somerset Fire & Rescue Authority	50.99	61.19	71.39	81.59	91.79	112.19	132.59	152.98	183.58
Total Council Tax Bill	1,088.50	1,306.22	1,523.90	1,741.62	1,959.31	2,394.72	2,830.12	3,265.53	3,918.62

Maperton (North Vale)		Paris	sh Precept	1,489.00		Tax Base	66.22		
Φ 617	A-	Α	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н
ωParish	12.49	14.99	17.49	19.99	22.49	27.49	32.49	37.48	44.98
South Somerset District Council	101.17	121.41	141.64	161.88	182.11	222.58	263.05	303.52	364.22
Somerset County Council	682.72	819.27	955.81	1,092.36	1,228.90	1,501.99	1,775.08	2,048.17	2,457.80
Somerset County Council (Adult Social Care)	91.72	110.07	128.41	146.76	165.10	201.79	238.48	275.17	330.20
Avon & Somerset Police and Crime Commissioner	139.56	167.47	195.38	223.29	251.20	307.02	362.84	418.67	502.40
Devon & Somerset Fire & Rescue Authority	50.99	61.19	71.39	81.59	91.79	112.19	132.59	152.98	183.58
Total Council Tax Bill	1,078.65	1,294.40	1,510.12	1,725.87	1,941.59	2,373.06	2,804.53	3,235.99	3,883.18

	Paris	sh Precept	9,300.00		Tax Base	201.01		
A-	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н
25.71	30.85	35.99	41.13	46.27	56.55	66.83	77.12	92.54
101.17	121.41	141.64	161.88	182.11	222.58	263.05	303.52	364.22
682.72	819.27	955.81	1,092.36	1,228.90	1,501.99	1,775.08	2,048.17	2,457.80
91.72	110.07	128.41	146.76	165.10	201.79	238.48	275.17	330.20
139.56	167.47	195.38	223.29	251.20	307.02	362.84	418.67	502.40
50.99	61.19	71.39	81.59	91.79	112.19	132.59	152.98	183.58
1,091.87	1,310.26	1,528.62	1,747.01	1,965.37	2,402.12	2,838.87	3,275.63	3,930.74
	25.71 101.17 682.72 91.72 139.56 50.99	A- A 25.71 30.85 101.17 121.41 682.72 819.27 91.72 110.07 139.56 167.47 50.99 61.19	25.71 30.85 35.99 101.17 121.41 141.64 682.72 819.27 955.81 91.72 110.07 128.41 139.56 167.47 195.38 50.99 61.19 71.39	A- A B C 25.71 30.85 35.99 41.13 101.17 121.41 141.64 161.88 682.72 819.27 955.81 1,092.36 91.72 110.07 128.41 146.76 139.56 167.47 195.38 223.29 50.99 61.19 71.39 81.59	A- A B C D 25.71 30.85 35.99 41.13 46.27 101.17 121.41 141.64 161.88 182.11 682.72 819.27 955.81 1,092.36 1,228.90 91.72 110.07 128.41 146.76 165.10 139.56 167.47 195.38 223.29 251.20 50.99 61.19 71.39 81.59 91.79	A-         A         B         C         D         E           25.71         30.85         35.99         41.13         46.27         56.55           101.17         121.41         141.64         161.88         182.11         222.58           682.72         819.27         955.81         1,092.36         1,228.90         1,501.99           91.72         110.07         128.41         146.76         165.10         201.79           139.56         167.47         195.38         223.29         251.20         307.02           50.99         61.19         71.39         81.59         91.79         112.19	A-         A         B         C         D         E         F           25.71         30.85         35.99         41.13         46.27         56.55         66.83           101.17         121.41         141.64         161.88         182.11         222.58         263.05           682.72         819.27         955.81         1,092.36         1,228.90         1,501.99         1,775.08           91.72         110.07         128.41         146.76         165.10         201.79         238.48           139.56         167.47         195.38         223.29         251.20         307.02         362.84           50.99         61.19         71.39         81.59         91.79         112.19         132.59	A-         A         B         C         D         E         F         G           25.71         30.85         35.99         41.13         46.27         56.55         66.83         77.12           101.17         121.41         141.64         161.88         182.11         222.58         263.05         303.52           682.72         819.27         955.81         1,092.36         1,228.90         1,501.99         1,775.08         2,048.17           91.72         110.07         128.41         146.76         165.10         201.79         238.48         275.17           139.56         167.47         195.38         223.29         251.20         307.02         362.84         418.67           50.99         61.19         71.39         81.59         91.79         112.19         132.59         152.98

Martock		Paris	sh Precept	381,763.00		Tax Base	1,669.51		
816	A-	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н
Parish	127.04	152.45	177.85	203.26	228.67	279.49	330.30	381.12	457.34
South Somerset District Council	101.17	121.41	141.64	161.88	182.11	222.58	263.05	303.52	364.22
Somerset County Council	682.72	819.27	955.81	1,092.36	1,228.90	1,501.99	1,775.08	2,048.17	2,457.80
Somerset County Council (Adult Social Care)	91.72	110.07	128.41	146.76	165.10	201.79	238.48	275.17	330.20
Avon & Somerset Police and Crime Commissioner	139.56	167.47	195.38	223.29	251.20	307.02	362.84	418.67	502.40
Devon & Somerset Fire & Rescue Authority	50.99	61.19	71.39	81.59	91.79	112.19	132.59	152.98	183.58
Total Council Tax Bill	1,193.20	1,431.86	1,670.48	1,909.14	2,147.77	2,625.06	3,102.34	3,579.63	4,295.54

Merriott		Paris	sh Precept	48,000.00		Tax Base	743.21		
219	A-	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н
Parish	35.88	43.05	50.23	57.40	64.58	78.93	93.28	107.63	129.16
South Somerset District Council	101.17	121.41	141.64	161.88	182.11	222.58	263.05	303.52	364.22
Somerset County Council	682.72	819.27	955.81	1,092.36	1,228.90	1,501.99	1,775.08	2,048.17	2,457.80
Somerset County Council (Adult Social Care)	91.72	110.07	128.41	146.76	165.10	201.79	238.48	275.17	330.20
Avon & Somerset Police and Crime Commissioner	139.56	167.47	195.38	223.29	251.20	307.02	362.84	418.67	502.40
Devon & Somerset Fire & Rescue Authority	50.99	61.19	71.39	81.59	91.79	112.19	132.59	152.98	183.58
Total Council Tax Bill	1,102.04	1,322.46	1,542.86	1,763.28	1,983.68	2,424.50	2,865.32	3,306.14	3,967.36

Milborne Port		Paris	sh Precept	119,255.00		Tax Base	1,152.89		
<b>6</b> 618	A-	Α	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н
ωParish	57.47	68.96	80.45	91.95	103.44	126.43	149.41	172.40	206.88
South Somerset District Council	101.17	121.41	141.64	161.88	182.11	222.58	263.05	303.52	364.22
Somerset County Council	682.72	819.27	955.81	1,092.36	1,228.90	1,501.99	1,775.08	2,048.17	2,457.80
Somerset County Council (Adult Social Care)	91.72	110.07	128.41	146.76	165.10	201.79	238.48	275.17	330.20
Avon & Somerset Police and Crime Commissioner	139.56	167.47	195.38	223.29	251.20	307.02	362.84	418.67	502.40
Devon & Somerset Fire & Rescue Authority	50.99	61.19	71.39	81.59	91.79	112.19	132.59	152.98	183.58
Total Council Tax Bill	1,123.63	1,348.37	1,573.08	1,797.83	2,022.54	2,472.00	2,921.45	3,370.91	4,045.08

Misterton		Paris	sh Precept	24,346.00		Tax Base	383.44		
220	A-	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н
Parish	35.27	42.33	49.38	56.44	63.49	77.60	91.71	105.82	126.98
South Somerset District Council	101.17	121.41	141.64	161.88	182.11	222.58	263.05	303.52	364.22
Somerset County Council	682.72	819.27	955.81	1,092.36	1,228.90	1,501.99	1,775.08	2,048.17	2,457.80
Somerset County Council (Adult Social Care)	91.72	110.07	128.41	146.76	165.10	201.79	238.48	275.17	330.20
Avon & Somerset Police and Crime Commissioner	139.56	167.47	195.38	223.29	251.20	307.02	362.84	418.67	502.40
Devon & Somerset Fire & Rescue Authority	50.99	61.19	71.39	81.59	91.79	112.19	132.59	152.98	183.58
Total Council Tax Bill	1,101.43	1,321.74	1,542.01	1,762.32	1,982.59	2,423.17	2,863.75	3,304.33	3,965.18
				-			•		

Montacute		Paris	h Precept	29,430.00		Tax Base	245.50		
818	A-	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н
Parish	66.60	79.92	93.24	106.56	119.88	146.52	173.16	199.80	239.76
South Somerset District Council	101.17	121.41	141.64	161.88	182.11	222.58	263.05	303.52	364.22
Somerset County Council	682.72	819.27	955.81	1,092.36	1,228.90	1,501.99	1,775.08	2,048.17	2,457.80
Somerset County Council (Adult Social Care)	91.72	110.07	128.41	146.76	165.10	201.79	238.48	275.17	330.20
Avon & Somerset Police and Crime Commissioner	139.56	167.47	195.38	223.29	251.20	307.02	362.84	418.67	502.40
Devon & Somerset Fire & Rescue Authority	50.99	61.19	71.39	81.59	91.79	112.19	132.59	152.98	183.58
Total Council Tax Bill	1,132.76	1,359.33	1,585.87	1,812.44	2,038.98	2,492.09	2,945.20	3,398.31	4,077.96

Muchelney		Paris	sh Precept	0.00		Tax Base	84.40		
523	A-	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н
Parish	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
South Somerset District Council	101.17	121.41	141.64	161.88	182.11	222.58	263.05	303.52	364.22
Somerset County Council	682.72	819.27	955.81	1,092.36	1,228.90	1,501.99	1,775.08	2,048.17	2,457.80
Somerset County Council (Adult Social Care)	91.72	110.07	128.41	146.76	165.10	201.79	238.48	275.17	330.20
Avon & Somerset Police and Crime Commissioner	139.56	167.47	195.38	223.29	251.20	307.02	362.84	418.67	502.40
Devon & Somerset Fire & Rescue Authority	50.99	61.19	71.39	81.59	91.79	112.19	132.59	152.98	183.58
Total Council Tax Bill	1,066.16	1,279.41	1,492.63	1,705.88	1,919.10	2,345.57	2,772.04	3,198.51	3,838.20

<u>Mudford</u>		Paris	sh Precept	42,000.00		Tax Base	281.04		
<b>Ω</b> 819	A-	Α	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н
ωParish	83.02	99.63	116.23	132.84	149.44	182.65	215.86	249.07	298.88
South Somerset District Council	101.17	121.41	141.64	161.88	182.11	222.58	263.05	303.52	364.22
Somerset County Council	682.72	819.27	955.81	1,092.36	1,228.90	1,501.99	1,775.08	2,048.17	2,457.80
Somerset County Council (Adult Social Care)	91.72	110.07	128.41	146.76	165.10	201.79	238.48	275.17	330.20
Avon & Somerset Police and Crime Commissioner	139.56	167.47	195.38	223.29	251.20	307.02	362.84	418.67	502.40
Devon & Somerset Fire & Rescue Authority	50.99	61.19	71.39	81.59	91.79	112.19	132.59	152.98	183.58
Total Council Tax Bill	1,149.18	1,379.04	1,608.86	1,838.72	2,068.54	2,528.22	2,987.90	3,447.58	4,137.08

	Paris	sh Precept	2,589.00		Tax Base	64.36		
A-	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н
22.35	26.82	31.29	35.76	40.23	49.17	58.11	67.05	80.46
101.17	121.41	141.64	161.88	182.11	222.58	263.05	303.52	364.22
682.72	819.27	955.81	1,092.36	1,228.90	1,501.99	1,775.08	2,048.17	2,457.80
91.72	110.07	128.41	146.76	165.10	201.79	238.48	275.17	330.20
139.56	167.47	195.38	223.29	251.20	307.02	362.84	418.67	502.40
50.99	61.19	71.39	81.59	91.79	112.19	132.59	152.98	183.58
1,088.51	1,306.23	1,523.92	1,741.64	1,959.33	2,394.74	2,830.15	3,265.56	3,918.66
	22.35 101.17 682.72 91.72 139.56 50.99	A- A 22.35 26.82 101.17 121.41 682.72 819.27 91.72 110.07 139.56 167.47 50.99 61.19	22.35 26.82 31.29 101.17 121.41 141.64 682.72 819.27 955.81 91.72 110.07 128.41 139.56 167.47 195.38 50.99 61.19 71.39	A- A B C 22.35 26.82 31.29 35.76 101.17 121.41 141.64 161.88 682.72 819.27 955.81 1,092.36 91.72 110.07 128.41 146.76 139.56 167.47 195.38 223.29 50.99 61.19 71.39 81.59	A- A B C D 22.35 26.82 31.29 35.76 40.23 101.17 121.41 141.64 161.88 182.11 682.72 819.27 955.81 1,092.36 1,228.90 91.72 110.07 128.41 146.76 165.10 139.56 167.47 195.38 223.29 251.20 50.99 61.19 71.39 81.59 91.79	A-         A         B         C         D         E           22.35         26.82         31.29         35.76         40.23         49.17           101.17         121.41         141.64         161.88         182.11         222.58           682.72         819.27         955.81         1,092.36         1,228.90         1,501.99           91.72         110.07         128.41         146.76         165.10         201.79           139.56         167.47         195.38         223.29         251.20         307.02           50.99         61.19         71.39         81.59         91.79         112.19	A-         A         B         C         D         E         F           22.35         26.82         31.29         35.76         40.23         49.17         58.11           101.17         121.41         141.64         161.88         182.11         222.58         263.05           682.72         819.27         955.81         1,092.36         1,228.90         1,501.99         1,775.08           91.72         110.07         128.41         146.76         165.10         201.79         238.48           139.56         167.47         195.38         223.29         251.20         307.02         362.84           50.99         61.19         71.39         81.59         91.79         112.19         132.59	A-         A         B         C         D         E         F         G           22.35         26.82         31.29         35.76         40.23         49.17         58.11         67.05           101.17         121.41         141.64         161.88         182.11         222.58         263.05         303.52           682.72         819.27         955.81         1,092.36         1,228.90         1,501.99         1,775.08         2,048.17           91.72         110.07         128.41         146.76         165.10         201.79         238.48         275.17           139.56         167.47         195.38         223.29         251.20         307.02         362.84         418.67           50.99         61.19         71.39         81.59         91.79         112.19         132.59         152.98

North Cadbury		Paris	sh Precept	14,235.00		Tax Base	442.12		
620	A-	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н
Parish	17.89	21.47	25.04	28.62	32.20	39.36	46.51	53.67	64.40
South Somerset District Council	101.17	121.41	141.64	161.88	182.11	222.58	263.05	303.52	364.22
Somerset County Council	682.72	819.27	955.81	1,092.36	1,228.90	1,501.99	1,775.08	2,048.17	2,457.80
Somerset County Council (Adult Social Care)	91.72	110.07	128.41	146.76	165.10	201.79	238.48	275.17	330.20
Avon & Somerset Police and Crime Commissioner	139.56	167.47	195.38	223.29	251.20	307.02	362.84	418.67	502.40
Devon & Somerset Fire & Rescue Authority	50.99	61.19	71.39	81.59	91.79	112.19	132.59	152.98	183.58
Total Council Tax Bill	1,084.05	1,300.88	1,517.67	1,734.50	1,951.30	2,384.93	2,818.55	3,252.18	3,902.60
		<u> </u>	·	·	<u> </u>			<u> </u>	

North Cheriton (North Vale)		Paris	sh Precept	4,333.00		Tax Base	101.41		
621	A-	Α	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н
Parish	23.74	28.49	33.23	37.98	42.73	52.23	61.72	71.22	85.46
South Somerset District Council	101.17	121.41	141.64	161.88	182.11	222.58	263.05	303.52	364.22
Somerset County Council	682.72	819.27	955.81	1,092.36	1,228.90	1,501.99	1,775.08	2,048.17	2,457.80
Somerset County Council (Adult Social Care)	91.72	110.07	128.41	146.76	165.10	201.79	238.48	275.17	330.20
Avon & Somerset Police and Crime Commissioner	139.56	167.47	195.38	223.29	251.20	307.02	362.84	418.67	502.40
Devon & Somerset Fire & Rescue Authority	50.99	61.19	71.39	81.59	91.79	112.19	132.59	152.98	183.58
Total Council Tax Bill	1,089.90	1,307.90	1,525.86	1,743.86	1,961.83	2,397.80	2,833.76	3,269.73	3,923.66

ည် North Perrott		Paris	sh Precept	5,500.00		Tax Base	120.67		
<u>Ω</u> 821	A-	Α	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н
ωParish	25.32	30.39	35.45	40.52	45.58	55.71	65.84	75.97	91.16
South Somerset District Council	101.17	121.41	141.64	161.88	182.11	222.58	263.05	303.52	364.22
Somerset County Council	682.72	819.27	955.81	1,092.36	1,228.90	1,501.99	1,775.08	2,048.17	2,457.80
Somerset County Council (Adult Social Care)	91.72	110.07	128.41	146.76	165.10	201.79	238.48	275.17	330.20
Avon & Somerset Police and Crime Commissioner	139.56	167.47	195.38	223.29	251.20	307.02	362.84	418.67	502.40
Devon & Somerset Fire & Rescue Authority	50.99	61.19	71.39	81.59	91.79	112.19	132.59	152.98	183.58
Total Council Tax Bill	1,091.48	1,309.80	1,528.08	1,746.40	1,964.68	2,401.28	2,837.88	3,274.48	3,929.36

Norton sub Hamdon		Paris	sh Precept	24,955.00		Tax Base	318.41		
822	A-	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н
Parish	43.54	52.25	60.95	69.66	78.37	95.79	113.20	130.62	156.74
South Somerset District Council	101.17	121.41	141.64	161.88	182.11	222.58	263.05	303.52	364.22
Somerset County Council	682.72	819.27	955.81	1,092.36	1,228.90	1,501.99	1,775.08	2,048.17	2,457.80
Somerset County Council (Adult Social Care)	91.72	110.07	128.41	146.76	165.10	201.79	238.48	275.17	330.20
Avon & Somerset Police and Crime Commissioner	139.56	167.47	195.38	223.29	251.20	307.02	362.84	418.67	502.40
Devon & Somerset Fire & Rescue Authority	50.99	61.19	71.39	81.59	91.79	112.19	132.59	152.98	183.58
Total Council Tax Bill	1,109.70	1,331.66	1,553.58	1,775.54	1,997.47	2,441.36	2,885.24	3,329.13	3,994.94
							·		

Odcombe		Paris	sh Precept	20,100.00		Tax Base	289.76		
823	A-	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н
Parish	38.54	46.25	53.95	61.66	69.37	84.79	100.20	115.62	138.74
South Somerset District Council	101.17	121.41	141.64	161.88	182.11	222.58	263.05	303.52	364.22
Somerset County Council	682.72	819.27	955.81	1,092.36	1,228.90	1,501.99	1,775.08	2,048.17	2,457.80
Somerset County Council (Adult Social Care)	91.72	110.07	128.41	146.76	165.10	201.79	238.48	275.17	330.20
Avon & Somerset Police and Crime Commissioner	139.56	167.47	195.38	223.29	251.20	307.02	362.84	418.67	502.40
Devon & Somerset Fire & Rescue Authority	50.99	61.19	71.39	81.59	91.79	112.19	132.59	152.98	183.58
Total Council Tax Bill	1,104.70	1,325.66	1,546.58	1,767.54	1,988.47	2,430.36	2,872.24	3,314.13	3,976.94

Pen Selwood		Paris	sh Precept	6,313.00		Tax Base	170.77		
622	A-	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н
Parish	20.54	24.65	28.75	32.86	36.97	45.19	53.40	61.62	73.94
South Somerset District Council	101.17	121.41	141.64	161.88	182.11	222.58	263.05	303.52	364.22
Somerset County Council	682.72	819.27	955.81	1,092.36	1,228.90	1,501.99	1,775.08	2,048.17	2,457.80
Somerset County Council (Adult Social Care)	91.72	110.07	128.41	146.76	165.10	201.79	238.48	275.17	330.20
Avon & Somerset Police and Crime Commissioner	139.56	167.47	195.38	223.29	251.20	307.02	362.84	418.67	502.40
Devon & Somerset Fire & Rescue Authority	50.99	61.19	71.39	81.59	91.79	112.19	132.59	152.98	183.58
Total Council Tax Bill	1,086.70	1,304.06	1,521.38	1,738.74	1,956.07	2,390.76	2,825.44	3,260.13	3,912.14

Pitcombe		Paris	sh Precept	7,151.00		Tax Base	190.03		
Φ 623	A-	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н
ω Parish	20.91	25.09	29.27	33.45	37.63	45.99	54.35	62.72	75.26
South Somerset District Council	101.17	121.41	141.64	161.88	182.11	222.58	263.05	303.52	364.22
Somerset County Council	682.72	819.27	955.81	1,092.36	1,228.90	1,501.99	1,775.08	2,048.17	2,457.80
Somerset County Council (Adult Social Care)	91.72	110.07	128.41	146.76	165.10	201.79	238.48	275.17	330.20
Avon & Somerset Police and Crime Commissioner	139.56	167.47	195.38	223.29	251.20	307.02	362.84	418.67	502.40
Devon & Somerset Fire & Rescue Authority	50.99	61.19	71.39	81.59	91.79	112.19	132.59	152.98	183.58
Total Council Tax Bill	1,087.07	1,304.50	1,521.90	1,739.33	1,956.73	2,391.56	2,826.39	3,261.23	3,913.46

A 15.42 21.41	B 17.99 141.64	C 20.56	D 23.13	E 28.27	F 33.41	G 38.55	H
			23.13	28.27	33.41	20 55	40.00
21.41	1/1/6/				••••	36.33	46.26
	141.04	161.88	182.11	222.58	263.05	303.52	364.22
19.27	955.81	1,092.36	1,228.90	1,501.99	1,775.08	2,048.17	2,457.80
10.07	128.41	146.76	165.10	201.79	238.48	275.17	330.20
67.47	195.38	223.29	251.20	307.02	362.84	418.67	502.40
61.19	71.39	81.59	91.79	112.19	132.59	152.98	183.58
94.83	1,510.62	1,726.44	1,942.23	2,373.84	2,805.45	3,237.06	3,884.46
1 6	9.27 0.07 67.47 61.19	9.27 955.81 0.07 128.41 67.47 195.38 61.19 71.39	9.27     955.81     1,092.36       0.07     128.41     146.76       67.47     195.38     223.29       61.19     71.39     81.59	9.27     955.81     1,092.36     1,228.90       0.07     128.41     146.76     165.10       67.47     195.38     223.29     251.20       61.19     71.39     81.59     91.79	9.27     955.81     1,092.36     1,228.90     1,501.99       0.07     128.41     146.76     165.10     201.79       67.47     195.38     223.29     251.20     307.02       61.19     71.39     81.59     91.79     112.19	9.27     955.81     1,092.36     1,228.90     1,501.99     1,775.08       0.07     128.41     146.76     165.10     201.79     238.48       67.47     195.38     223.29     251.20     307.02     362.84       61.19     71.39     81.59     91.79     112.19     132.59	9.27     955.81     1,092.36     1,228.90     1,501.99     1,775.08     2,048.17       0.07     128.41     146.76     165.10     201.79     238.48     275.17       67.47     195.38     223.29     251.20     307.02     362.84     418.67       61.19     71.39     81.59     91.79     112.19     132.59     152.98

Puckington		Paris	sh Precept	0.00		Tax Base	53.85		
525	A-	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н
Parish	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
South Somerset District Council	101.17	121.41	141.64	161.88	182.11	222.58	263.05	303.52	364.22
Somerset County Council	682.72	819.27	955.81	1,092.36	1,228.90	1,501.99	1,775.08	2,048.17	2,457.80
Somerset County Council (Adult Social Care)	91.72	110.07	128.41	146.76	165.10	201.79	238.48	275.17	330.20
Avon & Somerset Police and Crime Commissioner	139.56	167.47	195.38	223.29	251.20	307.02	362.84	418.67	502.40
Devon & Somerset Fire & Rescue Authority	50.99	61.19	71.39	81.59	91.79	112.19	132.59	152.98	183.58
Total Council Tax Bill	1,066.16	1,279.41	1,492.63	1,705.88	1,919.10	2,345.57	2,772.04	3,198.51	3,838.20
	-								

Queen Camel		Parish Precept		20,000.00	Tax Base		328.43		
624	A-	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н
Parish	33.83	40.60	47.37	54.13	60.90	74.43	87.97	101.50	121.80
South Somerset District Council	101.17	121.41	141.64	161.88	182.11	222.58	263.05	303.52	364.22
Somerset County Council	682.72	819.27	955.81	1,092.36	1,228.90	1,501.99	1,775.08	2,048.17	2,457.80
Somerset County Council (Adult Social Care)	91.72	110.07	128.41	146.76	165.10	201.79	238.48	275.17	330.20
Avon & Somerset Police and Crime Commissioner	139.56	167.47	195.38	223.29	251.20	307.02	362.84	418.67	502.40
Devon & Somerset Fire & Rescue Authority	50.99	61.19	71.39	81.59	91.79	112.19	132.59	152.98	183.58
Total Council Tax Bill	1,099.99	1,320.01	1,540.00	1,760.01	1,980.00	2,420.00	2,860.01	3,300.01	3,960.00

<u>N</u> Rimpton	Parish Precept			6,155.00		Tax Base	119.42		
© 824	A-	Α	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н
ωParish	28.63	34.36	40.09	45.81	51.54	62.99	74.45	85.90	103.08
South Somerset District Council	101.17	121.41	141.64	161.88	182.11	222.58	263.05	303.52	364.22
Somerset County Council	682.72	819.27	955.81	1,092.36	1,228.90	1,501.99	1,775.08	2,048.17	2,457.80
Somerset County Council (Adult Social Care)	91.72	110.07	128.41	146.76	165.10	201.79	238.48	275.17	330.20
Avon & Somerset Police and Crime Commissioner	139.56	167.47	195.38	223.29	251.20	307.02	362.84	418.67	502.40
Devon & Somerset Fire & Rescue Authority	50.99	61.19	71.39	81.59	91.79	112.19	132.59	152.98	183.58
Total Council Tax Bill	1,094.79	1,313.77	1,532.72	1,751.69	1,970.64	2,408.56	2,846.49	3,284.41	3,941.28

	Parish Precept		15,710.00	Tax Base		172.88		
A-	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н
50.48	60.58	70.68	80.77	90.87	111.06	131.26	151.45	181.74
101.17	121.41	141.64	161.88	182.11	222.58	263.05	303.52	364.22
682.72	819.27	955.81	1,092.36	1,228.90	1,501.99	1,775.08	2,048.17	2,457.80
91.72	110.07	128.41	146.76	165.10	201.79	238.48	275.17	330.20
139.56	167.47	195.38	223.29	251.20	307.02	362.84	418.67	502.40
50.99	61.19	71.39	81.59	91.79	112.19	132.59	152.98	183.58
1,116.64	1,339.99	1,563.31	1,786.65	2,009.97	2,456.63	2,903.30	3,349.96	4,019.94
	50.48 101.17 682.72 91.72 139.56 50.99	A- A 50.48 60.58 101.17 121.41 682.72 819.27 91.72 110.07 139.56 167.47 50.99 61.19	A- A B 50.48 60.58 70.68 101.17 121.41 141.64 682.72 819.27 955.81 91.72 110.07 128.41 139.56 167.47 195.38 50.99 61.19 71.39	A- A B C 50.48 60.58 70.68 80.77 101.17 121.41 141.64 161.88 682.72 819.27 955.81 1,092.36 91.72 110.07 128.41 146.76 139.56 167.47 195.38 223.29 50.99 61.19 71.39 81.59	A-         A         B         C         D           50.48         60.58         70.68         80.77         90.87           101.17         121.41         141.64         161.88         182.11           682.72         819.27         955.81         1,092.36         1,228.90           91.72         110.07         128.41         146.76         165.10           139.56         167.47         195.38         223.29         251.20           50.99         61.19         71.39         81.59         91.79	A-         A         B         C         D         E           50.48         60.58         70.68         80.77         90.87         111.06           101.17         121.41         141.64         161.88         182.11         222.58           682.72         819.27         955.81         1,092.36         1,228.90         1,501.99           91.72         110.07         128.41         146.76         165.10         201.79           139.56         167.47         195.38         223.29         251.20         307.02           50.99         61.19         71.39         81.59         91.79         112.19	A-         A         B         C         D         E         F           50.48         60.58         70.68         80.77         90.87         111.06         131.26           101.17         121.41         141.64         161.88         182.11         222.58         263.05           682.72         819.27         955.81         1,092.36         1,228.90         1,501.99         1,775.08           91.72         110.07         128.41         146.76         165.10         201.79         238.48           139.56         167.47         195.38         223.29         251.20         307.02         362.84           50.99         61.19         71.39         81.59         91.79         112.19         132.59	A-         A         B         C         D         E         F         G           50.48         60.58         70.68         80.77         90.87         111.06         131.26         151.45           101.17         121.41         141.64         161.88         182.11         222.58         263.05         303.52           682.72         819.27         955.81         1,092.36         1,228.90         1,501.99         1,775.08         2,048.17           91.72         110.07         128.41         146.76         165.10         201.79         238.48         275.17           139.56         167.47         195.38         223.29         251.20         307.02         362.84         418.67           50.99         61.19         71.39         81.59         91.79         112.19         132.59         152.98

Seavington St. Michael		Paris	sh Precept	5,290.00		Tax Base	58.22		
222	A-	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н
Parish	50.48	60.57	70.67	80.76	90.86	111.05	131.24	151.43	181.72
South Somerset District Council	101.17	121.41	141.64	161.88	182.11	222.58	263.05	303.52	364.22
Somerset County Council	682.72	819.27	955.81	1,092.36	1,228.90	1,501.99	1,775.08	2,048.17	2,457.80
Somerset County Council (Adult Social Care)	91.72	110.07	128.41	146.76	165.10	201.79	238.48	275.17	330.20
Avon & Somerset Police and Crime Commissioner	139.56	167.47	195.38	223.29	251.20	307.02	362.84	418.67	502.40
Devon & Somerset Fire & Rescue Authority	50.99	61.19	71.39	81.59	91.79	112.19	132.59	152.98	183.58
Total Council Tax Bill	1,116.64	1,339.98	1,563.30	1,786.64	2,009.96	2,456.62	2,903.28	3,349.94	4,019.92
	<del></del>								

Shepton Beauchamp		Paris	sh Precept	23,500.00		Tax Base	296.52		
223	A-	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н
Parish	44.03	52.83	61.64	70.44	79.25	96.86	114.47	132.08	158.50
South Somerset District Council	101.17	121.41	141.64	161.88	182.11	222.58	263.05	303.52	364.22
Somerset County Council	682.72	819.27	955.81	1,092.36	1,228.90	1,501.99	1,775.08	2,048.17	2,457.80
Somerset County Council (Adult Social Care)	91.72	110.07	128.41	146.76	165.10	201.79	238.48	275.17	330.20
Avon & Somerset Police and Crime Commissioner	139.56	167.47	195.38	223.29	251.20	307.02	362.84	418.67	502.40
Devon & Somerset Fire & Rescue Authority	50.99	61.19	71.39	81.59	91.79	112.19	132.59	152.98	183.58
Total Council Tax Bill	1,110.19	1,332.24	1,554.27	1,776.32	1,998.35	2,442.43	2,886.51	3,330.59	3,996.70

Shepton Montague		Paris	sh Precept	3,000.00		Tax Base	94.94		
<u>α</u> 625	A-	Α	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н
ωParish	17.56	21.07	24.58	28.09	31.60	38.62	45.64	52.67	63.20
South Somerset District Council	101.17	121.41	141.64	161.88	182.11	222.58	263.05	303.52	364.22
Somerset County Council	682.72	819.27	955.81	1,092.36	1,228.90	1,501.99	1,775.08	2,048.17	2,457.80
Somerset County Council (Adult Social Care)	91.72	110.07	128.41	146.76	165.10	201.79	238.48	275.17	330.20
Avon & Somerset Police and Crime Commissioner	139.56	167.47	195.38	223.29	251.20	307.02	362.84	418.67	502.40
Devon & Somerset Fire & Rescue Authority	50.99	61.19	71.39	81.59	91.79	112.19	132.59	152.98	183.58
Total Council Tax Bill	1,083.72	1,300.48	1,517.21	1,733.97	1,950.70	2,384.19	2,817.68	3,251.18	3,901.40

	Paris	sh Precept	440,000.00		Tax Base	1,976.40		
A-	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н
123.68	148.42	173.16	197.89	222.63	272.10	321.58	371.05	445.26
101.17	121.41	141.64	161.88	182.11	222.58	263.05	303.52	364.22
682.72	819.27	955.81	1,092.36	1,228.90	1,501.99	1,775.08	2,048.17	2,457.80
91.72	110.07	128.41	146.76	165.10	201.79	238.48	275.17	330.20
139.56	167.47	195.38	223.29	251.20	307.02	362.84	418.67	502.40
50.99	61.19	71.39	81.59	91.79	112.19	132.59	152.98	183.58
1,189.84	1,427.83	1,665.79	1,903.77	2,141.73	2,617.67	3,093.62	3,569.56	4,283.46
	123.68 101.17 682.72 91.72 139.56 50.99	A- A 123.68 148.42 101.17 121.41 682.72 819.27 91.72 110.07 139.56 167.47 50.99 61.19	123.68148.42173.16101.17121.41141.64682.72819.27955.8191.72110.07128.41139.56167.47195.3850.9961.1971.39	A- A B C 123.68 148.42 173.16 197.89 101.17 121.41 141.64 161.88 682.72 819.27 955.81 1,092.36 91.72 110.07 128.41 146.76 139.56 167.47 195.38 223.29 50.99 61.19 71.39 81.59	A- A B C D 123.68 148.42 173.16 197.89 222.63 101.17 121.41 141.64 161.88 182.11 682.72 819.27 955.81 1,092.36 1,228.90 91.72 110.07 128.41 146.76 165.10 139.56 167.47 195.38 223.29 251.20 50.99 61.19 71.39 81.59 91.79	A-         A         B         C         D         E           123.68         148.42         173.16         197.89         222.63         272.10           101.17         121.41         141.64         161.88         182.11         222.58           682.72         819.27         955.81         1,092.36         1,228.90         1,501.99           91.72         110.07         128.41         146.76         165.10         201.79           139.56         167.47         195.38         223.29         251.20         307.02           50.99         61.19         71.39         81.59         91.79         112.19	A-         A         B         C         D         E         F           123.68         148.42         173.16         197.89         222.63         272.10         321.58           101.17         121.41         141.64         161.88         182.11         222.58         263.05           682.72         819.27         955.81         1,092.36         1,228.90         1,501.99         1,775.08           91.72         110.07         128.41         146.76         165.10         201.79         238.48           139.56         167.47         195.38         223.29         251.20         307.02         362.84           50.99         61.19         71.39         81.59         91.79         112.19         132.59	A-         A         B         C         D         E         F         G           123.68         148.42         173.16         197.89         222.63         272.10         321.58         371.05           101.17         121.41         141.64         161.88         182.11         222.58         263.05         303.52           682.72         819.27         955.81         1,092.36         1,228.90         1,501.99         1,775.08         2,048.17           91.72         110.07         128.41         146.76         165.10         201.79         238.48         275.17           139.56         167.47         195.38         223.29         251.20         307.02         362.84         418.67           50.99         61.19         71.39         81.59         91.79         112.19         132.59         152.98

South Barrow (Cary Moor)		Paris	sh Precept	2,869.00		Tax Base	71.33		
626	A-	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н
Parish	22.34	26.81	31.28	35.75	40.22	49.16	58.10	67.03	80.44
South Somerset District Council	101.17	121.41	141.64	161.88	182.11	222.58	263.05	303.52	364.22
Somerset County Council	682.72	819.27	955.81	1,092.36	1,228.90	1,501.99	1,775.08	2,048.17	2,457.80
Somerset County Council (Adult Social Care)	91.72	110.07	128.41	146.76	165.10	201.79	238.48	275.17	330.20
Avon & Somerset Police and Crime Commissioner	139.56	167.47	195.38	223.29	251.20	307.02	362.84	418.67	502.40
Devon & Somerset Fire & Rescue Authority	50.99	61.19	71.39	81.59	91.79	112.19	132.59	152.98	183.58
Total Council Tax Bill	1,088.50	1,306.22	1,523.91	1,741.63	1,959.32	2,394.73	2,830.14	3,265.54	3,918.64

South Cadbury and Sutton Montis		Paris	sh Precept	6,000.00		Tax Base	155.85		
627	A-	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н
Parish	21.39	25.67	29.94	34.22	38.50	47.06	55.61	64.17	77.00
South Somerset District Council	101.17	121.41	141.64	161.88	182.11	222.58	263.05	303.52	364.22
Somerset County Council	682.72	819.27	955.81	1,092.36	1,228.90	1,501.99	1,775.08	2,048.17	2,457.80
Somerset County Council (Adult Social Care)	91.72	110.07	128.41	146.76	165.10	201.79	238.48	275.17	330.20
Avon & Somerset Police and Crime Commissioner	139.56	167.47	195.38	223.29	251.20	307.02	362.84	418.67	502.40
Devon & Somerset Fire & Rescue Authority	50.99	61.19	71.39	81.59	91.79	112.19	132.59	152.98	183.58
Total Council Tax Bill	1,087.55	1,305.08	1,522.57	1,740.10	1,957.60	2,392.63	2,827.65	3,262.68	3,915.20

ည် South Petherton		Paris	h Precept	210,000.00		Tax Base	1,481.64		
<u>Φ</u> 825	A-	Α	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н
ωParish	78.74	94.49	110.23	125.98	141.73	173.23	204.72	236.22	283.46
South Somerset District Council	101.17	121.41	141.64	161.88	182.11	222.58	263.05	303.52	364.22
Somerset County Council	682.72	819.27	955.81	1,092.36	1,228.90	1,501.99	1,775.08	2,048.17	2,457.80
Somerset County Council (Adult Social Care)	91.72	110.07	128.41	146.76	165.10	201.79	238.48	275.17	330.20
Avon & Somerset Police and Crime Commissioner	139.56	167.47	195.38	223.29	251.20	307.02	362.84	418.67	502.40
Devon & Somerset Fire & Rescue Authority	50.99	61.19	71.39	81.59	91.79	112.19	132.59	152.98	183.58
Total Council Tax Bill	1,144.90	1,373.90	1,602.86	1,831.86	2,060.83	2,518.80	2,976.76	3,434.73	4,121.66

	Paris	sh Precept	8,200.00		Tax Base	305.49		
A-	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н
14.91	17.89	20.88	23.86	26.84	32.80	38.77	44.73	53.68
101.17	121.41	141.64	161.88	182.11	222.58	263.05	303.52	364.22
682.72	819.27	955.81	1,092.36	1,228.90	1,501.99	1,775.08	2,048.17	2,457.80
91.72	110.07	128.41	146.76	165.10	201.79	238.48	275.17	330.20
139.56	167.47	195.38	223.29	251.20	307.02	362.84	418.67	502.40
50.99	61.19	71.39	81.59	91.79	112.19	132.59	152.98	183.58
1,081.07	1,297.30	1,513.51	1,729.74	1,945.94	2,378.37	2,810.81	3,243.24	3,891.88
	14.91 101.17 682.72 91.72 139.56 50.99	A- A 14.91 17.89 101.17 121.41 682.72 819.27 91.72 110.07 139.56 167.47 50.99 61.19	14.9117.8920.88101.17121.41141.64682.72819.27955.8191.72110.07128.41139.56167.47195.3850.9961.1971.39	A- A B C 14.91 17.89 20.88 23.86 101.17 121.41 141.64 161.88 682.72 819.27 955.81 1,092.36 91.72 110.07 128.41 146.76 139.56 167.47 195.38 223.29 50.99 61.19 71.39 81.59	A-         A         B         C         D           14.91         17.89         20.88         23.86         26.84           101.17         121.41         141.64         161.88         182.11           682.72         819.27         955.81         1,092.36         1,228.90           91.72         110.07         128.41         146.76         165.10           139.56         167.47         195.38         223.29         251.20           50.99         61.19         71.39         81.59         91.79	A-         A         B         C         D         E           14.91         17.89         20.88         23.86         26.84         32.80           101.17         121.41         141.64         161.88         182.11         222.58           682.72         819.27         955.81         1,092.36         1,228.90         1,501.99           91.72         110.07         128.41         146.76         165.10         201.79           139.56         167.47         195.38         223.29         251.20         307.02           50.99         61.19         71.39         81.59         91.79         112.19	A-         A         B         C         D         E         F           14.91         17.89         20.88         23.86         26.84         32.80         38.77           101.17         121.41         141.64         161.88         182.11         222.58         263.05           682.72         819.27         955.81         1,092.36         1,228.90         1,501.99         1,775.08           91.72         110.07         128.41         146.76         165.10         201.79         238.48           139.56         167.47         195.38         223.29         251.20         307.02         362.84           50.99         61.19         71.39         81.59         91.79         112.19         132.59	A-         A         B         C         D         E         F         G           14.91         17.89         20.88         23.86         26.84         32.80         38.77         44.73           101.17         121.41         141.64         161.88         182.11         222.58         263.05         303.52           682.72         819.27         955.81         1,092.36         1,228.90         1,501.99         1,775.08         2,048.17           91.72         110.07         128.41         146.76         165.10         201.79         238.48         275.17           139.56         167.47         195.38         223.29         251.20         307.02         362.84         418.67           50.99         61.19         71.39         81.59         91.79         112.19         132.59         152.98

Stocklinch		Paris	sh Precept	2,500.00		Tax Base	61.26		
224	A-	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н
Parish	22.67	27.21	31.74	36.28	40.81	49.88	58.95	68.02	81.62
South Somerset District Council	101.17	121.41	141.64	161.88	182.11	222.58	263.05	303.52	364.22
Somerset County Council	682.72	819.27	955.81	1,092.36	1,228.90	1,501.99	1,775.08	2,048.17	2,457.80
Somerset County Council (Adult Social Care)	91.72	110.07	128.41	146.76	165.10	201.79	238.48	275.17	330.20
Avon & Somerset Police and Crime Commissioner	139.56	167.47	195.38	223.29	251.20	307.02	362.84	418.67	502.40
Devon & Somerset Fire & Rescue Authority	50.99	61.19	71.39	81.59	91.79	112.19	132.59	152.98	183.58
Total Council Tax Bill	1,088.83	1,306.62	1,524.37	1,742.16	1,959.91	2,395.45	2,830.99	3,266.53	3,919.82
		·						·	

Stoke sub Hamdon		Paris	sh Precept	71,412.00		Tax Base	723.90		
826	A-	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н
Parish	54.81	65.77	76.73	87.69	98.65	120.57	142.49	164.42	197.30
South Somerset District Council	101.17	121.41	141.64	161.88	182.11	222.58	263.05	303.52	364.22
Somerset County Council	682.72	819.27	955.81	1,092.36	1,228.90	1,501.99	1,775.08	2,048.17	2,457.80
Somerset County Council (Adult Social Care)	91.72	110.07	128.41	146.76	165.10	201.79	238.48	275.17	330.20
Avon & Somerset Police and Crime Commissioner	139.56	167.47	195.38	223.29	251.20	307.02	362.84	418.67	502.40
Devon & Somerset Fire & Rescue Authority	50.99	61.19	71.39	81.59	91.79	112.19	132.59	152.98	183.58
Total Council Tax Bill	1,120.97	1,345.18	1,569.36	1,793.57	2,017.75	2,466.14	2,914.53	3,362.93	4,035.50

Stoke Trister & Bayford		Paris	h Precept	14,795.00		Tax Base	168.18		
<u>Ω</u> 629	A-	Α	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н
ωParish	48.87	58.65	68.42	78.20	87.97	107.52	127.07	146.62	175.94
South Somerset District Council	101.17	121.41	141.64	161.88	182.11	222.58	263.05	303.52	364.22
Somerset County Council	682.72	819.27	955.81	1,092.36	1,228.90	1,501.99	1,775.08	2,048.17	2,457.80
Somerset County Council (Adult Social Care)	91.72	110.07	128.41	146.76	165.10	201.79	238.48	275.17	330.20
Avon & Somerset Police and Crime Commissioner	139.56	167.47	195.38	223.29	251.20	307.02	362.84	418.67	502.40
Devon & Somerset Fire & Rescue Authority	50.99	61.19	71.39	81.59	91.79	112.19	132.59	152.98	183.58
Total Council Tax Bill	1,115.03	1,338.06	1,561.05	1,784.08	2,007.07	2,453.09	2,899.11	3,345.13	4,014.14

	Paris	sh Precept	46,800.00		Tax Base	966.72		
A-	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н
26.89	32.27	37.65	43.03	48.41	59.17	69.93	80.68	96.82
101.17	121.41	141.64	161.88	182.11	222.58	263.05	303.52	364.22
682.72	819.27	955.81	1,092.36	1,228.90	1,501.99	1,775.08	2,048.17	2,457.80
91.72	110.07	128.41	146.76	165.10	201.79	238.48	275.17	330.20
139.56	167.47	195.38	223.29	251.20	307.02	362.84	418.67	502.40
50.99	61.19	71.39	81.59	91.79	112.19	132.59	152.98	183.58
1,093.05	1,311.68	1,530.28	1,748.91	1,967.51	2,404.74	2,841.97	3,279.19	3,935.02
	26.89 101.17 682.72 91.72 139.56 50.99	A- A 26.89 32.27 101.17 121.41 682.72 819.27 91.72 110.07 139.56 167.47 50.99 61.19	26.89 32.27 37.65 101.17 121.41 141.64 682.72 819.27 955.81 91.72 110.07 128.41 139.56 167.47 195.38 50.99 61.19 71.39	A- A B C 26.89 32.27 37.65 43.03 101.17 121.41 141.64 161.88 682.72 819.27 955.81 1,092.36 91.72 110.07 128.41 146.76 139.56 167.47 195.38 223.29 50.99 61.19 71.39 81.59	A- A B C D 26.89 32.27 37.65 43.03 48.41 101.17 121.41 141.64 161.88 182.11 682.72 819.27 955.81 1,092.36 1,228.90 91.72 110.07 128.41 146.76 165.10 139.56 167.47 195.38 223.29 251.20 50.99 61.19 71.39 81.59 91.79	A-         A         B         C         D         E           26.89         32.27         37.65         43.03         48.41         59.17           101.17         121.41         141.64         161.88         182.11         222.58           682.72         819.27         955.81         1,092.36         1,228.90         1,501.99           91.72         110.07         128.41         146.76         165.10         201.79           139.56         167.47         195.38         223.29         251.20         307.02           50.99         61.19         71.39         81.59         91.79         112.19	A-         A         B         C         D         E         F           26.89         32.27         37.65         43.03         48.41         59.17         69.93           101.17         121.41         141.64         161.88         182.11         222.58         263.05           682.72         819.27         955.81         1,092.36         1,228.90         1,501.99         1,775.08           91.72         110.07         128.41         146.76         165.10         201.79         238.48           139.56         167.47         195.38         223.29         251.20         307.02         362.84           50.99         61.19         71.39         81.59         91.79         112.19         132.59	A-         A         B         C         D         E         F         G           26.89         32.27         37.65         43.03         48.41         59.17         69.93         80.68           101.17         121.41         141.64         161.88         182.11         222.58         263.05         303.52           682.72         819.27         955.81         1,092.36         1,228.90         1,501.99         1,775.08         2,048.17           91.72         110.07         128.41         146.76         165.10         201.79         238.48         275.17           139.56         167.47         195.38         223.29         251.20         307.02         362.84         418.67           50.99         61.19         71.39         81.59         91.79         112.19         132.59         152.98

Tintinhull		Darie	sh Precept	39,629.00		Tax Base	349.07		
827	^	_	•	39,029.00 C	D	E	543.07 F	0	Н
	A-	A 75.00	B				•	G	
Parish	63.07	75.69	88.30	100.92	113.53	138.76	163.99	189.22	227.06
South Somerset District Council	101.17	121.41	141.64	161.88	182.11	222.58	263.05	303.52	364.22
Somerset County Council	682.72	819.27	955.81	1,092.36	1,228.90	1,501.99	1,775.08	2,048.17	2,457.80
Somerset County Council (Adult Social Care)	91.72	110.07	128.41	146.76	165.10	201.79	238.48	275.17	330.20
Avon & Somerset Police and Crime Commissioner	139.56	167.47	195.38	223.29	251.20	307.02	362.84	418.67	502.40
Devon & Somerset Fire & Rescue Authority	50.99	61.19	71.39	81.59	91.79	112.19	132.59	152.98	183.58
Total Council Tax Bill	1,129.23	1,355.10	1,580.93	1,806.80	2,032.63	2,484.33	2,936.03	3,387.73	4,065.26
Wambrook		Paris	sh Precept	0.00		Tax Base	90.71		
225	A-	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н
Parish	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
South Somerset District Council	101.17	121.41	141.64	161.88	182.11	222.58	263.05	303.52	364.22
Somerset County Council	682.72	819.27	955.81	1,092.36	1,228.90	1,501.99	1,775.08	2,048.17	2,457.80
Somerset County Council (Adult Social Care)	91.72	110.07	128.41	146.76	165.10	201.79	238.48	275.17	330.20
Avon & Somerset Police and Crime Commissioner	139.56	167.47	195.38	223.29	251.20	307.02	362.84	418.67	502.40
Devon & Somerset Fire & Rescue Authority	50.99	61.19	71.39	81.59	91.79	112.19	132.59	152.98	183.58
Total Council Tax Bill	1,066.16	1,279.41	1,492.63	1,705.88	1,919.10	2,345.57	2,772.04	3,198.51	3,838.20
Δ Wayford		Paris	sh Precept	3,400.00		Tax Base	51.87		
Φ 226	A-	Α	В	C	D	E	F	G	Н
ω Parish	36.42	43.70	50.98	58.27	65.55	80.12	94.68	109.25	131.10
South Somerset District Council	101.17	121.41	141.64	161.88	182.11	222.58	263.05	303.52	364.22
Somerset County Council	682.72	819.27	955.81	1,092.36	1,228.90	1,501.99	1,775.08	2,048.17	2,457.80
Somerset County Council (Adult Social Care)	91.72	110.07	128.41	146.76	165.10	201.79	238.48	275.17	330.20
Avon & Somerset Police and Crime Commissioner	139.56	167.47	195.38	223.29	251.20	307.02	362.84	418.67	502.40
Devon & Somerset Fire & Rescue Authority	50.99	61.19	71.39	81.59	91.79	112.19	132.59	152.98	183.58
Total Council Tax Bill	1,102.58	1,323.11	1,543.61	1,764.15	1,984.65	2,425.69	2,866.72	3,307.76	3,969.30
Total Courion Fax Din	1,102.00	1,020.11	1,0 10.01	1,104.10	1,004.00	2,420.00	2,000.12	0,007.70	0,000.00
Wasfard (Of Michaela Obara I				10010-					
Wayford (St Michaels Churchyard)	_	_	sh Precept	1,264.00	_	Tax Base	51.87	_	
226	A-	Α	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н
Parish	13.54	16.25	18.95	21.66	24.37	29.79	35.20	40.62	48.74
South Somerset District Council									
Somerset County Council									
Somerset County Council (Adult Social Care)									
Avon & Somerset Police and Crime Commissioner									
Devon & Somerset Fire & Rescue Authority									
Total Council Tax Bill	13.54	16.25	18.95	21.66	24.37	29.79	35.20	40.62	48.74
							34.24		

West Camel		Paris	sh Precept	10,000.00		Tax Base	185.03		
828	A-	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н
Parish	30.03	36.03	42.04	48.04	54.05	66.06	78.07	90.08	108.10
South Somerset District Council	101.17	121.41	141.64	161.88	182.11	222.58	263.05	303.52	364.22
Somerset County Council	682.72	819.27	955.81	1,092.36	1,228.90	1,501.99	1,775.08	2,048.17	2,457.80
Somerset County Council (Adult Social Care)	91.72	110.07	128.41	146.76	165.10	201.79	238.48	275.17	330.20
Avon & Somerset Police and Crime Commissioner	139.56	167.47	195.38	223.29	251.20	307.02	362.84	418.67	502.40
Devon & Somerset Fire & Rescue Authority	50.99	61.19	71.39	81.59	91.79	112.19	132.59	152.98	183.58
Total Council Tax Bill	1,096.19	1,315.44	1,534.67	1,753.92	1,973.15	2,411.63	2,850.11	3,288.59	3,946.30

West & Middle Chinnock		Paris	sh Precept	15,000.00		Tax Base	246.46		
829	A-	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н
Parish	33.81	40.57	47.34	54.10	60.86	74.38	87.91	101.43	121.72
South Somerset District Council	101.17	121.41	141.64	161.88	182.11	222.58	263.05	303.52	364.22
Somerset County Council	682.72	819.27	955.81	1,092.36	1,228.90	1,501.99	1,775.08	2,048.17	2,457.80
Somerset County Council (Adult Social Care)	91.72	110.07	128.41	146.76	165.10	201.79	238.48	275.17	330.20
Avon & Somerset Police and Crime Commissioner	139.56	167.47	195.38	223.29	251.20	307.02	362.84	418.67	502.40
Devon & Somerset Fire & Rescue Authority	50.99	61.19	71.39	81.59	91.79	112.19	132.59	152.98	183.58
Total Council Tax Bill	1,099.97	1,319.98	1,539.97	1,759.98	1,979.96	2,419.95	2,859.95	3,299.94	3,959.92

ຼັ້ນ West Coker		Paris	sh Precept	65,400.00		Tax Base	832.98		
<b>©</b> 830	A-	Α	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н
ωParish	43.62	52.34	61.06	69.79	78.51	95.96	113.40	130.85	157.02
South Somerset District Council	101.17	121.41	141.64	161.88	182.11	222.58	263.05	303.52	364.22
Somerset County Council	682.72	819.27	955.81	1,092.36	1,228.90	1,501.99	1,775.08	2,048.17	2,457.80
Somerset County Council (Adult Social Care)	91.72	110.07	128.41	146.76	165.10	201.79	238.48	275.17	330.20
Avon & Somerset Police and Crime Commissioner	139.56	167.47	195.38	223.29	251.20	307.02	362.84	418.67	502.40
Devon & Somerset Fire & Rescue Authority	50.99	61.19	71.39	81.59	91.79	112.19	132.59	152.98	183.58
Total Council Tax Bill	1,109.78	1,331.75	1,553.69	1,775.67	1,997.61	2,441.53	2,885.44	3,329.36	3,995.22

West Crewkerne		Paris	sh Precept	6,470.00		Tax Base	220.33		
227	A-	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н
Parish	16.32	19.58	22.84	26.11	29.37	35.90	42.42	48.95	58.74
South Somerset District Council	101.17	121.41	141.64	161.88	182.11	222.58	263.05	303.52	364.22
Somerset County Council	682.72	819.27	955.81	1,092.36	1,228.90	1,501.99	1,775.08	2,048.17	2,457.80
Somerset County Council (Adult Social Care)	91.72	110.07	128.41	146.76	165.10	201.79	238.48	275.17	330.20
Avon & Somerset Police and Crime Commissioner	139.56	167.47	195.38	223.29	251.20	307.02	362.84	418.67	502.40
Devon & Somerset Fire & Rescue Authority	50.99	61.19	71.39	81.59	91.79	112.19	132.59	152.98	183.58
Total Council Tax Bill	1,082.48	1,298.99	1,515.47	1,731.99	1,948.47	2,381.47	2,814.46	3,247.46	3,896.94
	·								

Whitelackington		Paris	sh Precept	510.00		Tax Base	73.60		
228	A-	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н
Parish	3.85	4.62	5.39	6.16	6.93	8.47	10.01	11.55	13.86
South Somerset District Council	101.17	121.41	141.64	161.88	182.11	222.58	263.05	303.52	364.22
Somerset County Council	682.72	819.27	955.81	1,092.36	1,228.90	1,501.99	1,775.08	2,048.17	2,457.80
Somerset County Council (Adult Social Care)	91.72	110.07	128.41	146.76	165.10	201.79	238.48	275.17	330.20
Avon & Somerset Police and Crime Commissioner	139.56	167.47	195.38	223.29	251.20	307.02	362.84	418.67	502.40
Devon & Somerset Fire & Rescue Authority	50.99	61.19	71.39	81.59	91.79	112.19	132.59	152.98	183.58
Total Council Tax Bill	1,070.01	1,284.03	1,498.02	1,712.04	1,926.03	2,354.04	2,782.05	3,210.06	3,852.06
		·		·	·	·	·	·	

Whitestaunton		Paris	sh Precept	0.00		Tax Base	114.78		
229	A-	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н
Parish	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
South Somerset District Council	101.17	121.41	141.64	161.88	182.11	222.58	263.05	303.52	364.22
Somerset County Council	682.72	819.27	955.81	1,092.36	1,228.90	1,501.99	1,775.08	2,048.17	2,457.80
Somerset County Council (Adult Social Care)	91.72	110.07	128.41	146.76	165.10	201.79	238.48	275.17	330.20
Avon & Somerset Police and Crime Commissioner	139.56	167.47	195.38	223.29	251.20	307.02	362.84	418.67	502.40
Devon & Somerset Fire & Rescue Authority	50.99	61.19	71.39	81.59	91.79	112.19	132.59	152.98	183.58
Total Council Tax Bill	1,066.16	1,279.41	1,492.63	1,705.88	1,919.10	2,345.57	2,772.04	3,198.51	3,838.20

ည် Wincanton Town		Paris	sh Precept	392,734.00		Tax Base	2,145.35		
<b>6</b> 30	A-	Α	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н
ωParish	101.70	122.04	142.38	162.72	183.06	223.74	264.42	305.10	366.12
South Somerset District Council	101.17	121.41	141.64	161.88	182.11	222.58	263.05	303.52	364.22
Somerset County Council	682.72	819.27	955.81	1,092.36	1,228.90	1,501.99	1,775.08	2,048.17	2,457.80
Somerset County Council (Adult Social Care)	91.72	110.07	128.41	146.76	165.10	201.79	238.48	275.17	330.20
Avon & Somerset Police and Crime Commissioner	139.56	167.47	195.38	223.29	251.20	307.02	362.84	418.67	502.40
Devon & Somerset Fire & Rescue Authority	50.99	61.19	71.39	81.59	91.79	112.19	132.59	152.98	183.58
Total Council Tax Bill	1,167.86	1,401.45	1,635.01	1,868.60	2,102.16	2,569.31	3,036.46	3,503.61	4,204.32

	Paris	sh Precept	21,043.00		Tax Base	288.04		
A-	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н
40.59	48.71	56.82	64.94	73.06	89.30	105.53	121.77	146.12
101.17	121.41	141.64	161.88	182.11	222.58	263.05	303.52	364.22
682.72	819.27	955.81	1,092.36	1,228.90	1,501.99	1,775.08	2,048.17	2,457.80
91.72	110.07	128.41	146.76	165.10	201.79	238.48	275.17	330.20
139.56	167.47	195.38	223.29	251.20	307.02	362.84	418.67	502.40
50.99	61.19	71.39	81.59	91.79	112.19	132.59	152.98	183.58
1,106.75	1,328.12	1,549.45	1,770.82	1,992.16	2,434.87	2,877.57	3,320.28	3,984.32
	40.59 101.17 682.72 91.72 139.56 50.99	A- A 40.59 48.71 101.17 121.41 682.72 819.27 91.72 110.07 139.56 167.47 50.99 61.19	A- A B 40.59 48.71 56.82 101.17 121.41 141.64 682.72 819.27 955.81 91.72 110.07 128.41 139.56 167.47 195.38 50.99 61.19 71.39	A- A B C 40.59 48.71 56.82 64.94 101.17 121.41 141.64 161.88 682.72 819.27 955.81 1,092.36 91.72 110.07 128.41 146.76 139.56 167.47 195.38 223.29 50.99 61.19 71.39 81.59	A-         A         B         C         D           40.59         48.71         56.82         64.94         73.06           101.17         121.41         141.64         161.88         182.11           682.72         819.27         955.81         1,092.36         1,228.90           91.72         110.07         128.41         146.76         165.10           139.56         167.47         195.38         223.29         251.20           50.99         61.19         71.39         81.59         91.79	A-         A         B         C         D         E           40.59         48.71         56.82         64.94         73.06         89.30           101.17         121.41         141.64         161.88         182.11         222.58           682.72         819.27         955.81         1,092.36         1,228.90         1,501.99           91.72         110.07         128.41         146.76         165.10         201.79           139.56         167.47         195.38         223.29         251.20         307.02           50.99         61.19         71.39         81.59         91.79         112.19	A-         A         B         C         D         E         F           40.59         48.71         56.82         64.94         73.06         89.30         105.53           101.17         121.41         141.64         161.88         182.11         222.58         263.05           682.72         819.27         955.81         1,092.36         1,228.90         1,501.99         1,775.08           91.72         110.07         128.41         146.76         165.10         201.79         238.48           139.56         167.47         195.38         223.29         251.20         307.02         362.84           50.99         61.19         71.39         81.59         91.79         112.19         132.59	A-         A         B         C         D         E         F         G           40.59         48.71         56.82         64.94         73.06         89.30         105.53         121.77           101.17         121.41         141.64         161.88         182.11         222.58         263.05         303.52           682.72         819.27         955.81         1,092.36         1,228.90         1,501.99         1,775.08         2,048.17           91.72         110.07         128.41         146.76         165.10         201.79         238.48         275.17           139.56         167.47         195.38         223.29         251.20         307.02         362.84         418.67           50.99         61.19         71.39         81.59         91.79         112.19         132.59         152.98

Yarlington (North Cadbury)		Paris	sh Precept	2,065.00		Tax Base	64.13		
631	A-	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н
Parish	17.89	21.47	25.04	28.62	32.20	39.36	46.51	53.67	64.40
South Somerset District Council	101.17	121.41	141.64	161.88	182.11	222.58	263.05	303.52	364.22
Somerset County Council	682.72	819.27	955.81	1,092.36	1,228.90	1,501.99	1,775.08	2,048.17	2,457.80
Somerset County Council (Adult Social Care)	91.72	110.07	128.41	146.76	165.10	201.79	238.48	275.17	330.20
Avon & Somerset Police and Crime Commissioner	139.56	167.47	195.38	223.29	251.20	307.02	362.84	418.67	502.40
Devon & Somerset Fire & Rescue Authority	50.99	61.19	71.39	81.59	91.79	112.19	132.59	152.98	183.58
Total Council Tax Bill	1,084.05	1,300.88	1,517.67	1,734.50	1,951.30	2,384.93	2,818.55	3,252.18	3,902.60
	-								

Yeovil Town		Paris	sh Precept	1,273,440.00		Tax Base	8,930.76		
701	A-	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н
Parish	79.22	95.06	110.90	126.75	142.59	174.28	205.96	237.65	285.18
South Somerset District Council	101.17	121.41	141.64	161.88	182.11	222.58	263.05	303.52	364.22
Somerset County Council	682.72	819.27	955.81	1,092.36	1,228.90	1,501.99	1,775.08	2,048.17	2,457.80
Somerset County Council (Adult Social Care)	91.72	110.07	128.41	146.76	165.10	201.79	238.48	275.17	330.20
Avon & Somerset Police and Crime Commissioner	139.56	167.47	195.38	223.29	251.20	307.02	362.84	418.67	502.40
Devon & Somerset Fire & Rescue Authority	50.99	61.19	71.39	81.59	91.79	112.19	132.59	152.98	183.58
Total Council Tax Bill	1,145.38	1,374.47	1,603.53	1,832.63	2,061.69	2,519.85	2,978.00	3,436.16	4,123.38

ည် Yeovil Without		Paris	h Precept	143,716.00		Tax Base	3,053.69		
<u>Ω</u> 832	A-	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н
ωParish	26.14	31.37	36.60	41.83	47.06	57.52	67.98	78.43	94.12
$oxed{\omega}$ South Somerset District Council	101.17	121.41	141.64	161.88	182.11	222.58	263.05	303.52	364.22
Somerset County Council	682.72	819.27	955.81	1,092.36	1,228.90	1,501.99	1,775.08	2,048.17	2,457.80
Somerset County Council (Adult Social Care)	91.72	110.07	128.41	146.76	165.10	201.79	238.48	275.17	330.20
Avon & Somerset Police and Crime Commissioner	139.56	167.47	195.38	223.29	251.20	307.02	362.84	418.67	502.40
Devon & Somerset Fire & Rescue Authority	50.99	61.19	71.39	81.59	91.79	112.19	132.59	152.98	183.58
Total Council Tax Bill	1,092.30	1,310.78	1,529.23	1,747.71	1,966.16	2,403.09	2,840.02	3,276.94	3,932.32

Yeovilton		Paris	h Precept	3,900.00		Tax Base	158.38		
831	A-	Α	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н
Parish	13.68	16.41	19.15	21.88	24.62	30.09	35.56	41.03	49.24
South Somerset District Council	101.17	121.41	141.64	161.88	182.11	222.58	263.05	303.52	364.22
Somerset County Council	682.72	819.27	955.81	1,092.36	1,228.90	1,501.99	1,775.08	2,048.17	2,457.80
Somerset County Council (Adult Social Care)	91.72	110.07	128.41	146.76	165.10	201.79	238.48	275.17	330.20
Avon & Somerset Police and Crime Commissioner	139.56	167.47	195.38	223.29	251.20	307.02	362.84	418.67	502.40
Devon & Somerset Fire & Rescue Authority	50.99	61.19	71.39	81.59	91.79	112.19	132.59	152.98	183.58
Total Council Tax Bill	1,079.84	1,295.82	1,511.78	1,727.76	1,943.72	2,375.66	2,807.60	3,239.54	3,887.44
			<u> </u>	·	•				



#### **Statutory Pay Policy Statement for Chief Officers 2021/22**

Executive Portfolio Holder: Val Keitch, Leader of the Council,

Chief Executive: Jane Portman, Chief Executive & Head of Paid Service

Director: Nicola Hix, Director Strategy & Support Services

Contact Details: nicola.hix@southsomerset.gov.uk

#### **Purpose of the Report**

 This document sets out South Somerset District Council's Pay Policy Statement (PPS) for 2021/22 which is revised and published at least annually following approval at Full Council.

2. In the context of managing scarce public resources, remuneration at all levels within the Council needs to be adequate to secure and retain high- quality employees dedicated to the service of the public, but at the same time needs to avoid being unnecessarily generous or otherwise excessive.

#### **Public Interest**

- 3. The pay policy statement must be formally approved at a Full Council meeting by the end of Financial Year, though it can be amended in-year with Full Council approval.
- 4. The pay policy statement must be published on the authority's website.

#### Recommendation

5. That Council consider and approve the proposed Statutory Pay Policy Statement for publication.

#### **Background & Scope**

- 6. The definitions of chief officer and deputy chief officer to be covered by the pay policy statement are defined by the legislation.
- 7. The Pay Policy Statement for South Somerset District Council (SSDC) will apply to the following posts which collectively will be referred to as 'chief officers' for the purpose of this statement:
  - Chief Executive Officer
  - Director posts
  - Head of Paid Service



- Monitoring Officer
- Section 151 (Finance) Officer
- A person for whom the head of the authority's paid service is directly responsible.
- A person who, as respects all or most of their post, is required to report directly
  or is directly accountable to the local authority themselves or any committee or
  sub-committee of the authority.
- 8. A deputy chief officer who, as respects all or most of the duties of his post, is required to report directly or is directly accountable to one or more of the statutory or non-statutory chief officers.

Note: A person whose duties are solely secretarial or clerical or are otherwise in the nature of support services shall not be regarded as a non-statutory chief officer or a deputy chief officer.

#### **Remuneration and Pay Ratios**

## The levels and elements of remuneration for chief and senior officers (at year end 31<sup>st</sup> March 2021)

9. Below are listed the salaries of Chief Officers in posts where the FTE remuneration is above the £58,200 threshold level.

Post	Statutory Role	Salary (per annum, per full time equivalent)	Bonus or Performance related pay	Other Allowances (excludes business mileage claims)	Pension Enhancement in Year	Post end date
Chief Executive	Head of Paid Service	£118,767.00  (Actual Gross Pay to include Salary Sacrifice Childcare deductions - £462.00) = £118,305	No	Essential Car User Allowance £1,048	No	
Director – Support Services		FTE £83,110		No	No	

# **South Somerset**District Council

	Couricii	T		1 1		
Director-Strategy		FTE £83,110	No	No	No	
and Commissioning						
Director –		FTE £83,110	£5,000	No	No	
Commercial and						
Income Generation						
Director – Service		£80,875.82 +	£5,000	No	No	21/3/21
Delivery		Overtime				
·		£574.08				
Director – Place		£83,110	No	Essential	No	
(Temporary)				Car User		
				Allowance		
				64.040		
				£1,048		
Monitoring Officer	Monitoring	Agreement with	No	No	No	31/3/21
	Officer	Eastleigh				
		Borough Council				
		£37.25 ph				
		Total £24,014				
Section 151 Officer	Section 151	£68,708 FTE	No	No	No	18/3/21
**						

<sup>\*\*</sup> On the 15.03.21 a new Interim S151 Officer started at the council, on a 6 Month contract, the total cost for 2020/21 being £9k

#### The full time remuneration of the lowest paid employee

Definition	Salary (per	Bonuses or	Other Benefits	Pension
	annum)	Performance		Enhancement
		related pay		in Year
Employee on lowest pay spine point scp	£18,198	No	No	No
2 £18,198 for contracted staff				

- 10. The lowest paid employee is defined as an employee on the lowest spine point of Pay Grade 1 (scale point 2) the lowest grade for posts within the authorities pay scheme. Excluded for this purpose are any appointments under the Work Placement Schemes and Internships Policy, apprenticeships and casual employees.
- 11. Under the Single Status Scheme approved by Full Council this is the minimum starting salary for any employee covered by the scheme. Nationally the lowest pay point is National Pay Scale 6 (£19,698).
- 12. Through this policy the pay multiple of highest paid employee will be monitored annually. Should the multiplier between the annual salary paid to a full time employee on the lowest



spine point and the annual remuneration paid to the highest paid employee be greater than 10 then this will be reported by the Leader of the Council to Full Council for consideration.

13. The multiplier of remuneration of highest paid employee to other officers

	Total remuneration per annum (including lease car value and travel allowance)
FTE median pay for all employees	£25,991
Pay multiple of highest paid employee to median average FTE salary	4.61
Pay multiple of highest paid employee to lowest paid FTE	6.58

#### **Pay Framework**

- 14. Chief Executive and Director Posts The Leader of the Council will, after taking independent pay advice from South West Councils or similar, review the remuneration package for the Chief Executive and Director posts. If changes are to be made to the package the Leader will recommend the revised remuneration package to the above posts to Full Council. Revisions to the remuneration package will be subject to the approval of Full Council.
- 15. **All other officer posts -** The remuneration on appointment for all other posts will be set within the Single Status Scheme approved by Full Council. All staff are assigned a pay grade using the Council's agreed job evaluation system. All posts are evaluated by a trained job evaluation panel which includes a trade union representative.

#### Increases in remuneration (directly employed posts)

- 16. Chief Executive and Director Posts The Leader of the Council shall recommend to Full Council within the remuneration package prior to appointment how salary progression and any annual pay reviews will be administered or calculated. Any other subsequent changes to the remuneration package will be subject to further Full Council approval.
- 17. All other posts The salary progression for all other posts covered by this Pay Policy statement will be set within the Single Status Scheme approved by Full Council. Salary increases in relation to the cost of living will be made in line with National Joint Council recommendations

#### **Use of Performance Related Pay for Chief Officers**

18. Any performance related pay schemes for chief officers will be subject to approval by Full Council prior to implementation. No performance related pay scheme is currently operated or exists for chief officers.

#### **Use of Bonuses or Honoraria for Chief Officers**



- 19. Bonus or honoraria payments to chief officers (other than the Chief Executive) will only be paid if approved by the Chief Executive in consultation with the Leader.
- 20. Bonus or honoraria payments to the Chief Executive will only be paid if approved in advance by the Full Council. None are currently paid and none have been approved.

#### **Use of Market Supplements**

21. Market supplements may be applied to posts in certain circumstances as outlined in the Market Supplement Policy. When a decision is made to use market supplements for any chief officer post this will be reported to Full Council. We have not applied to any senior posts.

# Payment of chief officers on their ceasing to hold office under or be employed by the authority

22. Any termination payments to chief officers on ceasing office will comply with the current Redundancy and Severance Pay Policy, which was approved by Full Council in December 2010. This policy applies equally to all employees of the Council. No additional termination payments will be made without the approval of Full Council. Any statutory caps on final termination payments in place on the termination date will be applied.

# Remuneration of chief officers who return to Local Authority employment

- 23. Where the chief officer was a previously employed chief officer who left with a severance payment and applies to comeback as a chief officer, District Executive approval would be required to authorise re-employment, (if within the severance payment payback period.)
- 24. Where the chief officer was previously employed by the same authority and have comeback as a chief officer under a contract for services District Executive will be required to approve any award of a 'contract for services'.
- 25. If an employee receiving a pension from the Local Government Pension scheme becomes re-employed then their pension could be affected. If their pension plus the earnings from their new job is higher than the final pay their pension was calculated on, then their pension will be affected. For every pound that their earnings plus pension exceed previous pay, then their pension will reduce by a pound. This abatement will last for as long as the person exceeds their limit (so either when the new job ends or they reduce their hours so their earnings drop down below the acceptable level). However, abatement is not applied where the member's pension is less than £3,000 per annum.

# Publication of and access to information relating to remuneration of chief officers

26. The remuneration of chief officers earning over a salary of £58,200 per annum will be published on the South Somerset District Council website.

#### **Payments for Duties at Elections**

27. Fees, in addition to salary, are paid to the individual undertaking the role of Returning Officer. This practice happens nationally and the fees are paid in a variety of ways



depending on the type of election that is taking place. The Electoral Claims Unit (ECU) pays for national referenda and the Police and Crime Commissioner (PCC) fees are determined according to the Fees and Charges Order from the Secretary of State. County, District, Town and Parish Councils pay for their elections. These payments are not within the scope of this policy.

#### **Financial Implications**

28. There are no direct financial implications resulting from the Pay Policy Statement for Chief Officers.

#### **Corporate Priority Implications**

29. The recommendation will support decision making in the financial interests of the Council.

#### **Carbon Emissions and Climate Change Implications**

30. There is no impact resulting from the recommendations of this report.

#### **Equality and Diversity Implications**

31. The principles of equal pay have been fully considered in the production of this statement.



# Final recommendation of the Community Governance Review of Yeovilton Parish Council and Limington Parish Meeting

Executive Portfolio Holder: Peter Seib, Finance and Legal Services
Ward Member(s) Tony Capozzoli, Charlie Hull, Paul Rowsell
Strategic Director: Nicola Hix, Strategy and Support Services

Service Manager: Jill Byron, Monitoring Officer

Lead Officer: Angela Cox, Democratic Services Specialist

Contact Details: Angela.cox@southsomerset.gov.uk or 01935 462148

#### **Purpose of the Report**

1. To report the outcome of the final public consultation (Community Governance Review) which has taken place in the parishes of Yeovilton and Limington on the proposal to join the two parishes together (under the provisions of Part 4 of the Local Government and Public Involvement in Health Act 2007).

#### **Public Interest**

- 2. A Community Governance Review is a review of the whole or part of a district to consider one or more of the following:
  - creating, merging, altering or abolishing parishes;
  - the naming of parishes and the style (i.e. whether to call it a town council or village council etc) of new parishes;
  - the electoral arrangements for parishes the ordinary year of election, the size of the council, the number of councillors to be elected and parish warding;
  - grouping parishes under a common parish council, or de-grouping parishes.
- 3. The Local Government and Public Involvement in Health Act, 2007, sets down the principal legal framework within which councils must undertake these reviews.

#### Recommendations

- 4. That Council:
  - a. note the results of the consultation in the parishes of Yeovilton and Limington;
  - b. agree that the final recommendation be: "To accept the vote from the people of Yeovilton and Limington and to form a single parish council to be named "Yeovilton and District Parish Council".
  - c. agree to draw up a Reorganisation Order to give effect to this recommendation;
  - d. agree to contact the statutory agencies to notify them of the new joined parishes.

#### **Background**

# South Somerset District Council

- 5. A valid request was received from Yeovilton Parish Council and Limington Parish Meeting in February 2019, requesting that the District Council conduct a consultation (Community Governance Review) of all the electors and local interested groups to ask if they would be agreeable to form a single Parish Council. Consultation within the parishes has now taken place and this report details the outcome of that consultation.
- 6. Following receipt of the requests from both Parishes, the Local Government Boundary Commission were contacted to obtain permission to accept the requests as the District Council had undergone a Ward boundary review in 2017/18 and were unsure if we could effect any further changes for 5 years. However, the Local Government Boundary Commission confirmed that the review could go ahead. It was subsequently delayed during 2020 by the Covid 19 restrictions but the full consultation process has new been completed and the Reorganisation Order will give effect to the proposed changes from 1st March 2022. This will be in time for the Parish Council elections in May 2022.

#### **Report Detail**

- 7. In their request, the parishes stated a number of reasons for wishing the two parishes to be grouped including:
  - Yeovilton Parish Council already encompasses the communities of Yeovilton, Podimore, Bridghampton and Speckington, and would welcome Limington as part of a bigger parish.
  - Yeoviton Parish Council recently increased the number of parish councillors from 5 to 7, and feel there would be no need to increase the number further as representation from Limington would be welcomed.
  - Limington residents would benefit from representation by regular parish council meetings and a Parish Clerk.
  - Joining the parishes will mean a wider Council Tax base which could reduce slightly the overall Council Tax per household in Yeovilton Parish, whilst not increasing by as larger a margin in Limington Parish.
  - If the merger is agreed, it is proposed to amend the name of the new Parish Council to Yeovilton and District Parish Council. This will encompass all the villages in the new parish.

#### Consultation

- 8. The initial consultation period was held from 27 September to 05 November 2021 and the second consultation period was from 20 December 2021 to 19 January 2022.
- **9.** As previously reported, a total of 107 responses were received during the first consultation period (16.5% of the total electorate). Of the 107 responses, 89 were in favour of the proposal and 18 were against it. **No responses were received during the second consultation period.**
- 10. Having taken into account all consultation responses made, and having regard to the need to ensure that Community Governance within the area reflects the identities and interests of the community, and is effective and convenient, the recommendation of



officers is: "To accept the vote from the people of Yeovilton and Limington and to form a single parish council to be named "Yeovilton and District Parish Council".

#### **Financial Implications**

- 11. The cost of producing the consultation leaflets (675) and distributing by second class post was £488. There has been a cost in staff time in the production of the consultation leaflets and the analysis of the responses and these costs have been absorbed within the existing Democratic Services budget.
- 12. The second consultation on the draft proposals was through the SSDC Website, local press and posters and the cost was less than £20.
- 13. There is no specific budget for Community Governance Reviews and all costs have been absorbed within the existing Democratic Services budget for 2021/22. Additionally, there is no power to re-charge the cost of the review to any other Council, except by agreement. This is because the statutory power to conduct the review rests with this Council.

#### Legal implications (if any) and details of Statutory Powers

14. This Community Governance Review has taken place under the provisions of Part 4 of the Local Government and Public Involvement in Health Act 2007.

#### **Council Plan Implications**

15. Our Values: **Working collaboratively -** Working with partners to enhance outcomes for our communities.

#### **Carbon Emissions and Climate Change Implications**

16. No implications at the current time.

#### **Equality and Diversity Implications**

17. The local government electors within the parishes of Yeovilton (including Yeovilton, Podimore, Bridghampton, and Speckington) and Limington were consulted on the proposal and their views considered as part of the consultation process. The council must have regard to the need to secure that the community governance arrangements for the area and the identities and interests of the community in the area are effective and convenient.

#### **South Somerset**

An Equality Impact Relevance Check Form has been completed in respect of the Proposal?	Yes
The Impact Relevance Check indicated that a full EIA was required?	No

If an EIA was **not** required please attach the Impact Relevance Check Form as an Appendix to this report and provide a brief summary of its findings in the comments box below.

If an EIA was required please attach the completed EIA form as an Appendix to this report and provide a brief summary of the result of your Equality Impact Assessment in the comment box below.

#### Additional Comments

All the registered electors of both parishes were consulted on this proposal.

The proposal will provide the residents of Limington with representation at regular parish council meetings and the assistance of a Parish Clerk to potentially access future funding.

#### **Privacy Impact Assessment**

18. The only personal data collected has been the names and addresses of the residents responding to the consultation, to ascertain that they are eligible (i.e. a registered elector within the parish of either Yeovilton or Limington) to participate. This information has only been processed by SSDC staff and will be retained until the conclusion of the review. The data is held securely and will be deleted at the conclusion of the review.

#### **Background Papers**

Local Government and Public Involvement in Health Act 2007

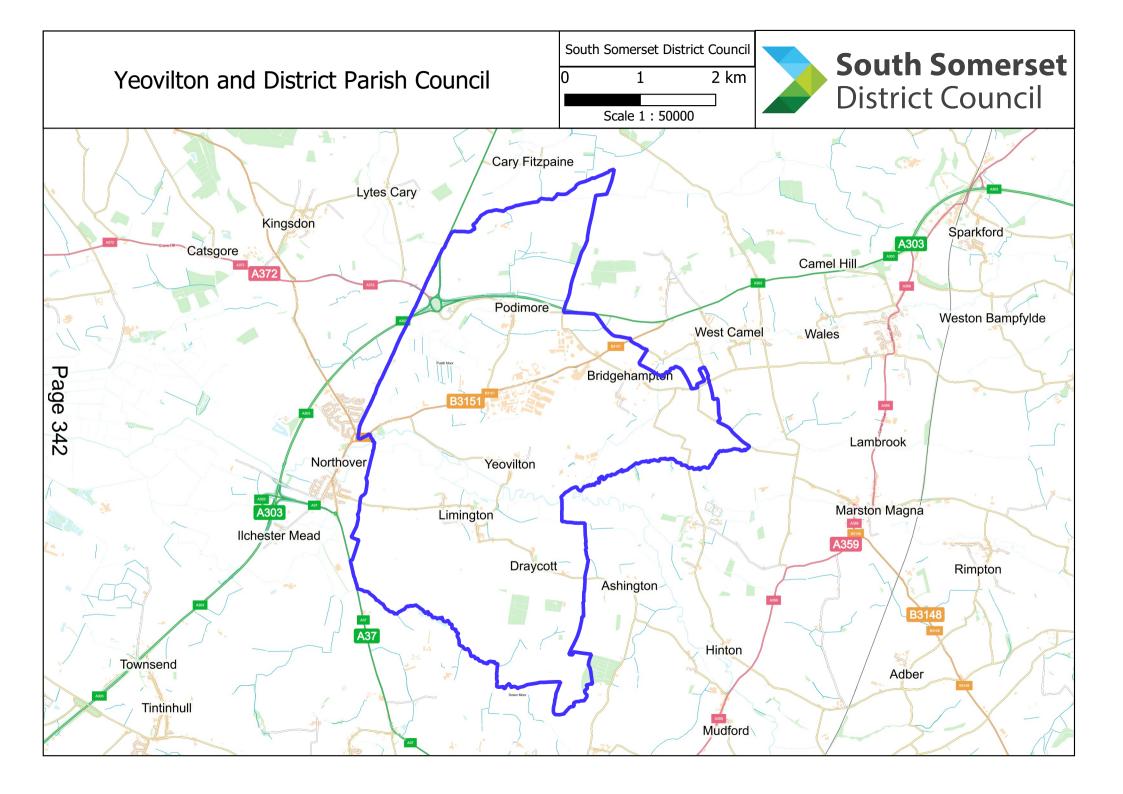
The Electoral Commission Guidance on Community Governance Reviews, April 2008 Formal request from Yeovilton Parish Council

Formal request from Limington Parish Meeting

Proposed joining of Yeovilton Parish Council and Limington Parish Meeting – Community Governance Review Report to Council – July 2020

Terms of Reference of the Community Governance Review of the Parish Arrangements for Yeovilton Parish Council and Limington Parish Meeting

Report to Council - December 2021



# **Equality Impact Relevance Check**Form



The Public Sector Equality Duty requires us to eliminate discrimination, advance equality of opportunity and foster good relations with protected groups. This tool will identify the equalities relevance of a proposal, and establish whether a full Equality Impact Assessment will be required.

What is the proposal?	
Name of the proposal	Recommendation of the Community Governance
	Review
Type of proposal (new or changed Strategy,	Service
policy, project, service or budget):	
Brief description of the proposal:	To join Limington Parish Meeting with Yeovilton Parish
	Council
Name of lead officer:	Angela Cox

You should consider whether the proposal has the potential to negatively impact on citizens or staff in the following ways:

- Access to or participation in a service,
- · Levels of representation in our workforce, or
- Reducing quality of life (i.e. health, education, standard of living)

A negative impact is any change that could be considered detrimental. If a negative impact is imposed on any citizens or staff with protected characteristics, the Council has a legal duty to undertake a full Equality Impact Assessment.

Could your proposal negatively impact citizens with protected characteristics? (This	NO
includes service users and the wider community)	
Could your proposal negatively impact staff with protected characteristics? (i.e.	NO
reduction in posts, changes to working hours or locations, changes in pay)	

Is a full Equality Impact Assessment required?	? NO				
If Yes, Please provide a brief description of where there may be negative impacts, and for whom. Then					
complete a full Equality Impact assessment Fo	rm				
If No, Please set out your justification for why	not.				
The proposal will deliver a positive outcome	for the residents of Limington by providing				
representation at regular parish council mee	tings and the assistance of a Parish Clerk to potentially				
access future funding. There is no change for	r the residents of Yeoviliton Parish.This change will have				
no negative impacts for people with Protect	ed Characteristics resident in either Yeovilton or				
Limington parish.					
Service Director / Manager sign-off and date   Jess Power 17.02.22					
Equalities Officer sign-off and date Dave Crisfield 17 <sup>th</sup> February 2022					



#### **Report of Executive Decisions**

Executive Portfolio Holder: Val Keitch, Leader of Council, Strategy and Housing

Director: Jill Byron, Monitoring Officer

Lead Officer: Angela Cox, Democratic Services Specialist

Contact Details: angela.cox@southsomerset.gov.uk or (01935) 462148

#### **Purpose of the Report**

This report is submitted for information and summarises decisions taken by the Chief Executive, Portfolio Holders and District Executive Committee since the last meeting of Council in January 2022.

Members are invited to ask any questions of the Portfolio Holders.

#### **Background Papers**

All Published

# Page 345

### Appendix A

Portfolio	Subject	Decision	Taken By	Date
Environment	Somerset Waste Partnership Annual Action Plan & Business Case	That District Executive recommend that the Chief Executive:-  a. Approve the Somerset Waste Partnership's (SWP) Draft Business Plan 2022-2027 and draft Budget 2022-23 (see Appendix A);  b. Recommend to Full Council at its meeting on 28th February 2022 to approve an increase to the 2022-23 revenue budget of £235,120 that will arise from approving the Business Plan;  c. Note the progress of the continued implementation of Recycle More across the county.	District Executive	10/02/2022
Area West	Future Chard Strategy	<ul> <li>That District Executive:-</li> <li>a. noted the feedback provided through the public consultation;</li> <li>b. noted that the strategy had been updated in response to the public consultation;</li> <li>c. recommends the Future Chard Strategy for adoption by Full Council.</li> </ul>	District Executive	10/02/2022
Finance and Legal Services	Council Tax Policies	That District Executive recommend that the Chief Executive:- a. approve the introduction of a policy document which collates current Council practice in the administration of discounts and premiums for empty properties; b. approve the amendments to the S13A (1) (c) Local Government Act 1992 Policy (Discretionary Reduction in Council Tax Liability).	District Executive	10/02/2022

Portfolio	Subject	Decision	Taken By	Date
Finance and Legal Services	Business Rate Reliefs	<ul> <li>That District Executive recommend that the Chief Executive:-</li> <li>a. approve the use of the Councils local discretionary powers to award retail, hospitality and leisure relief of 50 percent from April 2022 for one year.</li> <li>b. approve the use of the Councils local discretionary powers to award CARF relief retrospectively from 1 April 2021 to 31 March 2022. and delegate final approval of the scheme adopted to the Director of Service Delivery and the Portfolio Holder for Finance.</li> <li>c. approve the use of the Councils local discretionary powers to award transitional relief and supporting small business rates relief from April 2022 for one year.</li> <li>d. approve the updated Discretionary Business Rates Relief Policy.</li> </ul>	District Executive	10/02/2022
Strategy and Policy	Corporate Performance Report 2021-22: 3 <sup>rd</sup> Quarter	District Executive noted the report.	District Executive	10/02/2022
Finance and Legal Services	2021/22 Revenue Budget Monitoring Report for the Period Ending 31 <sup>st</sup> December 2021	<ul> <li>That District Executive:-</li> <li>a. noted the variances being forecast against the 2021/22 revised revenue budget agreed by Council in December 2021 as set out in Table One.</li> <li>b. noted the transfers made to date to and from reserves outlined in Table Three.</li> <li>c. noted the budget virements made under delegated authority as detailed in Appendix A.</li> <li>d. noted the forecast year-end reserves position shown in Appendix B.</li> </ul>	District Executive	10/02/2022

Portfolio	Subject	Decision	Taken By	Date
Finance and Legal Services	2021/22 Capital Budget Monitoring Report for the Perod Ending 31 <sup>st</sup> December 2021	<ul> <li>That District Executive:- <ul> <li>a. noted the contents of the report.</li> <li>b. recommends to Full Council on 28th February 2022 to:</li> <li>Increase the capital programme by £782k as set out in Table One, noting that £552k of this increase will be funded from Section 106 funds.</li> <li>Remove £5.156m from the capital programme as described in paragraph 12 of the report.</li> </ul> </li></ul>	District Executive	10/02/2022
Finance and Legal Services	Annual Action Plan 2022/23	This report appears on the Council Agenda	District Executive	17/02/2022
Envionrment	Decarbonisation programme phase 2 proposals	This report appears on the Council Agenda	District Executive	17/02/2022
Yeovil Crematorium/Area South	Options to refursbish Yeovil Crematorium	This report appears on the Council Agenda	District Executive	17/02/2022
Health and Well- being	Octagon Theatre Finance Report	This report appears on the Council Agenda	District Executive	17/02/2022
Yeovil Refresh	Financing the Yeovil Refresh	This report appears on the Council Agenda	District Executive	17/02/2022
Wincanton Regenerartion	Wincanton Regeneration Finance Report	This report appears on the Council Agenda	District Executive	17/02/2022
Leader of the Council	Ensuring sufficient staffing capacity during 2022/23	This report appears on the Council Agenda	District Executive	17/02/2022
Finance and Legal Services	2022/23 Budget report	This report appears on the Council Agenda	District Executive	17/02/2022



#### **Audit Committee**

Committee Chairman: Cllr Martin Carnell

Lead Officer: Karen Watling, Section 151 Officer
Contact Details: Karen.watling@southsomerset.gov.uk

This report summarises the items considered by the Audit Committee since the last report to Council in December 2021.

The Audit committee met informally on the 16th February 2022.

Below are the items that have been considered.

- SWAP Internal Audit Progress Report 2021-22
- Treasury Management Strategy Statement 2022/23
- Cyber Security Update
- Update from Audit Committee Terms of Reference Working Group

The next meeting is scheduled to take place on Thursday 24th March 10.00am

Martin Carnell
Chairman of Audit Committee



#### **Scrutiny Committee**

This report summarises the work of the Scrutiny Committee since the last report to Council in January 2022.

Since the last report, the committee have met informally, on 8 and 15 February 2022 to consider the reports going before District Executive and providing 'critical friend' challenge.

There have been many reports considered, some of which are quite complex. On behalf of Scrutiny Committee I would like to acknowledge the input of members and officers for their time and work with all the reports. Many thanks to all those involved.

Minutes of the meeting will be viewable on the website at: https://modgov.southsomerset.gov.uk/ieListMeetings.aspx?Cld=141&Year=0

The Scrutiny and Member Development Specialist invites all members and officers to feed matters of interest into the scrutiny work programme. Anyone who wishes to submit an item/issue for scrutiny review can email: stephanie.gold@southsomerset.gov.uk.

Gerard Tucker Scrutiny Committee Chairman



#### **Motions**

The following Motion has been submitted by Councillor Martin Wale:

Council has no confidence in the leadership of Cllr Val Keitch due to the facts that this Council was misled, misinformed and criminal allegations were delayed from being reported to the Police with proper diligence before, during and after the Appointment of Clare Pestell as Chief Executive of South Somerset District Council.

#### Explanation.

Full Council was misled by Cllr. Keitch and the then Chief Executive by recommending to the Appointments Committee and then full Council that the only candidate for the role of Chief Executive was the best and only Candidate for this position, knowing that serious professional and criminal allegations had been made against her and other senior members of that candidates directorate.

The option of delaying the selection process was not considered and the process pushed through both the Appointments Committee and full Council on the recommendation of the Leader and the then Chief Executive, whose last action as Chief Exec was to highly recommend Claire Pestell for the role, knowing of the allegations and of her business interests and the difficulties she was having balancing her two roles, prior to his departure to New Zealand.

It has been stated by Cllr Keitch that it wouldn't have been fair to not go ahead with the selection process in relation to the candidate because at the time the complaints were unsubstantiated.

The fact that all Councillors were misled and misinformed to hurry this flawed selection process through is more than unfair and display's abuse of the proper process required to be taken by a Leader of this Council.

An independent Investigation report headed Corruption, Fraud and Bullying was served on Cllr Keitch on 26<sup>th</sup> June 2021. This report fully upheld all the allegations from the original whistleblower and uncovered more. These are serious criminal allegations, however these were not reported to Police until Thursday 16<sup>th</sup> December, a period of six months. This report was only made because I was to make a statement to Council on that evening.

To not support this motion is to condone misleading and misinforming Council and for six months covering up and not reporting criminal allegations of Corruption, Fraud and Bullying and not taking proper action by, at least, delaying the selection process for Chief Executive.



#### **Date of Next Meeting**

Members are asked to note that the next scheduled meeting of the Full Council will take place on **Thursday**, **17**<sup>th</sup> **March 2022** (venue to be confirmed) and as a virtual meeting using Zoom meeting software commencing **at 6.30 p.m.**